"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain Wednesday afternoon or night; Thursday rain, colder; moderate north to east winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,017. • • • NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1912.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ANARCHIST KILLS SPAIN'S PREMIER

Inspired by Ferrer Execution, Youth Shoots Canalejas in a Madrid Square.

THEN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

At Hospital He Is Found Still Living and Proves to be Manuel Pardinas, Spanish Born.

SAY ACCOMPLICE ESCAPED

King Alfonso, Heedless of Safety, Rushes to Scene, While Government Acts Swiftly to Prevent Outbreak.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.

MADRID, Nov. 12.—Premier José Canalejas was killed by an Anarchist named Manuel Pardinas, just before noon to-day.

The Premier was accustomed to proceed every day on foot to the Ministry of the Interior at about the same hour. Usually he was guarded by two private detectives, but he always ordered them to follow him at a distance of about twenty paces.

This morning the Premier stopped in front of the San Martin Library, about 50 yards from the Ministry, and spent about three minutes inspecting the books in the shop window.

Suddenly a young man of medium height approached him and fired three or four shots at him from a Browning pistol. Canalejas immediately fell to the ground, bleeding from a wound behind one ear.

Police Agent Borrega ran up and dealt the assassin a tremendous blow on the head. The assassin turned his weapon upon the detective, firing once at him, but without effect. Then he fired at himself the last shot, contained in the pistol and fell to the ground, apparently dead.

Two reporters of the Correspondencia de España, accompanied by the police, carried the Premier to the Ministry of the Interior, where the utmost consternation prevailed.

On the porch was Police Inspector Casado. The latter, still ignorant of what had occurred, said:

"What is this, Señor Canalejas?"

The Prime Minister only answered: "This wretch has killed me," and expired in the Inspector's arms.

The Premier apparently suffered little. On his lips remained after death the characteristic smile which pervaded his face during life.

King Shows Much Grief.

King Alfonso, who was immediately advised of the tragedy, arrived a few minutes afterward. The Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Public Works related the details to his Majesty, who, with tears in his eyes, demonstrating how deep was his affection for the statesman and stanch friend, solemnly paid his list tribute to the Premier.

The King, still a prey to intense grief, then left the Government offfice, and received a tremendous reception from the crowd assembled in the Puerta del Sol. From all sides arose cries of "Long live the brave King!" the same cry as was raised by the Madrid populace on May 30, 1906, when the royal pair, newly married, were the objects of a similar attack.

The assassin had been immediately conveyed to the nearest first aid depot, where it was found the bullet had lodged in his right temple. He was identified as Manuel Pardinas, aged 32, of the town of El Grado, in the Province of Huesca. No important document was found upon him.

Only last night during the parliamentary session, I had a long talk with the Premier. The conversation touched upon the meeting, held last Sunday morning, in favor of a revision of the Ferrer affair.

"I was very glad," said the Premier, "to have authorized that meeting, and you now see that in such matters the best policy is to be tolerant. Had I prohibited the meeting, people would have said I was a reactionary, and that in Spain people were not allowed to think, while abroad we would be painted again as an inquisitorial country.

"I take pride in being a liberal official, and shall always respect freedom. Believe me, the best way to disarm anarchy is perfect tolerance of ideas, though inexorable in the punishment of criminal acts or deeds, directly inciting to revolution."

Knew Two Had Vowed to Kill Him.

MADRID, Nov. 12.—An intimate friend of Premier Canalejas relates that at a political luncheon on Oct. 18 the Premier, referring to attempts on the lives of statesmen, said:

"I know that I am condemned to death,

Continued on Page 4.

BUTTER—UNSURPASSED—37c. LB. Not infrequently, but every day from Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.'s stores in Greater N. Y.—Adv.

WILSON ONLY 10 BEHIND.

May Yet Get California—Democrats Charge Grave Frauds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—Theodore Roosevelt lost his plurality in California for about thirty minutes to-night, and then regained it as additional official returns came in. When he again appeared at the top of the column it was with ten votes margin over Woodrow Wilson.

The difference was made in the official count of Sierra County, which gave Roosevelt 25 more votes than the unofficial count. The total vote now stands: Roosevelt, 282,042; Wilson, 282,032. A few other returns yet to come may again change the leadership.

Furthermore, grave frauds are alleged in Los Angeles County, where the election officers reported a large plurality for Roosevelt. When the Board of Supervisors met there to-day to examine the tally sheets a protest against the acceptance of these papers was filed by six Democratic lawyers on the ground that they had not been properly guarded.

It was charged that four days ago the sealed envelopes containing the tally sheets were opened by persons other than the Supervisors, contrary to law, and that opportunity was thus had to change the figures. In many cases the papers were not properly authenticated. The clerks for the board are also alleged to be counting only totals put down, instead of the actual record of votes, and that in many cases these totals are false. The Democrats expect to make a fight to have all the suspicious returns thrown out, and may even ask for a Congressional investigation.

DIVORCE PLAN SHOCKS BISHOP

But Bernard Shaw Draws Moral from British Reports—"Don't Marry."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Columns of comments on the Divorce Commission reports are being printed in London. Sir Conan Doyle speaks of the majority report as "a step in advance." The following from the Bishop of Willesden is one of the arguments advanced on the other side:

"I am strongly opposed to the majority report. I spent eighteen years of my life in British Columbia and have seen the terrible effect of granting such divorces in the Western States of America.

"I cannot understand anybody in England wishing to have laws like those existing in California and some other American States. The number of divorces there is positively frightful. Every thinking man in America is growing anxious about them.

"That we should have similar laws on divorce is scandalous and can only lead to a dreadful state of affairs."

Bernard Shaw, speaking for both sides, says:

"The moral of both the majority and the minority report is, Don't get married."

MAYOR GETS KAISER'S GIFT.

Signed Photograph Presented by Consul General Falcke.

Mayor Gaynor received yesterday a handsomely framed autographed photograph of the German Emperor as a token of appreciation for the reception given the officers and men of the German fleet in New York. The present came from the Emperor himself through the acting Consul General in this city, Dr. Falcke. The photograph is mounted in a heavy gilt easel frame and shows the Kaiser in uniform. In the upper left hand corner is the signature, "Wilhelm, R. I.," and in the upper right hand corner, the date, "1912." The frame is surmounted by the imperial crown and is decorated with a design in which Prussian eagles and medallions of the imperial arms alternate. The picture is fifteen inches high. In presenting the picture, Dr. Falcke said:

"It gives me great pleasure, on behalf of his Imperial Majesty, the German Emperor, to present your Honor with this photograph of himself. This token of his Majesty's good will was forwarded in recognition of the splendid hospitality extended to the officers and men of the German fleet while here. This photograph bears the autograph of his Imperial Majesty."

In reply, the Mayor said:

"I am very glad to receive this gift and appreciate very much the cordial feelings that have inspired the sending of it. We were very glad to give to the German fleet the reception that was accorded it, for such was due the German Emperor and the people of Germany who sent it."

THREE IN BANKER'S CAR HURT

Touring Car Crashed Into Them on Fort Washington Avenue.

Mrs. Herman May, wife of a banker living in the Kossuth Apartments at 601 West 174th Street, was dangerously injured, and her husband and Mrs. Mary Somerville of the same address were slightly injured last night, when an automobile owned and operated by Mr. May was struck by a touring car at Fort Washington Avenue and 165th Street. Mr. May, his wife, and Mrs. Somerville were thrown from the machine. The other car, owned by Oscar Miller of 530 East Twentieth Street, was operated by Charles Bradley of 541 West 148th Street. Bradley was the only one in the touring car at the time. He retained his hold upon the steering wheel and was not thrown out of the machine or injured. Both machines were badly damaged.

Mrs. May and Mrs. Somerville were taken to the May apartment in an ambulance from the Washington Heights Hospital. Dr. Henry Jacobs of 105 Audubon Avenue, the family physician, was summoned. He found Mrs. May suffering from a fracture of the skull and other injuries. He pronounced her condition dangerous. Mrs. Somerville suffered from contusions of the ankle and bruises. Mr. May, who received minor bruises and lacerations, was taken from the scene of the collision to his home in a passing automobile.

According to the police, the May machine was going at a moderate rate of speed and was turning into Fort Washington Avenue when the Miller car, south-bound in the avenue, crashed into the back of it. The rear axle of Mr. May's car was broken.

ETHEL SMITH IMPROVES.

Girl for Whom Rugh Gave His Life Has Pneumonia.

GARY, Ind., Nov. 12.—Ethel Smith, the girl for whom Billy Rugh, newsman, gave up his life was reported to-day to be improving at the hospital where she is ill with pneumonia.

Dr. J. A. Craig, who attended Rugh, and also is attending Miss Smith, has been summoned from the East, where he went to be married. Recently it was discovered that more skin was needed if the wound of the girl, received last Summer in the motorcycle accident, were to be healed. Her brother, father, and fiancé contributed fifty additional inches nine days ago. They are well, but the girl developed pneumonia.

Rugh's death caused the girl to suffer a nervous shock, which has retarded her recovery.

SHOTS START A PANIC IN HIPPODROME CRUSH

Tailor, Hemmed In by Crowd, Seeks Death, and a Stampede on the Stairs Follows.

WENT PREPARED TO DIE

Tired of Life, He Tells Police After They Drive Back Frightened Spectators—Dying in Hospital.

It was 11:15 o'clok last night and the final curtain had fallen at the Hippodrome. The lights had gone on all over the huge auditorium and the orchestra was thundering away for dear life at a shifting medley of National airs. Rising above the crash of the music was the steady, thousand-voice hum of a big audience drifting slowly out to the streets and cars and cabs. The broad, wide stairway leading down from the balcony to the main exit was packed with men and women, when abruptly from the very heart of the crowd came the reports of two pistol shots.

A man, moving with the stream of departing spectators closed around him so densely that anything more than a snail's pace was impossible, had succeeded in drawing a pistol from his pocket, raising it as far as his breast, and pointing it toward his heart. Then he fired. He pitched forward, leaning upon the men on the steps below him.

The sound of the pistol shots, deafening at such close range, sent the crowd receding in all directions. There, where a moment before it would have seemed impossible to find room to bend over or turn around, a clearing suddenly grew, leaving room for the victim to lie stretched, head downward, upon the stairs.

Those very close at hand knew what had happened, but they were the only ones who knew. Even a little way down the stairs and up it was impossible for those in the crowd to know. They had only heard the shots and that was enough. There started then and there the beginnings of a very ugly panic.

Men and women fought with each other in the struggle to get far away from the point from which the shots had seemed to come. A succession of frightened screams rose to a hysterical chorus of fear, and for a few moments it seemed as though nothing could check it. Those who had been next to the man who tried to kill himself, called down to the shoving people that no murder was being done there, and did their best to allay the panic. But their voices were lost in the uproar.

It was the attaches of the theatre who brought the first semblance of order. They fought and squirmed their way from the balcony and main floor to the point where the wounded man lay, and succeeded in forming a protective circle about him, to the end that he might not be trampled to death.

Meanwhile some one had sent to the East Fifty-first Street station, and within a few moments Inspector Titus and Capt. Dillon were on their way with twenty-five men. With their help order finally came, and it was possible to carry the wounded man to the main floor and stretch him out there on the floor to await the ministrations of the ambulance surgeon from Flower Hospital.

It was Patrolman Dan Barry of the Traffic Squad who bent over the still conscious man and got the name as he whispered it. He was Anthony Mazinski, a tailor of 110 Third Avenue.

"Why did you do it? What was the trouble?"

"Oh, there was no reason. I was just tired of the whole game. I wanted to die," was the answer, faintly given. And Mazinski will die. The doctors said that at midnight in Flower Hospital.

At the hospital it was found that the little tailor had gone to the theatre and paid for his seat in the gallery with every intention of killing himself, when he had seen the panorama of "Under Many Flags" and heard the music. He had gone there intending to take his life when the show was over and the curtain had gone down.

For beside the revolver which he carried ready to hand, he had gone there with the letters of a suicide in his pockets, one addressed to his sister, Miss E Mazinski of 505 East Eightieth Street, and the other very formally to "Mr. Sheriff of New York County." Both letters were sealed, and the one to his sister was stamped.

When the ambulance drove away from the Hippodrome, the finally quieted audience gathered in Sixth Avenue and stood there waiting for some news of what had happened and what had come of it. None of them seemed willing to leave, and the numbers grew from the outpourings of all the avenue saloons and the midnight crowd in Jack's. It was not until long after midnight, when the stage folk from the other side of the curtain had gone to their homes that last night's audience at the Hippodrome finally dispersed.

DIX'S $50 GIFT RETURNED.

McKinley Hospital League Resents His Withdrawal from Board.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—Fifty dollars which Gov. Dix had contributed to the William McKinley Memorial Hospital League was returned to him to-day by Dr. C. P. Bulson of New York, the league's President. The Governor asked that his name be withdrawn as that of a member of the Advisory Board, and that prompted the return of his contribution.

In a letter to the Governor, Dr. Bulson stated that the Directors regretted the Executive was misled into withdrawing his name, which practically amounted to condemning a Nation-wide movement.

Gov. Dix turned the $50 over to the Tuberculosis Camp of the Albany Hospital. Replying to Dr. Bulson's letter, the Governor said he favored aiding charitable work only when it was done through a standard channel.

Dr. Bulson in this city last night announced that the league last Monday afternoon accepted the Governor's withdrawal from its Council of One Hundred, and that yesterday it sent back the $50 he had given for a book of stamps aiding the organization's work. Accounting for the delay in making the announcement, the doctor said it was his intention to allow ample time for Gov. Dix to give an explanation. Dr. Bulson added that the withdrawal was dated Nov. 4, and that it was on Oct. 17 that Gov. Dix consented to become a member of the committee.

Dr. Bulson said he thought it possible some one maliciously had given Gov. Dix a baseless story about the league and its work, and that the Governor had been influenced by it. He recalled that at the time of the league's formation to collect a fund for a hospital in memory of President McKinley, the project was opposed by charitable organizations in this city, which, he said, were of the opinion that the institution was to be used solely for tuberculosis patients.

The doctor pointed out it was set forth plainly that the hospital was not to be devoted exclusively to the care of patients suffering from tuberculosis, but was planned to be an institution to which physicians readily could take their patients, regardless of the maladies. The league also purposed, he explained, to establish an open-air camp for consumptives.

Bulson asserted that money received from subscriptions and the sale of stamps had been handled judiciously, the only expenditures being the salary of the Secretary and the sending of circulars to prospective subscribers.

SURGEONS DO MODERN MIRACLES
Two thousand of them gather here and see masters of the operating table demonstrate their skill. Read of it in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

BANKERS FAIL TO GET CHINA'S $50,000,000

Popular Subscription Plan Proposed by A. Wendell Jackson Doesn't Work in London.

SIX-POWER GROUP TRIUMPHS

Birch Crisp & Co., Underwriters of Independent Loan, Ask to be Taken Into Original Syndicate.

The attempt of English bankers to finance China independently of the six-power group formed for that especial purpose collapsed yesterday, the failure being marked, according to advices received in Wall Street last night, by a petition by C. Birch Crisp & Co. of London and the bankers associated with that firm for admittance to participation in the international syndicate. Crisp & Co. were at the head of a smaller British syndicate organized to handle a loan of $50,000,000 negotiated by A. Wendell Jackson, the American mining engineer, who volunteered to get China all the money she needed on terms less onerous than those proposed by the international group.

The occasion for the British syndicate's surrender was said to have been a demand upon the part of the Chinese for the remaining $25,000,000 of the $50,000,000 loan arranged in London. The Crisp group made a public offering of $25,000,000 of Chinese bonds at 95 less than two months ago, and succeeded in selling only $10,000,000 of them. The remaining $15,000,000 were divided among the underwriters, who are understood to have paid 89 for the securities. At that price China has realized only $22,250,000 from the independent loan so far. Her demand for the balance of the $50,000,000 promised is believed to have been refused by the independent group.

It became known last Saturday that the officials of the Chinese Republic had decided to swallow their pride, and reopen negotiations with the six-power group for the raising of $300,000,000, the terms for which had been practically concluded when the opportunity to get the money from other sources presented itself last Summer. Should the Crisp syndicate be accepted as members of the British group, it is supposed that they would ask to have something in the nature of a guarantee of the $25,000,000 of bonds already floated included in the new agreement between the international syndicate and the Chinese. The American bankers who are concerned in the loan negotiations would not say last night what reception would be accorded the Crisp bankers if they make application for admittance to the larger syndicate.

Negotiations for an international loan, the proceeds of which were to be used in the reorganization of China under the guidance of the new reform party, headed by President Yuan-Shih Kai, were started some nine months ago. It was originally planned to raise funds through a syndicate consisting of leading French, German, and English bankers, who would benefit by the receipt of orders for materials and supplies bought with the proceeds, as well as through the customary banking profit on the transaction. At the request of the State Department, an American syndicate composed of the National City Bank, First National Bank, J. P. Morgan & Co., and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. were admitted to participation, and before an agreement could be reached, the group was further enlarged to admit representatives of Japan and Russia.

It was proposed to loan China $300,000,000, $60,000,000 of which was to be advanced each year for five years. There was no serious disagreement on the price at which the bonds were to be taken, nor on the score of security, until the Chinese learned that the six-power group intended to supervise the expenditure of the sums advanced, and to demand that no financing should be done through other sources until the $300,000,000 transaction was completed. On finding that the foreign bankers would not yield on these points, the Chinese rejected the entire loan.

At this juncture Jackson, who had spent years in Manchuria, and had an acquaintance with some of the leading Chinese officials, cabled an offer to get China whatever sums she needed, and soon arranged for a $50,000,000 loan, to be financed by Crisp & Co. of London. This loan was secured by the salt tax, which the international group had already been pledged as security for payment of the Boxer indemnity, for which it was not sufficient. The failure of the public offering of these bonds has apparently forced the Chinese to return to the original proposal.

Mr. Jackson reached this country Sunday, and is staying with his son at White Plains for a few days. He said last night that he had no comment to offer on the decision of the Crisp syndicate to ask for a place in the six-power syndicate, from which he tried to save the Chinese. Mr. Jackson intends to leave for China shortly.

POLICE ESCORT SICK CHILD.

Neighbors Had Helped Mother Recover Measles Victim from Doctor.

It required the assistance of four patrolmen to take four-year-old Mary Seydlowski of 634 East Sixteenth Street, who is suffering from measles, from her home last night to the Willard Parker Hospital, a distance of less than two blocks.

Objection to the child's removal was raised, subsequent to the visit of Dr. Marshburne of the Board of Health staff, by the child's mother, Mrs. Mary Seydlowski, and several neighbors who intercepted the physician, tore the child from his hands, and carried her back to her home.

Dr. Marshburne telephoned the East Twenty-second Street Station and Lieut. Powers sent four patrolmen to assist the doctor. The child was carried to the street by the physician with the policemen following closely. They were surrounded by a score of indignant neighbors, but the policemen kept them in check while Dr. Marshburne carried the child to the hospital.

The mother visited the hospital later and saw that her child was being well cared for. The indignant neighbors became reconciled when she reported this fact.

No connoisseur omits ANGOSTURA BITTERS in punches and fancy drinks.—Adv.

EXTRA SESSION POLL IMPRESSES WILSON

In a Speech the Governor Refers to the Contingency of Congress Sitting in May.

JERSEY DELEGATION FOR IT

All the Democrats, Including Both Senators, Say the Voters Expected an Early Revision.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 12.—It seems certain now that Gov. Wilson has made up his mind to call an extra session of Congress to revise the tariff, as was confidently predicted in THE TIMES on Monday. The Governor paid his first visit to the State House to-day since his election as President and learned at first hand that practically all of the Congressmen and Democratic leaders of prominence in New Jersey were outspoken in favor of it. After paying their respects to the President-elect the Congressmen attended a dinner given by United States Senator James E. Martine at the Sterling Hotel and a canvass of the diners ended any doubt as to where they stood.

In a short speech to a delegation of North Carolinians who came on to Trenton from Charlotte to ask Gov. Wilson to attend the anniversary celebration of the Mecklinburg Declaration of Independence on May 20 next, the Governor said this:

"Among the many subjects which I must take under consideration and decide upon, and one which the newspaper men have been urging me to say a definite word about, is the question of an extra session of Congress.

"If there is to be an extra session of course it will extend over May 20 in all probability, and it would then be almost compulsory for me to remain in Washington. I will have to wait and get my bearings before giving you an answer."

Judge William Hughes, who will succeed United States Senator Frank O. Briggs, and Senator Martine, both put themselves on record. And every one of those Congressmen with the possible exception of Robert G. Bremner, who talked to the Governor, are ready to say that an extra session is certain not later than May 1. They had no authority to speak for the Governor, of course, but they all seemed sure of their ground. Among those at the dinner were Congressmen-elect John J. Eagan, Allan A. Walsh, Robert G. Bremner, and J. Thompson Barker, and Congressmen William Tuttle and Thomas J. Scully re-elected. Congressman-elect Lewis J. Martin and Congressmen Eugene F. Kinkhead, James J. Hammill, Edward W. Townsend, and Walter I. McCoy, who have been sent back for another term, were the absentees. Judge Hughes, speaking for them said they had told him they favored an extra session.

United States Senator-Elect Hughes, one of Governor Wilson's close advisers, had a conference with the Governor today and afterward declared most emphatically that he was in favor of calling an extra session.

"I cannot see that there is any way of avoiding it," said he, "but I am speaking for myself now."

Judge Hughes added that he felt the sentiment of the country was for an immediate fulfillment of the pledges made by the Democratic Party in regard to the tariff.

One of the leaders who joined in the demand for an extra session to-day was State Chairman Edward E. Grosscup.

"We have pledged ourselves to it," was the outspoken manner in which United States Senator Martin made known his views. "If we are going to keep faith with the people we have no alternative. The people by their overwhelming support of the Democratic candidates at the recent election expressed their desire for an extra session of Congress, and it is the plain duty of the new Administration to carry out the party programme of the downward revision of the tariff."

Congressman William J. Browning the only Republican from New Jersey, who will have a seat in Congress after next March, seems to have the added distinction of being the only one to oppose immediate tariff revision.

From early morning until he finally got away from his office at 6:10 o'clock the Governor was, perhaps, the busiest man in the city. And yet he found time to hold a little informal reception for the 100 girls employed as stenographers in the State House.

One of the first to obtain a conference with the Governor was Nathan Hirsch, a member of the Democratic State Committee of New York, and a manufacturer of cotton goods. He advocated a careful investigation before anything was done on the tariff on cotton goods, and suggested the appointment of separate commissions for every kind of business. The Governor asked Mr. Hirsch to prepare for him a memorandum of his views and send it to him.

Gov. Wilson made his first public address since his election as President this afternoon at the dedication of the Wilson cottage, which has just been built as an addition to the State Home for Girls in the outskirts of Trenton. He talked of the need of such institutions, and what the State hoped to accomplish.

Here is his address in part:

"The whole basis of society is individual responsibility. If you cannot hold the individual responsible for what he does, then you cannot punish him, and if society is responsible for what he does, there is no means that I know of punishing society. The very fact that crime exists, the very fact that moral dereliction exists, is in itself a sort of penalty upon society, and there are those who say that these are simply symptoms that society is sick and that we must cure it. Yet all the fabric of criminal law, for example, would fall down if there were no personal responsibility.

"But, after all, morals sadly need buttressing in all of us. We are very much more trustworthy when we are among good people than when we are among bad people. A bad example is dreadfully contagious, even with the best of us. And it would not do for any of us to live too long in the environment from which some of those poor girls have been rescued.

"Now it is as if we took these young women and these young girls away from those eyes that were indulgent of evil and put them under the observation of eyes that were less indulgent of evil, that exacted right things of them, and exacted them not by way of compulsion only, but by way of sympathy also, and more potently still by way of example. The world is lifted by example. The world is purified by its saints. And its saints are still exceptional. It is purified by the rare instance, the conspicuous instance. Biography, so to say, contains the seed of all great improvements. The beauty of the biography of the Old Testament seems to me to be that there are real men in them. When we write the biography of a saint we leave out all of his sins, but the second biographers did not. They included his sins, and then showed how, by the grace of God, he had become exalted over his sins and got them under his feet."

Miss Taft to Visit Panama.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the President, left Washington this afternoon with the Secretary of War and Mrs. Stimson for New York, where to-morrow the party will board a steamer of the United Fruit Company and sail for Panama. It will be Miss Taft's first visit to the canal. The President has announced that he will not make the trip this year.

FROM ELEVATED TO A COUCH.

Guard, Jolted from Train, Finds the Sidewalk Upholstered.

A Ninth Avenue elevated train, taking the curve at Greenwich and Gansevoort Streets last evening, lurched with such force that young Thomas Nevil, a guard, fell from the platform and pitched down to the street below. He did not reach the street, however, for shortly before the barber in the corner shop had dragged and pushed out on to the sidewalk a comfortably upholstered couch and set a boy to brushing it off.

With as perfect precision as if he had decided to lie down for a little nap Nevil landed on the couch, which seemed to get the worst of it, for, while the couch broke his fall, he broke the couch. It was left behind, a wreck of its former beauty, with both front legs fractured, when Nevil was carried, unconscious, but probably saved from mortal injury, to St. Vincent's Hospital. In a few moments of regained consciousness he said he thought the gate must have been open.

DR. MEYER HIT BY TROLLEY.

Had Just Left Hospital When He Was Knocked Down by Car.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Nov. 12.—The Rev. Dr. Meyer, for nearly thirty years rabbi of the Congregation Beth Israel, until his recent retirement, was knocked down by a trolley car to-day, and is suffering from bruises and shock.

Dr. Meyer had just left the hospital, where he had been critically ill for some time. He is more than 70 years old, and his friends are fearful of the results of the accident.

SUES UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

Government Draws Complaint Alleging Concern Restricts Trade Unfairly.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A bill of complaint preliminary to the prosecution of the United Fruit Company as an alleged combination in restraint of trade has been drawn in the Department of Justice, and it was said to-night that it probably would be filed shortly. The company, which has a capital stock of $35,000,000, owns the Tropical Fruit Steamship Company, and controls the Nipe Company, which is raising sugar in Cuba.

The main allegation against the concern is that it restricts trade in fruit through unfair methods.

CHURCH FOR LAMED BISHOP.

Father Carroll Was Relieved of Philippines Post by Pope.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—The Right Rev. James J. Carroll, Bishop of Nueva Segovia, Philippine Islands, has resigned his post, and to-day Archbishop Prendergast appointed him rector of St. Edward's Roman Catholic Church of this city. Dr. Carroll is a native of Portland, Me., and came with his parents to Philadelphia.

He was made Bishop in 1909 and was assigned to the Philippines. He met with an accident in the islands last year which lamed him. For this reason he was relieved by Pope Pius. St. Edward's Church is one of the largest in Philadelphia.

SIX KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

2,000 Pounds Explodes in Gary Plant—Train Passengers Near By Uuhurt.

GARY, Ind., Nov. 12.—Six men were killed by an explosion of 2,000 pounds of dynamite in a pack house at the plant of the Aetna Powder Company, near here, this morning. The dead include William Halpin, foreman; Oscar Carlson, C. O. Carlson, and three unidentified workmen. Several workmen were reported to have been injured, but officials said that was incorrect.

The men who lost their lives were repairing a packing machine. The dynamite was loose in 100-pound lots on the packing trays, otherwise the damage would have been greater.

A South Shore Interurban train was within a few hundred yards of the plant, but no one on it was injured, although the explosion broke windows in Miller, a mile distant.

GREET MRS. CLEVELAND

But Wells Trustees Fail to Elect Her Fiance as President.

Special to The New York Times.

AURORA, N. Y., Nov. 12.—The Wells College Board of Trustees to-day failed to name a successor to George Morgan Ward, who resigned last May.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland and John Hays Hammond were among the distinguished members present at the meeting. Mrs. Cleveland was showered with congratulations on the recent announcement of her engagement to Prof. Preston, and the college girls hoped that the naming of Prof. Preston as President would pleasantly solve the problem.

Secretary Robert L. Zabriskie, however, said after the meeting:

"That is only a rumor about Prof. Preston. He was not officially mentioned as a candidate."

FINDS THE RICH POOR PAY.

Dr. von Ramdohr Says He Would Not Trust Even Rockefeller.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Nov. 12.—Dr. Caesar A. Von Ramdohr, a well-known New York physician, to-day testified in the Supreme Court as an expert in the case of Dr. Beck of New York, who is suing the estate of the late Mrs. Mary A. Mason of Great Barrington and New York for $7,000 for services under a special contract in 1909 and 1910.

"Does the price of treatment in New York depend upon what a man is worth," Dr. Van Ramdohr was asked.

"Every time," he replied. "If he is a poor devil we charge him nothing."

"How much would you treat Rockefeller for?" asked the attorney for the Mason estate.

"I would not treat Rockefeller unless he paid in advance," was the answer. "I would not trust him for five cents. I would not treat him except under a special contract, for the rich are ever disputing their bills."

STUDENTS MAY STRIKE.

Yonkers High School Boys Threaten to Quit if Double Sessions Keep On.

The freshman and sophomore classes of the Yonkers High School will probably go on strike to-day if their petition for a single school session each day is not favorably considered. A mass meeting of the lower classes was held yesterday, and at its conclusion the leaders said that the boys would march out if their efforts to induce the educational authorities resulted in failure.

The high school students have been trying for years to have a single session school day established. Charles Philip Eastern, President of the Board of Education, has said he will meet a delegation of the students and carefully consider what they have to say.

Burke's ★★★ Fine Old Irish Whiskey is mild, mellow, and delicately flavored.—Adv.

AUSTRIA READY TO ATTACK SERVIA

Orders Given to Warships, and Reserves Are Instructed to Report to the Colors.

PLANS APPROVED BY ALLIES

Germany and Italy Consulted—Last Diplomatic Warning to Servia.

PEACE STILL HOPED FOR

Statesmen Trying Hard to Prevent a Rupture—Concessions That Austria Would Grant.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—The Neues Wiener Tagblatt of Vienna this morning publishes an inspired note which is described as the "last word" of the Dual Monarchy to Servia. The note says:

As a result of the two days conference at Budapest it has been established that Austria-Hungary is in a position to give military emphasis in the most energetic maner to her claims, which so far have been asserted in a diplomatic manner.

At present it is impossible to speak of mobilization, as everything is still in the hands of the diplomatists, but one must take account of all eventualities. Last Sunday it appeared as if swift military decisions were necessary, but these are not now requisite after the visit of M. Daneff (President of the Bulgarian Chamber) to Budapest and other diplomatic events.

Nevertheless the standpoint which hitherto has been assumed by Austria-Hungary will be maintained under all circumstances, and in case of necessity full force will be given to it.

The military plans, which have been worked out to the smallest detail, have already been approved by the Emperor and the heir to the throne, as well as by Germany and Italy. Three large armies of the allies are ready.

Austria-Hungary will offer to Servia either a port on the Aegean Sea or a commercial port which can be reached through Bosnia. It also offers to Servia favorable tariff treatment, and demands a frank commercial understanding.

According to the Berlin Vossische Zeitung, which is often inspired, orders have been issued at Pola for the mobilization of the Austrian fleet, and the Austrian flotilla on the Danube, consisting of six small gunboats, is also being mobilized.

The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, in a communiqué for which official inspiration is claimed, also hints that the Italian and Austrian fleets have already received orders to watch the Albanian coast and, if necessary, carry out a naval demonstration against Servia. It adds that the moment the Servian Army attempts to occupy any point on the Adriatic, Austrian and Italian troops will enter Albania.

Austria is not merely mobilizing her fleet, if the Vossische Zeitung is correct, but she is also—and for this there is independent evidence from many sources—calling up part of her army reserves. Reservists in places so remote as Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., have, it is stated, received orders to rejoin the colors.

A telegram to The Times from Berlin says:

"Notwithstanding the alarming telegrams about Austrian 'mobilization,' every effort is being made to keep German heads cool.

"It is emphatically denied that Servia is acting upon a definite mandate from the Balkan Confederacy as a whole, and a semi-official description of the situation is that Austria-Hungary has asked Servia to formulate her wishes, and is waiting for a reply.

"It is further insisted that the unanimity of the Triple Alliance does not constitute a menace of any kind, and that there will be united action only if a challenge comes from elsewhere."

BELGRADE, Nov. 12.—The newspaper Pravda says that the Austro-Hungarian Minister called to-day on Premier Pasitch and proposed that Servia should give guarantees that Austro-Hungarian industry and commerce would receive preferential treatment and that Servia should not touch Albania and should not insist upon an outlet to the Adriatic, but be satisfied with an outlet to the Aegean Sea.

The Minister personally advised the Premier to do his utmost to induce the Servian Government to accept these conditions, which he declared would do much to improve the future relations between the two countries.

Premier Pasitch replied that he could not give an answer until he had conferred with the other Ministers. He said he had referred the matter to King Peter and to the Governments of the other allied States, and requested the Austro-Hungarian Minister to use his good offices to induce his Government to waive its demands, which would be the best way for Austria-Hungary to display friendship. Otherwise, he added, ill-feeling on the part of Servia toward Austria-Hungary would increase, to the detriment of both countries.

In the Austro-Servian difficulty danger arises from the agitation of a group of Chauvinistic Servian officers, who cherish hopes of successful resistance to the Austrian Army, and foster ambitions among the people of the resurrection of the mediaeval Servian Empire, to include Bosnia and Herzegovina. These ambitions are deprecated in Servian official circles, but the question is whether the responsible Government will be able to resist them.

BUDAPEST, Nov. 12.—Dr. Daneff, the

President of the Bulgarian Chamber of Deputies, has taken leave of Count von Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, with whom he had conferred several times.

He travels to-night to Stara Zagora.

ATHENS, Nov. 12.—It would appear from Greek newspaper comments that no partition of the conquered territory was arranged before the war, and it is asserted that each belligerent is now endeavoring to occupy as much territory as possible, with an eye to the final division of the spoils.

The essentially Greek character of certain districts is pointed out, the allocation of which might lead to disputes in the future.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—Dr. Daneff, the Bulgarian statesman, in an interview before his departure from Budapest for Stara Zagora said it was the demand of Servia for a port on the Adriatic Sea which had brought him to Budapest. It was, he said, the firm resolve of Bulgaria to get rid in an amicable manner of any conflicting questions between Austria-Hungary and Servia.

Dr. Daneff declared in conclusion that the Bulgarian Army would enter Constantinople.

Important conferences continue at Budapest, where the ex-Premier of Roumania, P. P. Carp, arrived yesterday with a letter from King Charles to Emperor Francis Joseph.

If the wishes of the Albanians weigh in the permanent settlement of the Balkan question, Albania will be made an independent principality, as the Triple Alliance proposes, rather than subject to any of the Balkan States. From Antivari a Morning Post correspondent telegraphs:

"This war has lasted only a short month, but in this brief period a profound change in the sentiments of the Albanians has taken place. Almost all the Albanian tribes inhabiting the mountains around Scutari declared themselves allies of the Montenegrins against the common enemy, the Turk. But this was an alliance of expediency, not sentiment. If the Albanians fought side by side with the Montenegrins it did not mean that they desired to become subjects of the courageous little kingdom which was the first to cast the gauntlet in the face of the Ottoman Empire, but that they saw in this temporary alliance a means finally to free themselves of the yoke they detested.

"With that end in sight, the tribes made no concealment of their adhesion to the programme, "Albania for the Albanians," in other words, autonomy, and made it clear to the Montenegrins that unless they gave a formal promise to that effect, the Albanians would take no further part in the fighting as allies, but confine themselves to guerrilla warfare on their own account.

"Some days ago a deputation presented to King Nicholas a summary of the Albanian demands. The reply was evasive. Since then the change in the attitude of the tribes, except the Hoti and Gruda, has been very marked. Among the majority are the powerful and numerous tribes of Mildigs, comprising a large part of the Malissoris.

"In one of the recent fights a Montenegrin force was decimated by the explosion of a mine. Albanians rushed in and seized their weapons and carried them into the mountains."

BRUSSELS, Nov. 12.—At the reopening of Parliament to-day the Premier, M. de Broqueville, in presenting the programme of the Government called attention to the disturbed political situation in Europe.

He pointed out that in the event of a general war probably all the powers guaranteeing Belgian neutrality would be belligerents and that the occupation of Belgium would doubtless be attempted as one of the first decisive steps in the conflict. It was, therefore, he said, the duty of Belgium to insure the defense of her territory by strengthening her army.

ROUMANIA WELL PREPARED.

Can Put Over 250,000 Men in the Field Within Seven Days

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—Dr. E. J. Dillon, the well-known St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, has visited Bucharest for the purpose of ascertaining the truth about Roumania's part in the coming transformation of southeastern Europe. He says:

"There is hardly any substance behind the sinister shadows thrown by recent journalistic reports about Roumania's designs. She is not mobilizing or preparing to mobilize. If, however, events should compel King Charles's advisers to issue a mobilization order, Europe may then take for granted that war is indeed imminent.

"It is true that the Cabinet, or, rather, the War Department, is utilizing to the fullest extent the general apprehensions in order to purchase for the army everything necessary or desirable, on which, in humdrum times, the nation's representatives might hesitate to expend money. Consequently extensive orders are being placed for uniforms, munitions of war, &c., which suggested to the uninitiated the explanation that Roumania was mobilizing.

"The army organization is so perfect, the vast human machine so responsive to a touch, that seven days after the order to mobilize is given between 250,000 and 300,000 uniformed, well-equipped soldiers will be ready to take the field."

LENDS BULGARIA $8,000,000.

Bank of France Said to Have Taken Treasury Bonds as Security.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—The Financial News prints a Paris dispatch reporting that the Bank of France has advanced $8,000,000 to the Bulgarian Government.

Treasury bonds are said to have been issued to cover the loan.

MOBILIZATION AT ALDERSHOT.

War Department Orders Practice Muster at Great Army Camp.

ALDERSHOT, Nov. 12.—A practice mobilization of the whole of the troops stationed at the military camp here has been ordered by the War Office.

The troops compose an entire army corps, with infantry, cavalry, artillery, and the auxiliary services all complete.

The troops at the Aldershot military camp are virtually always on a war footing. The command is the most extensive in the British Isles, and the troops of the London garrison are attached to it.

The various arms are represented by twenty-four battalions of infantry, twenty-four batteries of horse and field artillery, two regiments of cavalry, engineers, army service corps, and medical corps.

Frequent mobilizations are carried out, and the whole army corps participated with the troops from other commands in the Autumn manoeuvres in September.

The camp is about thirty-five miles from London, and the London battalions are dispatched there by railroad in case of mobilization.

$7,500 FOR RED CROSS FUND.

Mrs. Sage Gives $5,000—Cable Says Missionaries Are Safe.

The following contributions to the Red Cross Balkan war fund were made yesterday:

Mrs. Russell Sage, $5,000; Cleveland H. Dodge, President of the Board of Trustees of Robert College, Constantinople, $1,000; J. G. White, $1,000, and Jacob H. Schiff, $500. Other contributions to the amount of $856.52 had previously been received.

Mr. Dodge received the following cablegram yesterday from Dr. C. F. Gates, President of Robert College:

"Constantinople, Nov. 11.

"The missionaries and colleges at Constantinople are all right. The city is tranquil. Our college is in session as usual.

"GATES."

MAIN BULGAR ARMY NEARING TCHATALJA

Fifteen Miles West of There on Monday—Attack at Northern End Is Expected.

FOUR TURKISH FORTS TAKEN

Suggestion Made That Secret Negotiations for Peace Are Going on Between Turkey and the Allies.

By G. WARD PRICE.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 12.—What will happen at the Tchatalja lines? That is the question which is holding Constantinople in the most acute suspense.

We now know something more definite of the whereabouts of the enemy. Their advanced patrols, skirmishing with which has been going on for some days, are steadily approaching the north end of the lines. The main boly of the Bulgarians is now advancing along the railway line, and is believed to have been yesterday some fifteen miles west of Tchatalja.

All this looks like a determined attack on the northern end of the lines after concentration during the next few days.

The southern extremity of the lines is less likely to be attacked, since it is covered by the lake and marshes and the guns of the warships lying in the Gulf of Biyuk-Chekmeje.

In view of the spirit displayed by the Turkish soldiers, however, the possibility of an effective defense is beginning to be seriously doubted. It is still questioned, however, whether the intention of the Bulgarians to enter the capital may not be modified by the necessity of passing through a wide belt of cholera-infected country.

Meanwhile the political side of the war has become of absorbing interest in very high quarters. To-day I received the following statement:

"England has addressed herself to the Balkan States to ask what is their conception of the terms of peace. They have given no definite reply, and England, being unsupported by other powers, can do no more."

The suggestion that secret overtures for peace are taking place directly between Turkey and the Balkan League, particularly Bulgaria, is strengthened by information I have received from a well-informed source to-night. It is even stated in some quarters that a Bulgarian emissary privately visited the Grand Vizier to-day.

The reply of the powers to Turkey's appeal for mediation was received today. They say that the Balkan States are prepared to hear the Turkish suggestion of a basis for peace. The Porte's reply, it is understood, will be that the Balkan League took the initiative in starting the war, evidently with definite aims in view, and it therefore would be more reasonable for them to state first what they demand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—A telegram from Sofia to The Times, dated yesterday, says:

"An official bulletin of the Ministry of War states that the Bulgarian troops have reached the lines at Tchatalja without encountering any resistance, and that the town of Midia, on the Black Sea, has also been occupied.

"Nothing is disclosed with regard to the reported fighting at Tchatalja.

"The troops besieging Adrianople are stated to be continually contracting the invested area. The capture of the Papaztepe and Kartaltepe forts, according to the bulletin, was effected without any great loss.

"Other official information regarding the progress of the siege of Adrianople is still withheld, the authorities being apparently under the impression that ignorance means bliss for the general public. According, however, to telegrams from Mustapha-Pasha, the Turks late last night made a sortie in considerable force in the direction of Ekmekjekeul, which was repulsed with great loss by Bulgarian artillery fire.

"It is stated that in addition to the forts of Kartaltepe and Papaztepe, the fort of Bekshitepe has fallen into the hands of the Bulgarians.

"Although the military commanders mercilessly expelled a great number of refugees and poor families from the town, provisions are apparently running short. Christian deserters who have made their way in considerable numbers into the Bulgarian camp state that the remaining population is already suffering from famine.

"Some ten days ago loaves sold at 8 piastres, (13 cents.) Now none can be procured at any price by civilians. Sugar was sold at 4 francs (80 cents) per kilogram, but now no more is obtainable.

"A single loaf of bread is the ration of two soldiers for two days.

"The deserters expect that within ten days complete starvation will ensue."

SOFIA, Nov. 12.—The Bulgarians, it is officially announced, have occupied the towns of Rodosto, Eregli, Silivri, and Midia.

The Bulgarian Army operating in Macedonia has occupied Strumitza and Demir-Hissar.

The Bulgarian and Servian troops engaged in the siege of Adrianople are working in hearty co-operation. Clashes with the Turkish garrison of that stronghold occur daily.

Large numbers of Turkish irregulars have been pillaging the villages around Adrianople. The Bulgarians have now succeeded in repressing these looters, and in establishing proper administration.

A column of 700 Turkish prisoners with six officers arrived in Sofia to-day.

ADRIANOPLE, Nov. 10, (delayed.)—All is quiet here.

It is said that Servian troops are cooperating with the Bulgarians besieging the city.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 12.—The Porte has applied direct to Bulgaria, seeking to arrange an armistice, according to reports current in the capital.

Mukhtar Pasha, who came here yesterday to ask for reinforcements, returned to Tchatalja to-day.

Seventeen soldiers and one officer who fled before the enemy at Kirk-Kilisseh were executed this morning in the outskirts of the city. The death sentences have spread panic among the remainder of the troops.

Eighteen new cases of cholera and three deaths were officially reported to-day.

There are rumors that the arrest of the Young Turk leaders is imminent.

Mahmud Shefket Pasha, the noted commander, who was recently appointed Chief of the Commissariat, has apparently been deprived of his office. He is walking in mufti.

The Sheiks have been agitating for the issuance of an imperial decree ordering the reading of certain words of the Koran and the reciting of prayers, which would greatly increase the labor of the Imperial Court and other departments which are already overwhelmed with work.

In order to restrain their zeal a communication has been sent to the Shieks recommending that they confine themselves to the continuance of invocations for divine aid and the assistanceof the prophet for victory for the Ottoman arms.

An open letter, written by Prince Sabah Eddine, and addressed to the Sultan, is published in the form of a pamphlet and sold in the streets. The proceeds will go to the benefit of the Red Crescent Society. The pamphlet has been eagerly bought. The Prince says in substance:

"The enemies of the country are not the Balkan States, but we ourselves, who have proved incapable of governing the country. If we take a lesson from past errors, then there is hope of improvement."

ATHENS, Nov. 12.—An official telegram from Salonika says that at 8 o'clock this morning the King, Prince George, and Princess Alice left Ghida and, after crossing the Vardar Bridge on foot in a torrential rainstorm, boarded a special train for Salonika.

They arrived at the town, now occupied by the Greeks, shortly after 10 o'clock and were met at the station by Crown Prince Constantine, the other Princess, and the Metropolitan.

The King embraced his eldest son and the Princess and warmly greeted the senior officers, the band playing the National anthem. Then, accompanied by the Crown Prince, he reviewed the Evzones batalion. A crowd of several thousand assembled and cheered the King. All the houses were decorated with the Greek flag and the flags of the allies.

At the request of the King a "Te Deum" will be sung in the Archiepiscopal Church to-morrow. The foreign Consuls and the commanders of the foreign vessels at Salonika called at the house where his Majesty is staying.

A force of 300 military police has left here for Salonika to police the city.

The Servian and Greek armies have not yet joined in front of Monastir, where, it is reported, 50,000 Turks under Ali Riza Pasha are preparing for a vigorous defense.

The Greek gunboat Alphelo, patrolling the coast of Epirus, was fired on off Valona by concealed riflemen. The gunboat replied, destroying part of the Custom House.

The King's consent has been asked for the summoning of further classes of reserves to the colors.

Bitter comment is appearing in the Greek newspapers, complaining that the European press gives greater prominence to the victories of the allied armies than to those of the Greek arms. This is alleged to be due to the organization of a news service by the allies.

Fifteen hundred Greek reservists from America arrived to-day.

RIEKA, Montenegro, Nov. 12.—The bombardment of the Turkish City of Tarabosch on Lake Scutari continued throughout Sunday. Toward evening the Turkish garrison withdrew to the highest points of the works, which are on the sides of the mountains. Their position was rendered so desperate by exposure to the snow and by lack of provisions that the defenders attempted later to abandon all their positions and to escape into the City of Scutari. They were, however, driven back into Tarabosch by the Montenegrin troops.

King Nicholas of Montenegro has left here for the Montenegrin port of Antivari.

Gen. Vukotitch, with his column of Montenegrin troops, has completely subdued the Arnaut tribesmen in the neighborhood of the city of Javoko. The tribesmen have surrendered with their arms.

Gen. Vukotitch with his troops will now march to the southwest. He expects to arrive shortly at Scutari, where he will join the Servian forces under Gen. Zivkovitch, who is also marching on Scutari.

VIENNA, Nov. 12.—The situation in the neighborhood of Scutari has undergone a change to the disadvantage of the Montenegrin attacking army, according to a correspondent of the Reichspost at San Giovanni di Medua.

The Montenegrins, he says, have been driven by the Turks from the plain to the walls of Scutari, and are now in the vicinity of the Boyana River, while last week the Montenegrins had advanced as far as Alessio.

The Montenegrin army is no longer so strongly supported by the Malissori tribesmen, and its junction with the Servians near Scutari is not expected to take place before another ten days have passed.

The correspondent says that the Montenegrin cannonade of Scutari has become much heavier during the last two days, but it has had no visible result. Many of the Montenegrin shells have fallen in unfortified parts of the city. One of them burst only sixty yards from the Austrian Consulate, and another close to the British Consulate. Many of the inhabitants have fallen victims to the bombardment.

BELGRADE, Nov. 12.—The Servian casualties at the battle of Perlepe (Prilip) are now stated to have numbered about 3,000, mostly slightly wounded. The Turks lost 8,000 men.

At the battle of Krushevo the Servian losses totaled 300 and the Turkish casualties 1,700.

The Greek General, Souzo, has arrived at Uskub and has been received by King Peter. He said that there were 80,000 Greek troops before Salonika, and that they would probably be divided to assist the Bulgarians at Tchatalja and the Servians at Monastir.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—Rumors were current yesterday in Sofia that the Bulgarian army had captured the line of forts at Tchatalja, according to a news agency dispatch. A Bulgarian column was said to have reached Biyuk Chekmedye, on the Sea of Marmora to the south of Tchatalja.

It was also stated that the Bulgarian army under Gen. Theodoroff had reached Salonika.

There is no further news either from Sofia or Constantinople as to how the great battle at Tchatalja is going. The silence may imply that the Turks are making a better defense than had been expected. On the other hand, it is rumored that Turkey is asking Bulgaria to arrange an armistice.

A Vienna dispatch to The Daily Telegraph says that after a desperate battle the Montenegrins have been compelled to evacuate Alessio and the Port of San Giovanni di Medua.

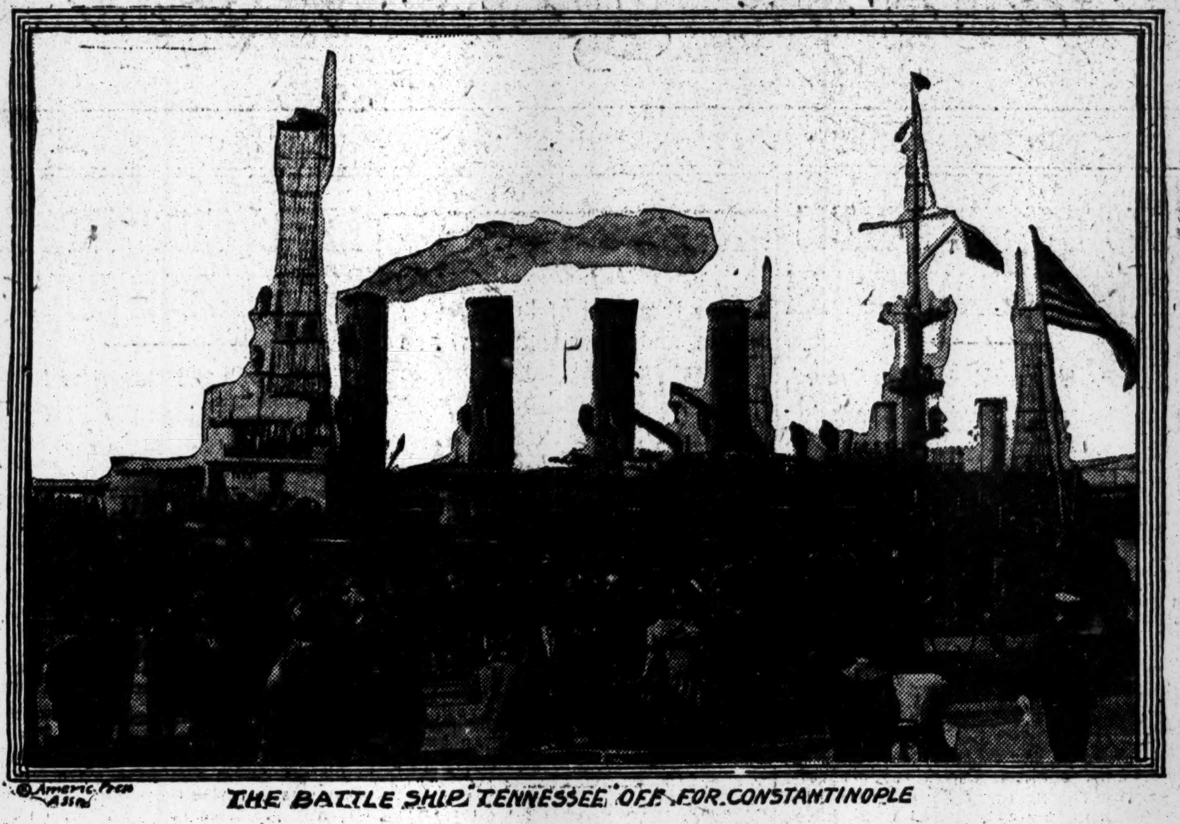
In the other fields of the war operations the progress of the allies is slow. The Servians and Greeks have not yet reached Monastir, where, it is reported, Ali Riza Pasha, the ex-Turkish Minister of War, has 50,000 troops prepared to offer a vigorous resistance.

The Greek advance in the direction of Yanina also appears to be retarded. It is probable that the weather conditions have much to do with the slow progress.

Around Adrianople the Bulgarians are going through some of the hardest fighting of the campaign. Dispatches from the Bulgarian side state that the Bulgarian troops suffered heavy losses in the taking of the two Turkish forts on Kartaltepe and Papaztepe, outside the fortress of Adrianople. Whenever they wavered their officers and priests exhorted them to go forward at any cost. The fort on Papaztepe was taken only after heavy reserves had been brought up, so stubborn was the Turkish resistance.

It is explained by military experts that these two positions do not form part of the fortifications of the City of Adrianople, but are situated on hills some seven miles outside of the advanced Fort of Karagach. This latter fort was reported to have been taken by the Bulgarian troops some days ago, but the report must either have been mistaken or the Bulgarians have been driven back since then, as is asserted by the Turks. The two hills of Kartaltepe and Papaztepe, however, afford good starting points for an advance by the Bulgarian besiegers toward the line of fortifications.

Off to Guard Americans at Constantinople.



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THE BATTLE SHIP TENNESSEE OFF FOR CONSTANTINOPLE

AMERICAN WARSHIPS SAIL FOR TURKEY

Cruisers Montana and Tennessee Leave Philadelphia—Sailors from Other Vessels Shipped.

WILL GO FIRST TO SMYRNA

Ambassador Cables That Foreign War Vessels at Constantinople Are Adequate for Emergencies.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—The armored cruisers Montana and Tennessee weighed anchor at 10:50 A. M. and steamed away from the Philadelphia Navy Yard for Turkish waters. They will go to Smyrna and Beirut to look after the interests and possibly the lives of Americans.

It was at first intended to send the cruisers to Constantinople. The change in destination was made by the State Department only after it had satisfied itself that there was an ample foreign naval force near Constantinople to safeguard Americans there.

Because of the uncertainty of the time of departure there were few present to see the big warships depart, and most of the farewells were waved by bluejackets and marines stationed at the island.

Between 50 and 100 sailors who yesterday had no idea that within a few hours they would be sailing toward a foreign country left here as part of the crew of the Tennessee. It was found that the crew of the Tennessee was not up to its full complement, and a quick draft was made of sailors from other ships.

It was discovered at the last minute that the wireless operator of the Montana had not arrived from New York. There was no time to lose, and Admiral Knight ordered William J. Murphy of 1825 South Twelfth Street, chief wireless operator on the Alabama, to pack his bag and board the Montana. Murphy wept, for he was married last week. He begged that he might first be allowed to see his wife, but the officer of the deck consulted his watch and gave him five minutes to report for duty.

The holds of the Montana and Tennessee were packed with provisions and ammunition until there was scarcely space to move below decks. These provisions may be used to feed those who are said to be starving as a result of the war.

Admiral Knight has orders to use his own discretion if it becomes necessary to save the lives and property of Americans.

The crew of the Montana have bet the bluejackets of the Tennessee $2,000 that the Montana will arrive at Gibraltar twelve hours ahead of the flagship. When Admiral Knight was told of the wager he said with a smile: "Let them bet; it's the only fun they will have between here and Gibraltar."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—This Government is confident that Americans in Turkey are in no immediate danger of being massacred or molested. Ample protection is now afforded by the presence of a number of European warships at Constantinople, and the number may soon be increased by the Montana and the Tennessee. Other Governments are sending additional vessels.

To-day the Russian Ambassador, M. Bakhmetieff, called at the State Department to convey to this Government the tender by his Government of all possible aid to protect Americans in Turkey.

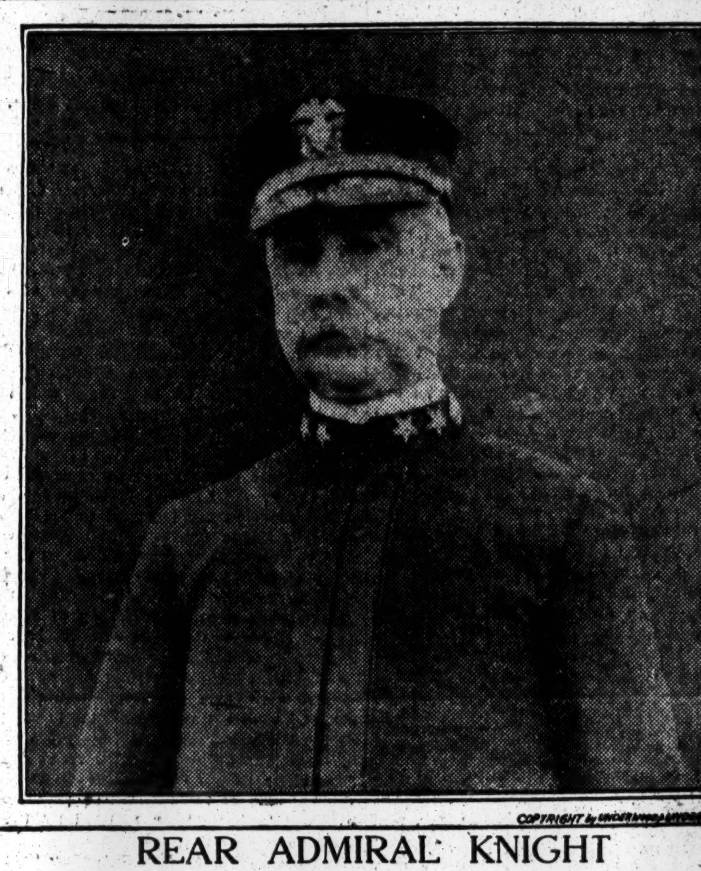
Dispatches to-day from W. W. Rockhill, the American Ambassador at Constantinople, said that there were in the harbor at Constantinople two British, two Russian, two French, two Italian, two Austrian, and one German war vessel, in addition to the ships regularly maintained there by the powers. Another German vessel, a Spanish ship, and a Dutch vessel, as well as two Italian hospital ships, were expected to-day or to-morrow.

"The vessels already available," said the Ambassador, "could, in case of necessity, land 2,000 men—a force which would be fully adequate to meet any emergency."

The embassy at Constantinople also informed the State Department of the decision of the Ottoman Government to consider coal as contraband of war.

Communication with the cruisers Tennessee and Montana will be maintained during their voyage across the Atlantic by the new wireless station at Arlington, near here. The vessels will be kept informed constantly as to the situation in Turkey. This will be the first real test the Arlington station has made with vessels at sea, although messages have been exchanged with the battleship Utah off the Virginia Capes.

SMYRNA, Nov. 12.—The British battleships Hibernia, Commonwealth, Dominion, and Britannia and the armored cruisers Black Prince and Cumberland arrived here to-day.



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REAR ADMIRAL KNIGHT

Commanding the American Warships Sailing for Turkey.

FREE MACEDONIA, SAYS C. R. CRANE

Bulgarians and Albanians Ready for Self-Government, He Thinks.

YOUNG TURKS WERE TYRANTS

Extinguished Popular Education—Bulgarians Have American Point of View.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Charles R. Crane of this city, millionaire manufacturer, philanthropist, traveler, and student of anthropology and ethnology, who is considered the greatest American authority on the conditions now prevailing in the Balkan States, was asked to-day by a staff correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to give an exposition of his views as to the wisdom of giving self-government to the inhabitants of Macedonia and Albania.

"The request of THE NEW YORK TIMES," said Mr. Crane, as he gazed reflectively over the wide expanse of Lake Michigan from the upper floor of a large office building in Michigan Boulevard, "carries my memory back to the time when I was in Constantinople, and there witnessed scenes similar to those now being enacted. To get down to the gist of the inquiry, it is therefore necessary to go back thirty-four years.

"At that time, during the armistice of San Stefano, in 1878, two Professors of Anthropography were sent into the Balkans, and there made a survey covering actual Bulgarian villages, preparatory to making what was called a larger Bulgaria, of ethnological rather than geographical boundaries. These included a large part of Macedonia. This proposal went before the Congress of Berlin in the Summer of 1878, and through the jealousy of the alleged great powers only the northern part of Bulgaria—about one-third—was held to be free. Eastern Roumelia and Macedonia were put back once more under the fearful Turkish Government. If the proposal for a larger Bulgaria had been accepted, all these thirty-four years of massacre and pillage would have been avoided, and there would have been permanent peace in the Balkans. Several years after Bulgaria had been established, Eastern Roumelia revolted and joined Bulgaria, doubling the size and population. That, however, left Macedonia, which is probably inhabited by the finest of the Bulgarians, inside of Turkey. The Macedonian Bulgarians always had a prominent part in the government of Bulgaria. It has been exceedingly difficult to hold the Bulgarians through all these years, with their brethren subject to every kind of terrorism just across their frontier.

"The Young Turks in this respect have been even worse than the old Turks. The first thing the Young Turks did on assuming office was to extinguish every school in Macedonia. These schools had been built up with the greatest suffering. The schoolmaster was always a marked man, and liable to be killed at any moment. The year before last the Young Turks resorted to torture throughout Macedonia.

"The rise of Bulgaria since 1878 has been quite as remarkable as the rise of Japan. Coming out of 500 years of the most frightful misgovernment in the world, she has become a first-class young republic, surrounded by powerful neighbors who have not wanted to see her succeed and have menaced her every minute. The Bulgarians have fully justified their experiment in self-government. They are excellent merchants, the best of market gardeners; they are good soldiers, good diplomats, and good administrators. They have universal education, and their point of view is entirely American.

"The men who have directed Bulgaria from the beginning are practically all Robert College men. Their wives are almost always graduates of the American School for Girls in Constantinople. They all speak English with an American accent. Their houses, their clothes, and their libraries are American, and they could come directly into American society without any one suspecting that they were not Americans. There is not a nobler race anywhere.

"The Servians are right in the middle of the Balkans, cut off from the Adriatic by Austria and in economic subjection to her. Austria holds Servia absolutely at her mercy, and when she wants to bring any pressure on Servia she boycotts her goods. Of course, this is an intolerable position, and it is a life and death matter for Servia to get a port to bring her territory up to the Mediterranean for the disposal of her meat products. It is inconceivable that the great powers in Europe can get into a great war to help Austria to hinder Servia from getting economic independence.

"The Albanians are a strong, forceful, and able people, very anxious to have independence. There are about 4,000,000 of them. They are perfectly homogeneous in nationality, whether Orthodox, Catholic, or Moslem in religion. They are finely situated in one of the richest and most beautiful countries on the eastern side of the Adriatic, with several fine ports. Although the Albanians were the foremost in securing independence in the Young Turks movement, the first thing the Young Turks did was to extinguish all of their schools and in every way to interfere with their national aspirations, and all this time they have been perpetrating the most brutal outrages. If the Albanians should receive their freedom they would probably advance as rapidly as the Bulgarians.

"It is really remarkable how all of these young States have advanced on getting rid of the Turkish yoke. The Turkish people in European Turkey are only 20 per cent. of the population, and it is a fearful outrage for them to have been kept by the Christian powers in domination over these splendid races."

MANY ALBANIANS SAILING.

Will Fight for Turkey Because They Fear Their Country's Division.

Many Albanians have already left this country to fight on the Turkish side, and 500 more are coming to New York from the Western States en route to Albania. Forty arrived here yesterday from Indianapolis.

All the 500 Albanians are volunteers, and none of them has served in the army, according to Louis Nickles, Treasurer of the Albanian Society here. The Albanians are not much worried about the fate of the Turkish Empire, but they are afraid that Albania will be divided up by the Balkan States in case of the defeat of Turkey.

"We are not called by the Turkish Government to fight," said Mr. Nickles, "but we simply cannot stay in a foreign country while the existence of the fatherland is in danger. We have not yet consulted the Government at Constantinople. We do not care what attitude it may take toward us. We are going back to Albania to save it from foreign annexation. We are, however, confident that the Constantinople Government will appreciate our patriotism, because, if all Turkish citizens are as patriotic as the Albanians, the Balkan invaders will surely be driven back."

RAILWAY HEAD'S SON SEIZED.

Accused of Cashing Bad Checks, Works Telephone for Freedom.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—Alan D. Smith, Jr., son of the President of the Cornwell & Lebanon Railroad of Lebanon, Penn., was arrested here to-day on two charges of obtaining money on worthless checks. There were two checks for $10 each, which young Smith had given to Miss Madge Jay of 1,406 Madison Avenue for room rent, receiving in each instance $6.50 change in cash.

When the checks were returned marked "Payment refused" Miss Jay had Smith arrested. He asserted it was a mistake, as he expected money covering the checks to be deposited to his credit. As a result of long-distance telephoning with his father, in the interval before the hearing this evening, young Smith got money to reimburse Miss Jay and was released.

The Long Sing Ti Chinese Curio Co.
An exquisite array of Chinese embroideries, antique rugs, exhibited at their showrooms. 293 Fifth Av.—Adv.

Milo
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES of QUALITY
The emphasis of high praise is laid on their high quality—exquisitely MILD.
Made under my personal supervision.
Price in the U. S., 25 cents.
THE SURBRUG CO.
New York

H. J. KOEHLER S. G. Co.
Hupmobile
32 H. P. Touring and Roadster, $975
Fully Equipped
Long Stroke Motor
3 SPEED SLIDING GEARS
BOSCH MAGNETO
RAKISH DESIGN
ALL MOVING PARTS ENCLOSED.
1,709 BROADWAY, COR. 54 ST., N. Y.
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Cleveland,
Ohio

Give Your Envelopes "Personal" Appearance

Envelopes addressed on ordinary addressing machines lack "personal" appearance because they do not look typewritten.

Address *your* envelopes on the

BELKNAP ADDRESSING MACHINE

and they will look typewritten because *your* stenographer in *your* office on *your* typewriter cuts the stencils.

As a result Belknap-addressed envelopes help the "pulling-power" of form letters.

Their appearance does not betray the fact that a circular letter is contained.

See our exhibit at the Business Show—69th Regiment Armory, Lexington Avenue and 26th Street, all this week.

Tear this out NOW. Mail it when you reach your office.

Rapid Addressing Machine Co.,
374 Broadway, New York City.

Send me samples of Belknap Addressing Machine work showing "addressing that looks typewritten because it is typewritten."

Name..............................
Firm Name..............................
Address..............................

THE best friend of your skin is REIS Absorbent, Hygienic, GUARANTEED UNDERWEAR. Will not itch, bind, chafe or discomfort you. Knitted to fit the form, of the finest selected tested yarns. Every grade, texture, weight and color. Every size.

UNION SUITS $1.00 and up.

Two-piece garments 50c to $5.00 the garment in over 15,000 good stores.

Ask for the REIS Label,—insist on it.

ROBERT REIS & CO.,
Mfrs. & Distributors,
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A variety of entirely new designs, giving maximum lighting efficiency, in many new and artistic effects.
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WALES Visible Adding and Listing Machine
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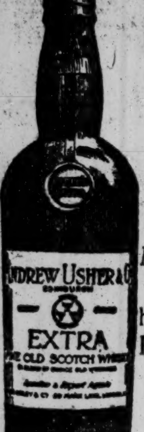
By reason of its central location in the heart of the retail district and the complete facilities it affords, this institution is a most convenient bank through which to transact any financial affairs.



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GREEN STRIPE

Messrs. ANDREW USHER & CO. have been appointed Purveyors of Whisky to his Majesty King George V.

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The Oblivion of Equality

¶ Did it ever occur to you that it is a far harder matter to be distinctive in dress clothes than in ordinary everyday attire?

¶ The very restrictions imposed upon dress clothes make it almost impossible for a man to be distinctive unless he gets the very maximum of style.

¶ The limitations of evening dress may be summed up in the two words black and white, which every man knows and abides by, so you can see for yourself that only infinite care can save a man in dress clothes from the oblivion of equality.

¶ And that infinite care must concern itself with the cut of the garment, the design, the tailoring, the finish, the fit, and that style which is a composite of all five.

¶ Which is a roundabout way of coming to Saks', for no man who exercises discrimination in his clothes can eliminate a house which has made it possible for him to exercise such discrimination.

¶ Alongside an average full dress garment a Saks full dress garment is as sharp a contrast as white linen against black vicuna—it has in design, in cut, in tailoring, in finish, and in fit all those master touches which make for individuality.

¶ In a sea of white shirt fronts a Saks full dress garment will save you from the oblivion of equality.

Full Dress Garments

Coats.....23.00 to 38.00
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¶ *Wool* is the proper texture next to the skin. It keeps the warmth of the body and affords it protection from sudden changes. ¶ *Dermophile* is made of *softest* wool and guaranteed unshrinkable.

¶ It is comfortable, non-irritating and pleasant to wear.

¶ Unrivalled in delicacy of texture and nicety of finish.

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Resinol soothes itching skins

THE moment Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment touch itching skin, the itching stops and healing begins. Every druggist sells them. Soap 25c, Ointment 50c.

TWO TO TWO VIA LACKAWANNA.

Lackawanna Railroad

Leaves New York 2 P. M. daily. Arrives Chicago via Michigan Central 2 P. M. next day. New Service. The best of everything.

Ask Lackawanna Ticket Agents.

CHAUFFEUR POINTS TO GUNMEN AS SLAYERS

Shapiro Swears He Took Them to the Metropole and Away After Murder.

HIS STORY LIKE INFORMERS'

Unshaken by the Defense—Walter Krause Adds His Identification to Three of the Prisoners.

William Shapiro, the bullet-headed, low-browed chauffeur who drove the automobile in which the assassins of Rosenthal, the gambler, escaped, answered questions for nearly an hour yesterday afternoon in Justice Goff's Extraordinary Term of the Supreme Court at the trial of the four gunmen. His voice, somewhat high pitched, he kept at a monotone, and not even in the most dramatic moments of his recital did it change. Each sentence he uttered was an added charge against the gunmen—"Gyp the Blood" Horowitz, "Lefty Louie" Rosenberg, "Whitey" Lewis, and "Dago Frank" Cirofici. When he finally left the witness stand ex-Magistrate Charles G. F. Wahle, counsel for the men accused of Herman Rosenthal's murder, had not been able to shake him in one minute particular.

Shapiro presented an odd picture on the witness stand. The bulky chauffeur, who could twist any one of the gunmen in his strong hands, bent forward in the witness chair with his powerful forearms on his knees. When it became necessary for him to identify the four prisoners as the men who had ridden in his gray car, he did so, while fear, dread, and grim determination showed in his countenance. Shapiro, terrified each moment he was on the stand, nevertheless went through to the conclusion of a recital which, if the jury believed it, left the gunmen convicted beyond a doubt of having encompassed Rosenthal's death.

District Attorney Whitman himself led Shapiro through his direct examination, which drew from him sentence by sentence the whole story of his connection with the murder, the trip of his car to gather in "Dago Frank," the conveyance of the gunmen to the Metropole, the shooting, and the hurried flight.

Shapiro's Fear Partially Removed.

It was Mr. Whitman's first appearance in the case after the selection of the jury, Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss having made the opening address and examined the several previous witnesses. But it was Mr. Whitman who persuaded Shapiro to tell his story, and the District Attorney did not feel like leaving the conduct of its recital to other hands. Not until Shapiro had answered the last question on cross-examination did Mr. Whitman draw an easy breath. Momentarily, though he would not admit it, it was apparent that he dreaded a breakdown on the part of the man who, apparently, is to be the star witness in this trial.

For it was only a few days ago that Shapiro agreed to talk, and had "Big Jack" Zelig not been slain it is certain that the chauffeur never would have opened his lips.

"I'll be killed just as sure as I say a word," he told the District Attorney. "My life won't be worth a cent when I leave prison.

That was when Zelig was alive. "Big Jack" was leader of a gang of thugs and thieves of which the four gunmen were members. A blow against one of his men would be resented by the gang leader, and Shapiro knew it. He knew that he might send "Gyp," "Lefty," "Whitey," and "Dago Frank" to their deaths or to prison for countless years, but he knew, too, that just as sure as he did, "Big Jack" would avenge them.

When news of Zelig's death reached him Shapiro gained a little courage. What he could tell could be calculated to put the gunmen where they could do him no harm, and with the leader dead and four of his principal men sentenced to death or jail the chauffeur realized that there was little chance of any lesser members of the gang seeking his life. Still Shapiro was frightened yesterday, and in the minutes before he was called to the stand he paced the floor of the anteroom in which he waited. As he stepped into the courtroom, however, he pulled himself together and never once throughout his examination did he waver.

The gunmen did everything in their power to break the nerve of the man whose every word was an accusation against them. As he took the stand they hunched forward in their chairs, and when Mr. Whitman rose to question his witness his form shut off their view of the chauffeur. They twisted and squirmed in their chairs, and "Lefty" edged his chair as close as possible to that of "Dago Frank" until he was in a position where, by craning his neck, he could fix his eyes on Shapiro. From the time the chauffeur took the stand until he left it the eyes of the gunmen never left his face.

He Clears Himself.

Justice Goff took the man in hand, first advising him that he need answer no question unless he cared to do so. Shapiro is one of the seven named in the Rosenthal indictment, and it would be possible to put him on trial also for murder in the first degree. His story yesterday, however, completely exonerated himself, putting him in the position of a man who had followed orders given to him at the point of a revolver. Mr. Whitman admitted that if Shapiro's story proved to be true, and the District Attorney is confident that it is, then the indictment against him must be dismissed.

Shapiro did not choose to avail himself of the privilege offered to him, for as soon as Mr. Whitman put his first question he started to answer as fully as he could. Mr. Wahle objected to the first question, which was an attempt on the part of the District Attorney to establish the fact that no stipulation had been made with Shapiro, and that he had no promise of clemency. Justice Goff upheld Mr. Wahle, and the District Attorney turned immediately to Shapiro's story of his movements on the night of the murder.

The chauffeur told of having been summoned from his stand at the Café Boulevard to Sharkey's café in Fourteenth Street, where "Billiard Ball" Jack Rose, Harry Vallon, and Sam Schepps entered his car. Then he was ordered to go uptown and did so, following Broadway to Fifty-ninth Street and then Central Park West and Seventh Avenue to 145th Street and Seventh Avenue, where he stopped at a flat house and Schepps alighted, rang a bell, and was joined shortly by a man who first had put his head out of the window. So far Shapiro's testimony coincided perfectly with that of Rose, Vallon, and Schepps.

"Who was the man who came downstairs?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"It was Frank," responded the chauffeur, pointing to "Dago Frank."

Cirofici arose from his seat as Shapiro pointed to him and the chauffeur nodded his head, saying: "That's him."

"Dago Frank" entered the car, Shapiro went on, and he drove down to "Bridgey" Webber's poker room at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue, where his passengers alighted and entered the building. He turned his car around and waited on the south side of Forty-second Street, just off the corner of Sixth Avenue, headed east.

"How long did you stay opposite Webber's?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"About twenty minutes, I should think," answered Shapiro. "Then 'Dago Frank' came down with 'Gyp,' 'Lefty,' and 'Whitey' and told me that Rose wanted me to drive them to Forty-third Street."

The Identification Made.

The District Attorney stopped Shapiro's recital here to ask him if he could identify the other men.

"They are sitting there," said the chauffeur, and then, under Mr. Whitman's guidance he rose from his seat and stepped forward to the counsel table, where he pointed out each of the men, calling them by the nicknames which have been given to them and not by their proper names as marked in the indictment against them.

The gunmen leaned forward in their seats, each of them half starting from his seat as Shapiro pointed him out. It was apparent that they thought they were to rise, but though their intention thus was innocent, the effect of their movements was to make them appear like so many dogs straining at a leash, anxious to swarm across the counsel table and reach the man who accused them.

Justice Goff was not satisfied when Shapiro had returned to his seat, and he had each of the gunmen rise as Shapiro pointed them out again. Then the chauffeur was allowed to go on.

"Frank told me to drive around the corner," he said, "and I turned into Sixth Avenue, driving north to Forty-third Street, and then turned westward and drove almost to Broadway. Frank ordered me to turn around, and I stopped in front of Cohan's Theatre."

"Did you hear any conversation among the men after they entered the car?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"Yes," responded Shapiro, "I heard 'Dago Frank' say: 'Everything is all right. There are no cops around. Becker said so.'"

The gunmen leaned eagerly forward as Shapiro told of this conversation, and they stared at the witness savagely. Shapiro kept on, however, saying that the men left his car and walked across to the Metropole after he stopped. He said he stayed there about fifteen or twenty minutes, and then he heard the reports of several shots.

"I looked around and I saw the four men running toward the car. Two of them had revolvers in their hands," continued the chauffeur. "Two got in one side of the car and two in at the other. 'Gyp the Blood' stuck a gun against my head and said, 'Drive on, you boob. Get out of here.'"

Shapiro said he started away as fast as he could, and then he told of the trip north to Harlem, where the gunmen abandoned the car.

First Feared to Speak.

"Did you hear any conversation on the trip?" asked the District Attorney, and Shapiro said he had heard the men declaring that everything was all right, that Becker had "fixed the cops," and that there would be no pursuit. And then Mr. Whitman turned to Mr. Wahle with a smile, saying, "Your witness."

Mr. Wahle discussed Shapiro's acquaintance with the various persons who have figured in the investigation of Rosenthal's death and hurried on to Coroner Feinberg's inquest, where Shapiro, in an anteroom, under examination by Second Deputy Police Commissioner George S. Dougherty had declared that he didn't know the men he had driven to the Metropole and afterward assisted to escape. Shapiro admitted that he had lied to Dougherty.

"I was afraid to tell," he volunteered, and Mr. Wahle had this stricken from the record.

Then the lawyer went on to Shapiro's stay in the Tombs, asking him about conversations with his cellmate, one Morris Fishman. Shapiro denied that he had told Fishman anything contradictory to what he was testifying to. It appeared that Mr. Wahle later might call Fishman as one of his witnesses and was laying the ground for the latter's testimony.

Mr. Wahle made a special point of the fact that Shapiro recalled only four men having ridden from the murder in his car. The lawyer's purpose was not clear. He also questioned the chauffeur as to the kind of hats Rose, Vallon, and Schepps wore. Shapiro recalled that Vallon had a soft gray hat. He couldn't recall the others. Mr. Wahle questioned him closely about Vallon, but Shapiro was sure he had not been in the car after the murder, and the chauffeur said he had not seen him on the sidewalk as he drove by the Elks' Club.

Mr. Whitman had been waiting anxiously for an opportunity to direct a redirect examination on the lines of Mr. Wahle's question as to Shapiro having lied to Mr. Dougherty, and as soon as Mr. Wahle ceased the District Attorney asked:

"You said you didn't identify these men before. Why?"

"I was afraid I would be killed," answered Shapiro, and an instant later, answering Mr. Wahle, he said he had finally identified them for his mother's sake, after she had pleaded with him.

Shapiro was allowed to leave the stand then, and Justice Goff adjourned court rather than begin what he evidently expected would be the very lengthy examination of Rose. Shapiro was easily the best witness of the day.

Waiter Again Points Out Gunmen.

At the beginning of the trial Mr. Moss outlined the case of the prosecution, simply going over the story of the shooting already told and retold. Then he called Policemen James J. Brady and William J. File, Dr. Dennis Taylor of Flower Hospital, Coroner's Physician Otto H. C. Schultze, and Jacob Hecht, a waiter in the Metropole, to establish the corpus delicti. Mr. Wahle, cross-examining Brady, brought out the fact that he had been called from post a few moments before the shooting. The lawyer said he had learned that the same man, telling of fires which were found later not to have occurred, had called Brady and the policeman at Forty-third Street and Sixth Avenue, a block away, off their posts just before the shooting. He did not make clear the significance of this.

He also brought out from Dr. Schultze that the bullet which had struck Rosenthal in the head had been fired from a point higher than his head, since it had taken a downward course through the skull. The gunmen are all short, and, obviously, Mr. Wahle wished to show that a tall man had killed the gambler. He did not go into the question of whether this bullet might have struck Rosenthal as he was falling.

Then came Louis Krause, the waiter, who identified all the gunmen except "Dago Frank" as men he had seen shooting at Rosenthal. He told substantially the same story which he told at Lieut. Charles Becker's trial.

Mr. Wahle made a point of the fact that Krause said he had come in a Subway train from Brooklyn to Times Square without changing cars. The lawyer made the point that only express trains run from Brooklyn, and that these do not stop at Times Square, overlooking the fact that late at night the express trains do not run and only locals come from Brooklyn.

Morris Luban did not have as easy a time with Mr. Wahle. When he left the stand, having repeated his story of having been at Hammerstein's Victoria with a girl on the night of the murder, and afterward of having witnessed the murder, he was badly discredited in the minds of many who listened to him. He spoke of having occupied a balcony seat at the roof garden, when there are only boxes in the balcony, and in other ways he told a story which at least was open to doubt. He was the last witness before Shapiro, and the chauffeur brought the day to a close.

It had opened with a scene which caused the gunmen a few moments' trepidation. It was the sentencing of Joseph Conroy for the murder of Joseph Fettretch, a lawyer, who once had settled an estate in which Conroy was interested and of which he felt he had not got his fair share. Conroy was brought in when court opened, and Clerk William Penny asked him the usual question, if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced. The man drew several sheets of paper from his pocket and then shouted:

"I have something to say! I would like to state that I have not had a fair trial!"

Then he launched into a lengthy tirade, in which he reviewed his trial and some of Justice Goff's rulings in it, also criticised his lawyer. The Justice listened until he had concluded, and then said:

"Conroy, your criticism of your lawyer and of your trial is unjustified. You have had two trials. In the first I am credibly informed that the jury stood eleven to one for conviction of murder in the first degree. In the second trial the jury stood the same way, one juror holding out, perhaps stubbornly, and the result was a conviction of murder in the second degree. It was one of the unexplainable things that juries sometimes do. Probably they meant to be merciful to you and in that they exceeded their functions. By their act, however, you have escaped the death penalty.

"Your crime was horrible, the murder in cold blood of a respected member of this bar, a murder in which he had no chance to defend himself, no chance to escape. I would gladly grant your request for a new trial in order that you might receive the fate which you so richly deserve

"But there are other cases on the calendar, and because these deserve speedy attention, I deny your request. I am bound, in so doing, by the verdict of the jury which found you guilty of murder in the second degree, and I sentence you, therefore, to hard labor in the State prison for a term not to be less than twenty years nor more than your natural life."

As Conroy was led out the gunmen looked nervously at one another, and the jurors, too, seemed to take to heart what Justice Goff had said about juries exceeding their function. It was a nerve-trying introduction to their trial for the gunmen.

In adjourning court yesterday afternoon Justice Goff ordered the jury locked up in the Murray Hill Hotel. There, despite reports to the contrary, they will remain until the trial shall have been concluded.

Hart Withdraws from Becker Case.

District Attorney Whitman received a letter from John L. Hart yesterday in which the lawyer officially announced his withdrawal as attorney of record for Charles Becker, and gave consent to an order of substitution. Mr. Hart gave as the reason for his withdrawal that he expected to take an extended vacation at an early date. Mr. Whitman said he had received no information as to who would succeed Mr. Hart as attorney of record, although Mrs. Becker has said that she has retained Joseph A. Shay for the position.

PUNCH'S ELECTION CARTOON.

Shows Taft and Roosevelt as Exhausted Prizefighters.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Punch in this week's issue has an amusing cartoon by Raven Hill showing President Taft and Col. Roosevelt as prizefighters, lying exhausted after an encounter and offering mutual solace in the following words addressed to each other:

"Cheer up; it might have been worse. I might have won."

ASQUITH ASKS ANOTHER VOTE

Motion for Reversal of Adverse Resolution to be Debated To-day.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A resolution to rescind the vote of the House of Commons which brought about the defeat of the Government yesterday on an amendment to a financial clause of the Home Rule bill is to be moved by Premier Asquith to-morrow.

The House was crowded to-day and the leaders of the various parties had noisy receptions. The Liberals, the Labor members, and the Irish Nationalists rose in a body to welcome the Premier when he gave notice of his motion. The House then proceeded with other business.

John E. Redmond, the leader of the Irish Nationalist Party, in a statement issued to-day on the Government reverse, said it would result in a delay of a week and would throw the third reading of the Home Rule bill over Christmas. To imagine that the incident would defeat the Home Rule measure was absurd, in his opinion, but he felt it to be his duty to issue a note of warning that if such incidents were repeated the result must necessarily be disastrous.

The statement was issued with the idea of keeping the Nationalist members in closer attendance in the House of Commons.

CZAR'S HEIR IS WELL AGAIN.

So the Emperor Pardons a Soldier Who Tried to Hand Him a Petition.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—"As an expression of my thanks for the grace of God, to which is due the recovery of the heir to the throne, I pardon Private Dachburin his grave offense."

This is the language of an imperial decree, granting pardon to a soldier, who on Oct. 23 was sentenced to penal servitude for life for leaving the ranks at a review to hand a petition to the Czar.

NOBEL PRIZES AWARDED.

Winners Are a Swiss Engineer and Two French Professors.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 12.—The Nobel prize for physics has been awarded Gustaf Dalen, a Swiss engineer, who is head of the Stockholm Gas Company.

The Nobel prize for chemistry has been divided between Prof. Griggnard of Nancy University, and Prof. Paul Sabatier of Toulouse University.

The value of these prizes is $38,000 each.

548 BLIND GET STATE DOLE.

Misery Lane Pilgrims Made Glad with $49 on Yearly Alms Day.

The city's needy blind numbering 548 received yesterday from the Department of Charities at the foot of East 26th Street, the year's dole provided for them by the State. The apportionment is $55,000 and each of the unfortunates received $49. East Twenty-sixth Street from First Avenue to the East River is known to the inhabitants thereabout as Misery Lane because of the constant stream of unfortunates who wend their way daily to the Almshouse, the Penitentiary, the City Hospital, the Workhouse and other institutions on Blackwell's and Ward's Islands. Misery Lane was comparatively happy looking yesterday.

The line of the blind, which reached from the Charities office at the foot of the street to First Avenue, was made up of old and young, white and black, and representatives of many nations and creeds. All wore smiles, for $49 meant a small fortune to many. There were husbands being led by wives, wives guided by husbands, parents in the care of children and lonely men and women who felt their way with friendly sticks. Some of them had been in the line every year since 1875, when the act was passed. Many who have taken their places filled by new comers. As the sightless pensioners received $49 in crisp new bills, they gave their blessings and thanks to Angus Thorne, Superintendent of the Bureau of Dependent Adults, who made the payments.

First in line was Sarah Cohen of 349 East 120th Street. Next came Joseph Abdul Salen, 85 years old, an Algerian, of 212 East Forty-fourth Street. He is a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, having fought through several campaigns with the French Army.

It took two and a half hours to pay off the line.

SAYS SLAIN GIRL WAS GRACE CARBONE

Victim of Mill Pond Murder Thought to Have Been a New Haven Girl.

HER HUSBAND HAD LEFT HER

Driver Makes Identification—New York Detectives Called Into Case on Trunk Clue.

Special to The New York Times.

GEORGETOWN, Conn., Nov. 12.—In the investigation into the murder of the woman whose body was found on Saturday in the Gilbert and Bennett mill pond, the efforts of the State detectives were supplemented by the work of Detectives Micelli and Wood, sent up from Police Headquarters in New York. These men worked under the direction of Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, with whom they conversed at length several times over the long-distance telephone, and this evening it is rumored here that the first arrest made in the case will occur in Manhattan.

Ernest Dallis, a driver from New Haven, who to-day visited the Morgue in Branchville Cemetery, said he believed the body was that of Grace Carbone, a New Haven woman, who had been missing from her usual haunts for three weeks.

About Oct. 24 she told Dallis that her husband had left her, and that she was going to New York to have him arrested. She took all her belongings with her, and that was the last he saw of her.

When Dallis read the newspaper accounts of the sheet bearing the initials "G. C.," in which the body was wrapped, he says he became interested and informed the New Haven police. The description he gave the police of the missing woman tallies very closely with the woman found here, especially in regard to peculiarities of the teeth. Dallis says that Grace Cabone frequently visited friends in Branchville and Georgetown.

Working as they did in the Julia Connors case in New York, in the early Summer, the detectives to-day spent their time in trying to find the scene of the crime, believing that a murder so brutal could not have been committed without leaving some trace. They went this afternoon to the "yellow house on the hill," in Branchville to which the State authorities had previously traced the trunk originally supposed to have contained the body.

This house, a seven-room structure which has not been occupied for more than a fortnight, was almost bare of furnishings, but in the kitchen some discarded clothing was found, together with some dirty frying pans. But in the little room off the kitchen, in which a table and some chairs remained, the detectives seemed to find material of interest, for they remained there for more than two hours going over some papers, and it was immediately after this session that the longest telephone conversation with New York was held.

The police continued yesterday to search for the missing trunk which was brought to this town on Friday night, despite the misleading statement of Detective Virelli that it had been found the night before, and despite the fact that the findings of the autopsy, and all other indications, seem to banish the trunk as a feature in the murder. It is now believed here that Giuseppe Napoli, the man supposed to have received the trunk, is on his way to Europe, and those who believe that he is still in New York are inclined to think that he took the trunk away with him.

Second Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty was asked yesterday morning whether he had taken any definite steps in connection with the murder.

"If it develops that the trunk shipped from New York Thursday contained the body found in the pond, then the crime may have been committed within our jurisdiction, and it will behoove us to determine where it was committed and by whom," said the Commissioner. "There is no positive connection between the New York trunk and the murdered girl yet."

Ambassador Herrick Coming Here.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Ambassador and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick will leave here Thursday for the United States, taking passage on the Mauretania, which leaves Liverpool Saturday. Mr. Herrick has been invited by President Taft to speak at the meeting of the Governors at Richmond on the land credit system, concerning which the Ambassador recently made an official report.

Norwegian Radicals Victorious.

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 12.—A general election for members of the Storthing was held to-day. It resulted in the return of 74 Radicals, 24 Rightists and Liberals, and 23 Socialists. The Rightists and Liberals, who form the present Government, lost 41 seats to the Radicals and 13 to the Socialists.

RECORD PRICES AT HOE SALE.

Fight for Jenson Vellum Cicero Sends the Bids Soaring to $2,025.

There was spirited competition in the Robert Hoe library sale at the Anderson Company's auction rooms last evening between George D. Smith and F. S. Ferguson, Bernard Quaritch's agent, for a folio copy of Cicero's "Tusculanarum quaestionum libri V.," printed on vellum by Nicholaus Jenson at Venice in 1472. It consists of eighty-five unnumbered leaves without signatures and catchwords, and is printed in Roman characters, thirty-three lines to the page. Vellum copies are great rarities, not more than half a dozen being known. Mr. Ferguson stopped at $2,000, and Mr. Smith won the prize by a bid of $2,025. This is the record. It was also the highest price of the day.

The total for the afternoon session was $9,919.50 and for the evening session, $10,719.50, or for the two sessions, $20,639. This makes the grand total to date $1,728,215.25.

An autograph letter of Catherine de Medici was the most interesting item of the day, and brought the third highest price, $1,350. George D. Smith wanted this autograph and so did Walter M. Hill of Chicago, and the latter obtained it. He said that he was not prepared at present to say for whom he bought it. Two of his customers had given him orders for it, he said, and he had not decided which of them would get it. It is one of the highest prices ever paid at auction in this country for the letter of a foreigner. It is four pages quarto, without date or place, but was written about 1580. The edges are slightly frayed and a small piece is cut from the top of the first page, on which the date may have been written. The contents of the letter, however, are not injured. It is a holograph and is signed "Catherine."

Full autograph letters of this Queen are exceedingly rare. This one apparently refers to the affairs of her son, the Duc d'Alencon, the hideous dwarf, said to be the only man Queen Elizabeth of England ever really loved. It was written at the time Catherine de Medici, though deposed, was still intriguing, and is therefore of historical importance. She refers in the letter to many of the noted leaders of the time, including her son, Henry III.

The third and rarest edition in English of "The Courtier of Count Baldessar Castilio," small quarto, London, 1588, went to Mr. Smith for $525, the record price. It is in blue morocco binding by July, and is printed in three columns, viz., Italian in italics, French in roman, and English in black letter. Another record price was $525, paid by Mr. Smith for "The Voyages et Descouvertures" of Samuel de Champlain, small octavo, printed in Paris in 1620, and in green levant morocco binding by Pratt.

"Costumes et Annales des Grands Théâtres de Paris," by Jean Charles Le Vacher de Charnois, seven volumes, Paris, 1786-89, went to James F. Drake for $600, which is the record. The volumes are in green levant morocco binding by Chambolle-Duru. Other noteworthy prices of the evening session were as follows:

"Les fais Maistre Alain Chartier," folio, Paris, 1489, rare first edition, binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet, $450, (Dodd & Livingston.)

"The Workes of Geffray Chaucer, newly printed," folio, London, no date, third collected edition, probably issued about 1550, binding by July, $300, (Smith.)

George Chapman's "Bussy D'Ambois, a Tragedie, as it hath been often presented at Paules," first edition, London, 1607, binding by Zaehnsdorf, $200, (Smith.)

"Les Contes Remois," by Augustin Rene, Count de Chevigne, large paper copy, Paris, 1858, $240, (Dodd & Livingston.)

Two beautifully bound copies of the "Decameron" of Boccaccio, Paris, 1757, brought the top prices at the afternoon session. G. S. Hellman paid $1,400 for one set of five octavo volumes, from the Utterson collection. It is printed on Holland paper with the verification signature at the end of the fifth volume, and proof mark of etchings at the foot of nearly every plate. The citron morocco binding, with gilt backs, heavy borders of gold on sides, and gilt edges, is by Padeloup. It contains the author's portrait, five frontispieces, 110 plates, and 97 tailpieces, all proof impressions, by Lempereur, Le Mire and others, after Eisen, Gravelot, Boucher, and Cochin.

George D. Smith gave $1,200 for the other set, also of five volumes, a choice copy in old French green morocco binding by Derome, with gilt tooled dentelle borders on the sides, gilt edges and gilt arms of an ecclesiastic on the backs.

These are record prices for this edition of Boccaccio's "Decameron." In the first part of the Hoe sale, April, 1911, a copy of this same edition, with all the extra plates, brought $1,000, which then became the record price, so that, curiously enough, the sale of yesterday twice broke the record established by the library itself at a previous sale, the $1,200 item being auctioned off before the $1,400 one.

Another Paris edition, 1545, of the "Decameron" was knocked down to Dodd & Livingston for $235. The bookseller, Estienne Roffet, whose name is printed on the title page, was binder to King Francis I. For the first French edition of Boccaccio's "Fleury and Blanchefleur," Paris, 1542, J. O. Wright gave $175. The same author's "Contes et Nouvelles," Cologne, 1732, binding by Chatelin, went to Bernard Quaritch for $135.

James Boswell's "Life of Dr. Samuel Johnson," four volumes, Oxford, 1826, binding by Bedford, was bought on order for $375. It is extra illustrated by the insertion of 358 engravings, including 32 portraits of Dr. Johnson. There are two original drawings by Harding. It is one of fifty large paper copies. "Histoire des Caricatures de la Révolte des Francais," by De Nimes Boyer, two volumes, Paris, 1792, binding by Bedford, went to James F. Drake for $190. Lathrop C. Harper paid $155 for the Basel, 1497 edition of Sebastian Brandt's "Stultifera Navis," binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet. It contains on Leaf 76 an allusion to the discovery of America.

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ANARCHIST KILLS SPAIN'S PREMIER

Continued From Page 1.

because I possess most positive information that two Anarchists have taken an oath to kill me. I know, further, that the man who will kill me is a man who has been banished from Buenos Aires and that he went from there to Paris, Valencia, and Biarritz, where the police lost trace of him."

A witness of the crime asserts that the assassin had an accomplice who escaped in the confusion. Aside from this there is nothing to indicate that the killing was the result of a widespread plot or a revolutionary movement. It is generally believed, however, that the tragedy was the direct outcome of the execution in 1911 of Francisco Ferrer, the anarchist leader, for which Premier Canalejas has always been held responsible by Anarchists in general.

The Premier went to the royal palace early this morning to submit several decrees to the King. He emerged smiling and happy. As an attendant opened the door leading to the street a strong gust of wind struck the Premier in the face, causing him to exclaim gayly:

"Oh, what a wind! We are going to have a bad day."

About an hour later his unconscious prophecy was fulfilled.

The tragedy caused such consternation throughout the city as was only comparable with that which followed the attempt on King Alfonso's life in 1906. A strict censorship was established by the authorities on the telegraphs and telephones immediately after the commission of the crime, and for several hours it was impossible to communicate with the outside world.

Marquis Prieto, the Foreign Minister, announced the assassination in the Chamber of Deputies. In the course of a eulogy he said:

"He died between his two affections—his people and his books. The enemies of society will not triumph, for we are all united to defend society."

Marquis Prieto's words evoked great applause, in which all except the Republicans joined.

Weyler May Be New Premier.

The King has appointed the Marquis as Premier Pro Tempore, and the Liberal Government, which Señor Canalejas had conducted for several years, remains in power. After a cabinet meeting to-night it was announced that Gen. Weyler, Captain General of Catalonia, and once Commander in Chief of the Spanish forces in Cuba, or Count Romanones might be appointed permanent Premier.

All through the evening many thousands were gathered before the Chamber of Deputies, to which the body of the Premier had been transferred, and other thousands passed through the Chamber to view the lying in state. All the Diplomatic Corps paid their tribute of respect. When the wife of the Premier arrived, she fell fainting over his body.

The funeral of the dead statesman will probably take place to-morrow, with all the honors that are given a General who has died at his post of duty.

DOOMED AFTER FERRER'S DEATH

Italian Reds Declare Canalejas's Fate Was Sealed by That Execution.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 12.—The assassination of Premier Canalejas of Spain caused no surprise in Anarchist circles here, as since the execution of Francisco Ferrer their tribunals have decided that the Premier was responsible for that deed and should perish by their hands.

After Madrid, strange as it may appear, the place where the assassination caused the greatest impression was the Vatican, where are two compatriots of Canalejas who fought his anti-clerical policies—the Secretary of State, Cardinal Merry del Val, and the Inquisitor, Cardinal Deacon Vives y Tuto.

Both of these have always predicted that such ills are the inevitable result of depriving the Spanish people of the traditional religion of their ancestors.

ROME, Nov. 12.—The assassination of Premier Canalejas of Spain produced the deepest impression here, especially at the Vatican, where the remembrance is still vivid of his energetic struggle against the religious orders.

Cardinal Merry del Val received news of the crime early in the afternoon in a cipher telegram from Madrid. He went immediately to the Pope and communicated the news to him, using great precaution not to shock him. The Pope was deeply affected, and expressed his horor at the crime, exclaiming:

"This comes from stamping out religion in the most Catholic country."

His Holiness then knelt and remained absorbed in prayer for the safety of Spain.

FIGURED IN DE LOME INCIDENT.

Canalejas Received Letter That Caused Spanish Minister's Dismissal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—President Taft to-day sent to King Alfonso of Spain this message of condolence, immediately upon learning of the assassination of Premier Canalejas:

> Inexpressibly grieved at the news of the detestible crime which has bereaved Spain of its distinguished statesman, Jose Canalejas y Mendez. I beg to assure your Majesty of my own most sincere sympathy, and also that of the Government and people of the United States in this great loss which has fallen upon yourself and the Spanish nation.

The Secretary of State also sent this message to the Minister for Foreign Affairs:

> It is with heartfelt sorrow that I learn of the deplorable death of Prime Minister Canalejas at the hands of an assassin, and I extend to your Excellency the deep sympathy of this Government and of myself in your country's loss.

Officials here recall how Canalejas figured in the incident that caused the dismissal of Señor Dupuy De Lome the Spanish Minister, just prior to the war with Spain. Canalejas came to Washington and conferred with the Minister concerning the American attitude toward Cuba. After he returned to Madrid, Señor Dupuy De Lome wrote Canalejas a long letter dealing with political conditions here, and making unfavorable references to President McKinley.

A copy of this letter fell into the hands of the Cuban junta in Washington and became public. The American Government promptly sent Señor Dupuy De Lome his passports.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Don Juan Riano y Gayangos, Spanish Minister to the United States, learned of the assassination of Premier Canalejas this afternoon at Haverford, where he went to attend the funeral of Clement A. Griscom. Señor Riano said:

"Spain has lost the strongest man in the country. He was a man of high ideals and one of the most capable in Spain. I do not know of any man who can fill his place. He was democratic in all his actions."

FRENCH ADMIRERS SHOCKED.

Canalejas's Tact Prevented a Rupture Over Morocco.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—France was greatly shocked by the news of the assassination of Premier Canalejas, who was greatly admired here as a statesman and political leader.

During the Franco-Spanish negotiations concerning Morocco, which finally resulted in a working agreement, Premier Canalejas, by his great tact, kept the discussions in such a direction that the friendly relations of the two countries were not impaired.

Premier Poincaré, immediately on receiving news of the crime, called at the Spanish Embassy to express his grief.

President Fallières sent a member of his military household to the Spanish Embassy to say on his behalf that he was unable to understand the crime, as the late Premier was a man of distinctly liberal tendencies, and there was no logic in making him a victim of an Anarchist outrage.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication between Paris and Madrid ceased just before noon and was not resumed until 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

RADICAL, BUT FRIEND OF KING.

Canalejas Led in the Great Battle Again Clericalism.

Premier José Canalejas, the much hated and greatly admired head of the Spanish Ministry, had been in public life nearly forty years, and during all but the most recent years, had been regarded as a Liberal of the near-Socialist type. By many correspondents he was hailed as "the Roosevelt of Spain," and many of the Rooseveltian traits, in fact, did appear strongly on the surface. He was an inveterate reader of all kinds of books, thirsty for knowledge, and a man of such strong convictions that he was happiest when he could be carrying them out against protest and objection. With his mental strength went physical power, which bore the Premier through his greatest struggles without causing the least sign of fatigue.

Canalejas belonged to a wealthy and cultured family, which had produced several well-known litterateurs. He was a man of simple habits, however, in spite of his wealth, and books and hunting were his only recreations.

The first public appearance of Canalejas was as a student lecturer in the Academy of Jurisprudence in Madrid. Although only 18 years old, he delivered a course of lectures with a style of oratory that in itself was a prediction of greater things. At the age of 19 he addressed political meetings in the larger Spanish cities, promulgating strongly liberal ideals of jurisprudence and government. At 25 the District of Soria sent him to the Cortes where he took his seat among the advanced Liberals.

During the ephemeral republic, after the resignation of King Amadeo of Savoy, he was called to the sub-Secretaryship of the Presidency. Although an important place for a young man, many of the wrongs of the Chief Magistrate were heaped on the head of Canalejas, and this tended to create an early hostility toward him.

Nevertheless, he rose rapidly thereafter, becoming Minister of Finance and also Justice in the several Cabinets. There was only one place where he did not appear welcome and that was in the Royal Palace. His name was too closely linked with the Liberals and with the overthrow of the monarchical régime to make him a favorite in court circles. When he formed the Radical Party, made up of near-Socialists, this cleavage was all the more pronounced.

Came to the Front Suddenly.

It was not until 1900, however, that Canalejas became a big National figure. That was a troublesome year for Spain and the reactionary and clerical ministry of Gen. Azcarraza was in the midst of parliamentary storms, accentuated by outbreaks in Barcelona. Canalejas told the Cortes that they must wager war on Clericalism. Immediately, the Republicans and Socialists, who had never dared to be so outspoken, rallied around the fearless orator, who was hailed as the man of the hour.

When he accepted the portfolio of Agriculture in Premier Sagasta's Cabinet in 1902, he introduced many reforms for the working class, which added to his popularity among the Liberals. He demanded that the new Cabinet should meet formally and sign a document, setting forth in unmistakable language the position of the Ministers on all issues of the day. He denounced the tenant system and the concentration of lands into fewer and fewer hands. In 1904, in a memorable oration, he defended the Parliamentary immunity which the Conservatives were trying to have suspended to further their reactionary designs.

In 1905 came the turning point in Canalejas's career, for on April 5 of that year King Alfonso heard him speak in the Academy of Jurisprudence. The monarch went away so impressed that he immediately changed his opinions of him as a dangerous revolutionist and regarded him instead as a friend and supporter. This change of attitude was reflected the next year when Canalejas, under the Liberal régime, became President of the Cortes, with Moret and Lopez and Dominguez as Prime Ministers. The former ultra-Liberal thus found himself suddenly a dominant personage in Spain, admired and trusted by the King.

When he was asked in February, 1910, by King Alfonso to become Premier and to form a ministry, the request, which disregarded all precedents and indicated a close alliance between royalty and radicalism, caused a profound sensation.

Many changes were made in the Cabinet, the most noticeable being the ousting of clerical sympathizers. The Church separation question was already looming up in Spain, and Premier Canalejas found himself the centre of the anti-clerical movement.

A royal order giving non-Catholic bodies the right to display signs of their religion on the walls of their edifices started the trouble. Then the Premier, acting in full accord with the King, introduced a measure which aimed to reduce the number of Catholic religious orders in the country, each of which was free from taxation. This offended the Vatican, and really precipitated the final struggle.

Relentless in Fighting Clericals.

The Government's policy included the suppression of all convents in dioceses where they were not needed, and a mass meeting, in which 20,000 persons took part, was held in Madrid on July 3, 1910, in support of this project. The Vatican protested, but volunteered to make concessions. Premier Canalejas took drastic measures to carry through his programme, and recalled the Spanish legate at the Vatican. King Alfonso went to England in August and left everything in his Minister's hands. Many outbreaks took place, and Premier Canalejas had to make use of the army to suppress riotous meetings of Roman Catholics.

On Dec. 23, 1910, the first steps leading to the separation of Church and State in Spain were formally taken in the passage of the "padlock" bill. Thereafter religious orders were placed under Government control and church property was made taxable. Relations with the Vatican were resumed later, but the Cortes passed the Administration bill, which temporarily settled the difficulties between Spain and the Vatican, without consulting the Holy See.

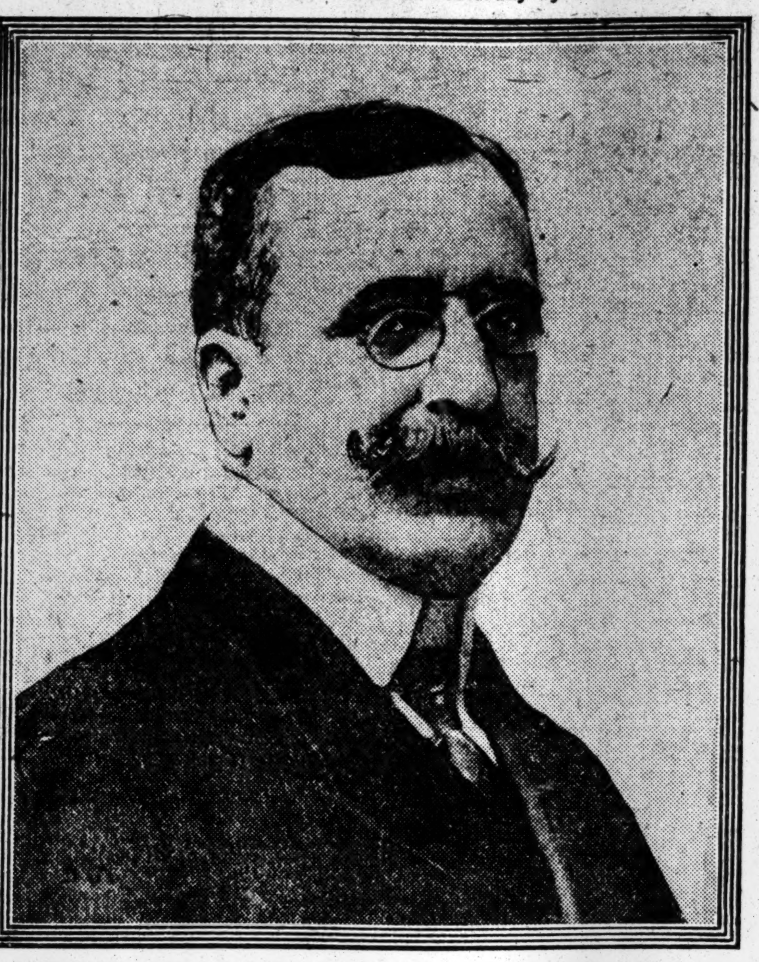
Canalejas resigned the Premiership on April 1, 1911, as the result of an attempt to revise the decision in the case of Francisco Ferrer, the anarchist philosopher, who was sentenced to death for his part in the revolutionary uprising. King Alfonso immediately charged him with the formation of a new Ministry, however, and thus Canalejas remained in power. His attitude was that Ferrer should undoubtedly have been suppressed, but he was non-committal on the question of executing him.

The recent Morocco imbroglio in which France was involved caused an alliance of Socialists and Republicans against the Canalejas programme, which did not hesitate to use military force in the suppression of outbreaks. Strikes followed in many industries, but finally the country quieted down, and there have been few reports of late of agitation among the Radicals and anarchists.

Canalejas visited New York in 1897, just before the outbreak of the Spanish war. Ostensibly the visit was made to study the sentiment in America regarding Cuban affairs, but it was believed at the time that the mission carried with it clandestine dickering with the Cuban leaders in the hope of ending the rebellion in Cuba. Canalejas, who was the editor of El Heraldo of Madrid, persistently denied these stories.

Jose Canalejas, Premier of Spain

Who Was Assassinated in Madrid Yesterday by an Anarchist.



STOWAWAY TRUST IS QUICKLY BUSTED

Italians Accepted Middlemen's Offer to Save Cost of Living at Sea.

BUT INTERESTS WERE FOILED

Special Agents of Liner Moltke's Department of Justice Spoiled Plans of 35 Voyagers—Three Men Arrested.

The newest swindling scheme was discovered in Hoboken yesterday just before the Hamburg-American liner Moltke sailed for Naples, Genoa, and other Mediterranean ports. The plan was simple, but the vigilance of the special police of the line blocked it. It involved placing on board liners, in wholesale lots, stowaways who, being bound for their native land, would be landed there.

The scheme, so far as the Moltke was concerned, was worked on Italians—prospective third-class passengers who intended returning to Italy to stay. Thirty-five of them took the bait, and had the game been played out, it would have meant a saving to them of about $875, and a loss to the steamship company of about $1,225.

Agents of the "stowaway combine" were on hand bright and early yesterday near the window where third-class tickets were sold. Whenever a likely looking Italian appeared one of the stowaway brokers approached him. What the broker said translated into English ran something like this:

"Don't you want to save $25 of that $35 passage money? If you do we are the folks who can show you how and it will cost you just $10."

They were not long in finding thirty-five of their fellow-countrymen who were willing to save $25 each. Each handed over $10 and the stowaway agents proceeded to get them on board the liner. One by one they escorted the thirty-five to the gangplank. One was represented to be a dishwasher, this one a stoker, another a cleaner, and so on until the thirty-five were on the ship.

On board the thirty-five were steered to a dark and infrequently visited part of the ship below hatches and told to stay there until Sandy Hook was far astern.

With so much extra help going on board the special police became suspicious. They ascertained that the extra men had not been signed and began a search of the ship. They found the stowaways packed in a narrow space in the hold, and ten minutes before sailing time the money savers left the ship in a hurry.

The victims explained that three Italians, Julius Rosso of 2,337 First Avenue, New York City; Anthony Di Andri of 98 Palisade Avenue, Jersey City, and Francisco Bimolfetti of Mount Vernon, N. Y., had persuaded them that the stowaway route was not only cheaper but just about as comfortable.

The Hoboken police made a search of the water front and landed the men named by the stowaways. The were arraigned before Recorder McGovern of Hoboken, who held them in $1,000 bail each to wait the action of the Hudson County Grand Jury.

CONGRESS FIGHTS CHEAP.

Seven New York Candidates Spent Only $922 in Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The filing of seven additional final statements of campaign expenditures by New York Congressional candidates adds only $922.43 to the total already reported. The largest of to-day's group of accounts was presented by Amos R. E. Pinchot, Progressive candidate in the Eighteenth District, amounting to $574.65. John F. Carew, Democrat, of the Seventeenth District, in the closing days of the campaign, spent $341.78, and H. H. Dale, Democrat, of the Fourth, only $6.

Four of the candidates filing to-day report that they have spent nothing since presenting their preliminary statements. They are William Lieberman, Republican, of the Fourth District; Alexander Wolf, Republican, of the Twelfth; J. M. Crane, Progressive, of the Twenty-second, and D. B. Lucey, Democrat, of the Twenty-sixth.

WHAT CANDIDATES SPENT.

Early Statements Filed in County Clerk's Office.

Statements of election expenses were filed yesterday in the County Clerk's Office by these candidates for office in the recent election:

Hector M. Hitchings, Progressive candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court, $2,697.61, all of which was contributed by friends.

Thomas G. Patten, re-elected Democratic Congressman from the Eighteenth District, $3,400, of which $50 was contributed by a friend.

Maxim Birnkrant, Progressive candidate for Assemblyman in the Tenth District, $60, of which $22 came from friends.

Stephen J. Stillwell, successful Democratic candidate for Senator in the Twenty-first District, $503.20, of which $65 was given by friends.

Jerome J. Healy, successful Democratic candidate for Coroner in the Bronx, $565.60.

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Of wide wale English diagonals; soft French chamois cloths; nub chamois camel's hair and zibeline cloths; rich imported broadcloths and novelty materials of many kinds.

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In a word, they are overcoats for men who would be *in* style and yet achieve that slight *differentiation* from the accepted mode which renders their appearance a bit away from that of the *average* chap.

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"Truly, it is full of the most delightful reading."

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WICKERSHAM STUDIES GRAND TRUNK DEAL

May Begin Inquiry Into Alleged Competition-Killing Agreement with New Haven Road.

HINT OF INDIRECT ATTACK

Prouty Tells How Commerce Commission May Be Useful—Chamberlin Denies a Compact.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Acting on requests from several sources, Attorney General Wickersham, it was said to-night, probably will undertake an inquiry into the alleged deal between the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, which is reported to be responsible for the action of the Grand Trunk in abandoning work on its almost completed extensions in New England. Those extensions would bring the Grand Trunk into active competition with the New Haven Road. The Attorney General to-night authorized the statement that he personally was giving the matter very careful and thorough consideration.

Information as to whether there would be a formal inquiry into the alleged deal, with the intention of getting evidence on which to base a prosecution under the anti-trust law, was not forthcoming from the Department of Justice, but it was said there that it was a fair assumption that an inquiry would be ordered.

Although the Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day held that action in regard to the reported deal was outside its jurisdiction, there is a strong probability that the allegation that a competition-killing deal exists will be the subject of inquiry at a dragnet investigation into alleged monopolistic control of New England railroads that is being conducted by the commission.

The first information received by the commission that work on the Grand Trunk's extension had been abandoned came in a telegram sent by Henry A. Parker of the Improvement Committee of the Providence Board of Trade. His dispatch follows:

"Reported Morgan-Mellen deal stops Grand Trunk construction and brings dismay. Must New England's vast industries and naturally superb commercial opportunities be forever blotted out for prey of corporations controlling all railways, steamships and trolleys for apparently hostile interests? Is our case hopeless?"

Charles A. Prouty, Chairman of the commission, sent the following reply:

"This commission has no information upon the subject to which you refer. We have absolutely nothing to do with the construction of this railroad, to which our assent is not required.

"Our activities are entirely confined to the subject of rates. If Providence is not now enjoying rates which are just and reasonable, it should complain to this body.

"This commission now has under investigation the general subject of railway facilities in New England, but, as I have said to you, we have no control over the service, but must deal directly with the rates."

PUSH FIGHT TO CHAMBERLIN.

Bostonians Send Delegation to Learn Plans of Grand Trunk's Head.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—The explicit statement made to a staff correspondent of The Globe in Montreal to-day by E. J. Chamberlin, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, that the Southern New England Railway would be built to Boston and Providence, work being resumed as soon as the present money stringency in London should be tided over, apparently did not satisfy the Boston Chamber of Commerce. A committee of the chamber held a conference to-day with E. H. Fitzhugh, Vice President, his secretary, and Cy Warman of the Grand Trunk, and afterward announced that the desired assurance that the suspension of operations was only temporary was not forthcoming. Therefore a delegation was sent to Montreal to-night to see Mr. Chamberlin. It consisted of Charles J. Hubbard of the Committee on Transportation of the chamber, and D. O. Ives, manager of the chamber's Transportation Bureau.

Mayor Fitzgerald announced that he had sent a telegram to President Chamberlin inviting him to come to Boston and discuss the situation.

In The Globe interview Mr. Chamberlin explicitly controverted the statement of Vice President Byrnes of the New Haven Road that negotiations between the New Haven and the Grand Trunk promised traffic arrangements which would admit the Grand Trunk to all New England territory.

"There have been no offers made by the New Haven recently," Mr. Chamberlin was quoted as saying, "and as far as the Grand Trunk is concerned, no agreement is under consideration and no negotiations are under way. I know of no contemplated traffic agreement with the New Haven or the Boston & Maine different from the unsatisfactory one that now exists."

Furthermore, Mr. Chamberlin said he knew of no arrangement to which the New Haven would consent that would influence the Grand Trunk to discontinue permanently the construction of the Southern New England extensions to Boston and Providence.

In explanation of his remark about the "unsatisfactory traffic agreement that now exists" between the Grand Trunk and the New Haven, Chamberlin gave several illustrations to substantiate his conclusion that "discrimination against us, due to the policy of the New Haven management, has greatly reduced our traffic."

"The suspension of work on the Providence Line has nothing whatever to do with any negotiations which may or may not be under way with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad," said Cy Warman of the Grand Trunk Railway to-day. "Whatever may or may not happen, the Grand Trunk does not intend to neglect New England. The temporary suspension is due to money conditions in England growing out of the Balkan war."

E. H. Fitzhugh, President of the Southern New England Railway, conferred with several business men to-day. He talked with Gen. Hugh Bancroft, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Port of Boston; John S. Murdock of Providence, Judge J. A. Remick, Vice President of the Southern New England, and Judge T. W. Kennefick of Palmer. President Fitzhugh hoped to confer with Gov. Foss later in the day.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 12.—Gov. Pothier's message to President Chamberlin of the Grand Trunk, asking for "an explicit and unequivocal statement" as to whether the Grand Trunk intended to complete the Rhode Island extension and, is so, when work would be resumed, brought a reply from Montreal to-day, in which Mr. Chamberlin said:

"There is little in the New Haven matter—not enough to say whether it would have any effect or not on the Southern New England Railway if carried out."

Mr. Chamberlin in his telegram invited Gov. Pothier to meet him in New York for a conference on Thursday or Friday of this week. To that Gov. Pothier replied:

"Am very busy this week. Would it be possible for you to stop at State House, Providence, on your way to New York?"

Gov. Pothier has received no reply to the cable dispatch he sent to A. W. Smithers, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Grand Trunk in England, asking for an explanation of the stoppage of the extension work. He feels that his position entitled him to an answer. He has not received a reply to his latest telegram to Mr. Chamberlin.

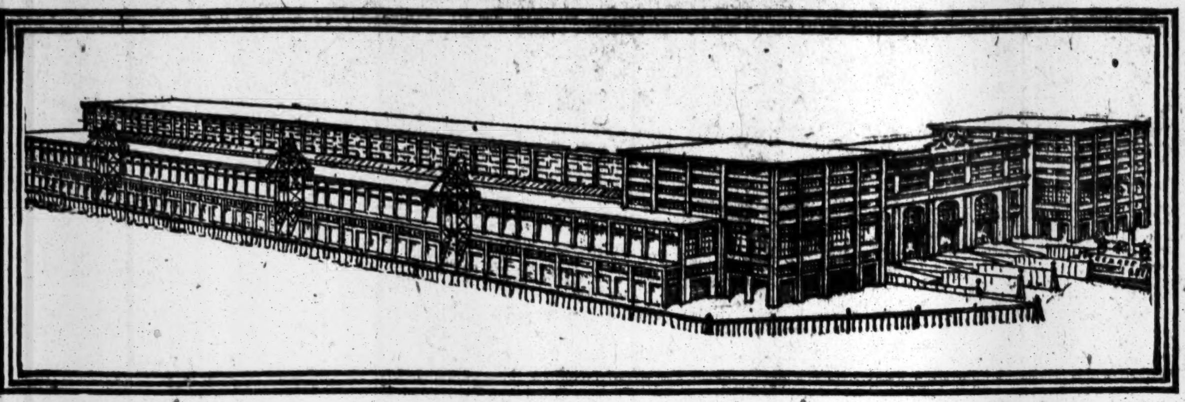
"I believe in going slowly in this matter," the Governor said to-night, "but if I don't get more satisfaction in a few days I shall take summary steps to protect the people of Rhode Island against the imposition that seemingly has been perpetrated on them."

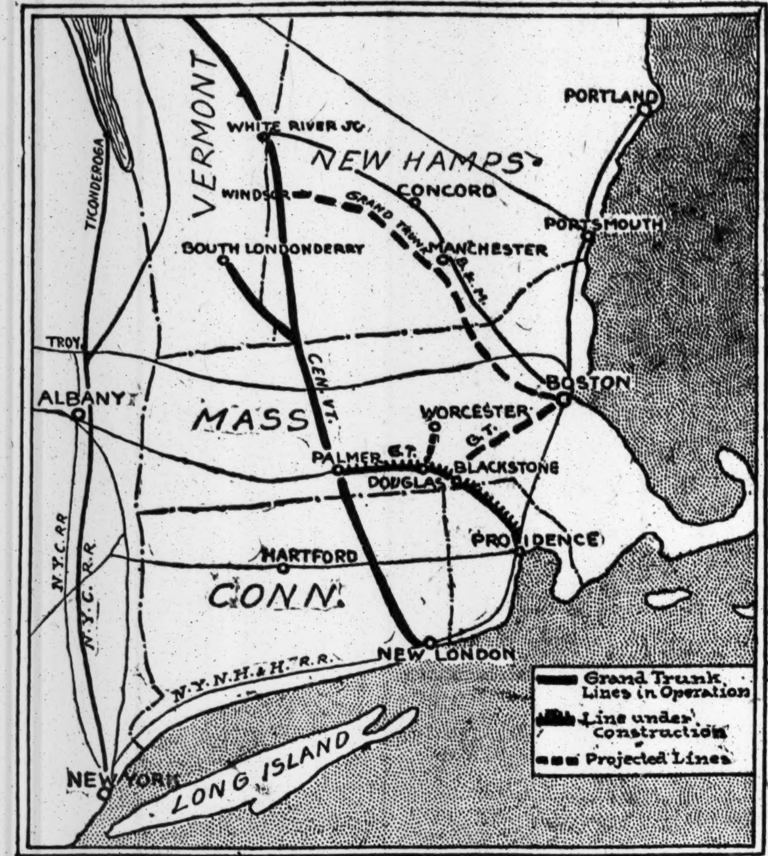
He added that in case President Chamberlin could not stop in this city, he would delegate William C. Bliss, Chairman of the Rhode Island Public Utilities Board, as his special representative to meet the Grand Trunk's head in New York on Thursday.

Civic organizations throughout the State are aroused. At meetings to-night several of them passed resolutions bearing on the suspension of the Canadian railway's extension work in New England.

MONTREAL, Nov. 12.—E. J. Chamberlin, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, to-day supplemented his announcement that the Southern New England Railway had been stopped because of the condition of the money market in England. He said the road, though only seventy-five miles long, would be a very expensive piece of construction work, owing to the nature of the country. Chamberlin added that he wished to emphasize the fact that the suspension was only temporary.

Proposed Grand Trunk Terminal in Boston.





The Grand Trunk Lines in New England

The Grand Trunk Line to Providence was being built by the Southern New England Railway Company, which was chartered in Rhode Island in April, 1910, with an authorized capital of $3,000,000 and an authorized bond issue of $6,000,000. The company was building the line from Palmer, where it connects with the Central Vermont, controlled by the Grand Trunk, to Providence.

In June last, the Massachusetts Legislature passed a law giving the Southern New England the right to build a line from Windsor, Vt., to Boston, and another line from Boston to Blackstone, where it would connect with the Grand Trunk's Providence Line. The same law granted permission for the construction of a third line, which was to run from Worcester, Mass., to Douglas, another point on the Palmer-Providence route.

The right to own and operate steamships was included in the charter granted to the company. The total length of these lines was in the neighborhood of 275 miles.

HOSPITAL CHARITY REPORT.

Saturday and Sunday Association Collected $116,940 for the Year.

A report of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, made public yesterday, shows that the total collection for the last year was $116,940.26. Mrs. Charles B. Alexander was elected a trustee, and will act as President of the Woman's Auxiliary, of which Mrs. James Speyer is Treasurer. Robert Olyphant, President of the association, announced that there were in the association twenty general hospitals, ten special hospitals, nine hospitals for women and children, and five for convalescents and incurables. Three hospitals have beeen admitted during the year, the Neurological Institute, the Manhattan Maternity and Dispensary, and the Jewish Maternity, making the present number forty-seven.

The associated hospitals gave 1,950,170 days of hospital treatment, of which 1,195,258, or 61 per cent., were given without any compensation to the hospitals either from the patients or from the city. Frederick D. Greene, the General Secretary, reported that the strict business methods in hospital management and accounting insisted upon by the association had resulted in a large increase in contributions from firms, 1,000 now contributing annually sums ranging from $5 to $5,000.

"Many givers," said Mr. Greene," perplexed by numerous appeals, the relative merits of which they have neither time nor means to determine, are glad to contribute through this association, which pays no solicitors or commissions, and distributes the money among the hospitals according to the actual amount of free treatment which each gives to the poor."

30 DAYS FOR INSULTING GIRL.

Man Sent to the Workhouse for Seizing Young Woman's Arm.

On the complaint of Miss Maud Stafford, 19 years old of 622 West 136th Street, a man describing himself as John Carroll, 38 years old, a chauffeur of 310 West 146th Street, was locked up in the West 125th Street Station last night, on a charge of disorderly conduct. According to Miss Stafford, Carroll accosted her at 135th Street and Convent Avenue, and seized her arm, telling her he was a patrolman in citizens clothes. The young woman's screams were heard by Serg. Hanley, who arrested Carroll.

Arraigned in the Night Court before Magistrate McQuade, Carroll was sentenced to the workhouse for thirty days. He denied having represented himself as a patrolman.

"This is but another instance," said the magistrate, "of a respectable young woman on her way home being insulted. It's an outrage."

DENCKER HELD FOR JUDSON STABBING

Realty Man Fled to New Haven After Assault on Wife's Young Visitor.

LAWYER ADVISED SURRENDER

Victim, Engaged to Philadelphia Girl, Anxious to Have Case Dropped—Subpoena Served on Him.

Otto Dencker, the real estate broker who disappeared Monday, following the flight from his apartment at 3 West 104th Street of Frederick Judson, a young bond salesman of Philadelphia and New York, surrendered himself to detectives attached to the West 100th Street Station yesterday.

It was learned that Mr. Dencker had taken a touring car and motored to New Haven, following Mr. Judson's sensational run through Central Park West, partly clothed. At New Haven he spent the night at the new Taft Hotel. On his way to New Haven he sent a telegram to his lawyer, John B. Clark, worded thus:

> Go to One Hundredth Street Station House. This means life or death. Take care of my wife. Also take care of the interest due to-day, $20.

Mr. Clark conferred with Detective Wilbur, who was heading the hunt for Dencker, and he advised the lawyer to have Mr. Dencker surrender. Later in the day Mr. Dencker telephoned to Mr. Clark and the lawyer directed him to return to the city, which he did, coming by train. The detectives met him and accompanied him to the West 100th Street Station. From there he was taken to the West Side Court, where Magistrate Murphy released him on his own recognizance, pending a deposit of $500 cash bail to await a hearing this morning at 9 o'clock on a charge of felonious assault. Mr. Dencker returned to the court afterward to deposit $500 with the court clerk.

At the J. Hood Wright Hospital it was said that Judson would be able to appear and testify this morning. Detective Wilbur served a subpoena on him commanding his appearance. Judson has shown no disposition to press any charge as a result of his wounds, and has expressed his anxiety to have the matter dropped, saying that he was "engaged to a Philadelphia girl."

Mrs. Dencker, who was in the apartment when her husband entered unexpectedly Monday afternoon and found Mr. Judson there, declared yesterday that the whole episode was a mistake. She said she had invited several friends, including Mr. Judson, to take luncheon with her on Monday afternoon, but that Mr. Judson was the only one who came. After luncheon she said Mr. Judson told her he was ill and would like to rest. She said she allowed him to go to her maid's room. The maid was out at the time. Mrs. Dencker said she was sure her husband had every confidence in her. She is forty years old. Her husband is about the same age. Judson is about 21 years old.

Attorney Clark would not allow Mr. Dencker to make any statement about the case to reporters.

"One of the Most Fascinating Books of Travel."—*London Daily Mail.*

Mr. JAMES BRYCE'S NEW WORK

South America Observations and Impressions

By the Right Honorable JAMES BRYCE, British Ambassador

Author of "The American Commonwealth," "The Holy Roman Empire," etc.

Opinions of Leading Reviewers

"Particularly admirable and enviable . . . the product of an ample preparation, 'South America' takes rank as a standard work from the day of its appearance."—*N. Y. Sun.*

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—San Francisco Chronicle.

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Women's Bench-Made Shoes

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Gimbel Hats are distinctive!

The New Fur Hats will predominate in today's Display, which presents the newest ideas of Paris. The Ermine Hat, whose upturned close-fitting brim is encrusted with Rhinestones, and which has an exquisite Bird of Paradise mounted just a little toward the back, is undoubtedly the most beautiful. Just think how brilliant it will be when the sun or the light shines upon it!

The Tailored Hats, trimmed with fur, for morning wear are smart and unique.

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Trunks at $12, Regularly $15 to $20
Trunks at $18, Regularly $21.50 to $30
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Note—**INNOVATION** Wardrobe Trunks, for which we are the only New York distributors outside of the Innovation shop itself, and which we sell regularly for $25, $45 and $65, are not embraced in this Sale. **Fifth Floor**

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

GAYNOR HOLDS HIS CRITICS UP TO SCORN

Pastors Particularly Have Heads Full of Vice, and He Suspects There's a Reason.

CITY NOW TWO-THIRDS CLEAN

Wouldn't Be So Much Abused, He Says, If He Pandered to a Party or Submitted to Boss Control.

Mayor Gaynor assailed the newspapers and preachers who have criticised him when he spoke last night before the East Side Club in its new quarters, at 86 Orchard Street. He challenged the preachers who had urged him to drive criminals and unfortunate women from the streets to tell him of one woman they had rescued. Rabbi Wise was again one of the special objects of his attack. The Mayor reiterated that, far from being surprised when Lieut. Becker was first proved a grafter, he would not have been astonished if the same had been shown to be true of one of "the top officials of the Police Department."

William Lustgarten, President of the East Side Club, opened the meeting by saying that the club had been organized to defend the east side and clear it from the reputation of being a hotbed of crime. Black descriptions of the east side, he said, had filled the magazines till the public got the impression that it was one of the most evil spots in the universe.

Mayor Gaynor, when he was shown through the four floors which the club occupies, congratulated the officials on their purpose and on their new rooms. In his talk he complimented the members of the club on defending their neighborhood, and said that the east side was as free from crime as any spot on earth, and the residents in that section were as intelligent and often more moral than persons living in other quarters of the city.

"I have stood up for the east side from the start," he said. "I know there has been talk in the past as if every infamy and every crime originated here. And I know that the people here are as wise and often better than those who come in slumming parties, peeking in your windows to see how you live and how you eat and what your wives are doing. Your wives probably know what they were doing better than those who are prying into their affairs. They are in all probability looking after their household better than those who inspect them look after theirs.

Preachers With Heads Full of Vice.

"We have heard a great deal lately of crime, immorality, and vice. Much of this talk has come from preachers. Some of them have their heads filled with vice. When I speak of vice I mean a number of evils, but the preachers whom I speak of usually mean but one thing. How their heads came to be filled with it I don't know. But there certainly must be a reason.

"There is no more crime down here than elsewhere. Statistics show it. If all the people in the world were crowded into this city, there would be only three square feet to each person. If they were all in Texas, each person would have three acres. So the world is not so small as many think. But why all the people in the world want to come to the east side I don't know. It shows it must be a pretty good place.

"There is crime everywhere. I have lived in the country and I have lived in the city, and I know that there is some truth in the saying that God made the city, but the devil made the small town.

"There was a cropping out of crime in this city recently which attracted the attention of everybody. It was the act of a handful of criminals, and, in my opinion, entirely too much was made of it. And then one policeman out of 10,000 was shown to have been one of them and to have taken graft. From reading the dirty, low-lived newspapers, you would think that the whole city was one mass of vice and crime. But the contrary is the case.

"A few days ago an Alderman of Old London came into my office and told me that he had been amazed at the outward propriety of this city. Although he had traveled over the principal cities of Europe, he said that he had never seen so few evil women in the streets, so few drunkards, and so little disorder. I said: 'Why, we all have known that right along. You have been reading the dirty newspapers that are always defiling the city on every occasion.'

"The fact that one member of the police force turned out to be a bad man astonishes me none. It didn't even start the circulation of my blood. I would not have been surprised if it had been one of the top officials. But it was only a little Lieutenant. There was nothing extraordinary about this, but it was belled all over the earth that this city had a police force made up of grafters, clubbers and disorderly characters.

Explains Outward Decency Order.

"I had done all that I could to stop graft in every department of the city Government, and in the Police Department more than in all others. And I was told here to-night that the police were different in this neighborhood than what they had been a few years ago. They now mind their own business, and do not bother orderly citizens. They don't smash doors in and intrude into private dwellings to collect graft from people who are willing to pay to avoid annoyance.

"Some people did not know what I was driving at when I spoke for 'outward order and decency.' The first duty of the police is to preserve outward order and decency, and then to penetrate into the places of secret crime. But what I said was interpreted by some to mean that it was enough to preserve order only so far as the streets were concerned.

"Now, Rabbi Wise takes a whack at me now and then. He is a charitable man. He is a preacher, and should know what charity is. But all my life I have distrusted rhetoricians. I do not take much stock in tongues like his. There are some men who talk so much that their mouths grow to one side of their faces.

"There are others who say all the cruel, all the mean things they can about those who are in charge of the Government. These are people who have never come forward to help us. What they seem to want is that the police should go around clubbing everybody. This is something that I have stopped, and I believe that I have cut out two-thirds of the graft in the Police Department, and that I will cut out three-thirds before I am through. And I have done this against the ill-will of many people of powerful influence, who are now clamoring against the way the city is conducted.

"One preacher the other day made an attack on me. He practically flayed me alive, making me out a vicious, bad man. I wonder what my neighbors think of this from ministers, not to mention the newspapers. They have known me twenty-five years.

Stands Abuse Pretty Well.

"Well, in spite of it all, I am pretty well off, and I still have some respect, as I perceive to-night. Maybe I stand this sort of thing better than they do. Maybe they are going down while they are attacking me. Maybe they are lifting me up. Still I have no ill-will against them. I have taken high grounds in conducting this Government. I have allowed no branch of it to be controlled or influenced by anybody on the outside. No boss has had anything to say in any department. That means that I have been whacked a good deal.

"It might have been easier for me if I was only the exponent of a party. If I had taken instructions from party leaders I would, at least, have had a party to back me in time of trouble. If I had let Sam Koenig or somebody else tell me what to do, they would have stood up for me against criticisms. But I have had no party to back me, and have had no support except from the people in general, and they have often been too busy to bother about it.

"It has been harder and rougher going because I have pursued this course. It would have been much easier if I had reposed on some solid organization. If, when there was an appointment to be made, I had sent word to some boss to send me down a Police Commissioner or a Tenement House Commissioner, there would have been a party to stand up for me. But it would have been to prostitute the Government in a way that I would not countenance."

To illustrate how free from violence and disorder the city was, Mayor Gaynor said that he had given orders to send only fifty policemen to guard the big Bull Moose rally at Madison Square Garden.

"Hearst put it in his papers that there were a thousand policemen there, so it must be true," continued the Mayor. "Many people probably did think there were a thousand, but there was not one policeman inside the meeting and only fifty on the outside, and then there were more than were needed. I told Commissioner Waldo that, for an experiment, we would send no policemen at all to the next big political meeting.

"We do not have to do these things as they are done in Russia. Dr. Ratnoff, who was born in Russia, wrote to me that we should turn out the police force to guard the polls against illegal voting on Election Day. He was born in Russia and thought the thing ought to be done the way he had seen it done. But no policemen were allowed in the polls, and there was no violence.

"I have not the figures for Election Day yet, but I am having them made up, and I don't believe they will show more than five men held for violation of the election laws. In the past the illegal voting was done because the police were in the polls. They had a list of the men who were to be allowed to vote as often as they could, and the police saw to it that they were not interfered with."

LORIMER CRITICALLY ILL.

Former U. S. Senator Has Appendicitis—Operation Under Consideration.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Former United States Senator William Lorimer to-day was reported to be critically ill at his residence on the North Side.

He is suffering from appendicitis and was removed to the Presbyterian Hospital this afternoon. After a consultation the attending surgeons decided not to operate immediately. His condition to-night is more favorable.

Mr. Lorimer's illness was said to have resulted indirectly from an automobile accident in which he was slightly injured soon after leaving Washington several months ago. It was said that Mr. Lorimer was in a weakened physical condition due to overwork, and the strain of his trial, which resulted in his expulsion from the United States Senate.

Japanese Emperor Honors Dr. Berry.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 12.—Dr. John C. Berry of this city, has been informed that the new Emperor of Japan has conferred on him the "Imperial Order of the Sacred Treasure of the Third Class," given "in recognition of your eminent and disinterested services during your sojourn in Japan, looking to the promotion of her material well-being, notably your signal contribution toward the improvement of medical and sanitary organizations."

Dr. Berry spent twenty-one years in Japan as a medical missionary.

WILSON'S CHANCE TO WIN SOUTHERNERS

President Taft Says He Has Better Opportunity to Heal Sectional Wounds.

WELCOMES SOUTHERN WOMEN

His Address Before Daughters of the Confederacy in Convention in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A greater opportunity to give the South a "feeling of ownership" in the Government will be given to the Woodrow Wilson Administration than was accorded the present Republican régime, President Taft to-night told the United Daughters of the Confederacy at the opening session of their annual convention here.

The President declared that "circumstances have rendered it more difficult for a Republican Administration than for a Democratic one to give our Southern brothers and sisters the feeling of close relationship and ownership in the Government of the United States." Activity of Southerners in official life consequent upon Democratic control of the Government, he said, would give the South a feeling of partnership in the conduct of the country's affairs that would do much toward eliminating sectional feeling.

President Taft said the occasion that brought the Daughters together was not "the mourning at the bier of a lost cause," but that they met to celebrate the heroism, courage, and sacrifice of the men of the South. He declared North and South alike should rejoice in "the common heritage of courage" left by the war, and that while the greater horrors of war which visited the South made it more difficult for the feeling of hostility to die out there than in the North, the sectional line was at last entirely disappearing.

"Until within recent decades," the President said, "prosperity has not shed her boon upon the South with so generous a hand as upon the North. Hence those of us in the North who have been sometimes impatient at a little flash now and then of the old sectional antagonism are unreasonable in our failure to allow for these marked differences.

"For years after the war the Republican Party, which had carried the Nation through the war to its successful conclusion, was in control of the Administration of the Government, and it was impossible for the Southerner to escape the feeling that he was linked in his allegiance to an alien Nation and one with whose destiny he found it difficult to identify himself. Time, however, cures much, and after a while there came a Democratic Administration of four years and then another one of four years. Southerners were called to Federal office, they came to have more and more influence in the halls of Congress and in the Senate, and the responsibility of the Government brought with it a sense of closer relationship to it and to all the people for whom the Government was carried on.

"I speak for my immediate Republican predecessors in office when I say they all labored to bring the sections more closely together. I am sure I can say that, so far as in me has lain, I have left nothing undone to reduce the sectional feeling and to make the divisions of this our country geographical only. But I am free to admit that circumstances have rendered it more difficult for a Republican Administration than for a Democratic Administration to give to our Southern brothers and sisters the feeling of close relationship and ownership in the Government of the United States. Therefore, in solving the mystery of that providential dispensation which now brings on a Democratic Administration to succeed this, we must admit the good that will come to the whole country in a more confirmed sense of partnership in this Government which our brothers and sisters of the Southland will enjoy in an administration in which Southern opinion will naturally have greater influence, and the South greater proportionate representation in the Cabinet, in Congress, and in other high official station."

While I rejoice in the steps that I have been able to take to heal the wounds of sectionalism and to convey to the Southern people, as far as I could, my earnest desire to make this country one, I cannot deny that my worthy and distinguished successor has a greater opportunity, and I doubt not he will use it for the benefit of the Nation at large.

"It fell to my official lot, with universal approval, to issue the order which made it possible to erect, in the National Cemetery of Arlington, the beautiful monument to the heroic dead of the South which you funded to-day. The event in itself speaks volumes as to the oblivion of sectionalism. It gives me not only great pleasure but great honor, but it gives me the greatest satisfaction as a lover of my country to be present as President of the United States and pronounce upon this occasion the benediction of all true Americans."

WOMEN HONOR SOUTH'S DEAD.

Daughters of Confederacy Lay Cornerstone of Monument at Arlington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The laying of the cornerstone of a great monument in Arlington National Cemetery to the dead of the Confederacy was the principal event to-day in the opening programme of the annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Thousands of women, assembled to pay tribute to the memory of the men who fought for the South, surrounded the site of the monument, which is to occupy a plot in the centre of the Confederate section of the National Cemetery, where 200 of the men who died in the Confederate cause are buried.

More than 1,500 women of Southern birth or lineage are present as delegates to the convention, and already they are facing a formidable social programme prepared for their entertainment. This actually began last night with a reception in the Library of Congress, at which more than 4,000 women were in attendance.

ETTOR TELLS STRIKE STORY.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 12.—Defending himself against a charge that he was an accessory before the fact to the killing of Anna Lopizzo during the Lawrence textile strike last Winter, Joseph J. Ettor to-day faced the jury, and in his testimony charged the employers with placing the dynamite in Lawrence.

Ettor insisted that from the beginning of the strike he counseled against violence, urging upon the people that violence was their worst enemy in the struggle, and that the way for them to win was to keep away from the mills, and to "do nothing." He admitted that on the first day he advised the strikers to go to the mills and urge all who remained at work to cease, so that every mill would have to shut down.

"I told the strikers after the struggle had been on for some weeks, and conferences with the employers had begun," said Ettor, "that they had demonstrated their power; that in solidarity of purpose and action they had one source of strength that was far greater than all the agencies of defense and offense of the capitalists. Capital, I told them, had property to sustain it; that it had the police, the army, the laws, the Constitution to aid in its defense; that capital had everything, money and agents to plant dynamite, to provoke the enemy, meaning the workers. But the workers, I told them, had more power than all that, more than guns and gallows—the power of solidarity of purpose and action, which was greater than bombs.

"'Workers,' I said to them, 'you need not fight the same way that capital opposes you. When workers of the world want to win, the thing for them to do is nothing. Fold your arms and the work of the world will stop. Put your hands in your pockets and the capitalists cannot put their hands in theirs. Lie absolutely silent and you are more powerful than all the weapons of the other side for offense and defense.'"

FOUNDED 1827

FOUNDED 1827

Arnold, Constable & Co.

TO-DAY AND THURSDAY

A Remarkable Sale of

Underwear and Hosiery

FOR WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN, IN ALL SEASONABLE WEIGHTS, VERY SUPERIOR MAKES AND GRADES AT THE FOLLOWING MOST IMPRESSIVE PRICES:

UNION SUITS—Medium weight wool; low neck and sleeveless or long sleeves. Regularly $1.75 to $2.25 each	1.50
UNION SUITS—Winter weight merino; low or high neck; extra sizes in the long sleeves. Regularly $1.50 and $1.75 each	1.00
UNION SUITS—Soft finish cotton; winter weight; short or long sleeves. Regularly $1.00 each	65c
UNION SUITS—Soft finish lisle thread; tight knee. Regularly 50c each	35c
UNION SUITS—Soft finish cotton; winter weight; low neck and sleeveless or long sleeves. Values up to $1.50 each	85c
MERINO VESTS, TIGHTS AND DRAWERS—Winter weight, including extra sizes in tights and drawers. Regularly $1.50 each	1.00
VESTS OR TIGHTS—Swiss ribbed, or plain fleece lined winter weight; low neck and sleeveless, or high neck and long sleeves. Regularly 50c each	35c
CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS—Soft finish cotton; winter weight; sizes 5 to 16 years. Regularly 75c each	45c
PURE THREAD SILK HOSE—Gauze or medium weight; black, white, tan and colors; double soles and toes. Regularly $1.50 to $2.25 pair	95c
BLACK CASHMERE HOSE—Medium weight; double soles, heels and toes.	45c
LISLE THREAD HOSE—Medium weight; black, tan, navy, grey, sky, pink, lavender, champagne; with self clocked. Regularly 50c and 75c pair (Box 6 Pairs $2.00)	35c
FINE GAUZE SILK LISLE—Black, double tops, heels and toes; tearproof. Regularly 75c pair	50c

Sale of 1800 Pairs

Glace Evening Gloves

For Women and Misses

650 PAIRS 16 BUTTON LENGTH GLACE GLOVES, white, black and champagne. Regularly $3.00 pair	1.95
500 PAIRS 16 BUTTON LENGTH GLACE GLOVES, white only. Regularly $3.50 pair	2.25
350 PAIRS 20 BUTTON LENGTH GLACE GLOVES, white only. Regularly $3.75 pair	2.25
300 PAIRS 20 BUTTON LENGTH GLACE GLOVES, white only. Regularly $4.50 pair	3.25

Women's and Misses'

High Grade Fur Coats

Unusual Reductions From Regular Prices.

MACKINAW CLOTH COATS—Hamster lined. Assorted fur collars.	Regular $55.00 to $60.00	40.00, 45.00
BLACK CLOTH AND FANCY TWEED COATS—Fine fur linings, rich fur collars.	Regularly $125.00	100.00
CARACUL COATS—Full length. Satin lined.	Regularly $90.00, $110.00, $135.00	70.00, 80.00, 115.00
FRENCH SEAL COATS—Full length.	Regularly $110.00	78.00
FRENCH SEAL COATS—Full length. Skunk Shawl collar and cuffs.	Regularly $165.00	132.50
HUDSON SEAL COATS—Full length. Satin lined. New model.	Regularly $275.00	225.00
HUDSON SEAL COATS—New model, deep shawl collar.	Regularly $325.00	275.00
HUDSON SEAL COATS—Hudson Bay Sable collar.	Regularly $425.00	375.00
HUDSON SEAL COATS—French model, deep Mole collar and cuffs.	Regularly $575.00	475.00
TAUPE SQUIRREL COATS—London dyed. Brocade lining.	Regularly $265.00	225.00
TAUPE SQUIRREL COATS—With pointed Fox collar.	Regularly $310.00	270.00
MOLESKIN COATS—Latest model.	Regularly $400.00	365.00
NATURAL PONY COATS—Full length. Satin lined.	Regularly $100.00	75.00
Plain model.	Regularly $125.00	105.00
Deep shawl collar of Beaver.	Regularly $175.00	145.00

Broadway & 19th Street.

B. Altman & Co.

Smart Gowns, Wraps, Etc.

for Opera and Horse Show wear.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING GOWNS in the latest styles and the most fashionable fabrics. Among these are some Paris models and a number of exclusive designs from B. Altman & Co.'s own workrooms.

FUR WRAPS AND COATS made of fine, specially selected skins; wraps of brocaded velvet and other rich fabrics, including many trimmed and lined with fur. Also muffs and neckpieces.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS, in modish two- and three-piece styles, especially adapted for morning wear at the Horse Show.

JEWELED BANDEAUX, with and without Paradise aigrettes; also a variety of theatre caps and effective hair ornaments.

MARVEX EVENING GLOVES in the correct lengths, manufactured exclusively for B. Altman & Co. by Trefousse et Cie, Chaumont, France.

EVENING SLIPPERS in silver or gold cloth or in black, white or colored satin. Silk Hosiery to match. Carriage Boots.

EVENING CORSETS AND BRASSIERES, cut especially for wearing with decollete gowns and made of the finest materials.

FANS, LORGNETTES, OPERA GLASSES AND BAGS, AND FINE PERFUMES.

B. Altman & Co.

direct attention to their department for

RIDING HABITS AND EQUESTRIAN ACCESSORIES

FOR WOMEN, MISSES AND GIRLS

Riding habits, ready to wear, for cross- or side-saddle use, in the latest approved styles and materials. Superior cut, workmanship and finish assured.

Riding habits made to order, after English designs, at short notice.

Mannish riding shirts, hats, boots, gloves, stocks, whips and crops.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

B. Altman & Co.

will place on sale this day (Wednesday),

A Special Importation of

PARIS GOWNS

for Afternoon and Evening wear, at the very exceptional prices of

$30.00 and $58.00

(DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT)

The following Sales have also been arranged for this day (Wednesday), Nov. 13th:

WOMEN'S COATS AND WRAPS

at special prices.

MOTOR COATS . .	at $14.00 & 18.50
VELVETEEN WRAPS . . .	at 22.50
SATIN WRAPS, marabout trimmed,	at 28.00

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR

consisting of Fancy Stocks of satin and lace, Jabots of net and lace and Satin Stocks, with attached jabots of net and lace,

Actual values 85c. & 1.00 at 50c. each.

Also Stocks with attached jabots, in net and lace combinations at 75c., $1.15 & 1.35

Actual values $1.25 to 2.00

TABLE CLOTHS, NAPKINS & TOWELS

at the following attractive prices:

Table Cloths of linen damask	each, $1.85, 2.50 & 3.25
Dinner Napkins to match,	per doz. 2.65 & 3.65
Linen Huck Towels hemstitched	per dozen, 3.00 & 4.00

B. Altman & Co.

commencing this day (Wednesday) will place on Sale an additional lot of

ORIENTAL RUGS

individually selected in the interior of Persia, Turkey, the Caucasus and Asia Minor by their own buyers. The assortment comprises Oriental Rugs in small, medium and large sizes, Hall Runners and Rugs in odd shapes.

ORIENTAL RUGS will be offered at $9.00, $14.00, $18.00, $35.00 to $9 .00

ORIENTAL RUGS in room sizes, $85.00, 150.00, 200.00 to 1,000.00 and up

The UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is showing, in the regular stock, an attractive assortment of portieres, couch and table covers and scarfs, at interesting prices.

VELOUR PORTIERES, reversible, of fine quality, custom-made, galloon trimmed, per pair . . . $42.50, 45,00 & 49.00

PLAIN JUTE VELOUR PORTIERES, reversible, per pair $29.50

SILK PORTIERES, reversible, in new colors and designs, per pair, $12.00, 14.50 & 16.00

ARMURE AND TAPESTRY PORTIERES, in a variety of colors and designs, per pair, $4.50, 5.25, 6.75, 8.50 and upward

COUCH and TABLE COVERS and SCARFS at proportionately moderate prices.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Wild's

EST. JWCo 1852.

Orientals

The Largest Specialty Rug House in America.

Limited Prices

There are good, authenticated rugs in limitless number for limited incomes.

Because the amount you have to spend is small, you are not forced to buy your Oriental at a sale—or to accept one about which you are not fully informed.

Neither do you have to compromise with yourself by purchasing a domestic rug.

There are a plenty of good Wild's Orientals so slightly removed from meritorious domestic rugs in price that the difference is almost negligible.

That very small difference in price is more than counter-balanced by the fact that the Wild's Oriental will outwear the best domestic rug three or four times.

Three small Orientals at $18 each will give a more artistic effect, covering the same space, than one $45 or $50 domestic rug.

A carpet-size Wild's Oriental at $100 is more economical, from every point of view, than a $50 domestic carpet-size rug.

Orientals of this character in the Wild assortment will be sure to satisfy your requirements.

Carpets in Solid Effects

Meeting the prevailing fashion for one-piece rugs in plain colors, for certain styles of decorations, we offer many grades in the shades most in demand—made to order in any size or shape required, and in qualities consistent with Wild's Orientals.

The Bungalow carpet, made in one piece, in width and length to cover your room, $3 a square yard—or $36 for a 9 by 12 size.

For fine uses, and with extra long pile, are the Cresson, Menox and Ashley weaves, in widths up to 20 feet, at $5 to $12 a square yard.

Also the hand-tufted French carpets—the Savonnerie and Aubusson; for drawing rooms where Orientals will not classify as to colors.

Write for our descriptive booklet, "Orientals."

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Avenue & 35th Street
NEW YORK

DYNAMITE TRIAL HALTED BY ILLNESS

McManigal's Testimony Interrupted Because of Juror's Severe Cold.

HIS USE OF NITRO-GLYCERINE

Hockin Rifled One Hiding Place, but McNamara Gave Him More—Other Witnesses from Coast.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 12.—Thirty witnesses from the Pacific Coast, it was announced to-day, have been subpoenaed to testify at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial concerning explosions in Western States. These include officials who assisted in the dynamite cases at Los Angeles and men in San Francisco, Seattle, and Portland, who, the Government says, will be called upon to testify concerning the movements not only of James B. McNamara and Ortie E. McManigle, but also of Eugene A. Clancy, Olof A. Tveitmoe, and other labor leaders. More than twenty of the Pacific Coast witnesses have arrived or are on their way to Indianapolis.

Among witnesses subpoenaed from Salt Lake City, Utah, where two explosions occurred on a hotel being built by nonunion men, are J. J. Roberts, a police Captain, and Carl A. Carstenson, a former patrolman. They are to be questioned concerning incidents alleged to have occurred when guards were kept about the work.

After an hour's session the trial to-day was postponed until to-morrow on account of the illness of Allen Spaulding, a juror. Spaulding was suffering from dizziness due to a severe cold.

In relating his preparations to blow up jobs at Kansas City and Peoria, Ill., McManigal testified about going to Rochester, Penn., where he found a hiding place had been invaded by unknown persons and fifty-two quarts of nitro-glycerine taken. He said he reported the loss to J. J. McNamara, who appeared greatly worried. McManigal said McNamara then provided the explosive out of a supply he kept at union headquarters in Indianapolis.

According to J. A. B. Badorf's testimony, Herbert S. Hockin, now on trial, arranged the Rochester hiding place, but in August, 1910, in "double crossing" the union, he had "tipped it off" to a Superintendent of a steel firm in Pittsburgh, who, six weeks before The Los Angeles Times explosion, dug up and destroyed the nitro-glycerine.

At Kansas City McManigal said he left his nitro-glycerine successively at the railway station, a boarding house, and at a hotel.

"I had one ten-quart can and one two-quart can," he said. "To divide it into three bombs I went to a paint shop and got three four-quart varnish cans, distributing the explosive in the new cans. With alarm clock attachments I took the stuff out and buried it in a swamp near the bridge. While working in the swamp I thought I saw same one coming, so I hurriedly hid the bombs in the weeds. On returning I could find only two of them.

"I set the bombs to explode that night and went back to town. The explosion failed to come off. I found the batteries were too weak, and replaced them the next day. The explosion took place about 8:30 P. M., Aug. 23.

"From Kansas City I went to Peoria, Ill., where I was to do a job. I got in touch with Edward Smythe, the ironworkers' business agent. Smythe took me through a cornfield and pointed out the plant of the Lucas Bridge and Iron Company, saying: 'That's the job to be blown up.'"

McManigal said he caused the Peoria explosion on Sept. 4. It damaged six adjacent buildings.

OBJECTED TO HOTEL CAT.

Patron of the Vanderbilt Feared Bad Luck in His Business Deal.

The lights were dim in the lobby of the Vanderbilt yesterday morning, and the hour, according to the best recollection of those who were still up and about, was nearly 2, when a man from up across the Canadian border revolved slowly through the front doorway of the hotel and climbed up the steps that put you on the same level with the clerks. It was a dignified, though devious path that led him across to the desk and thence to the elevator.

"Chappie," the English elevator boy, said "Good evening" to him with rising inflection, just as they do at 'ome, and the passenger made a suitable salutation in reply.

Chappie was about to slide the door, when an exclamation halted him.

"Stop!" cried the Canadian. "What is that on that chair?"

"It's a cat, Sir," replied Chappie.

"Take it out!" demanded the other. "It's a black cat, isn't it?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Then take the beastly thing out! Quick! I won't ride in the same lift with a black cat. I have an important business deal on, and I won't be mixed up with a black cat at this juncture."

So the cat was removed.

This cat is known as "Nigger," and her first claim to fame is that she is the very cat which on the day the Vanderbilt was opened, walked into the hotel and took possession. They were going to throw her out, but Paddy, the night watchman, said a black cat brought good luck, and, bedad! if the cat went, he would, too. From that time Nigger's position has been assured.

Some time ago the cat developed a passion for riding in an elevator, and attached herself particularly to the car that Chappie runs. The cat is well known to the patrons of the Vanderbilt who happen to be about at midnight, and many have spoken about it. The Canadian is the first who ever objected to riding in the car with her.

HELD ON BOY'S COMPLAINT.

Choir Teacher Jordan Is Arraigned Before Magistrate Butts.

Loring Jordan, choir teacher in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and Professor of English in the New York Preparatory School, who was arrested Monday on complaint of Sigmund Fink, a fourteen-year-old boy of 122 West 137th Street, was arraigned yesterday in the Harlem Police Court before Magistrate Butts and held in $2,000 bail. He asked for an adjournment for forty-eight hours to obtain a lawyer, and this was granted.

The Fink boy declares in his complaint that he met Jordan on election night, and that Jordan took him to his home and kept him there several days.

JOHNSON BAIL DENIED AGAIN.

Judge Carpenter Refuses to Accept $40,000 Cash Bond for Pugilist.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—United States Judge Carpenter this afternoon refused to accept $40,000 cash bail for Jack Johnson, champion pugilist, confined in the county jail awaiting trial on charges of violating the Mann "White Slave" act.

The $40,000 cash bond was offered by Johnson's counsel. When it was rejected the lawyers announced that new sureties would be offered to-morrow.

FILMS SHOW HAPPY BABIES.

Great Work at St. John's Guild Illustrated by Moving Pictures.

More sick babies were carried on the Floating Hospital of St. John's Guild last Summer than ever before, according to the report to the forty-sixth annual meeting of the guild at the Republic Theatre yesterday afternoon. There were 13,727, besides 26,659 little ones under the age of 6 years, and 15,231 women. Pictures were shown of the babies as they are taken on the Floating Hospital and then as they looked at the Seaside Hospital.

Exclamations of surprise came from the audience when the pictures of the emaciated, mummylike little ones were shown, and it was hardly possible to believe that eventually they became the plump, pretty, healthy children whose pictures were seen later.

"Send to our office for tickets next Summer," said the Trustees of the guild yesterday, "and give them to the poor mothers you know. It won't cost you anything and it may save some baby."

Toys are needed, too—old ones gathered up in the Spring house-cleaning. The guild, if notified at its headquarters, 103 Park Avenue, will be glad to collect them to give to the babies at the Seaside Hospital. One little girl was shown in a picture holding a ragged, old doll that she had loved and petted all Summer.

At the Seaside Hospital at New Dorp, S. I., 3,329 patients were received. New and model buildings are now taking the place of the old, and two new wards will be completed in the Spring.

The Summer work extends through the months of June, July, August, and a part of September, but it is hoped in another year to use it also as a convalescent hospital in the Winter.

This is recognized as one of the greatest needs in New York. It will relieve the hospitals of their recovering patients at the earliest possible moment, save space and money for more urgent cases, and at the same time benefit the invalid who frequently makes a poor recovery from lack of care when the acute features of disease have passed. Only lack of funds will keep this model hospital closed the greater part of the year.

An innovation yesterday was the work of the guild shown in moving pictures, taken last Summer. It could be seen that the pictures were up-to-date, for among the children at play two of them were dancing the turkey trot.

TO ASK WALDO ABOUT FINES.

Curran Committee Will Contend That Remission Was Illegal.

The Curran Committee that is investigating the Police Department will meet again at 2 o'clock to-day. It was said yesterday that the investigation of the reinstatements of dismissed policemen had been practically completed. The next work will probably be inquiring about the remitting of fines of policemen. Police Commissioner Waldo has testified that he had the right to reinstate dismissed policemen providing a rehearing of the charges against them had been authorized by the Mayor within a year after their dismissal. Emory R. Buckner, counsel of the committee, insists that he did not have this right when one of the charges consisted of "conduct unbecoming an officer."

It will be contended that whatever question there might be concerning the right of the Commissioner to reinstate policemen, his action in remitting fines was clearly against the law. It was said that some legal steps would be taken later on to test the power of the Commissioner as to reinstatements and remitting fines. If the contention of the committe is upheld by the courts the policemen reinstated will be dropped and the fines remitted will be deducted by the Controller from the future warrants of the policemen.

Liberal Gifts to Smith College.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Nov. 12.—John G. Shedd of Chicago, gave $50,000 of the $103,000 raised by President Marion Leroy Burton, of Smith College, during his recent Western trip, according to an announcement made to-day. Another gift of $30,000 was made by Mr. and Mrs. David B. Gamble of Cincinnati.

These gifts are to apply toward the million-dollar fund which President Burton is endeavoring to raise for the college and which now totals $487,858.

LABOR DENOUNCES M'NAMARA CRIME

Men Either Criminally Insane or Insanely Criminal, Federation Reports.

IN DEFENSE OF GOMPERS

Detective Burns Arraigned for His Statements Attacking Labor Leader — Call It a Social Crime.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 12.—The second day's session of the thirty-second convention of the American Federation of Labor was occupied almost entirely with the reading of the report of the Executive Council, in which William J. Burns was arraigned as an example of his own characterization of private detectives, and the investigation of the federation, since the McNamara trial, was declared to be a concerted attempt by employers' associations and subsidized newspapers to destroy the federation and bring its officers into disrepute.

First Vice President James Duncan began reading the report at 10:35 o'clock, and after a two-hour recess for luncheon, he concluded at 4:04 this afternoon.

Part of the report dealt with the Boy Scout movement, which reviewed the attempts by leaders of the Scout movement to eliminate the features that were objectionable to labor and recommended that the convention this year refrain from denouncing the movement.

The part of the scout law that had been objected to as unfriendly to labor had been removed, the report said, but the part objected to as fostering militarism had not been so clearly eliminated.

Of the McNamaras the report said:

"The McNamaras' offense was a social crime. Thinking people who were made to realize the poisonous, miasmic influences corrupting the atmosphere of industrial life were well-nigh overwhelmed by the weight of collective responsibility devolving upon them as a result of the existence of such conditions. The McNamaras were either criminaly insane or insanely criminal—either condition due to imperfect education, incomplete education, or defective mentality. In any case, society is responsible for not remedying the conditions. What concerns labor and society generally is preventive measures and human betterment, so that life and working conditions may be pure, wholesome, and clean. Those infected by deadly social poisons, due to social neglect, are the heritage of our own aims and those of our fathers."

Of Detective Burns's connection with the McNamara case the report said, in part:

"Burns has not, and could not, produce a scintilla of evidence to substantiate his oft-repeated misstatement, 'Gompers knew.'"

The report charges that Detective Burns made it appear that the officers of the federation were the "higher-ups" and that when Mr. Gompers made reply "this turned upon him the brunt" of the attack.

WHERE SCHOOLS FAIL.

Prof. Meeker Criticises "Undesirable By-Products" Before Prison Congress.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—The American school system was severley criticised by Prof. Royal Meeker of Princeton University to-day in an address before the Congress of the American Prison Association. Prof. Meeker's subject was "The Connection of Our School System and Our Prison System." He tried to show how the population of the prisons could be reduced by reform that began in the schools.

"I think," said Prof. Meeker, "the supposed influence of our schools upon our morals is greatly misunderstood and somewhat exaggerated. The greatest value of the public school consists in its democratizing influence. Some of the democratizing effects of our schools are, however, clearly injurious. Communal whooping-cough, measles, chicken-pox, diphtheria and the like; democratic lying, profanity, obscenity, and other immorality are undesirable by-products of wholesale democratic education in the public schools."

Nevertheless, Prof. Meeker admitted that the schools had lessened the evils of immorality and personal uncleanliness.

Other subjects discussed were reforms in the prison system of the navy, work and amusement in women's prisons and the outdoor employment of prisoners.

BEDSPREADS

Fine Marquisette bedspreads, hand-drawn, and embroidered, edged with Cluny lace. Bolster rolls to match.

Irish linen bedspreads with hand-embroidery in simple or elaborate patterns at a very wide range of prices.

Rich Spreads of alternating *Motif* of Italian Filet and Cluny laces and elaborate English eyelet embroidery.

We suggest these beautiful specimens of contemporary needlework as appropriate Christmas gifts.

Our prices will be found very moderate and conducive to economy.

Please write for price list.

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Established 1766.

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Corner 35th Street

Several Good Reasons Why You Should Attend This Sale To-Day

In the first place, it is the positive duty of any man who needs clothes to at least *investigate* a sale like this one.

The Hackett-Carhart claim of one-half saving in suits and overcoats is not made lightly. The firm-name means too much. It has a 56-year-old reputation for integrity to protect.

In the second place—leaving all money considerations aside—the Hackett-Carhart stores to-day present the greatest assortments of fine suits and overcoats ever shown in New York.

The overcoats comprise perhaps the widest variety of fabrics ever gathered together. Among them, Meltons, Kerseys, Velours, Vicunas, Worsteds, Shetlands, Elysians, Chinchillas, English, Scotch and Irish Tweeds and Friezes.

And the models are equally numerous and popular. Likewise the suits. Every conceivable coloring and mixture favored by good fashion to-day is shown in each assortment.

Furthermore, all of these garments are more recently from the tailor's hands—newer in fabric, later in style—than any other clothes the town has to offer.

And this does not except the fine Fifth Avenue tailors.

It is a positive fact that if you were to pay full regular prices for every garment here, you would still be securing 100% plus.

But perhaps the *principal* reason for your immediate attendance here is the following extraordinary condition:

To-day the Hackett-Carhart stores are showing more than 15,000 overcoats in some 750 fabric designs. Over 60 models for dress, business, motor, travel and storm service.

And there are here also about 10,000 suits of the most fashionable cut and fabric. English, Continental, Fifth Avenue, College and Hackett-Carhart models. No better looking, better fitting, better wearing garments were ever made for man.

To-day exists your opportunity to choose among this wealth of suits and overcoats at an average

One-Half Saving

Overcoat Reductions

$15, $18, $20 & $22.50 OVERCOATS	$10	$32.50, $35, $38 & $40 OVERCOATS	$21
$20, $22.50, $25 & $28 OVERCOATS	$13.50	$35, $38, $40 & $42.50 OVERCOATS	$24
$25, $28, $30 & $32.50 OVERCOATS	$17	$40, $45, $48 & $50 OVERCOATS	$27.50

Suit Reductions

$15, $18, $20 & $22.50 SUITS	$10	$22.50, $25, $28, $30 & $32.50 SUITS	$17
$18, $20, $22.50, $25 & $28 SUITS	$13.50	$28, $30, $32.50, $35 & $37.50 SUITS	$21

Full new assortments of Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Gloves and Hats at the same wonderful savings.

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Near Chambers St.
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Grande Fête Anniversaire

Thousands of special values. See that you get one of our twenty-four-page booklets, containing a partial list, as you come in the door.

REAL PARADISE PLUMES

At What They Cost Other Stores

Large Paradise-"Fountain" Effect $15.89—*Elsewhere $22.00*

A gorgeous fountain plume in black or natural Paradise. Large enough to cover a hat. Plume 22 inches long and 14 inches wide.

Large Paradise Bird $19.89
Elsewhere $27.00

Black or natural—with 53 long, full strands of Paradise, with beautiful head and fin. Large enough for a picture hat.
Main Floor, 34th Street.

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS

Pure Belfast linen hand-embroidered initial Handkerchiefs, with the initial in various block, script, wreath and medallion effects.

98c For Six

Elsewhere, 35c to 50c each

We consider this one of the best offerings of the "*Grande Fete Anniversaire.*" The reason for the extraordinarily low price is that here and there is a Handkerchief with a thick or dropped thread in the more than three thousand offered.

98c For Six

Sold in half-dozen lots only as assorted. Main Floor, Centre.

MEN'S WINTER UNION SUITS—98c

An Important Special. Elsewhere $1.50.

These Union Suits are made in Winter-weight, of "Egyptian" cotton, of which the staple is of extraordinary length and durability.

They are knitted upon spring needle machines, ensuring a high degree of elasticity, together with a close, comfortable fit.

The sleeves are long and the legs ankle length—in both cases tapered with due regard for proportion. The garment is finished with a good grade of pearl button that resists the wracking strains caused by the wringer.

Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

MEN'S FINE PERCALE SHIRTS—84c

Similar Shirts Elsewhere $1.50 and $2.00, But These Are "Grande Fete Anniversaire" Values.

These Shirts are made of percale known as "100-count," that is, 100 threads to the square inch.

This means *wear*, *appearance* and *texture*—all of the first quality. Also it means no "filling," such as drops out of the ordinary Shirt at the first laundering, and leaves it looking like cheesecloth.

Styles are pleated or plain. Laundered cuffs attached. Coat model. Hand-turned cuffs. Hand laundered. Every detail of finish evidences care.

Neck sizes are 14 to 18. Sleeve lengths are 34 to 35. Among the Shirts are some with white ground and helio, blue, gray and tan stripes. Also plenty of black and white. Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

"America's Finest Train"

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Barber, ladies' maid, manicure and stenographer in attendance.

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SURGEONS SET NEW OPERATING RECORD

175 Clinics, with 800 Demonstrations, Offered to Clinical Congress Delegates.

STEEL PLATE FOR FRACTURES

Oesophagus Cancer Curable, Says Dr. Meyer—New Surgery Inside the Chest Wall.

The attendance of the third annual Clinical Congress of Surgeons of North America, in session at the Waldorf, had increased yesterday to more than double the number registered at the meeting held in Philadelphia last year. Those in charge of the bureau for registration said that they had issued membership tickets to more than 2,200 delegates. It was officially stated that the congress now constituted the largest body of surgeons that had ever met in the history of the world

The surgeons of this city who are holding daily clinics to entertain and instruct the visitors intend to demonstrate, in addition to all ordinary surgical operations, laboratory work, serum therapy, X-Ray methods, and the various methods of pathological examination.

There were held in this city yesterday about one hundred and seventy-five clinics, with more than eight hundred operations and demonstrations. It is safe to say that this is the largest number of operations ever performed in one city in a single day. This showing serves to demonstrate that New York City is the greatest centre for medical and surgical teaching in the Western Hemisphere, and one of the foremost in the world. Although silent and undemonstrative, forces that are swift, sure, and certain are ever at work in the hundred medical institutions in the Metropolis for the alleviation of pain and the prevention and cure of diseases.

Despite the fact that there were so many other clinics to occupy the attention of the surgeons between 400 and 500 of them visited the new Polyclinic Hospital in West Fiftieth Street in the morning, to attend that held by W. Arbuthnot Lane, F. R. C. S., of London, England, and Dr. William Seaman Bainbridge. Mr. Lane, (all surgeons are so addressed in England,) is one of the best-known surgeons in Great Britain. His method of treating fractures of the long bones have attracted world-wide attention. He performed several operations to demonstrate his methods including one for intestinal stasis, commonly known as Lane's kink. Instead of treating fractures of the bone by the usual splint and extension methods, he cuts down to the seat of the fracture, bores holes in the ends of the bones and applies plates of vanadium steel, known as Lane's plates, which are screwed to the bones. He then closes the wound, applies a dressing, and then puts on the customary plaster cast. Sometimes these plates are left in place indefinitely, but sometimes it becomes necessary to remove them. This is a comparatively new procedure, but some of the patients who have been treated in this manner have been wearing these plates for at least two years without suffering any inconvenience.

400 Crowd Into Auditorium.

It was said by some of those who attended the clinic yesterday that this method of treatment has not so great a vogue as it had some time ago, but nevertheless there was great curiosity to see the plates applied by the man who devised them. The amphitheatre in which the operations were performed is designed to accommodate about 150 persons. It was estimated, however, that more than 400 crowded into the room, although not more than three-quarters of them were able to get a glimpse of operator, patient, or operating table.

The first operation was for an old, ununited fracture of the bones of the forearm. The second was for a compound fracture of the two bones of the leg. The third was for a fracture of the upper arm. The so-called Lane's kink consists of a partial obstruction, and this is overcome by a method devised by Mr. Lane.

A great deal of interest was shown in the afternoon in a clinic held by Dr. Willy Meyer in the German Hospital, in East Seventy-seventh Street, where a number of patients who had been operated upon by the intra-thoracic method employed in that institution by Dr. Meyer and his assistants were shown. Intra-thoracic surgery means surgery performed inside the chest wall, and because of the difference in the air pressure within and without the chest operations necessitated by lesions of organs in the upper part of the body have been extremely difficult to perform. The apparatus installed in the German Hospital, which is said to be the only outfit of the kind in any institution in the United States, readily permits all such operations. In fact, it is now as easy and as safe to operate within the thorax as it is in the abdominal cavity, according to the statement made by Dr. Meyer to the hundred surgeons who visited his clinic yesterday afternoon.

"We are now able," said Dr. Meyer, "to excise large pieces of the chest wall to remove tumor formations and the like. Wonderful progress has already been made in intra-thoracic surgery, although we must admit that we are only on the threshold of this new mode of surgical procedure. We can now go through the thorax and into the abdomen with success, and it is just as safe to open the chest as the abdomen. I have had an air-pressure apparatus built here in the German Hospital on the most elaborate plan. We can now adapt the apparatus to the patient, and not the patient to the apparatus."

Operation on Oesophagus.

Dr. Meyer then exhibited several patients who had been operated upon for intractable stricture of the oesophagus. These patients had been unable to swallow their food properly on account of constriction of the opening into the stomach. This obstruction had caused the oesophagus to bulge above the point of the stricture, and, consequently, large sacs formed on account of the dilation of the oesophagus. By making an opening between the ribs under the proper air pressure, and then separating the ribs by an instrument called the rib spreader, the operator is able to get at the oesophagus, obliterate the sac, and dilate the stricture, restoring the patient to a condition approaching the normal.

Several cases were shown in which operations of this sort had been performed with fairly successful results. In some of them, however, secondary operations will be necessary on account of partial recurrence of the original trouble. Dr. Meyer announced that he never attempted to perform these operations without first having X-ray pictures of the patients taken stereoscopically.

The surgeon also exhibited a patient who had suffered a huge dilatation of the aorta down to within an inch of the diaphragm, and who had been greatly benefited by an exploratory operation performed under the proper air pressure.

Dr. Meyer expressed the opinion that operations for cancer of the oesophagus might be made practical, and that the disease would be curable if the surgeon could see the patient in the early stages of the disease, and have an opportunity of operating by means of the air-pressure apparatus.

"We have no cured cases of cancer of the oesophagus to show you," he said, "because there is not one cured case of this kind in the world. The only hope of cure lies in getting the patient to come to us early enough. If only one case could be operated upon with success, I am sure that those afflicted with this disease would flock to us in time to be saved."

Following the clinic, Dr. Meyer gave a demonstration of a new universal apparatus for general thoracic anaesthesia by the so-called mask method and intratracheal insufflation. He also showed a new portable differential pressure apparatus, and then conducted the visitors to the thoracic pavilion of the hospital, where he demonstrated the negative chamber and positive pressure cabinet which constitute the apparatus for the operations that have been described.

Triumphs in Stomach Surgery.

One of the morning clinics at Bellevue Hospital, which was largely attended, dealt with stomach surgery. Dr. John Douglas, Clinical Professor of Surgery in New York University and Bellevue Medical College, removed about one-third of the stomach of a patient suffering from cancer. This was one of the most extensive operations performed in Bellevue for some time.

Dr. Douglas exhibited two patients, a man, about one-third of whose stomach had been removed a year and a half ago, and a woman, who had undergone an equally extensive operation about four months ago. The man had gained 30 pounds and the woman 26 since undergoing the operation, and Dr. Douglas said that so far there had been no sign of a recurrence. He exhibited two patients who had undergone operations for ptosis of the stomach within a year, both of whom had gained weight and health, and another patient, operated on for perforating ulcer of the duodenum only a month ago. The patient is now quite well.

Dr. Leon S. Loizeaux of Flower Hospital performed a Caesarian operation at that institution early yesterday morning. Both the mother and the child, a boy, were reported last night to be getting along nicely.

Dr. A. L. Soresi performed an operation in Miss Alston's Sanitarium in the morning for the direct transfusion of blood, by a method devised by himself in the case of a child suffering from progressive anaemia caused by blood poisoning. The operation was witnessed by several of the visiting surgeons.

Dr. Charles N. Dowd performed several operations in St. Mary's Hospital in West Thirty-fourth Street in the presence of a large delegation of visitors. One of the most interesting of these operations was the transfer of a tendon for the relief of a paralytic deformity of the foot.

Bone Transplantation Clinic.

Many of the visitors were very much interested in a clinic held by Dr. A. A. Berg in Mount Sinai Hospital, Madison Avenue and 100th Street. He did an operation for the transplantation of a bone into the upper arm of a patient who had lost the entire shaft of the humerus as the result of necrosis. He also demonstrated the results obtained in bone transplantation in the cases of patients upon whom he had operated. Some of these were unable to be present, but he showed pictures thrown on a screen indicating the successful results of the operations.

Dr. A. T. Bristow held a clinic in the Kings County Hospital in Brooklyn, in which he performed Abbe's operation for stricture of the oesophagus. He also performed an operation for the transplantation of bone to fill a defect in the tibia, which is the bone in front of the leg.

Dr. Henry W. Frauenthal held an interesting clinic in the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, Madison Avenue and 123d Street. The principal feature of this clinic was a demonstration of the method of treating lateral displacements of the spine devised by Dr. E. G. Abbott of Portland, Me. Eight cases treated for spinal curvature by this method were exhibited. Dr. Abbott's work is one of the newer procedures in orthopaedic surgery. It consists of rotating the spine from the side on which the deformity appears until it is shown in the exact opposite position on the other side. It is held in place here for a certain length of time by means of a specially devised plaster jacket, and when it is finally released from this, the spine is readily moved to normal position. Many of those who visited this clinic expressed themselves as highly gratified with the results of this improved method of treatment.

Dr. Frauenthal also exhibited a large number of cases of infantile paralysis that are being treated daily by means of electricity, massage, and muscle education with satisfactory results.

The New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital entertained a large number of visitors, and Dr. Jonathan Wright and his assistants gave an exhibition in the new laboratories of pathologic chemistry, bacteriology, pathology, and tropical medicine. Some of the work of the New York Post Graduate Pellagra Commission was also explained.

Treat Defective Children.

A series of operations were performed on mentally defective children taken from public schools at the Randall's Island Children's Hospital.

The majority of the surgeons visiting the city are interested in the progress that has been made in radiology. For those who desired to see X-ray demonstrations ample opportunity had been provided at various points throughout the city. Dr. Anthony Bassler gave a demonstration at 126 East Sixtieth Street in gastro-intestinal cases. Dr. Archibald Busby gave a demonstration showing lesions of the bones. Dr. Eugene W. Caldwell gave an X-ray demonstration at 16 West Fifty-fourth Street. Dr. Caldwell and Dr. Stewart showed pictures of the stomach, colon, and chest, especially stereoscopically, at the Presbyterian Hospital. Dr. Lewis Gregory Cole exhibited the technique of radiography of the stomach and duodenum with cinematograph demonstrations at 103 Park Avenue. Various other exhibits of a similar nature were held in other hospitals. Other clinics were held in the following hospitals:

French, Harlem, Bellevue, Roosevelt, Flower, New York, New York Skin and Cancer, Neurological Institute, Hahnemann, St. Luke's, Woman's, Lebanon, Methodist Episcopal, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, Holy Family, Samaritan, Bay Ridge Sanitarium, Naval, St. Mary's (Brooklyn,) Norwegian, Beth Israel, Long Island College, Trinity, Jewish, St. Peter's, Lying-In, Sloane, Vanderbilt Clinic, West Side German, Ruptured and Crippled, New York City Children's, New York Orthopaedic, East Side Crippled School, Sea Breeze, German Polyclinic, New York Eye, Ear, and Lung, New York Ophthalmic, Manhattan Eye and Ear, Eye and Ear Infirmary, Throat, Nose and Lung, Northwestern Dispensary, Red Cross, Lutheran, Gibb's Laboratory, and Cornell University Medical College.

ENDING PATIENTS' FEAR.

Surgeons Hear Dr. G. W. Crile Explain Combination Anaesthesia.

The grand ballroom of the Waldorf was filled with physicians and surgeons last evening, when Dr. Edward Martin of Philadelphia, President of the Surgical Congress, rose to introduce Dr. George W. Crile of Cleveland, who delivered an address, illustrated with lantern slides, on "Anaesthesia and Anoci-Association." Dr. Martin said of Dr. Crile:

"Here is a man, the first in surgery, who has reached into the realms of psychology and hitched that science to surgical progress."

Dr. Crile is known throughout the world as an authority on surgical shock. He explained the effects of shock on the brain cells in this way:

"Nerves are fuses which when ignited light the magazine—the brain. The brain cells respond to every injury. The stored energy of the brain cells is consumed in surgical operations, and the only way to prevent this consumption of energy is by the employment of some method which will exclude all harmful or noxious association or stimuli."

The speaker then explained the significance of the term "anoci-association." It simply means the absence of harmful associations, such as fear or dread of the operation on the part of the patient. This exclusion of harmful associations and stimuli is obtained by Dr. Crile by first putting all the brain cells to sleep that are capable of being affected by a general anaesthetic, such as ether or chloroform. He then "blocks off" sensation from the areas in the field of operation by the use of local anaesthesia.

Gives Local Anaesthesia, Too.

In other words, he puts the patient to sleep with ether or nitrous oxid, but operates upon him under the influence of the local anaesthetic, injected at a point near the nerves leading from the operative area to the brain. He uses for preference novocain, quinine, and urea hydrochlorate, and has achieved brilliant results by this method. These results were evident from the charts which were thrown upon the screen. They showed that anaesthesia under anoci-association prevented the rises in pulse and temperature which are common following operations under general anaesthetics alone. These symptoms constitute what is commonly called post-operative fever.

Dr. Crile maintained that any method of anaesthesia which would reduce morbidity, must also reduce the mortality rate, and he claimed this for anoci-association anaesthesia. He also declared that the most complete anaesthesia was obtained by this method, and that this proved that there was absolute relaxation of the muscles in the field of operation. In short, the injection of local anaethetics prevents harmful stimuli from reaching the brain.

Pictures were shown of magnified brain cells in the last stages of exhaustion under the influence of ether, while those shown under the influence of the combined anaesthetics appeared to be practically normal. The patients recovered without any bad after effects.

In conclusion, Dr. Crile declared that the mortality rate had been greatly reduced in his clinics in Cleveland by the employment of combination anaesthesia. He added that nitrous oxid was superior as a general anaesthetic, for the reason that it protected the blood cells by a diminution of oxidation. Added to this the exclusion of harmful stimuli enabled the patient to become safely and agreeably unconscious for the operation.

Stewart Discusses the Talk.

Dr. George David Stewart, the well known surgeon of this city, discussed Dr. Crile's paper. He was introduced by Dr. Martin as "a skilled surgeon, a man of ripe experience, and clear vision and judgment."

Dr. Stewart announced that he disagreed with Dr. Crile in some of his views, but that he intended to apologize. He recounted the work of the Cleveland surgeon from the time he wrote his first paper on surgical shock to this, his most brilliant achievement, the discovery of the disturbances in the brain cells from general anaesthetics.

"We must do away with fear," he said, "but the surgeon who has confidence in himself tells the patient she is going to be all right, and this is practically anoci-association.

"I knew one of the older surgeons who invariably sent his patients to the operating table well filled with alcohol. They went to their doom with a happy smile on their faces—and this is anoci-association.

"Why are we not all following Dr. Crile? I have found that time is an important element, and I have felt like giving a general anaesthetic and hurrying through. In using nitrous oxide I have failed to secure the complete relaxation of the adominal wall necessary for an operation.

Beauty Offers the Ether.

"In one of the Western clinics ether is used almost exclusively, with excellent results, and low mortality; but the ether is given there by very beautiful young women, and if that isn't the practice of anoci-association I would like to know what you would call it. Think of it yourselves!

"After the explanation of Dr. Crile I am going to try again, because I believe his theories are correct. Perhaps we will have to eliminate sound as anoci-association, and have our patients wear ear tabs."

Dr. Otfrid Foerster of Breslau, Germany, read a paper on "Indications and Results of Excision of the Posterior Spinal Nerve Roots in Man." He was greeted with three cheers, which were given standing.

Dr. Charles H. Frazier of Philadelphia, read a paper on "Problems and Procedures in the Surgery of the Spinal Canal," while Dr. D'Orsey Hecht of Chicago, considered "Surgery of the Spinal Cord from the Neurological Standpoint." The latter paper was discussed by Dr. Alfred S. Taylor and Charles A. Elsberg of New York, and Dr. Albert Bauer of Breslau.

SUES FOR STOLEN OPERA.

Holds Metropolitan Company Liable for Theft from Adams Express.

Juries have had to decide all sorts of things, but never was a more complicated task set before twelve men than that yesterday in Justice Bijur's part of the Supreme Court, where the question of what was due to Albert Mildenberg, a music teacher and composer, for the loss of the opera which he submitted in 1910 to the Metropolitan Opera Company competition, was brought to trial.

Mr. Mildenberg demands $25,000 as the damage due to him for the theft in transportation of his score and manuscript.

In yesterday's hearing, Mr. Mildenberg was the principal witness. He told how he had worked on the opera and shipped it to the Competition Committee, from which, however, he did not hear until after he had read in the papers both the fact of the robbery and the award of the prize.

Harold A. Callan, the attorney for the plaintiff, made the point that in accepting contributions, the Metropolitan Opera Company tacitly entered upon a contract under which it was bound to protect the composer's property so long as it was in its possession. In answer to this, it was declared by the attorneys for the defendant that the company had done all in its power to preserve the scores, but was not held liable while the manuscripts were in the possession of the Adams Express Company.

At to-day's hearing it is believed that Walter Damrosch, the judge who last saw the complete manuscript of Mr. Mildenberg, Paul D. Cravath and others high in the Metropolitan Company will be placed on the stand.

GABY REALLY DIDN'T FIB.

Doubt of Gems Being Worth $325,000 Routed by Uncle Sam.

The gowns, jewels, and other effects of Mlle. Gaby Deslys, the French dancer, who arrived in New York on Sunday, were officially appraised at the Appraisers' Stores yesterday as worth in the neighborhood of $372,000.

A story was printed two days ago that the gowns and jewels were not worth anywhere near the amount Mlle. Deslys said they were, and last night it was said that the dancer was jubilant over her vindication by the Government Appraisers.

The jewels were appraised as $324,000, the gowns at $25,000, while six trunks containing theatrical effects were valued, with their contents, at $23,000. As she is not a resident Mlle. Deslys will not have to pay any duty on her personal belongings, but she will have to give a bond for the stage effects.

BLACKWELL'S ISLAND ELEVATORS OPPOSED

Service Plan from Queensboro Bridge Fought by the Highways Society.

MUST BE SETTLED TUESDAY

Arguments for It Point to Comfort for Hospital Patients — Opposition Looks at Traffic Results.

The plan to build two elevators to run from the Queensboro Bridge to Blackwell's Island is opposed by the National Highways Protective Society. It is estimated that these elevators, one for passengers and the other for freight, would cost $107,000, the amount left over from the appropriation for work on the other new bridges. The arguments in favor of the elevators are that they would do away with the present expensive ferry service and thus save enough money to pay the cost of installing the elevators.

Those favoring the plan also say the elevators would afford a means of furnishing help quickly in case of fire on the island, and that they would be of service in transporting those who have to be transferred to the hospitals.

The members of the Highways Society object to the elevators on the ground that they would greatly reduce the present capacity of the bridge highway, because of the present heavy condition of travel and because this difficulty would be greatly augmented when rapid transit lines were using the bridge, and by the steady increase in travel.

"The matter must be disposed of at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen next Tuesday," Alderman Curran said yesterday. "If no action is taken, the resolution will become operative automatically. Charity Commissioner Drummond and Corrections Commissioner Whitney are in favor of the resolution. The population of the island is about 10,000, and it seems ridiculous to use several ferryboats to get there, when direct connection could be made with the bridge.

"The hospitals on the island are for persons suffering from diseases that take a long time to cure. It often happens that the patients needs to be conveyed with the least delay, and to compel these poor persons to wait at the ferry seems heartless, in view of he fact that it isn't necessary. The plan is to make one of the elevators big enough to carry an ambulance.

"Among those who oppose the plan are the pilots employed on the boats. They are civil service employes, and some provision might be made for employing them in some other branch of the city service. All the charity organizations favor the resolution, and my impression is that it will become effective and that the elevators will be installed."

Edward S. Cornell, Secretary of the National Highways Protective Society, said:

"The plan is to build the passenger elevator on the outside of the bridge, like a bay window. But it is planned to build the freight elevator in the centre of the roadway. I think this is a bad plan, because it would interfere with the roadway and help to congest travel, which is sure to be congested badly enough when the hoped-for rapid transit line is built.

IDENTIFIES "WIRE TAPPERS."

When the seven men arrested last week under accusation of having played the wiretapping game, were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Murphy in the West Side Court, the interest in the proceedings centred in a gray-haired man of distinguished bearing who remained nameless while he identified three of the men as those who had fleeced him. The fact that he was from Norfolk, Va., was all that could be learned concerning him.

The other two witnesses brought forward by the police were Dr. J. N. Powell of Wilmington, N. C., and Simon Jones, a mine owner of Pittsburgh, Penn. The prisoners were all held for further examination to-morrow.

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FIRST ANNIVERSARY

Specials for To-day

Item	Price
Silk, Peau de Cygne (black), all silk, 42 inches wide. Regular price 85c, for	48c
Garbage Cans, full size with ball handle, tight-fitting covers. Regular price 39c, for	25c
Pin Sets, gold filled, plain or set with jewels. Regular price 59c pair, for	37c
Veilings, shadow, Tuxedo, plain, fancy with designs; in black, magpie, navy, brown and new Fall shades. Regular price 39c, yard	9c
Buttons, (Crystal) all sizes and colors. None of them worth under 49c per doz. Most of them $1.50 and $1.98, for	25c
Children's Gloves, (cashmere) in red, blue and brown, chamois lined. Special for	15c
Scott's Emulsion, Regular 50c size for	25c
Napkins, (mercerized), full bleached and hemmed. 18-inch size. Regular price 10c each, for	6c
Men's Sweaters, pure worsted. Regular price $3.50, for	$1.45
Men's Shoes, all leathers, all the new models and strictly welted soles. Regular price $4.00, for	$2.29
Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, decorated in pink, blue or lavender. Regular price $10, for	$4.95
Linoleum, Cork, extra heavy, 2 yards wide. Regular price 55c per square yard, for	37c

ON account of the extremely low prices we cannot fill telephone or mail orders, and we reserve the right to limit quantities to prevent dealers from buying stocks.

Your dollar buys more "Better-Goods" here than Elsewhere

25TH ANNIVERSARY

Twenty-Five Years of Progress and Good Value Giving

During which time the modest little 15x40 shop, opened with many misgivings and great hopes on Nov. 12th, 1887, has grown to Five of New York's largest, handsomest and busiest Clothing Stores, and the firm of Brill Brothers has taken its place among the foremost clothiers of America—Now as a mark of our appreciation and thanks for the generous support extended us by the public during these twenty-five years, we offer men and young men

Big Birthday Bargains in Overcoats and Suits

$10. For $15, $18 and $20 Winter Overcoats
Offering men and youths their choice from hundreds of overcoats, far better than any they have ever bought at $10—a dozen different warm, serviceable woolens, in a score of styles and a hundred designs—Ulsters, Chesterfields and belted-guards' coats in grays, browns, blacks and Oxfords—all special for this sale.

$15. For $20, $25 and $30 Winter Overcoats
With Chinchilla coats first and foremost—then coats of tweed, cheviot, kersey and vicuna, all of particularly good quality and thoroughly well made—a multitude of newest designs and numerous smart styles. Coats with split sleeves, plain sleeves, patch pockets, flap pockets; belted, plain; ulsters, Chesterfields and guards' coats—full lined and quarter lined.

$20. For $30.00 and $35.00 Winter Overcoats
Of splendid woolens, handsome designs, distinctive styles and newest colors—big, warm chinchilla guards' coats in blue, gray and brown, with shawl or notch collar. Also a remarkably good variety of gray, brown and blue mixtures in tweeds, cheviots and plain blacks and oxford grays, in fine kerseys and vicunas; all special.

Silver Anniversary Sale of Winter Suits
$15 and $18 Suits Special at . . . $10
$20 and $25 Suits Special at . . . $15
$25 and $30 Suits Special at . . . $20

Silver Anniversary Sales of Furnishings and Hats

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, near Chambers St.
Union Square, 14th St., near B'way 47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich St.
125th Street, Corner Third Avenue, Store Open Evenings

ROSENBAUM & Co.
10 & 12 WEST 23RD STREET

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

NECESSITATES THE IMMEDIATE
CLOSING OUT
The Entire Stock of
Women's and Misses' Apparel

Item	Price
$15 Black Messaline Dresses	5.00
$20 Chinchilla Coats	8.75
$20 & $25 Dancing Frocks & Charmeuse & Corduroy Dresses	7.50
$4 & $5 Messaline & Chiffon Taffeta Petticoats	1.50
$25 & $30 Custom Tailored Suits	12.50
$25 Boucle Coats	12.50
$30 Chinchilla & Velour Coats	15.00
$35 Astrachan Coats	20.00
$35 Trimmed Taliored Suits	15.00
$2 & $2.50 Waists (Odds & Ends)	1.00
$5 Chiffon, Messaline & Voile Waists	2.00
$6 Chiffon Lace & Messaline Waists	2.95
$12 Brocade, Crepe de Chine, Charmeuse & Chiffon Waists	4.95
$55 Russian Pony (Full Length)	27.50
$110 French Seal Coats, (Full Length)	47.50
$300 Persian Lamb Coats (Full Length)	145.00
$40 Black Fox Sets	18.50
$50 Alaska Sable (Skunk) Sets	25.00
$45 French Mole Sets	22.50
$75 Civet Cat Sets	35.00
$150 Eastern Mink Sets	75.00
$35 Zibeline Coats	22.50
$50 Brocade & Charmeuse Wraps	25.00
$55 Fancy Trimmed Suits	29.50
$30 Eponge & Velvet Dresses	12.50
$45 Crepe de Chine Dresses	22.50
$150 Decollette Gowns	75.00

WARRANTED
PURE THREAD
SILK
Interwoven
TOE-HEEL
50¢
INTERWOVEN STOCKING CO.

Your safeguard is this tag. It comes only on "Interwoven" Silk Socks. 50c the pair.

You *can* teach an old dog new tricks.

Take for instance the man who for years has had his clothes made by a custom tailor.

We show hundreds of such men every season the fallacy of their ways.

Here they get the same excellent fabrics used by expensive tailors—and all our patterns are exclusive.

No delay.

You're satisfied with the fit before you order instead of after.

Then think of the difference in price!

Suits $18 to $48.

For a rainy day—
Mackintoshes, umbrellas, "Double" shoes, English cloth hats.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

SALE BY AUCTION
of a matchless collection of
Old English and Colonial Furniture, Rare China, Glass and Silver Mirrors, &c.,
at
Clarke's Art Rooms,
5 West 44th St.
(adjoining the Fifth Avenue Bank)
TO-MORROW (Thurs.) and 2 following days, at 2:30,
Being the Entire Stock of
The Magnolia Antique Shop,
removed from Magnolia, Mass.
NOW ON EXHIBITION.
Sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

STEAMSHIP LINES LOOK TO BROOKLYN

Rejection of Hamburg-American Pier Plan Stirs Up Dock Problem Again.

WANT A FINAL DECISION

Steamship Men Divided as to What Course Is Desirable, But Seek a Definite Understanding.

Secretary of War Stimson's rejection of the plans for the extension into the North River of the piers of the Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, and other steamship lines that dock in Hoboken, was the main topic of discussion in shipping circles yesterday. Some professed to see no alternative for many of the big lines now docking in New Jersey except docks in South Brooklyn.

The Hamburg-American Line, it was declared, would feel the blow most. That line is bringing out the Imperator, which will be the world's biggest ship. The present intention is understood to be to dock the huge vessel at the White Star Line piers in New York until other facilities can be obtained.

But it is not only lines on the Hoboken side that are affected, for in the same decision the Secretary of War serves notice on the big transatlantic lines, now docking in New York, notably the Cunard and White Star, that they, too, must prepare to make other permanent arrangements for the docking of their big ships, indicating that they must remove the temporary pier ends in Chelsea district when their permits expire on March 15, 1913.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins thinks the best solution of the matter would be to dock the big liners in South Brooklyn, if Secretary Stimson does not modify his view. In the vicinity of Thirty-third Street, Brooklyn, piers, it was pointed out, could be built long enough to accommodate any ship now proposed or that might be built in the future.

Mayor Gaynor also was seen yesterday, but he was not prepared to make any statement During the day he had a conference with Commissioner Tomkins, and it was understood that the Stimson decision was under discussion.

Looks to City for Action.

At the offices of the New York State Commission to Investigate Port Conditions and Pier Extensions, Chairman R. A. C. Smith issued the following statement yesterday afternoon:

> The decision of Secretary of War Stimson that nothing should be done in the extension of the pier head line for the New Jersey side until such time as all interests shall arrive at an agreement on a permanent limit of pierhead line change is quite in order with the progress of the whole subject.
>
> Permanency is the end for which the State Commissions were appointed. The commissions are given authority to provide legislation that will enable the municipalities interested to do their share to relieve this acute situation. The New York State Commission has given constant and unceasing effort to provide a practical plan. A preliminary plan covering that portion of the harbor requiring immediate improvement was presented to Gov. Dix, and in turn forwarded to the President. Work on plans for the rest of the harbor has gone steadily ahead. Much time and study have been given to a permanent method of co-ordination of water and rail connections, a permanent means to make an elastic harbor organization in which merchandise and food products may be handled without prohibitive cost.
>
> Personally I am sorry that Secretary Stimson could not find it consistent to grant the Hamburg-American Line the temporary extension. The Hamburg-American Line is a great unit in the commercial whole of New York. It is not a good thing to see the minds that handle these big commercial units grow restive, and feel that the city has grown so large that it does not need to pay much attention to them, and my hope is that prompt action on the part of the city will bring about the much needed relief.

Irving T. Bush, President of the Bush Terminal Company, said he agreed with the Secretary of War that nothing was to be gained by temporizing, and that if a permanent extension of the piers was not desirable, the situation might just as well be faced.

"I believe," he said, "it will be recognized that the water front on the west side of Manhattan is more important for other purposes than the accommodation of foreign steamships. A passenger ship arriving from Europe uses the pier about two hours discharging its passengers, and again about two hours embarking them. It usually remains in port for a week, and most of this time is taken up with coaling and provisioning, and taking on board cargo from Chicago and other interior points, a work which could be performed as well elsewhere in the harbor.

Would Favor Railroads.

"Compared with the above use of the water front, that portion which is occupied by the railroads is used 365 days in the year in bringing in our food supplies and the numberless articles which are of daily importance to the comfort and welfare of the community.

"If somebody must be inconvenienced, it seems to me the least harm will be done by compelling the ocean traveler to embark and disembark somewhere else in the harbor, rather than interfere with the handling of the daily necessities of life. The Bush Terminal Company has no selfish interest in this matter. Our business is handling freight. We do not want passenger steamers. I believe when the change is made that the steamship lines themselves will find many economies in discharging and loading their vessels at a less expensive water front in a less congested part of the harbor."

Julius P. Meyer, Vice Director of the Hamburg-American Line, said that as the Secretary of War had referred the matter of harbor improvements back to the Harbor Board and to the two State Commissions, he was still hoping for an outcome that would be satisfactory to all parties concerned.

That docking facilities in Brooklyn waters are being sought by many of the steamship companies has been known in shipping circles for some time. The William R. Grace Company announced yesterday that it had leased Pier 33, in Brooklyn, and among the other companies which have filed applications for docking privileges in Brooklyn are the Anchor Line, which operates from Glasgow to New York; the Austrian-American Line, operating ships from Trieste to New York; the Russian-American Line, which operates between Libau and New York; the Edgar F. Luckenbach Company, the Erie Railroad, and the Barber & Co. Lines.

NO FEES FROM INCOMPETENTS

Justice Greenbaum Rejects Claim of Mrs. Dazian's Counsel.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum decided yesterday against David Paine and Julian C. Harrison, attorneys of 31 Nassau Street, who brought suit against the New York Trust Company for fees from the estate of Mrs. Rebecca Dazian, an incompetent person, for whom they had acted in a legal capacity. Justice Greenbaum in his opinion determined that the estates of incompetents must be safeguarded against the possibility of their wasting large sums in an effort to be legally liberated, and dismissed the complaint of the two lawyers on the pleadings.

In November, 1911, Mrs. Dazian, who at the time was at the Rivercrest Sanitarium, and her brother, Alexander Lesem, retained Mr. Paine and Mr. Harrison to institute proceedings for her legal reinstatement. Mrs. Dazian was, in the opinion of those about her, again of sound mind and well able to care for the $20,000 estate left her six years before by her husband. The labors of the attorneys, however, led them to the belief that habeas corpus proceedings would not succeed, and they dropped their action, without ever presenting their writ in court.

The attorneys presented a bill for $508 to the New York Trust Company as the committee of the estate of Mrs. Dazian, and when their charge was discredited brought suit.

"It would be creating a dangerous precedent to hold that the estate of the adjudged incompetent may be held liable for legal services performed at the incompetent's request, unconnected with any services in a pending or instituted proceeding," said Justice Greenbaum. "If this action may be maintained, it would be difficult to prevent waste and depletion, and the legal safeguards might be essentially impaired."

ARREST LAWYER LAROCQUE.

Order in Civil Suit Against Him for Alienating a Wife's Affections.

John Larocque, an attorney in the legal department of the New York Central Railroad, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Fitzsimons, on a civil order signed by Supreme Court Justice Newburger. Larocque went to the office of Sheriff Julius Harburger, and was released after he had furnished a five-hundred-dollar bond to answer a fifty-thousand-dollar suit against him by Joseph G. Wilson of 610 West 150th Street.

The suit is for the alienation of the affections of Mrs. Carmen I. Wilson, and followed a raid on the West 150th Street apartment made on Oct. 18. On that day Wilson, accompanied by two friends, John O'Kane and Dr. Henry D. Long, broke into the apartment and found, they made affidavit, Mrs. Wilson and Larocque under circumstances which Wilson has incorporated in a complaint in his suit for divorce against Mrs. Wilson.

The Wilsons were married in Porto Rico on July 26, 1900. They have three daughters, Martha, Josephine, and Dolores, aged 11, 8, and 2 years, respectively. Larocque would not discuss the suit against him when at the Sheriff's office.

NOT SO MUCH IN 'BEEF AND—'

John T. Meehan's Estate Is Said to Total Only $27,000.

Mrs. Susan M. Meehan, widow of John T. Meehan, the Park Row restaurant man, applied yesterday for letters of administration on his estate. Mrs. Meehan fixed the value of her late husband's estate at $27,000. It was supposed that he had left a much larger estate.

His restaurant, known as "Dolan's," was founded by his uncle, and was famous for beef and beans. Two race horses, Dolando and Meehanus, owned by Mr. Meehan, gave him a reputation on the turf.

SANITY BOARD NAMED TO EXAMINE SCHRANK

He Pleads Guilty to Charge of Shooting Col. Roosevelt with Intent to Kill.

MAKES STATEMENT IN COURT

Again Says Danger of a Third Term Impelled Him—Alienists Will Act as Court Officers.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 12.—John Schrank pleaded guilty to-day to an attempt to murder Theodore Roosevelt but did not gain the quick disposition of his case he wished. Instead, on motion of District Attorney Winfred C. Zabel, Municipal Judge A. C. Backus appointed five Milwaukee alienists to act as a part of the court in determining his mental condition.

The court's action was the first such practice in Wisconsin criminal procedure. It was taken under a recent statute.

The court instructed the commission to detemine Schrank's present mental condition. The court made it clear that the man would not, by the sanity commission's finding, be in a position to escape sentence under his plea of guilty, or sentence under a jury determination if, at a future date, sanity having been restored, he should demand a jury trial and be found guilty. If declared insane by the commission he will remain a ward of the court.

Schrank ate breakfast this morning with no more or less concern than he had shown since he came to the jail.

"That's right, the trial is to-day, isn't it?" he said unconcernedly to a visitor. "Oh, it might as well be over. Now, I am not concerned at the outcome. My crime is a political crime, rather than a crime against humanity, and I guess that with all the political crime that has taken place in the last few years they won't be very hard on me. However, if they do give it to me hard, why, I guess I can take my medicine."

He gave no indication before he went to court of what his plea would be.

Fewer than 150 persons listened to the proceedings before Judge Backus. Of this number, twenty detectives and as many deputy sheriffs kept watch on all persons in the room not known to them.

When the small, chunky prisoner had stepped slowly to the bar the District Attorney read the complaint against him.

"How do you plead o this charge?" the prosecutor asked.

"Why, guilty, Mr. Zabel," replied the prisoner, in a confused way as though he was not sure he was following the proper procedure.

"You have heard the complaint," interposed Judge Backus in a loud voice. "You understand that in it you are charged with having attempted to murder Theodore Roosevelt. Do you plead guilty or not guilty?"

"I did not mean to kill a citizen, Judge," replied Schrank. "I shot Theodore Roosevelt because he was a menace to the country. He should not have a third term. It is bad that a man should have a third term. I did not want him to have one. I shot him as a warning that men must not try to have more than two terms as President. I shot Theodore Roosevelt to kill him. I think all men trying to keep themselves in office should be killed; they become dangerous. I did not do it because he was a candidate of the Progressive Party, either, gentlemen."

"All right," interrupted the court, taking from the District Attorney a plea for a sanity commission.

"The man is insane," said the District Attorney. "It would be wrong to sentence him for a crime if he was mentally unsound, just because he was willing to plead guilty."

"I will name a commission at the afternoon session," announced the court. "Let no one leave the court room until the defendant Schrank is outside of the City Hall."

Schrank went back to the jail with his guardsmen.

Judge Backus later appointed on the commission Drs. F. C. Studley, Superintendent of a sanitarium; William F. Becker, former head of the Northern Hospital for the Insane at Winnebago, Wis.; D. W. Harrington, a nerve specialist; Dr. W. Wege, an alienist, and Richard Dewey, all of Milwaukee. Joseph Flanders, a well-known attorney, was assigned to represent Schrank in the sanity hearing.

Mr. Flanders had two brief talks with his client, but neither gave indication of what Schrank would decide to do. Asked if Theodore Roosevelt would be summoned by Schrank, Mr. Flanders said it was not likely as there probably was little light Col. Roosevelt could throw on the present mental condition of his assailant.

BLOWN UP IN A BALLOON.

Parachute Jumper Dropped Gracefully 500 Feet Into the Hudson.

Just to show that the thing could be done, and for the benefit of the moving-picture men as well, Rodman Law, seated on the cross bar of his balloon, rose over the waters of the Hudson opposite Grant's Tomb yesterday morning until the river craft had dropped away 500 feet below and then he pulled a trigger string that blew up his craft with dynamite.

Those watching from the boats and from the shore saw the little spot that was the balloon and the balloonist expand with the abruptness of a pistol shot into an engulfing billowing, swirling ball of flame and black smoke. And out of it they saw Law drop like a plummet, straight down until he was not more than 100 feet above the river. Then his parachute bellied and opened wide. Very gracefully and easily he sailed on down till he was floating on the surface of the water.

He was laughing and unhurt when they pulled him on board a truck. He had come through the fire in safety because he wore a suit of wool and a veil of wool and he had a life preserver at his waist. It is Law's argument that had Melvin Vaniman and his crew of the Akron been so clothed and so equipped the accident to their dirigible at Atlantic City need not have been fatal.

TAFT DEFENDS HIS POLICIES.

Disappointed in Election Result, He Says He Has Helped Progress.

Writing to a friend in this city President Taft says:

"While the result is disappointing it has its redeeming features, and, as you say, I have the satisfaction of knowing that my Administration has somewhat contributed to American progress and achievement."

The President will lunch with Adolph Lewisohn on Saturday at his country residence, Heatherdale Farm, Ardsley, and will motor with him from Ardsley to Pleasantville to inspect the new cottage plan of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, of which Mr. Lewisohn is President.

The President will leave Washington at midnight Friday and reach New York early on Saturday. His first engagement is at the City College, where he will attend a reception and assembly.

Saturday night the President will attend the banquet of the Lotus Club at 110 West Fifty-seventh Street. He will leave New York for Washington Sunday afternoon.

CHARITY INEFFICIENT, FOSDICK CHARGED

Did Not Tell Church Club That He Had Found Graft in Institutions Here.

ANSWER TO R. F. CUTTING

Who Wanted to Know Where Graft Had Been Discovered in Organized Charities.

A public letter was sent yesterday by R. Fulton Cutting, President of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, to Raymond B. Fosdick, following reports of Mr. Fosdick's speech on Monday night, which represented the former Commissioner of Accounts as saying that graft existed in charities in New York. This is Mr. Cutting's letter:

> 82 Nassau Street, New York.
>
> Hon. Raymond B. Fosdick.
>
> My Dear Sir: You are quoted in this morning's TIMES as stating in an address delivered in the Parish House of the Reformed Church of Harlem last night that "there is graft even in our charitable institutions." I understand "graft" to mean a breach of trust for personal profit, and bad as such a thing is in Government and business it is infinitely worse when practiced with gifts made for benevolent purposes.
>
> You will render great service to the community and the charitable institutions of this city if you will give to the public the specific evidence which has led you to arrive at this conclusion.
>
> R. FULTON CUTTING,
> President New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Mr. Fosdick explained his statement last night.

"I was misquoted in the statement which appeared in THE TIMES this morning," he said. "I was talking of inefficiency in charitable institutions, not graft. What I said was this: That I knew of certain denominational philanthropies, presided over by superannuated clergymen, beside which a city department was the acme of efficiency. I further said that if my former department could make the same kind of an investigation of these organizations along efficiency lines which we make of city departments, we would have enough to keep the newspapers screaming for months. Those who know the inside condition of some of these institutions will agree that I did not overstate the case."

"Will you name the inefficient institutions?" Mr. Fosdick was asked.

"No, I must decline to do that," he replied.

"Did you say that the worst thing in our civic dishonesty was the supposed reputable man, and did you cite as an example a clergyman in this city, who, after congratulating you on a lecture on efficient citizenship, requested you to land his son in a 'soft job' in your office?"

"That experience actually occurred to me, and the reverend gentleman in question is the pastor of a big church in this city," was the reply.

Mr. Fosdick was further quoted as saying that in the course of his loan shark investigation he discovered that the money was being supplied by men who held high positions in the business and social world.

"In the business and religious world," said Mr. Fosdick last night, "but not in this city. The cases investigated led on a trail up-State and through the Middle West. I was speaking before a Presbyterian audience and I was emphatic in recording an instance of which I never make any secret and proof of which I can easily adduce. I have no use for smug hypocrisy. I mentioned a man's name in my address as an example of the sort of hypocrisy to which I alluded, and because of the fact that I was speaking before an audience of the same religious faith which would be the first to condemn an unworthy member."

Dr. James M. Whoton Re-elected.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 12.—Dr. James M. Whoton of New York was re-elected President of the New York State Conference of Religion, which closed its thirteenth annual convention at Elmira, N. Y. Dr. William Milton Hess of New York was re-elected Secretary Treasurer.

"Mild"
FATIMA
TURKISH BLEND CIGARETTES

"Distinctively Individual"—that is a quality that appeals to people who are particular. Fatima, a Turkish-blend, mild and exceedingly delightful. More sold than any other cigarette in the country!

20 *for* 15c

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

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SPECIAL FOR TODAY, WEDNESDAY

Extraordinary Sale of Women's Suits

At Greatly Reduced Prices

NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

Suits of wide wale cheviots and novelty fabrics in navy blue, black, brown, taupe and mixtures. Plain tailored and dressy velvet trimmed models. Lined throughout with peau de cygne and warmly interlined.	**22.00** *Value 39.50*
Suits of velvet corduroy, velour de laine and ratine in black, navy blue, brown and taupe. Hand tailored, models designed on the very newest lines. Handsomely lined and interlined.	**28.00** *Value 45.00*
Fur trimmed suits of chiffon broadcloth in black, navy blue, brown, green and taupe. Reproductions of Paris models in exclusive styles. Collars and cuffs of civet cat, Hudson seal and chinchilla—squirrel.	**39.50** *Value 59.50*

TO CLOSE OUT

20 Evening Wraps & Mantles

75.00 85.00 95.00

Values up to 145.00

Exact reproductions of Paris models—one of a kind—velvet brocade, chiffon velvet, plushes, brocade charmeuse and faille. Most of these wraps are fur trimmed.

Fifth Avenue at 38th Street

Beautiful, Wax-Like Floors Without Wax—By Means of

A WAXLIKE FINISH
STANVAR
APPLY WITH A RAG
TRADE MARK

Floors that look good and stay good without the use of sticky, spotty wax and heavy weighted brushes.

STANVAR is the wonderful liquid wood finish that accomplishes these results. Apply it with a rag to any wood surface, no matter how marred, scratched or worn. STANVAR dries quickly and gives that rich, wax-like finish so much in demand for all high-grade floors and woodwork.

And a floor finished with STANVAR is absolutely free from the dangerous slipperiness of waxed floors.

You'll be amazed at the simplicity with which STANVAR is applied. You'll be delighted with the long satisfactory wear it offers.

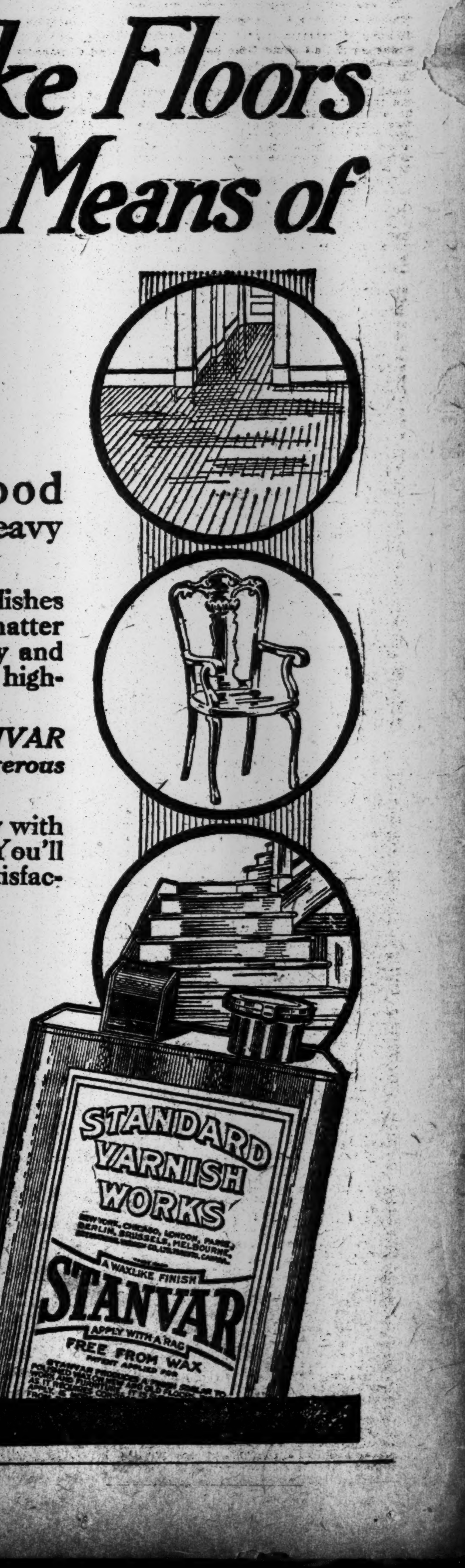
STANVAR is on sale at the leading hardware, paint and household supply stores, where you can secure a free sample can—sufficient to refinish a floor border. If you have difficulty in locating a store that can supply this sample, fill in and mail the attached coupon.

STANDARD VARNISH WORKS
Elm Park, Port Richmond, Staten Island, N.Y.

Cut out and mail this coupon NOW.

Standard Varnish Works,
Elm Park, S. I., N. Y.
Gentlemen:
Kindly give me the name of the most convenient dealer who can supply me with sample can of STANVAR free of charge.

Name ______________________
Address ______________________



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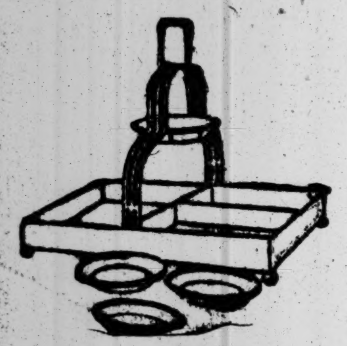
Actual Makers
89 Regent Street
Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

CROSS Guarantees the Truth of This Advertisement to The Times, Who in Turn Guarantees It to Its Readers.

Formerly adversity stimulated genius. To-day advertising accomplishes more for genius than adversity.

Cross Smokers' Sets



Prince's Silver Plated Tray, 10 Inches Long x 7¼ Inches Wide, Lined with Japanese Matting Over Which There Is a Glass Protection. Three Partitions for Cigars and Cigarettes. Part Which Forms Handle Contains 3 Crystal Ash Trays with Prince's Silver Plated Rims, and Which Fit One Within Another in Container When Not in Use. Over These Is a Stationary Match Box Holder—Complete........ $18.00

NESTED ASH TRAYS—Set of 4 Oval Trays with Burnished Silver Rims Which Fit One Within Another in Prince's Silver Plated Holder—Each Tray Has Depression for Match Box Holder—Complete........ $5.50

MATCH BOX HOLDER—Nickel, with Any Initial in Sterling Silver on Top—Ready for Delivery........ $1.00

TOBACCO BARRELS—Oak with Prince's Silver Plated Trimmings—Porcelain Lined........ $5.50

ASH CLIPS—Nickel—To Fasten on Chair or Table.... 75c

To ascertain the bad points of a manufacturer's wares, praise them to another manufacturer.

Cross English Handbag

A Capacious and Practical Bag in Colored Morocco with Moire Silk Lining, 10½ Inches Long x 5¾ Deep—Gold Plated Frame, Partly Leather Covered—Main Compartment Has Shirred Pocket Which is Supplied with Leather Covered Change Purse. In Front of This Compartment are Two Others, Both of Which Have Flap Coverings Which Form Pleasing Design When They Are Closed—One of These Pockets Contains Memo Slate and Pencil, Comb and Leather Backed Mirror—Other is for Cards, etc. Double Strap Handle—Complete........ $12.50

OTHER HANDBAGS—From........ $5.75

ADDRESS BOOKS—Large Size, Indexed—Crushed Morocco, a Beautifully Glazed Leather...... $4.75

HASTY LINES—Red, Green, Blue or Purple Morocco, Supplied with Combination Envelopes and Paper. Complete........ $4.00

Catalogue Sent Upon Request
Orders by Mail Will Receive Prompt Attention
Repairs a Specialty

FIRST FLOOR—LEATHER GOODS, LUGGAGE, GLOVES.
SECOND FLOOR—STATIONERY, TRUNKS, MOTORITIES, GLASS AND METAL NOVELTIES, SADDLERY.

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World's Greatest Leather Stores
Up-Town } 210 Fifth Avenue Near 26th Street
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Agencies Throughout the World

DR. BUTLER SEES HOPE FOR REPUBLICANS

Party Is Founded on Principle, and, with Some Reforms, Will Live, He Believes.

COUNT OF REVOLUTIONARIES

Election Has Shown Them the Friends of the Present System Largely in the Majority.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, who supported President Taft in the recent campaign, has written for THE TIMES his conclusions on the result of the election. His letter follows:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been asked to express my views on the result of the National election, and on its probable consequences upon the future of the Republican Party. Its most obvious result is the defeat of the third term candidacy and of the programme of personal government on which it was based, a programme that was in part revolutionary and in part reactionary, but that had very little that was truly progressive about it. The 6,500,000 voters who preferred Mr. Wilson are the 3,500,000 voters who preferred Mr. Taft were of one mind in this matter. They are to be counted together in interpreting the most important lesson which the election has to teach.

On the other hand, the apparently large increase in the Socialist vote indicates the ominous progress of a well organized and highly intelligent attempt to undermine gradually, rather than to overthrow suddenly, our fundamental American institutions. Of those who supported the so-called Progressive candidates, certainly not all would be willing to give indorsement to the revolutionary governmental proposals included in the platform upon which their candidates made the campaign. Yet it must be conceded that a large part of the so-called Progressive vote was cast by men who appear to be as antagonistic to civil liberty, to constitutional limitations upon government, and to the enforcement of those limitations by the courts, as are the Socialists themselves.

Assuming that one-half of those who voted for the Progressive candidates are ready to unite in an effort to undermine our American institutions, then something over 2,000,000 persons must be added to the nearly 1,000,000 Socialists as being in opposition to what America, as we know it, is and stands for in the world. When so many as 3,000,000 voters convince themselves, or are convinced, that the Government and the civilization of the United States rest upon an unsound and an unfair foundation, the outlook is ominous unless a body more numerous and quite as compact can be found to oppose them untiringly and insistently.

Revolutionaries Are Outnumbered.

At the moment both the Democratic Party and the Republican Party are at one in their opposition to these revolutionary views. In fact, during his campaign, Mr. Wilson more than once spoke with great clearness and definiteness on this aspect of the matters at issue, and ranged himself clearly on the side of civil liberty and against any invasion of its proper province by governmental agencies. He was promptly denounced for taking this view and was called academic—a polite way of saying that his arguments could not be answered, but might perhaps be weakened by ridicule. He gave no aid or comfort to those agitators for return to a pure democracy who insist that Republican institutions have been proved a failure.

One result of the election, therefore, seems to me to be that the enemies of our American form of Government have stood up and been counted. While numerous, much too numerous, they are fortunately in a significant minority. If the majority understands what the issue is that is thus raised, and is prepared to meet it, we need have no fear of the future. The most searching question raised during the recent campaign was this:

Are the foundations upon which our Government rests sound, and can the present-day problems of society and of Government be met without necessitating revolutionary changes in our from of Government itself?

Those who voted for Mr. Wilson and those who voted for Mr. Taft, numbering altogether about 10,000,000, united in answering this question in the affirmative. Those who voted for Mr. Debs and very many of those who voted for Mr. Roosevelt, perhaps 3,000,000 in all, united in answering it in the negative. This result of the election, therefore, is satisfactory to the convinced believer in orderly and consistent political progress.

Future of the Republican Party.

Your second inquiry relates to the effect of the election upon the future of the Republican Party.

Political prophecy is one of the most alluring, but also one of the most dangerous, of pastimes. The fact that the revolutionary elements of the population were recruited so largely, in fact, almost entirely, from the old Republican Party at a time of great prosperity and business activity is something which has not yet been adequately explained. Unless we are to believe that a large proportion of our fellow-Americans are hopelessly given over to political hysteria, we must seek some other explanation than that they have been misled by empty phrases and by the glamour of attractive personalities.

My own judgment is that the discontent which has led to this secession from the Republican Party is, in nine cases out of ten, a discontent which the individuals affected have with and for themselves, and which they treat as though it were a discontent with some prevailing condition in Government or in society. The plain fact of the matter is that, as a brilliant Irishman recently said, we Americans are "the best half-educated people in the world," and the effect of half-education is not only to induce discontent, but to cause it to be directed against entirely innocent objects.

Thousands of men and women in this country to-day are discontented with themselves, with their own knowledge, with their own characters, with their own status in society, with their own success in business, and with their own influence in their communities. Discontent of this kind is one of the chief forces making for progress in the world, provided it is directed at a true cause. Many of us have yet to learn that the cause of our discontent, like the Kingdom of Heaven, lies within us. We are quite too ready to believe that our discontent is really due to something outside ourselves, to some method of choosing public officers, to some law regarding taxation, or to some method of holding real estate which can be cured by appropriate constitutional change or legislation.

How to Cure the Discontent.

Doubtless none of our existing arrangements in these respects is perfect, but it is safe to say that if every one of the revolutionary demands that are made regarding them was granted and satisfied, there would be just as much discontent as there is now. The nominal causes of that discontent would have been removed but the real causes would remain. There is no other way of salvation for the body politic, and there is no other way of happiness and contentment for the individual than that of growth in personal power, in knowledge, and in capacity, provided the field of civil and political liberty is clearly marked out as it is in the United States. Legislation may now and then remove more or less serious obstacles to individual improvement, but it can do very little to bring that improvement about.

When we can get men and women to spend more time in improving themselves and less time in trying to limit the activities, the gains, the accomplishments of other people, we shall have put society far along on the high road to happiness and contentment. My hope is, and also my belief, that the Democratic Party and the Republican Party will together continue to uphold this ethically sound and historically justified political philosophy, and that they will continue to attract to their several ranks the constructive power and the intelligent citizenship of the country according as the elements of that citizenship range themselves in support of one general view of our political system or another.

Nothing has occurred in recent years, and nothing has been suggested or proposed, which alters the importance of the two opposing views as to the centre of gravity in our Government that have been associated for a century with the names of Hamilton and of Jefferson. The followers of Hamilton and those of Jefferson are of one mind in their devotion to the underlying principles of our American system, but they differ sharply and critically as to ways and means of working the machinery of Government, not only in general, but in many matters of detail. When it is proposed to overturn the Government or to undermine it, the followers of Hamilton and the followers of Jefferson will unite; when such a danger is not imminent, they will continue in the future as in the past to approach concrete governmental proposals from differing points of view. It is in the public interest that they should do so, and we are more likely to make genuine progress in our politics through the constant opposition and mutual criticism of these two points of view than in any other way.

Old Parties Not Likely to Die.

The Democratic Party will last and the Republican Party will last, because each is founded on a principle of governmental interpretation which grows out of the very structure of our Government itself. Neither of these great historic parties depends upon the personal leadership of any individual, or upon a passing programme of political action or reform. Each represents a principle which gives a point of view, and that principle and that point of view will be found reflected in the party's attitude toward each new problem that arises.

This is true as to the tariff, as to the control of trusts, and as to the pressing question of banking and currency reform. It is true also as to the problem of conservation and as to those matters of social amelioration which, falling as they do almost entirely within the domain of the State Governments, might have been settled long ago if more intelligence and less rhetoric had been expended upon them. It ought to be pointed out that almost every item that is genuinely progressive in the programme of social reform, afterward presented to the country in the platform of the so-called Progressive Party, was specifically mentioned and endorsed in the Republican Platform adopted at Chicago in June last. The Republican Party, both in the Nation and in the several States, is formally committed to the support of these undertakings in aid of social and industrial betterment.

The notion that these two historic parties have outlived their usefulness because they are stagnant and boss-ridden is curiously contrary to the facts. Certainly the Democratic Party is not stagnant at the moment, and certainly the Republican Party has not been very stagnant since the election of President McKinley in 1896.

Old-Time Boss Disappearing.

When an excited exhorter of the people in these days denounces a boss he usually means some political leader of more or less prominence or influence whom he does not like. The old type of boss, who was obnoxious to every right-thinking man, has happily almost disappeared from American politics. He has disappeared because he required for his sustenance and maintenance two things which are no longer at his service. He required in the first place political patronage. This the increasing strictness and scope of the civil service laws have taken away from him. He required, in the second place, the disbursement in secret of political funds. The opportunity for this is also gone forever. The legislation which brought about these two great reforms, and which substantially put an end to the old-fashioned boss, was legislation carried through both in the several States and in the Nation by representatives of the two parties, Democratic and Republican, that are now so loudly denounced as being under the control of the very class of persons they have united to make almost impossible.

The Republican Party, after a long period of control, will certainly be benefited and purified by a period of opposition. It will develop new leaders, and it will make fresh and more virile appeal to a steadily widening electorate. It will, I trust, lost no time in putting its own house in order. The proposals for a reapportionment of the delegates to the National Convention, which were brought forward with powerful support at Philadelphia in 1900, and which were only defeated at Chicago in 1908 by a vote of 506 to 471, with three delegates not voting, must be once more brought forward, and they must this time be carried through. The substance of these proposals is that delegates to the Republican National Convention shall not be apportioned as at present, but that each State shall be entitled to four delegates at large and to one additional delegate for each 10,000 votes or majority fraction thereof cast at the last preceding election for Republican Electors.

Reforms Within Republican Party.

It has already been forgotten that at the convention of 1908 this proposal was championed by Congressman Burke of Pennsylvania, and was supported, among others, by James W. Wadsworth, Jr., of New York, and by James E. Watson of Indiana. It was also supported by the Representatives of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont, New Jersey, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota, Colorado, Utah, and Oregon, on the Committee on Rules. Among these men were Congressman McKinley of Illinois and Col. William Barbour of New Jersey. On the rollcall the following States voted unanimously for the new proposal: Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, (with but one exception,) New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

Had not the vote of the State of California been changed while the roll call was in progress, the proposition would have been carried and the delegates to the Convention of 1912 would have been chosen in accordance with the new rule. The powerful influence of delegates from States where there is practically no Republican vote would have been brought to an end, and some at least of the disputes which aroused such bitter feeling at the Convention of 1912 would have been avoided. The power that brought about the defeat of these reform proposals at the National Convention of 1908 is no longer in the Republican Party and probably therefore their success is now within easy reach.

Plans for the election of delegates to the National Convention must also be worked out which will absolutely prevent uncertainty, fraud, or misrepresentation in making up the roll of the convention, and which will at the same time preserve the fundamental principle of district representation for which the epoch-making fight against real bosses was made in the Convention of 1880. These reforms in the party organization are desirable in themselves and doubly necessary now.

Convention System Needed.

No wise man will agitate for any system that will dispense with a National party convention. The contact of fellow party members from all over the Union, the opportunity for formal and informal discussion of men and of measures, and the sense of unity and solidarity that mere physical contact brings, are too valuable in our American political life to be thrown away in response to any theoretical agitation for selecting a Presidential candidate in vacuo.

It must also be remembered that the two-party system, which substantially divides the country's citizenship by a vertical line, is, as Seth Low recently pointed out in a powerful public utterance, the best protection against group or class legislation and control. What we have to fear at the moment is precisely such group or class control in our Government. When special groups, classes, or interests can be brought to take common action in sufficient number to gain for themselves control of Congress and the Presidency, then our National Government will become one gigantic River and Harbor bill. Each class or group will be ready to give its associates whatever they want, provided only it is sure of its own share.

A National party based upon an enduring principle will exercise a very different influence, and will, if it is honest and patriotic, conduct itself in a quite different spirit, whether it be in power or in opposition. Because the Republican Party has such a foundation, because of the long record of public service that stands to its credit, and because of the devotion to principle which it has shown in the last campaign, I have very little fear of its future. It may not speedily regain power, but it is certain to exercise great influence. In my judgment it will remain, as it has been since 1856, a party of consistent and orderly progress. This means that it will always be open to new ideas and always ready to support those new policies that can be shown to be in the public interest and that are not inconsistent with the political beliefs upon which the party itself is based.

NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER.
New York, Nov. 12, 1912.

DEMOCRATIC GAIN IN HOUSE.

Returns to Clerk Give Party a Majority of About 150.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The first semi-official analysis of the political complexion of the membership of the House of Representatives elected this month for the new Sixty-third Congress indicates that there will be a Democratic majority of about 150 in that body. This compilation was completed to-day in the office of South Trimble, Clerk of the House, and is based on telegrams from candidates and Secretaries of State in various Commonwealths.

The first draft of the list is subject to changes, but these are expected to be slight. As the list now stands it distributes the membership of the new House on the following basis:

Democrats	289
Republicans	124
Doubtful	8
Progressives	2
Washingtons	2
Total	435

Only two members are officially designated as Progressives because the Clerk observes the practice of designating as members of new political parties in the House only those whose election is returned to him under such a designation.

Everybody loves the heroine "Miss Lady"
"Joy of life and radiant youth seemed to flash from her face and figure."

A ROMANCE OF BILLY-GOAT HILL
The New Book by Alice Hegan Rice
Author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch"
A dramatic picture, rich in coloring, drawn on the broad canvas of Kentucky, America's romance land. Quaint humor of the Mrs. Wiggs type is woven into a love story of unusual charm and much power.
Attractive illustrations by Wright. Price $1.25 net; postage 12 cents
THE CENTURY CO. UNION SQUARE NEW YORK

HUNTER WHISKEY
FOR HEALTH HOSPITALITY AND GOOD CHEER
[illegible]

STRAUS SPENT $9,052.

Gave $4,500 to the Progressive Cause Before His Nomination.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—Oscar S. Straus, Progressive candidate for Governor, certified to the Secretary of State to-day that his expenses during the recent campaign were $9,052.67. He contributed $4,500, of which $2,500 went to the State and $2,000 to the National Progressive Committees, before "I was a candidate or had any intention of being one." After his nomination he gave $4,000 to the State Committee. The balance was spent for clerical services.

Attorney General Carmody spent $487 in aid of his re-election, of which amount he received $385 in contributions.

Gilbert D. B. Hasbrouck, Republican candidate for Supreme Court Justice in the Third Judicial District, spent $1,286, of which $1,025 went for legal services. His Democratic opponent, John J. Linson, expended $1,039.

Samuel Untermyer, Democratic Presidential Elector at Large, says he expended no money in connection with his nomination as an Elector, but "as a citizen interested in the success of the Democratic Party," he gave $1,000 to the Democratic State Committee and a like sum to the New York County Committee. His total expenses in this connection were $2,030.

"I did, however," says Mr. Untermyer's statement, "contribute $10,000 to the Democratic National Campaign Committee on Sept. 18, 1912. I was nominated Elector at Large, Oct. 3, 1912."

SEES FUTURE IN OHIO.

Garford Tells of the Plans of the Progressives There.

Arthur L. Garford, who was the Progressive candidate for Governor of Ohio, said yesterday at the Waldorf that he and the other Progressives in Ohio were satisfied with the result of the election. They didn't hold a State convention until Sept. 5.

"And yet," he continued, "we cast a comparatively large vote. I got a big plurality over the Taft candidate in practically every Northern county of the State. In Cuyahoga County I beat him by 20,000.

"We will hold a meeting Dec. 7, to discuss the situation. We will organize, but not with the Republicans. It is hard to say what the latter will do, but they certainly will have to reorgnize in Ohio, if they are to continue. We carried 69 out of 88 counties in May.

The Republicans and the Progressives never could reunite on a reactionary basis. It would have to be on Progressive lines in Ohio, for Ohio is a Progressive State, as shown by our new Constitution."

VOTE CANVASS BEGINS TO-DAY

Progressives Will Be Represented—Count Close in Some Districts.

The Aldermen of Manhattan will begin to make a complete canvass to-day of the vote cast at last Tuesday's election in the county. The various political organizations, including the Progressives, will be represented. In some of the Assembly districts, where the vote was close, the returns will be scrutinized with extreme care, especially by the Progressives. Alderman Delaney was elected Chairman of the Board of Canvassers.

Alderman Hamilton, for the Bronx Aldermen, announced that he would not take part in the count until it had been officially determined whether or not the Bronx County amendment had been carried. If it had been carried, he said, the Bronx County vote would be canvassed separately.

HAWLEY MAY BE SENATOR.

Idaho Governor Urged to Take Heyburn's Place Temporarily.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 12.—If he heeds the counsel of his friends, Gov. Hawley of Idaho will take the position of United States Senator made vacant by the death of Senator Heyburn.

The leading Democrats, it is said, have been unable to unite on a man pending the meeting of the Republican Legislature, and Mr. Hawley has been urged to resign the Governorship and accept the Senatorial appointment at the hands of Lieut. Gov. Sweetzer.

THEODORE B. STARR, INC.
JEWELERS SILVERSMITHS
Our silverware is representative of the best productions of the leading silversmiths of this country as well as of England and France. Our stock of Holiday Novelties in silver will be found particularly interesting, as it includes many articles purchased abroad by our buyers during the past summer.
Prices never higher than prevail elsewhere for equal quality.
5TH AVENUE AND 47TH STREET
NEW YORK
Established 1862.

G W
Globe-Wernicke
Office Equipment

Do you know that on our sales floors and in our warerooms are desks, chairs, tables, and filing devices literally by the thousands excelling in variety of design and offered at prices that appeal? That supplementing these are the odd pieces for specific purposes, which you have long desired but never found?
Cost no more than the ordinary kind
New York Store at 380 Broadway
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Desks, Chairs, Tables and Filing Cabinets in Wood and Steel
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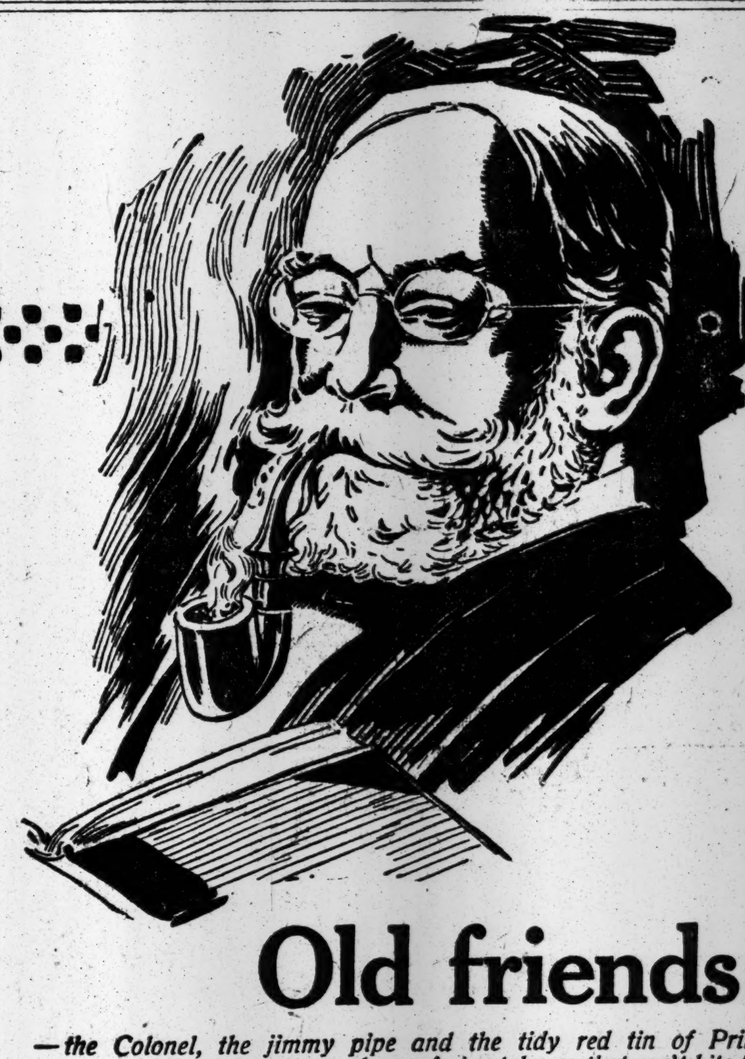


Old friends
—the Colonel, the jimmy pipe and the tidy red tin of Prince Albert tobacco. Solace, happiness—born of pipe tobacco that can't bite the tongue.
Prince Albert gives pipe smokers a real idea of what a pipe smoke should be. P. A. is not only delicious, fragrant tobacco—*welcome* in any home or office—but it will neither sting the tongue nor parch the throat. That's cut out by a patented process. Forget the old days of broiled tongues and parched throats, you men who have tried the *fire*-brands. P. A. will be a revelation to you!
PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke
makes the bulliest cigarette you ever put between your lips, bar none. It's a scream when you hook it up to a match.
You take some real say-so and buy some P. A. and roll up a few. Say, get the flavor and the freshness and the *long burning!* Well, you certainly cash in right the very first time.
No, sir, no more *dust*-brands and *chaff*-brands for yours. Wise up! Get a new lease on cigarette joy!
Prince Albert is sold everywhere in 5c toppy red bags; 10c tidy red tins and handsome pound and half-pound humidors.
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

PRINCE ALBERT
CRIMP CUT
LONG BURNING PIPE AND CIGARETTE TOBACCO

RESERVES SEE A SPANKING.

Mother Under Police Protection Corrects a Bad Small Boy.

When 14-year-old John O'Hanlon of 147 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, was brought into the Alexander Avenue Station yesterday on the complaint of his mother that he was a juvenile delinquent, the Lieutenant on duty said:

"The best punishment this youngster could get would be a good whipping."

"May I do it now?" asked the mother.

"Sure," said the Lieutenant.

With the reserves as spectators, the boy was placed across his mother's knee and spanked in approved style.

Mrs. O'Hanlon said the boy refused to go to school, slept in cellars, and was otherwise bad. Yesterday, when she remonstrated with him, he resented her interference by trying to wreck the apartment. He had thrown a lamp from the window, smashed the chairs, and was starting on the other household effects when Patrolman Hergenreick arrived in response to the screams of Mrs. O'Hanlon. Hergenreick said he thought a murder was being committed, and was surprised to find the diminutive cause of the trouble.

Will That Driving Storm Catch You Without a Pair of Hub-Mark Gaiters or Arctics?

Standard First Quality

Have you ever noticed that when you catch a cold early in the season you keep on catching them all Winter? It surely pays to make every effort to escape that first one.

Before the Winter sets in, provide yourself with a pair of Hub-Mark gaiters or arctics. They will keep your feet warm and dry and insure you against dangerous colds.

Every pair of Hub-Mark rubbers bears the Hub-Mark trade-mark and fixes responsibility for its quality exactly where it belongs.

Hub-Mark rubber footwear is made for all purposes for men, women, and children. It costs no more than any other first-class rubber footwear. The Hub-Mark is your Value-Mark.

If your dealer can't supply you, write us.

Boston Rubber Shoe Co., Malden, Mass.

Established 1853

Sale of Used Pianos.

GRANDS, UPRIGHTS AND PLAYER PIANOS

The space they occupy is needed for the display of new Strich & Zeidler Pianos.

The Collection is Large

And includes a variety of the best known makes, many of which are nearly new.

4 Steinway Grands

Three sizes—Large, Medium and Small.

1 Weber Grand. 2 Weber Uprights.

3 Steinway Uprights

And a general assortment of other makes in various styles and woods.

Uprights $150 to $350

Grands $250 to $600

Three excellent Player Pianos are included. Reasonable time payments arranged.

STRICH & ZEIDLER,

Piano Manufacturers,

Warerooms 30 West 20th Street.

COUSIN KNEW WILSON WAS A BIG MAN

He's the Only Living Male Relative of His Generation, but Doesn't Like to Speak of It.

HE KNEW LINCOLN WELL

Played with the President's Son, Tad, When His Father Was Adjutant General of Pennsylvania.

The only living male first cousin by the name of Wilson that President-elect Wilson has, was discovered at the Waldorf yesterday. He was not loth to admit it, but was rather shy about it becoming generally known. He is John A. Wilson of Franklin, Penn., and he, the President-elect, and the latter's brother are the only male Wilsons of their family and generation now living.

"I don't want to talk," objected Mr. Wilson, who was sitting in the lobby. "You see, there is only one member of our family that has been elected, and he is the only one that counts at the present time. I'm willing to tell you anything about the family.

"You ask about this mixup of the names of Wilson and Woodrow. You see Woodrow's mother was Jeannette Woodrow, who came to this country with her father when a small child, and settled at Chillicothe, Ohio, and the Woodrows and the Wilsons are cousins, hence it is that both names have been used as surnames in the family.

"You want to get it out of your head, though," said Mr. Wilson, "that anybody is interested in Woodrow's relatives outside of his immediate family. Why, people have been talking to me about 'speaking a good word for them.' That's all bosh. I don't want anything, and any member of Woodrow's family would be the last person to ask anything for himself, and certainly he would not think of trying to influence an appointment of anybody to any office. Of course, I am proud of Woodrow's being elected President. You see, we who are in the family knew Woodrow was a big man before any of you folks suspected it, and we were not surprised when he was nominated.

"No, I don't believe that when Woodrow was a professor at Princeton he ever had any idea of becoming President of the United States. He had no idea of going into politics, until he was talked of for the Governorship of New Jersey, and even then he was very reluctant about standing for election.

"Knowing Woodrow as I do, I would be willing to guarantee that he hasn't promised an office to anybody, and that in such a case he will make up his own mind."

Mr. Wilson is 61, and very active, and has many reminiscences of famous persons. His father was Adjutant General of Pennsylvania at the time of the civil war.

"About the first thing that I remember is hearing Stephen A. Douglas speak at Erie," he said. "We had a house there then. That was in 1860. There was a grand parade of the 'Wideawakes,' who were Republicans, and the 'Fastest Leaps,' who were Democrats, and after the meeting downtown, they all came past our house. Somebody had dragged a little old six-pound cannon from the public square, and backed it against the sidewalk in front of our house. They fired it off, and the explosion broke every window in the front of our house.

"All I remember about Douglas is that he was short and heavy, and had long, dark hair. His wife was one of the most beautiful women I have ever seen.

"During the war, my father used to take me to Washington a lot, and as a child I got to know Lincoln, whose son, Tad, was a playmate of mine. Lincoln came down the White House steps one day while Tad and I were playing. He took each of us by the hand.

"'Have you boys been having a fine time?' he asked.

"'Yes,' replied Tad, 'and we're mighty tired.'

"'I hope you'll not get tired as I do,' said the President.

"'Why,' returned Tad, 'you don't do anything to get tired.'

"'My boy,' said the President, with a sad smile, 'it's a different kind of tired.'

"I remember on one occasion my father called at the War Department to get Secretary Stanton to take some action in an important matter. He couldn't get anything definite from the War Secretary, and rushed over to the White House, taking me with him, and laid the matter before the President.

"'General,' said the latter, finally, 'it ought to be done, but I haven't any influence with my Secretary of War.'"

TELLS OF TARRING OUTRAGE.

Ohio Girl Testifies That Six Men Seized and Stripped Her.

Special to The New York Times.

NORWALK, Ohio, Nov. 12.—Before a crowd of excitement and sensation seekers in the local county courtroom here today, Minnie Levalley, the pretty eighteen-year-old West Clarksfield girl who was subjected to a coat of tar on the evening of Aug. 30 told the jury and the court the story of the outrage.

The girl took the stand in her own behalf this afternoon and faced the six accused men without flinching. She said that on the night of Aug. 30 she escorted a girl friend, Erma Swartz, to the station to take a train to Norwalk. On her way home, she said, just in the centre of the village, she was seized by several men. They carried her back of a building, and, after partly stripping her, stood her on her head and poured the tar over her. She said she ran home when she was released. The witness said that Ernest Welsh was the first to seize her, and that Harlow Welsh rubbed the tar on.

Under cross-examination the girl admitted that she did not see the faces of any of her assailants, but said that she knew them by their figures and their actions.

The specific offense charged is "riotous conspiracy." The defendants are Reginald Thomas, Town Constable; Joseph and Carl Sly, Harlow and Ernest Welsh, and Joseph Cummings.

They were indicted three weeks ago. Forty witnesses were in court to answer to subpoenas when Judge John T. Garver of Fremont took the bench. Many of the spectators in the crowded courtroom were women. Many girls yet in their 'teens, eager to hear the story from the lips of the victim, were kept out.

U. S. FASTEST SHIPBUILDER.

Navy Yard Work on New York Beats Private Construction.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The tradition concerning the slowness of navy yard work has been smashed by the New York Navy Yard in the construction of the big battleship New York. The progress report just issued shows that work on that vessel has been advancing almost twice as fast as work on similar ships in the hands of private shipbuilding concerns.

On Nov. 1 last the New York was 62.5 per cent. advanced toward completion—a gain of more than 5 per cent. for October alone. The construction of the three other dreadnoughts, the Texas, Nevada, and Oklahoma, advanced during the same period only about 1¼ and 2½ per cent. Work on the construction of the ten destroyers and the fourteen submarines now building also lagged noticeably in October.

DISINHERITED SON GETS ALL.

James Havemeyer Left Estate to Wife, but She Is Dead.

An instance of how the positively expressed will of a man can be disregarded by the law was afforded yesterday in the probate of the will of James Havemeyer, who died on Aug. 18. In his will, which was executed on Nov. 14, 1885, Mr. Havemeyer wrote:

"I hereby expressly declare that it is my intention not to give any portion of my estate to any child of mine now living or hereafter to be born." The testator left his entire fortune, amounting to about $12,000 to his wife, Sarah Cordelia Havemeyer.

Mrs. Havemeyer, however, died before James Havemeyer, and their son, J. Craig Havemeyer, becoming the only heir-at-law, was automatically adjudged the administrator of the estate, the will failing execution for want of a legatee.

The will, however, was admitted to probate yesterday as a matter of record.

SEEKS TO ENJOIN BOOK SALE.

Miss Gregory Trying to Stop Mrs. Belle Beach Bain's Enterprise.

Miss Nina D. Gregory petitioned the Supreme Court yesterday for an injunction restraining Mrs. Belle Beach Bain, the horsewoman and riding instructor, from selling her book, "Riding and Driving for Women," which is now in the lists of Charles Scribner's Sons.

Miss Gregory alleges that there is a violation of her contract with Mrs. Bain to manage the publication of the book, and declares further that she advanced $1,500 toward the expenses of the publication.

Samuel Sin's Estate, $437,293.

Samuel Sinn, a member of the Stock Exchange firm of Sternberger, Sinn & Co., who died on May 13, 1908, left an estate of $437,293, according to an appraisal filed yesterday. The net valuation of the estate, after deductions, is $421,474. Among the assets are cash on deposit with Sternberger, Sinn & Co., $396,907; seat on the New York Cotton Exchange, $9,200, and other assets in the firm of which he was a member.

RARE WORKS FRAUDS, MRS. BIRD NOW FINDS

Salt Lake Widow Paid $47,650 for Them and Is Suing Here to Recover the Money.

MOSTLY CHEAP IMITATIONS

Court Intervenes in Quarrel Between Lawyer and Witness Who Threatened Counsel.

Judge Hunt and a jury began yesterday in the Federal District Court to hear the suit which Mrs. Emma W. Bird, a widow, of Salt Lake City, Utah, is bringing against John V. Coggey, as receiver for the Kellar-Farmer Company, to recover the sum of $47,650 which she asserts she was induced to pay in 1909 for sets of books on the ground that they were rare and valuable editions. Now she declares that they were not what they were represented to be and that she has been informed by reputable publishing firms that they are merely spurious editions of celebrated and valuable works.

The course of the hearing was enlivened by the repudiation of an affidavit by Irving A. Nimroff, one of the witnesses, and the use of such strong language on his part and the expression of such a vehement wish to meet counsel in the corridor outside that the court had to warn him sternly that if he did not moderate his statements it would punish him for contempt.

Mrs. Bird, the first witness, told how Glen Farmer induced her to speculate in these rare books. He was introduced to her by Herber M. Wells, who was twice Governor of Utah. No accusation is made against him, however.

Mrs. Bird invested $52,000 in sets of Carlyle and other standard works, and was next induced to invest $17,200 in a collection of books which, she stated, Farmer informed her were the special desire of a well-known book lover of New Haven, to whom she would be able to dispose of them again at a profit. On the strength of the representations of Farmer, she said, she gave $20,000 for the library of a Denver collector. However, there was a hitch about the delivery of a certain Oriental series, and this was used, she swore, to get out of her another $250 on a sixty-day note. It was only after she had taken this up that she realized that there was something wrong, and on investigation found that the books she had bought were practically worthless.

Nathan Vidaver, counsel for the defendants, tried to get Mrs. Bird to admit that she dealt with Glen Farmer as an agent of the Wilson Publishing Company of Salt Lake City. She admitted that the contracts were in the name of that firm, but, she asserted, she had never thought that Farmer was acting as agent for it.

Irving A. Nimroff, who had been in the employ of James J. Farmer and the Anglo-American Authors' Association of 225 Fifth Avenue, told of the shipment from this city to Glen Farmer at Denver of the books, which Mrs. Bird bought as the library of the Denver collector.

He spoke also of an affidavit which he had made, in which he swore that he knew nothing of the sale of any books to Mrs. Bird. This, he asserted, he had made at the instance of Isaac Wiel, one of Farmer's lawyers, who had told him there would be $1,000 in it for him. When he hesitated, Wiel, he testified, had threatened to queer Nimroff's brother when he applied for admission to the Bar Association. Consequently he signed the paper, but he did not, he asserted, swear to it. When the affidavit was produced Nimroff repudiated it, asserting that the original, which he had signed, contained only two pages, and this one had four. In the cross-examination by Mr. Weil the court rebuked the lawyer for using strong language. The Nimroff affidavit was read to the jury.

GREEK ARCHBISHOP BACK.

Brings with Him Famous Paintings for the Russian Cathedral.

Archbishop Alexander Platon Dozdestvensky, head of the Greek Church in the United States, Canada, and Alaska, returned from a visit to Russia yesterday. He came home on the Russian-American liner Russia, and brought with him two religious paintings that are to be hung in the Russian Cathedral of St. Nicholas in East Ninety-seventh Street. The paintings are several centuries old, and come from the Ponchaef Monastery in Southern Russia.

There were about 150 priests of the Greek Church, among whom were several from Canada and two from Alaska, at the Russian-American pier in Brooklyn when the Russia docked early yesterday morning. There was also a large delegation of laymen. As soon as the Archbishop had cleared his baggage a procession of automobiles was formed and the Archbishop escorted to his residence near the cathedral, where a reception was held. Afterward there was a service of thanksgiving for the safe return of the Archbishop.

ASK SURROGATE FOR WRIT.

But His Court Has No Power to Take Witness from Jail.

A petition for a writ of habeas corpus was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. The clerks said that it was the first time in many years that such an application had been made in the court. The Surrogates have no jurisdiction to issue such a writ.

The application was made for the purpose of getting Edward F. Donovan, a notary public, out of the Ludlow Street Jail, to testify in hearings on the contested will of Katherine Sweeney. Donovan, according to Mary Lowery, the petitioner and proponent of the will, not only witnessed the document, but drew it. She said he was in the jail for nonpayment of alimony.

It will be necessary to get some Supreme Court Justice to pass on the application for a writ of habeas corpus before Donovan can be brought to the Hall of Records to testify.

MARTIN & MARTIN

BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

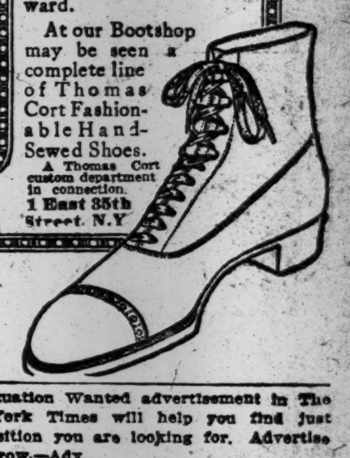
WE offer our customers the World's most fashionable footwear, and by studying each customer's individual foot requirements we are able to properly fit these shoes.

Martin & Martin Hand-Sewed Shoes possess a custom grace, quality and elegance of style that is impossible to find in shoes of ordinary making. $7.50 upward.

At our Bootshop may be seen a complete line of Thomas Cort Fashionable Hand-Sewed Shoes.

A Thomas Cort custom department in connection.

1 East 35th Street, N.Y.



A Situation Wanted advertisement in The New York Times will help you find just the position you are looking for. Advertise to-morrow.—Adv.

WARD'S BREAD IS BEST

The Lid Is Off

Come And See The World's Greatest Bakeries

Two great, snow white buildings, each covering nearly a city block, one six and one seven stories high. And every foot of each building is given to the making of clean, delicious bread.

WARD'S TIP-TOP BREAD

is made of the finest materials under ideal conditions. The hand never touches it. Is there anything more vitally interesting to you than the bread you eat? Come to one of the million dollar daylight bakeries. One is at East 143rd Street & Southern Boulevard, The Bronx; the other at Pacific Street near Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn.

Spend an hour or two there. See every detail. Modern baking is an amazing process. You will be glad you came.

And ever after you will be very strict in refusing the poor imitations of Ward's Bread. You will look for our label and for the name WARD baked in on the side of every loaf. Things are not always what they seem. Learn to discriminate.

Besides Tip-Top other pure and delicious kinds of bread are made at the Ward Bakeries—among them—

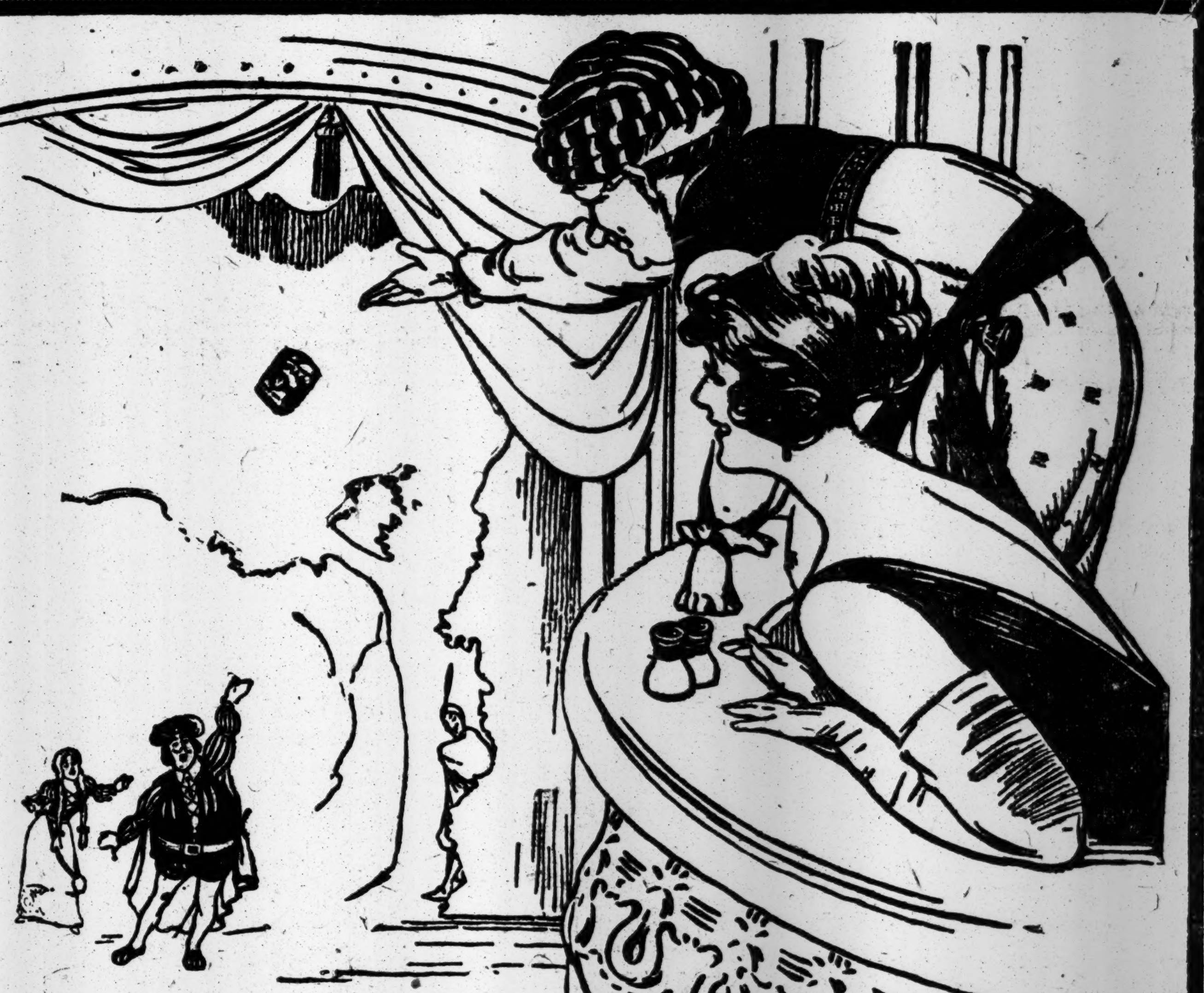
DAINTY MAID—wrapped, by machines, in waxed paper.

WHEAT-HEART—the whole wheat loaf.

KRON PRINZ—the sweet rye loaf.

BEWARE THE IMP OF IMITATION

THE RUBAIYAT OF OMAR CIGARETTES



Being The Modern Adventures of Omar Khayyam, the Great Persian Philosopher, whose Poetry on the Joy of Life made his Fame Eternal.

ADVENTURE 21

"Angel Shape" Takes Omar to the Opera

One night said Omar, "Angel, I observe"
"You're all Dressed Down! Why this display of—Nerve?"
"We're going to the Opera, Prince," said she.
And Omar chuckled, "Oh you Horseshoe Curve!"

The Opera's "Faust". As Omar takes his Seat
The Tenor warbles out, "O MAR-guerite!"
"Here, Pal!" cries Omar, tossing him a Pack,
"Thanks!" sings Spaghett, "They keep muh Pipes tuned Sweet!"

OMAR, the new Turkish blend cigarette of exceptional quality—"The Joy of Life."

20 for 15¢

OMAR
TURKISH BLEND CIGARETTES
EXCEPTIONAL QUALITY
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO
OMAR

Automobile Exchange

The New York Times is read by thousands of men and women with the means and inclination to own automobiles. Advertisements in the Automobile Exchange of The Times find ready buyers for used motor cars.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Advertising rates per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

LOCOMOBILES.
1911 Locomobile, 7 pass., touring, 48 h. p.
1910 Locomobile, touring car, 30 h. p.
1910 Locomobile, toy tonneau, 30 h. p.
1910 Locomobile, toy tonneau, 40 h. p.
1910 Locomobile, chassis, 40 h. p.
1909 Locomobile, double bucket, 30 h. p.
All in good condition, overhauled and repainted.
GREENE MOTOR CAR CO.,
88-90 Washington St., Newark, N. J.
Tel., 1815—Market.

A Stearns-Knight, not yet delivered, will be sold at 20% reduction from regular price; this job guaranteed to be taken in trade for another Stearns at 70% of its lsit price, any time within one year after delivery; am offering this bargain solely because I must sell; who wants it, quick? L. L. Halle, 88 Morningside Drive. Telephone 8905 Morningside.

PAUL LACROIX AUTO CO., 1,770 B'way, 57th.
For sale or for rent.
—Any reasonable offer accepted—
Zedel "20" Town Car.
Clement-Bayard "6" Torpedo; new; sacrifice.
Daimler-Knight Touring.
Knox "45," 1912, Touring.
1 Demarest Landaulet, Torpedo Body, new.

Undertaker's electric, top casket wagon, newly painted; batteries new; tires good; General Vehicle maker's; bargain, $500; reason selling, using gasoline equipment exclusively; car in service; demonstration; act quickly. FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241 West 23d, Manhattan.

Overland 30 H. P. 1912 five-passenger touring car, with speedometer, Klaxon horn, top, windshield and all equipment, at a bargain; taken in trade for 1913 Moline. DeLamater-Byrnes Automobile Co., 10 West 60th Street, 5865 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE five-passenger touring car for sale at a price; attractive for pleasure or business use. In good condition every way. H. E. DeLamater, 10 West 60th Street. Telephone 5865 Columbus.

I will sell my last year's model five-passenger touring auto, in perfect condition, which cost me $1,500, for $600 to an immediate purchaser. A. Kays, President Hudson Bay Co., 45 West 34th St.

BRAND-NEW LANDAULET BODY, $400; built to order by George Meyer; luxuriously equipped; cost $1,000; latest model; fit any standard chassis. Dr. Garnett, 142 West 37th St.

Buick, Model 16; mechanically perfect; new shoes; any demonstration; fully equipped; can be seen at Circle Garage, 4 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn; price, $450. 'Phone South 1761.

1912 demonstrating car, Case 40; five-passenger touring, guaranteed, like new; telephone Prospect 3114 for demonstration. A. W. Blanchard, Inc., 342 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale—Handsome Rainier 40 H. P. runabout, $900; Ohio runabout, $500; Renault limousine, 20x30 H. P., $2,500; all in first-class condition. 252-4 West 68th St.

BODIES, TAXICABS, ELECTRIC CARS.
Have over 500. Bodies, $20 up; taxicabs, $75 up.
Biggest bargains ever heard of.
C. DOW, 142 EAST 31ST ST.

Stevens-Duryea, "6," limousine and touring bodies; excellent condition; demonstration on request; low figure. A. E. Randall, 61 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

1912 Cole, "30;" hardly detected from new; fully equipped; electric lighting system; bargain. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 W. 62d St.

Reo, two-cylinder touring car; fully equipped; $150; four cylinders; fully equipped; $350-$400. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 W. 62d.

Electric brougham, inside drive, four passenger, modern; make offer. A. W. Blanchard, Inc., 342 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Packard limousine body; maroon leather upholstery; sacrifice one-quarter original cost. 305 West 79th St.

Limousine body, used three months; painted blue, gray whipcord upholstery. George Lamberty, 1,531 Broadway.

Limousine body, Packard, completely renovated and painted, like new. George Lamberty, 1,531 Broadway.

Packard, 1909, 30, touring; fine condition; also 1909 30 limousine. George Lamberty, 1,531 Broadway.

Garage.—$150; all steel; fireproof; easily put up. Send for catalogue. Ruby Mfg. Co., 324 Lafayette St.

Maxwell roadster; fully equipped; exceptional bargain; $350. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 W. 62d.

Reo, 1911, four-passenger roadster; fully equipped; $500. Reo Co., 19 W. 62d St.

Reo, 1912, centre control, equipped; like new; big bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo, model R, 1912; like new; $650. Reo Co., 19 W. 62d St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARD RENTING CO.
Open and closed cars.
BEST UP-TO-DATE SERVICE.
$3-$5 hour, $300-$700 monthly.
Special rates for theatres.
Experienced Chauffeurs. Murray Hill 91.

Packard limousines, new cars, for monthly service; special to theatre or opera, with privilege of stopping one hour for supper, $10; largest renters of Packard cars in New York.
PHONE
PLAZA 2100

1912 seven-passenger limousine, classy car; competent chauffeur; day, week, or month; reasonable. Howard Lipp, 154 West 124th. Telephone 175 Morningside.

Packard Riverside Garage, 305 West 79th St.—Reduced rates, limousine, touring, landaulet; $3 hour; 25c. mile; low monthly rates. 8390 Schuyler.

Renault landaulet for hire, by week or month; first-class condition; careful chauffeur. Franco, 40 West 60th St. Phone 8461 Col.

Private seven-passenger Packard touring; low rates; careful service; owner drives. Phone 8977 Morningside.

Packard touring; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 8423.

Packard touring, hour, week, month; owner drives. Vermaneleri, 532 West 122d. Phone 7670 Morningside.

Hudson, elegant five-passenger touring; $2.50 per hour; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

For Hire—New Packard, Renault town cars, hours or month. Marshall, 327 East 84th.

FOR SALE—A Five-passenger 1910 Sixty Horse Power Touring Car, Fully Equipped

This car is in beautiful condition; will be overhauled thoroughly before delivery. Price, $700.00. A seven-passenger 1911 with touring and limousine bodies—limousine body alone cost $1,750. In absolutely first-class condition. Price complete $2,000.00
SELDEN MOTOR VEHICLE CO.,
1,876 Broadway.

TIRES and TUBES
10,000 at Auction Prices.
THE LARGEST SALE ON RECORD OF EVERY KNOWN MAKE AND EVERY SIZE.
Prices ☞ 1/3 to 1/2 value!
Unusual opportunity to lay in year's supply!
Jandorf Automobile Co.
TIRE DEPARTMENT (In New Building.)
1849 B'way, near 61st St.

Automobile Smoking

I guarantee to stop your Auto from smoking and to increase its efficiency and horsepower.
M. L. DUNHAM, Columbus 6695.
140 West 52d, N. Y. City.

STODDARD-DAYTON.
Now is the time to purchase a car. We are selling them at practically your own figure; mostly late models. Come in and make us a bid. They are rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Used Car Dept., 4 West 62d St.

Don't Waste Time or Throw Away Money!
But go to "Jandorf's," 42 W. 62d St.
"Rock Bottom Headquarters" for Autos, Bodies, Tires.

NATIONAL 1911 TOURING
Four door, fully equipped; reasonable. Owner, E. A. Percy, 490 Riverside Drive.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., [illegible] West 18th St. Tel. Chelsea [illegible]

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, [illegible] W. 54th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Day and evening. Truck positions waiting. [illegible] W. 57th St. Phone [illegible] Col.

BAYONET AND BIBLE GO HAND IN HAND

Col. Hughes Tells Canadian Club Both Are Necessary to Promote Civilization.

GOOD-WILL TO UNITEDSTATES

Speeches of All the Men from Across the Border at Annual Dinner Carry That Sentiment.

Assurances of good-will between the Dominion of Canada and the United States were given last night at the eighth annual dinner of the Canadian Club of New York at the Hotel Astor, and Canadian citizens of this city, joined by invited kinsmen and guests, toasted "The President," "The King," "The Land of Our Adoption," and "The Land of Our Birth."

T. Kennard Thomson, President of the Canadian Club, was toastmaster. Before introducing the first speaker, the Hon. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defense of Ottawa, he read the following message from his Royal Highness Arthur, Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada:

> I desire to express to the Canadian Club of New York my regret at not having been able to avail myself of their invitation to attend their annual banquet. In my long travels through the Dominion I have visited many branches of the Canadian Club and have had reports of many more. I wish to say how fully cognizant I am of the value of these institutions in fostering the national spirit and in disseminating knowledge of subjects of Imperial and world-wide interest.
>
> I beg the President and members to accept my heartfelt wishes for the success of the New York branch of the Canadian Club.

Col. Roosevelt, who had also been invited, expressed his regrets in the following telegram:

> I wish I could accept, but it is simply out of the question. I cannot make another engagement of any kind or sort now. Believe me, I very deeply appreciate your courtesy and kindness. I regret to have to make this answer.

Col. Hughes declared that in all his travels he had observed that the missionary with his Bible and the bayonet went hand in hand in the promotion of civilization, and the bayonet, he added, did not take the second place.

"Great Britain and her colonies," said Col. Hughes, "will stand together in the upbuilding of humanity the world over, and they will stand together in strengthening friendly relations with the United States."

Responding for the United States, Prof. Willis L. Moore of the Department of Agriculture said that even without reciprocity and in spite of any tariff, Canada and the United States would still be united by common language, literature, and sentiments.

"We are as fiercely determined to serve and maintain our rights as individuals and as political communities as any people in the world," said Sir Edmund Walker, "but if possible we propose to enjoy these rights without renouncing our right to share in the troubles and the triumphs of the British Empire. The political and social enterprise of the empire rests on no pretension 'that all men are created equal,' but its practice is to measure out 'equal and exact justice to all men.'

"Whether we have a population of a hundred million or not in Canada is immaterial. What is material is that we should be in character and endowments as a people one of the strongest races in the world, fit, let us hope, if England ever declines from her high estate, which God forbid, to take her place as the centre of the power and the civilization of the empire."

"The United States owes much to Canada for her contribution of men and money to the development of our own Northwest," said William C. Brown, President of the New York Central Lines, "and in return we have sent into Western Canada tens of thousands of the best citizens of our Middle States. They are making the prairies of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta the richest, most-productive agricultural region in the world.

"Sprung from a common parentage, the interests of these two nations run in parallel lines. Profound peace like a benediction, has brooded over them for almost a hundred years. God grant it may continue to grow more and more perfect and profound until the end of time."

C. W. Barron of Boston spoke on Canada from the New England standpoint. Other speeches were made by Ernest Thompson Seton and W. T. Robson.

Among the speakers and guests were the Hon. Sir Alexandre Lacoste of Ottawa, Thomas Lamont, David B. Forgan of Chicago, A. S. Goodeve, Railway Commissioner, of Ottawa; James G. Cannon, Frank Trumbull, Capt. Albert Gleaves, U. S. N.; James Speyer, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Rushton, Alexander J. Hemphill, Samuel Scovill, John W. Platten, E. J. Chamberlain, Ralph Peters, the Rev. Dr. Daniel M. Gordon, W. N. McClemont, Kenneth J. Dunston, Lewis L. Clark, ex-Gov. Rollin S. Woodruff of Connecticut, Newman Erb, E. W. Buckley, Col. Robert M. Thompson, Henry Clews, W. H. Pattison, George Gordon Battle, Samuel Untermyer, James W. Osborne, Dr. S. S. Wheeler, Col. John S. Mallory, U. S. A.; B. L. H. Ewing, Edward Griffith, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N.; John A. Stewart, Dean John Galbraith of the University of Toronto, Dr. Otto Klotz, Dr. A. T. Hobbs, A. C. Chisholm, D. Nuir, T. H. Bulloch, J. H. H. Jury, C. E. Kelly, W. M. Griffith, J. A. Stewart, Dr. G. Lenox Curtis, Fred E. Farnsworth, H. Denton White, and Robert J. Hillas.

Fifty Canadians who came from the Dominion and Boston to attend the dinner, together with a number of their countrymen in this city, were guests at a luncheon yesterday at the Engineers' Club, 32 West Fortieth Street, given by T. Kennard Thomson, President of the Canadian Club.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships—Departures.

Among the passengers arriving from Europe yesterday were:

PRESIDENT LINCOLN (Hamburg.)—Prof. Oscar Abrahamson, Mrs. Samuel G. Blythe, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Carlstrom, Mrs. Josephine D. Churchward, Miss Louise Condit-Smith, Mrs. J. Van Deventer, George S. Eddy, C. K. Hyde, Mrs. C. M. Hyde, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Mattison, Dr. and Mrs. Peter Murray, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Reid, the Baroness von Richthofen, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Webb, and the Rev. and Mrs. M. Lloyd Woolsey.

RYNDAM (Rotterdam.)—W. A. Abbott, commander the Baron de Blommaert; Lieut. Maurice Delvoie, Lieut. E. R. V. van Dooren, and Lieut. H. W. C. E. Mathon of the Royal Belgian Army; Mrs. Anna Boone, Mr. and Mrs. Pedro M. Davila, Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand M. De Potter, Mr. and Mrs. E. Durand, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Law, H. C. Lovejoy, and Mrs. John Shephard.

GROSSER KURFUERST (Bremen.)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alfred Andresen, Capt. Gustav Blokhus, Mrs. C. E. Chamberlain, Dr. Arthur Erler, Ralph W. Galbraith, Albert von Hoffmann, and John Barry.

Among the passengers booked to sail for Europe to-day are:

FINLAND (Antwerp.)—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adam, Miss Helene Bulger, Edward W. Byron, Lewis T. Byron, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram J. Dunlap, A. Fiala, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. James, Dr. and Mrs. John Klein, Ernest Logrand, Mr. and Mrs L. C. Ritchie, Francis G. Shaw, and J. H. Stagg.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Williams Sail.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Llewellyn Williams have sailed for Europe on their honeymoon, and will spend the Winter on the Riviera, returning to New York early next Spring. Mrs. Williams is the youngest daughter of Simon Uhlman, President of the Brooklyn Elevated Railway, and Mr. Williams is the youngest son of the Rev. Byron Williams of Chichester, England, and a nephew of the late Dean of Hereford. His brother-in-law is Thomas C. Dawson, brother of C. Trevor Dawson, R. N.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

Starting Troubles
POSITIVELY ELIMINATED

by new Model "Y" Kingston carburetor as are used on 1913 Ford cars. Also give greater power and flexibility on less fuel. Users and dealers should write or call for terms of exchange.

WM. E. KEMP,
1,733 Broadway.

Beautiful pair cinnamon bear robes, $30, cost $200; also chauffeur's fur coat, $30, cost $175. Dr. Garnett, private garage, 142 West 37th.

FOR WIDER USE OF SCHOOLS.

Miss Hay Urges Clubwomen to Work for Evening Dances and Music.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—The extending of welcomes on behalf of city and State, the reports of officers, committees, and district Chairmen, interesting addresses and the nomination of officers for election for the year made to-day's sessions of the eighteenth annual convention of the State Federation of Women's Clubs unusually busy.

The features of this evening's sessions were talks by the Rev. Charles Stelzle and Walter M. Chandler. Stelzle's topic was "Social Problems in American Cities," and Chandler's "The Republic of the Fathers."

To-morrow's programme includes the presentation of papers and their discussion by prominent women workers, with reports from branches of civic work undertaken by the clubs. In the evening the members of the Albany women's clubs will hold a reception for the visitors.

In her report, presented at this afternoon's session, Miss Mary Garrett Hay of New York, President, urged clubwomen to work for the opening of schoolrooms and gymnasiums for evening dances and music, that young persons might enjoy simple pleasures in proper environments. She spoke of woman's place on the boards of State institutions and reviewed briefly the achievements of the administration. The Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. John F. Yawger of New York, reported that more than 7,000 items had attention in the year. The Treasurer's report showed a balance of more than $700, with the year's expenditures amounting to $2,134.

The Nominating Committee reported the following officers for election:

President—Mrs. Frank Shuler, Buffalo; First Vice President—Miss Mary Wood, New York; Second Vice President—Miss Florence Guernsey, New York; Recording Secretary—Mrs. L. M. Day, Sidney; Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. A. E. Hubbard, Buffalo; Treasurer—Mrs. John W. Ford, Waterford; General Federation Secretary—Mrs. Stephen D. Stephens, Staten Island. Directors—Mrs. Gardner Raymond, Rochester; Mrs. William Grant Brown, New York; Miss Alice H. Neafie, Goshen, and Mrs. W. F. Fessenden, Kingston.

Miss Wood requested that her name be withdrawn as a candidate for First Vice President, saying she desired to be continued as Chairman of the Public Service Committee. The names of Mrs. Eugene J. Grant of Brooklyn and Mrs. J. Hedges Crowell of New York were placed in nomination from the floor.

The committee's report for the other officers was accepted. The polls will be open from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. on Thursday next.

The principal address at this afternoon's session was made by Howard H. Cross, President of the National Soil Fertility League. He urged the delegates to work for the application of scientific methods of agriculture through co-operation with National and State Governments.

FINE 50 FOR SMOKING AUTOS.

Offending Drivers, Caught in Fifth Avenue, Enrich City by $134.

Fifty drivers, caught in Fifth Avenue with smoking automobiles, were penalized in the Magistrates' Courts yesterday with fines that increased the wealth of the city by $134.

Magistrate Butts in the Harlem Court imposed fines of $2 in twenty cases. Magistrate O'Connor in the Jefferson Market Court, decided on $3 as the fine for twenty-eight cases, while Magistrate Appleton, having only two cases, was able, nevertheless, to make the returns $10.

CHILD SLAYER TO BE FREED.

Kings County Man Twice Aided by Commutation of Sentence.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—After serving twenty years in Sing Sing for a murder committed in 1892, Peter Schultz of Kings County is to be freed. Gov. Dix to-day commuted his life sentence to twenty years and fourteen days, so that the State Parole Board may order his parole when it meets next week.

Schultz was convicted of killing a baby three months old and was sentenced to be put to death, but the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

The State has established a policy of releasing life convicts on parole when they have served twenty years, the minimum sentence now imposed for conviction of murder, second degree.

Crisis in Rayner's Case Due To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The condition of Senator Isidor Rayner of Maryland, who is critically ill in his home here, remained unchanged to-night. It is expected that the crisis will be reached to-morrow.

TYPISTS IN 'RACE' FOR SPEED RECORD

A Real Marathon for World's Championship, and a Girl Appears to Lead.

A DAY'S WORK IN AN HOUR

Nimble Fingers Touch Off 113 to 117 Words a Minute for an Average—Male Champion Seems Beaten.

The one-hour typewriting Marathon for the championship of the world was the feature event at the Business Show in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory last night, and thirty girl athletes of the keyboard faced the starter's tin horn, lined up in a double column at their desks on the stage improvised in the rear gallery of the armory. The six men entered were hopelessly lost in the shuffle.

The young women, ranging from 18 years to 23, they said, some in evening gowns but most of them in office dress, looking in the pink of condition and fit for the typewriting race of their lives, chattered nervously until at 7:17 "Prof." J. N. Kimball, the official starter, shouted: "Have your paper ready." Then followed a tense, silent five minutes.

"Get on your keys. Set. Go," came the starter's instructions. At the toot of the horn they were off, 400 nimble fingers flying over the keyboards, some bending low over their machine like drivers of racing automobiles, others sitting up very straight and outwardly calm, making speed with a lighter and faster touch than their sisters who pounded. It was as exciting as the Vanderbilt Cup race, with perfume substituted for gasoline.

Some wore dark green celluloid eyeshades; all were flushed and nervous at first until after the first five minutes they forgot where they were and settled down to the long mechanical grind of typewriting from printed copy. Contrary to all traditions, not one chewed gum. None looked once at the incessantly clicking keys, not one made an unnecessary motion. When a page was finished it was jerked out, thrown on the floor, and a fresh sheet inserted with no appreciable pause. It was in each case a mechanically perfect operation.

"Say; they do a day's work in an hour!" was the surprised comment of one bald business man, who evidently knew stenographers when not on exhibition work.

When the blast of the tin toy horn announced that the sixty minutes were up, thirty exhausted girls breathed a sigh of relief and promptly fell to talking. A man with a stop watch said that all records had been smashed, and there was much speculation on the part of the contestants' friends and the visitors as to who had done the smashing. On form it looked as if little Miss Wilson, who annexed the Pacific Coast championship at Spokane a few months ago, would be the winner, although H. O. Blaisdell, last year's world's champion, was not without his supporters.

At midnight the judges announced that the contest was so exceedingly close, that no winners could be announced until all the papers had been gone over again. But from an authoritative source it was learned that Miss Florence E. Wilson had apparently won the "race" with an average of 117 words a minute, while H. O. Blaisdell was just a nose ahead of Miss Rose L. Fritz for second place, with 114 and 113 words respectively. There are medals for first and second, with temporary possession of the coveted $1,000 silver trophy for the champion.

The speed queens go into strict training before the big races. "Training is half the battle," Miss Fritz told a TIMES reporter. "For two or three months before a contest I practice not less than two hours a day, typewriting continuously at high speed. I lead the simple life and observe all the rules of good health."

Petite Miss Wilson, the probable winner of this year's contest and who lost last year's competition by one word a minute, was not so strict with her training. She confessed to 18 years and added: "I find I eat pickles and pie rather more frequently just before a contest."

DO THEIR MINING HERE.

State Department Classes New York as Diamond Field—for Promoters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Regarding "diamond bonanzas" in South America, there is plenty of information for the benefit of American investors on file in the State Department, but what the output of the Brazilian diamond fields is at the present time cannot be stated accurately.

"The United States and Great Britain, especially New York, Chicago, and London," says one report on file in the State Department, "are the chief fields of operations for a number of promoters, who never have done any mining except in those cities. A number of so-called mining companies are soliciting stock subscriptions in the United States, whose officers are not even certain where their property, or land they claim as property, lies.

"The President of a diamond mining company having offices in New York wrote a letter recently to ask how close a city of Brazil, near which his company claims property, was to a railroad. And yet this company probably is selling stock upon statements which give a most glowing account of the country in general, and the special claims of this property in richness and accessibility.

"On the other hand, there are several reputable companies in the field who are working claims in good faith and which may succeed. It is a notable fact, however, certified to by men who have had long experience in matters relating to the Brazilian mining fields, that not a single mining company operating in what is known as the gold and diamond fields of Brazil has paid a dividend."

The reports of mining experts indicate that diamonds and gold are to be found in a large territory of Brazil. The diamonds, however, are not found as they are in South Africa, in large pockets. In Brazil they are found in small pockets covering many thousand square miles of territory. It is impossible to count upon the value of a property by preliminary surveys or guesses by engineers, and practical mining operations must be done with machinery which cannot be transported easily on mule back.

CAN'T STOP MAIL DRIVERS.

Court Holds They Can Only Be Reported for Violating Traffic Rules.

In discharging Arthur Epstein, United States mail wagon driver, in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday, after he had been arrested by a traffic policeman for violation of the rules of the road, Magistrate O'Connor rendered a decision to the effect that whenever a driver of a United States mail wagon or automobile breaks the law while engaged in carrying the mails the police officer should get his name, and if he refuses to give it, his number, and then report the matter to the United States Post Office authorities, and have him produced in court on the charge, but not to arrest him on the spot and thus hold up and delay the mails.

The traffic policeman arrested Epstein for failing to observe traffic regulations in lower Fifth Avenue several days ago.

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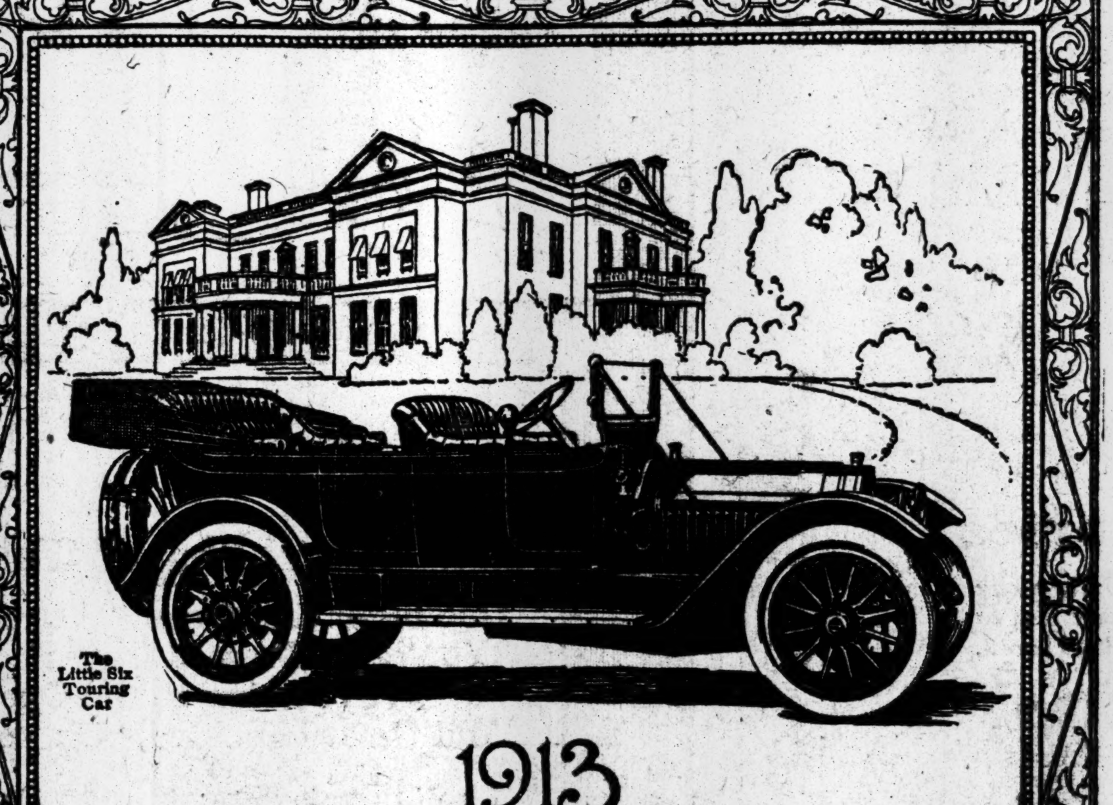

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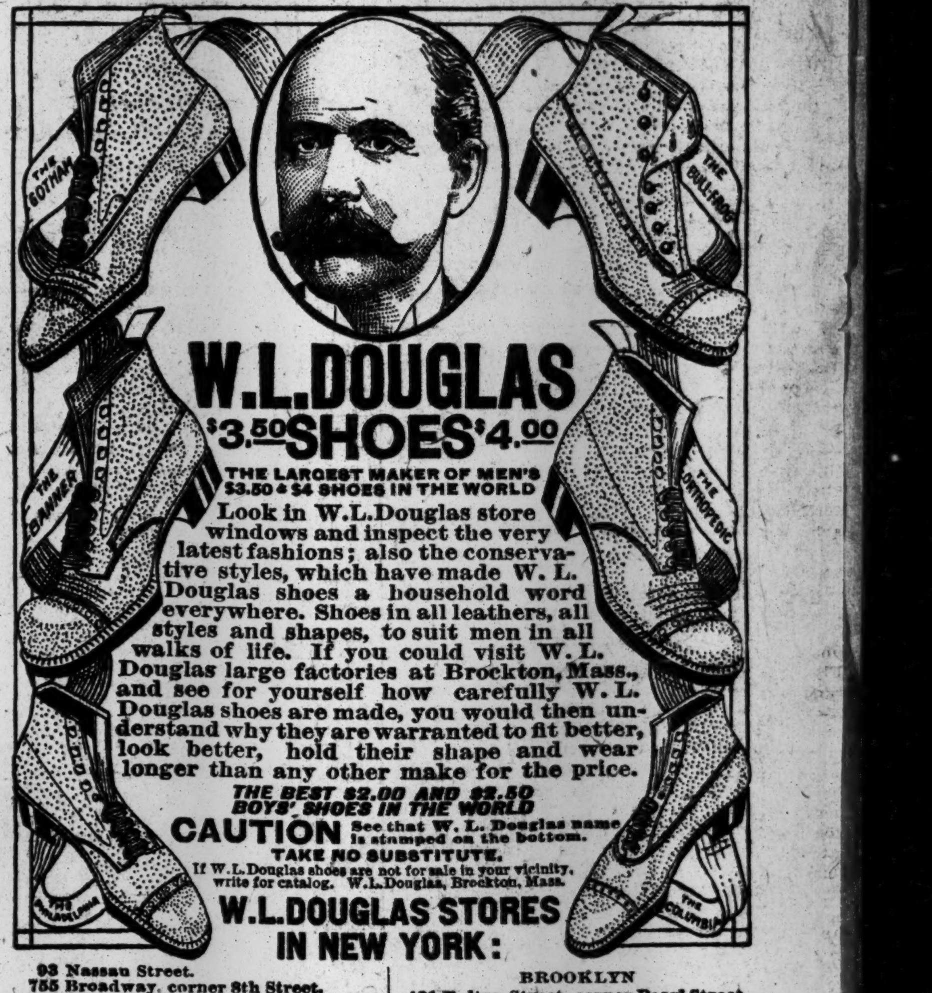

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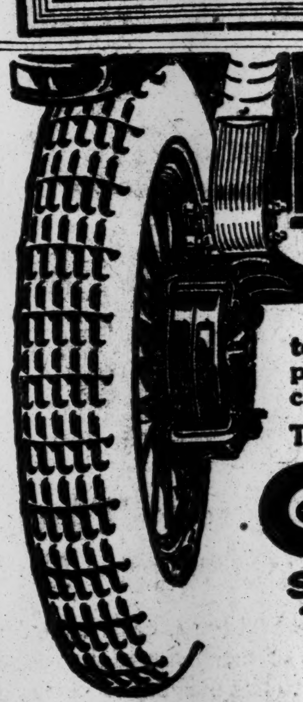

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The New York Times
Sunday, December 8

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HARD PRACTICE FOR YALE TEAM

Absence of Flynn and Ketcham Fails to Weaken 'Varsity in Game with Scrubs.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 12.—One of the two days of hard football billed for this week was fought through this afternoon by the Yale football squad, a thirty-minute scrimmage between the 'Varsity and scrubs yielding the regulars some touchdowns. The score of coaches present were pleased with the attack, and the fact that "Lefty" Flynn, Yale's great score producer, was not in the line-up indicated to the coaches that the team is powerful and clever in gaining ground without its star.

Ketcham, the backbone of the rush line, was also rested, and Talbot played little. This trio is easily the stellar combination of the eleven, and its withdrawal did not affect the remainder nearly as badly as the coaches feared it might.

The greatest variety of attack of any time this season was shown, wing shifts alternating with forward passes and well screened fakes, and the scrubs were unable to fathom the infantry march. In all three cases the advance toward the scrubs' goal was continuous. Twice, however, late in the scrimmaging the 'Varsity fumbled, the scrubs taking the ball once to the regulars' 20-yard line, but proving unable to progress further. Pumpelly, Flynn's successor, and still a dark-horse candidate for a first string place, was used for the first field march, and he finally took the ball across on a tackle plunge. He kicked his own goal, and Markle, who entered the game at this juncture, was driven for the plays that netted the second score, kicking his own goal. Cornell, who came into the play late in the period, circled an end for the third touchdown, and Philbin kicked this goal, making the final score 21 to 0.

The practice marked the reappearance in scrimmage work of the veteran Douglas Bomeister. He played the first half of the session at left end without injury and in his former dashing trim. Carl Gallauer, who has held the position all the Fall, was used at tackle part of the practice.

Gallauer has been rather slow, and there is a possibility that he will go back to tackle for the big games. This was his position last season. The two Warrens, Bill and Bunny, played the tackles most of the afternoon. Wheeler was used at quarter back the first fifteen minutes of work, and is now regarded the regular holder of the berth, although the two injured applicants for it, "Doc" Cornish and Frank Loftus, played in part of the drill. Cornell succeeded Wheeler for fully ten minutes. Baker, Markle, Beckert, and Dietz were the backs used as reserves.

For the first time in three weeks Billy Martin was used at centre, replacing Ketcham. Martin was showing whirlwind class when he was injured, but he will go to the Princeton and Harvard games as first reserve snap back, Norman Read having been switched to guard.

LIGHT WORK FOR CRIMSON.

Scrub Team to be Turned Loose Against 'Varsity To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 12.—Harvard secret practice session to-day was devoted to work between the regulars and the substitutes, the scrub team continuing to brush up on Dartmouth's plays, which will be turned loose against the 'Varsity to-morrow or Thursday. The scrimmage to-day was not a hard one, in that there was no tackling, but for all that the men were thoroughly tired when the day's work was over. The 'Varsity made no attempt to rush the ball across the substitutes' goal line, the only bit of scoring offense being a drop kick by Brickley, which was successful from the scrubs' 35-yard line. Brickley has hurt his leg a little, and consequently will not be in the scrimmage that surely will be held before Harvard goes against Hanover eleven.

Trumbull was back in the line-up again to-day at right guard, so that the team was complete once more. Trumbull's side is bothering him no longer, and while his work will be light for the remainder of the week, it seems assured that he will be in the next two games. Capt. Wendell was in most of the work-out to-day, and his ankle did not interfere with his playing. In fact, the Harvard Captain is in as good shape as he ever was, and also seems to have benefited by his enforced three weeks' rest.

Improvement at Ithaca.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 12.—With three elevens engaged in signal drill and scrimmages and the 'Varsity charging into the scrubs for an hour at the close of practice to develop the attack and test the efficiency of the new plays the Cornell football squad put in a strenuous afternoon in preparation for the coming game with Michigan, which will be played at Ann Arbor Saturday. The team will leave here Thursday evening for Detroit. Sharpe got right behind the backs to-day and sent them crashing into the strong freshman team time after time. The 'Varsity kept possession of the ball, making sometimes consistent advances and sometimes being checked by fumbles, but on the whole Butler, who drove the team for the first time in a week, got a lot of snap out of the backfield, and improvement was noticeable with him at the helm. Sharpe ordered the new plays which were kept under cover in the Dartmouth game tried out and polished up, and some of them looked pretty good. The forwards opened up good holes for the backs, and they plowed through for encouraging gains at times.

New Plays at Dartmouth.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 12.—There is more than a possibility that Saturday's game will hinge upon a goal from touchdown, and both Englehorn and Barends to-day received a thorough drill from angles of kickouts. Several new plays were evolved during the day's practice from formations which will not be revealed before the day of the game. In practice against the freshmen the offense was especially good, and the scrimmage session was valuable in giving an opportunity to measure the team against an opponent which was not. Dartmouth's football season reached the beginning of the end to-day, with an unusually long and hard session, in which the coaches devoted their time to finishing details and a long scrimmage with the freshmen. To-morrow the eleven will be given its last scrimmage. Thursday will be devoted to a short signal drill, and the Dartmouth season will have reached its climax.

Warned Against Overconfidence.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 12.—That Coach Warner of the Carlisle Indians has been duly impressed by Pennsylvania's return to fighting form was evidenced this afternoon by a bristling talk he gave his football braves before practice, in which he cautioned them against overconfidence, and told them that friends of the Indians who had seen the Michigan game report that the Quakers have found themselves at last. That the redskins felt keenly the import of Warner's remarks was later shown by the serious attitude they displayed all through the hard afternoon's practice. Beginning with tackling and body blocking against the dummy, falling on the ball, and like rudiments, the redskins in secret practice worked on signals for their new plays, and in the concluding scrimmage of thirty minutes, lasting until darkness, the intensity of effort was distinctly apparent.

Fordham's Sick List Grows.

A gruelling scrimmage with the High School of Commerce eleven finished yesterday's drill for the Fordham squad. The schoolboys put up a strong defense against the Maroon's open attack and nipped their plays before they had got under headway. Commerce's speedy ends and the absence of Quarter Back Schaffmeister did not give the Fordham coaches an opportunity to try out the effectiveness of the new plays especially designed for the Stevens game Saturday. Acting Capt. Hinchliffe is on the sick list with a bad cold and has not taken part in the daily practice this week. Elliffe, who is the track Captain and the fastest man on the team, who covered the left wing position on the eleven in every game played to date, may not play again this season.

TIGERS TIE WITH SCRUBS.

President Hibben Watches Princeton Players at Secret Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 12.—If the quality of Princeton's work this week is comparable to the quantity of the scrimmage that the Tigers are subject to there should be considerable confidence over the result against Yale on Saturday. Again to-day the Tigers were rushed through almost an hour and a half of continuous scrimmage, and once again the 'Varsity left the field with the score a tie. This time it was 9 to 9. The scrub attack was strengthened by Pete Thompson and Mike Boland, both of whom are ineligible for 'Varsity honors, and the Tigers were pushed hard at every stage.

All of the regulars got into the mêlée to-day, and all of them came out of it in good shape. The squad of coaches, which now numbers eighteen, followed every play like sleuths. They were joined to-day by "Bill" Roper, '02, last year's head of the Graduate Advisory Committee, who was paying his first visit of the year, and also Bert Wheeler, Garry Cochran, and Mike Bergen.

The scrubs took the lead early in the scrimmage, when they pushed the ball within the shadow of the 'Varsity goal, and Boland scored a field goal from the twenty-five yard line. Thompson followed a little later with a touchdown on a mass play. "Hobe" Baker made the first 'Varsity score with an accurate field goal from the thirty-five yard line. The first team's lone score came late in the scrimmage, when Harry Waller, substituting at end for Wight, scooped up a fumbled punt and covered fifty yards to the goal line. It was the third time this year that Waller has turned this trick and forced himself into the limelight.

Princeton's secret work was no ban for President Hibben, and for half an hour the Princeton executive marched up and down the side lines with the coaches, many times asking questions of the football directors.

Rutherford Wins Pennant.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Nov. 12.—Rutherford High School's football team won the pennant in the Northern New Jersey Interscholastic League to-day by defeating the Hackensack High School eleven at Rutherford. The score was 13 to 0. Rutherford's two scores were made on dazzling trick plays. In the second period Rutherford was held on the ten-yard line on a fake kick formation. Wallace shot the ball to Hillhouse, who in turn threw a forward pass to Whitehill. He was downed a half yard from the goal line, from where Hillhouse went over. Brown kicked the goal. In the last quarter Hackensack held again when their goal was threatened. Cook, receiving a direct pass fifteen yards behind scrimmage, shot the ball to Whitehill, who threw a forward pass to Klein for a touchdown. Brown failed at the goal.

"Cap" Redden to Keep Yost.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 12.—"Cap" Redden, a member of the Michigan football teams of 1900-3, has come to Ann Arbor to assist Coach Yost in preparing the 'Varsity for the Cornell game Saturday. Secret practice has been ordered for the remainder of the week, and strenuous efforts are to be put forth to have the team in the best possible shape for the game, which is the biggest of the season on Perry Field. Several of the men who were injured at Philadelphia Saturday are getting back into form. Paterson is the only one whose condition causes apprehension. He probably will start against Cornell, but his ankle is not expected to last through the contest.

Lehigh Prepares for Lafayette.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 12.—Although two weeks off, Lehigh started to-day practicing for the Lafayette game. New plays were outlined and new signals given the men. Consideration, however, will be given for the coming game with Muhlenberg on this Saturday. All the 'Varsity men were out to-day, having profited by yesterday's lay-off, and for the first time in a couple of weeks there are no seriously injured men. However, most of the 'Varsity are still muscle stiff, and the half-hour scrimmage to-day was somewhat ragged. Hoban and Goyne scored twice for the 'Varsity and Chenoweth for the scrubs.

Changes in Navy Line-Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 12.—Some changes were made in the line-up of the Naval Academy team this afternoon, the most notable being the transferring of McReavy from left end to half back. Capt. Rodes, Leonard, and Harrison made up the balance of the back field and Ingram succeeded McReavy later in the game. Howe, the big left guard, was battered up to some extent in Saturday's game and took a rest this afternoon. There was no special encouragement in the work of the navy team to-day, though it succeeded in scoring against the scrubs three times. Lieut. Jonas Ingram, formerly a noted back at the Naval Academy, joined the coaching staff this afternoon.

Manual Training to Play Commerce.

The Manual Training High School football eleven will line up against the team of the High School of Commerce Saturday at Commercial Field. Commerce is the only obstacle which Manual must overcome in order to win the championship of the greater city, and an exciting game is expected. Both teams are paying especial attention to their training for this contest.

No Charge for This Football Game.

The annual football game between Adelphi and Poly Prep will be played at Washington Park, Brooklyn, Friday, Nov. 15. On account of President Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club donating the use of the grounds free of charge, admission to the game will be by invitation only. Tickets can be secured from the football committees of the two institutions.

Good Run for English Hounds.

Special to The New York Times.

MEADOW BROOK, L. I., Nov. 12.—With the Indian Summer weather of the past few days members of the Meadow Brook Hunt are taking advantage of the runs which are held now every day, the fox hounds alternating with the drag hounds. This afternoon the English pack met at East Norwich, and, crossing the property of many well-known farmers, checked at the Syosset schoolhouse, and finished at P. K. Hudson's place, after making an almost complete circle. Those out among others were Jeremiah Beall, David Dows, Philip Stevenson, Leo Martin, and Huntsman Comins, and the whips. The fox hounds will meet to-morrow morning at 7:30 o'clock at Jericho. The drag hounds meet again Wednesday at Brookville Church at 3:30 P. M.

Dogs Unable to Keep Trail.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 12.—The hounds entered in the All-Aged Stake at the annual meeting of the Fox Hunters' Association at Crab Orchard to-day were out for the second trial this morning, and, as on yesterday, several foxes were jumped; but owing to dry weather it was difficult for the dogs to keep the trail, and, after several efforts, the hunt was declared off for to-day. Should rain fall during the night the Derby for puppies will be the feature of to-morrow. The bench show will be held to-morrow afternoon.

T. P. Burgess Buys Karina.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—The purchaser of the three-masted schooner yacht Karina, which won the Brenton's Reef Cup two years ago, was announced to-day as Theodore P. Burgess of this city, a member of the New York Yacht Club. The Karina was built two years ago by former Commodore Robert E. Tod of the Atlantic Yacht Club, and is one of the largest schooner yachts in the world.

Oakland Athletic Club Officers.

At a meeting of the newly organized Oakland Athletic Club held on Thursday evening at the clubhouse, 179th Street and Crotona Parkway, the following officers were elected for the coming year: President, William G. Marr; Vice President, Charles Griffin; Treasurer, John O'Brien; Financial Secretary, Charles Vollmer; Recording and Corresponding Secretary, James Daly; Sergeant at Arms, John Donnelly; Warden, Ambrose E. Forman.

Registration Committee Increase.

As the result of a mail vote taken among the members of the Metropolitan Association A. A. U. it has been determined to increase the number of members of the Registration Committee in this district from three to five. This finding will be acted upon at the annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, to be held in the Waldorf-Astoria.

Morris Knocks Out Keating.

ATLANTA, Nov. 12.—Carl Morris, the heavyweight pugilist, who was for a time the leading "White Hope," knocked out Jack Keating, the Canadian heavyweight champion, in the second round of a scheduled ten-round bout here to-night. Three right uppercuts to the chin put Keating down for a count of nine, and Morris put him out a few seconds later with a left blow to the body. Keating was carried from the ring and did not revive until after he reached the dressing room.

FORMER CHAMPIONS WIN AT BILLIARDS

George Sutton Beats Al. Taylor and Calvin Demarest Leads Kodji Yamada.

Two clean-cut victories marked the second night's play in the world's championship 18.2 balkline billiard tournament in the Belvidere of the Hotel Astor which showed Calvin Demarest a winner over Kodji Yamada, the Japanese expert, by 500 to 280 and George Sutton a victor from Al. Taylor by 500 to 201. Sutton made the best average of the night's games, with 20 20-24, Demarest falling away below what it might have been had he not fallen into a slump during the period between his nineteenth and twenty-sixth innings, when he netted but 20 points. Both winners were former champions.

Provision was made for the doing away with the possibility of the tables becoming spread with leafage, each being sheltered with a light canvas draped from the ceiling. There was a bumper attendance of devotees of the game, the majority of whom were gathered at the Demarest-Yamada match in anticipation of seeing the son of Nippon duplicate some of the wonderful things he has been doing in his preliminary work.

He was apparently handicapped with a badly turned ball which seemed to roll off almost on the slightest provocation. This warranted his apparent chariness in the playing of close billiards, and he was compelled to resort to open table work as a general thing. He showed himself to be a player not to be bothered by an opponent's big lead, and it was during the latter stages of his match that he showed his best billiards, being unafraid to go after any sort of shot in an endeavor for a second shot.

Demarest gave ample testimony in spots that he is playing strong balk line with a total of fourteen double figure runs, three of which were over the 50 mark, with his best in an inning being 79. He developed several times a tendency to foul, and was clearly fussed during the latter stages of his match.

Demarest ran two from the break after winning the bank, which he supplemented in his next inning with 16, an end being put to his further counting by a foul. Yamada responded with a bunch of 19 in his third essay, the concluding shot of which was a beautiful massé, the cue ball describing a perfect semi-circle. He slipped up on a rather long draw from a ball glued to the side rail.

After amassing 16 in his fourth inning, Demarest was compelled to resort to a three-cushion which just missed. Yamada thereupon took up the work, and coaxed out 35 by dint of all-around billiards. Demarest fouled again after scoring two in his fifth time at the table, and seemed on a fair way to "run some" in his next try when he gathered 24, most of which were tallied by the nicest line play of the tournament to date.

This type of play was duplicated in his next inning by the American, when he annexed the fine total of 99 for an aggregate of 140 by capital work. Up to the seventieth count, as a rule, close billiards prevailed. At this stage he was forced to a two-cushion gather in an endeavor to get them together, but as he proceeded he kept making each succeeding shot harder, with the result that a draw put an end to his tallying.

For the next three innings he had every appearance of having "struck his gait," when he amassed 36, 51, and 31 to his eleventh inning, inclusive. His misses in two cases were brought about by failure to make single carroms, while in the others he was kissed off on an around the table try. In his thirteenth inning he made a beautiful bank shot with the first object ball a foot away from the side rail and the second ball two feet further away. During this period he was kissed out of position four times.

Demarest in his next essay contributed 63 for a total of 334. He rounded the 300 mark with the play at that stage of the centre-table nurse variety, eventually slipping up on a simple draw. Yamada had a bit of hard luck in his fourteenth inning, when he failed to get the spheres out of balk on his sixth shot. Demarest was thereupon compelled to hurdle the white ball for a count immediately following this, but his stay at the table was short-lived, as he retired after scoring 8. In his sixteenth inning, during which he added 39 to his score, his thirty-third tally was a beautifully executed massé. In the next inning, in which Yamada scored 27, he made a massé a foot long which rather tended to show his strength in that department of the game. He finally slipped up on an around-the-table shot, which he missed by the proverbial hair.

Demarest's eighteenth inning showed the corraling of 47, which carried him well by the 400 mark. The summary:

Demarest—2, 16, 0, 16, 2, 1, 24, 79, 36, 51, 31, 3, 10, 63, 8, 39, 6, 47, 1, 0, 8, 0, 0, 13, 0, 0, 23, 9, 2, 15—500.

Yamada—0, 2, 19, 35, 5, 6, 2, 15, 1, 2, 11, 3, 0, 5, 6, 14, 27, 0, 4, 0, 45, 0, 5, 16, 42, 1, 15, 1, 0—280.

High runs—Demarest, 79, 63, 51; Yamada, 43, 42, 35. Averages—Demarest, 16 20-30; Yamada, 9 19-29. Referee—Thomas Gallagher.

Sutton played his usual careful game, and although he started away in the poorest form imaginable, making two absolute misses in his first three times at the table, he soon redeemed himself with aggregations of 71 and 114 in his fourth and sixth innings, which almost put him out of sight of his Milwaukee opponent. His best run was terminated by the miss of a single cushion carrom which appeared to be more carelessness than anything else.

Taylor started off well and tallied 49 in his opening inning, which proved to be his best effort at any time at the table. From then on his drawing of zero marks proved most distressing to his followers. The summary:

Sutton—2 0 0 71 19 114 0 17 12 3 31 0 2 16 65 12 25 0 6 12 5 46 0 42—500.

Taylor—49 0 0 10 1 1 30 5 0 0 1 0 24 1 2 0 0 9 5 29 7 14 13—201.

High runs: Sutton—114, 71, 65; Taylor—49, 30, 29. Averages: Sutton—20 20-24; Taylor—8 17-23. Referee—A. G. Cutler.

This afternoon's games will bring together Slosson vs. Taylor and Sutton vs. Cline, while the evening session will show Hoppe vs. Yamada and Demarest vs. Morningstar.

Harlem Class C Billiards.

Two games were decided last night in the second night's play of the amateur Class C 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. In the first contest D. Donahue defeated C. Willard by the score of 50 to 21 in 30 innings. The winner made a high run of 20 points and averaged 1 20-30. The contestants in the second game were J. Adler and D. E. Conway, and after 33 innings of play the latter was returned the winner by the score of 50 to 21. Conway made a high run of 9 points and averaged 1 17-33. The tournament will be continued this evening, when two games will be decided.

Harris Defeats Jones.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Dr. Harris of Chicago defeated Frank Jones of Philadelphia, 50 to 38, in the National Three Cushion Billiard League game here to-night. Each had a high run of 4. Eighty-five innings were played.

Long Island A. C. Runs.

The Long Island A. C., which has been successfully promoting weekly cross-country runs from the clubhouse every Sunday morning, will continue the runs until Dec. 8, when the season will close. The events are contested over a dirt course of approximately four and one-tenth miles and all club athletes are invited. On the closing date the club has arranged a special run, sanctioned by the A. A. U., for which prizes will be offered to the first three to finish the course. Among those who are expected to start are Billy Kramer, the "Cross-Country King," a member of the club; Harry J. Smith, Dave Noble, James Plant, Henry Kramer, Sid Leslie, Tom Carroll, High Carroll, Eddie Jordan, A. Hundermark, E. Hasselmeyer, H. Rapport, and S. Kominsky. The run will be started immediately after the club's regular run.

Melrose A. A. Indoor Games.

The annual athletic carnival and reception of the Millrose Athletic Association will be held Saturday evening, Jan. 18, 1913, at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. In the programme of events there are many features to bring together the pick of the athletic talent of the metropolitan district. The events include 70-yard dash, 440-yard dash, 600-yard run, 1,000-yard run, the Millrose road race, the Rodman Wanamaker two-mile handicap, one-mile walk, five-mile bicycle race, one-mile club relay, two-mile M. A. A. relay, one-mile C. A. L. relay, and the Y. M. C. A. relay. Entry blanks can be procured from A. F. O'Connor, Irish-American A. C., and Seventy-first Regiment, Dieges and Clust, and the Millrose Athletic Association, 784 Broadway.

WOOD LEADS PITCHERS.

Official Records Place Boston Crack First with 34 Victories.

The official pitching records of the American League were issued yesterday and differ only slightly from the unofficial records published in THE TIMES at the close of the season. Smokey Joe Wood leads the pitchers with 34 wins and 5 defeats, giving him a percentage of .872, which will go down as one of the best pitching records of recent years. Eddie Plank of the Athletics was second on the honor list with 26 wins and 6 defeats, while Walter Johnson of Washington was third on the list with 32 wins and 12 defeats. Johnson and Ed Walsh were the iron men of the season, each having pitched in 44 games.

The New York pitchers made a sorry showing in the records. Not one of the Yankees' pitchers ranked above the .500 mark, which easily explains why they were in last place. The deposed Jack Quinn had the best record of the Yankee staff with 5 wins and 7 defeats. George McConnell was the next Yankee to figure anywhere at all, with 8 wins and 12 defeats.

Walter Johnson was easily the strike-out king, and during the season fanned 303 batsmen. Wood of Boston fanned 258, and Ed Walsh made 254 whiff the breeze. Kahler of Cleveland was the most liberal pitcher in the league, and issued 121 passes, while Dubuc of Detroit walked 109.

One of the surprises of the pitchers' records is the poor showing made by Russell Ford of the Yankees. Ford, who has been rated as a top-notch pitcher until this season, won 13 games and lost 21, giving him an average of 382.

Ed Walsh made more balks than any other pitcher, having 5 during the season. Despite Walsh's great record, he was hit more than any other pitcher, his opponents making 332 hits of his delivery. More runs were made off Russell Ford than any other pitcher, no less than 165 tallies having been counted while he was on the slab.

Johnson, and Jack Warhop of the Yankees, were the wild men of the league, each of them hitting 16 batsmen. Dubuc was also as wild as a hawk, and he led the league in wild pitches, with 16.

The records of the pitchers whose averages were better than .500 are as follows:

Name and Club.	G.	H.	B.B.	S.O.	W.	L.	P.C.
Wood, Boston	43	267	82	258	34	5	.872
Plank, Phila	37	234	83	110	26	6	.813
Johnson, Wash	50	259	76	303	32	12	.727
Coombs, Phila	40	227	94	120	21	10	.677
Bedient, Boston	41	206	55	122	20	10	.667
Baskette, Cleve	29	109	46	51	8	4	.667
Hall, Boston	34	178	70	83	15	8	.652
Groom, Wash	43	287	94	179	24	13	.649
Cashion, Wash	26	150	103	84	11	6	.647
R. Collins, Boston	27	192	42	82	14	8	.636
Dubuc, Detroit	37	217	109	97	17	10	.630
Bender, Phila	27	169	33	90	13	8	.619
Walsh, Chicago	62	332	94	254	27	17	.614
Gregg, Cleve	37	242	90	184	20	13	.606
O'Brien, Boston	37	237	90	115	18	13	.581
Hughes, Wash	31	201	78	108	13	10	.565
Blanding, Cleve	39	259	79	75	18	14	.563
Car'l Brown, Phila	35	204	87	64	13	11	.542
Willett, Detroit	37	281	84	89	17	15	.531
Steen, Cleve	26	163	45	61	9	8	.529
Cicotte, Bos. & Chi.	29	217	52	90	10	10	.500
Lange, Chicago	31	161	68	96	10	10	.500
Houck, Phila	30	148	74	75	8	8	.500
Pape, Boston	13	74	16	17	1	1	.500

SLIDING SCALE SALARY.

National Association of Minor Leagues Likely to Adopt Limit.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 12.—A "sliding scale" salary limit probably will be adopted by the National Association of Minor Leagues, it was said here to-night by magnates who discussed the matter at the brief opening session of the association's annual meeting to-day. According to a plan informally broached, a limit for each league, graded according to its class, will be proposed, and after some possible adjustment of detail will become a rule, the magnates predicted.

Serious opposition to a salary limit that they thought would tend to "impair the quality of baseball" developed among representatives of the American Association and the International League. Some magnates appeared afraid of confusion from the "sliding scale," and several favored deposit with the league President of all players' salary money and a penalty for payment to a player of sums other than the acknowledged contract price.

After President M. H. Sexton called the meeting to order reports were read, routine preliminary business was disposed of, credentials examined, and committees appointed. In the crowd which thronged a hotel where the meeting was held were the leading baseball men of the country, all denying that they were selling or buying, yet all cautiously inquiring about new and promising players.

The salary limit question will be the principal matter of official business to appear before the association at its meetings to-morrow and the day after. It would not be settled without a fight, it was agreed, and the contention promised to extend the meeting by a prolonged wrangle.

President Charles W. Murphy and Manager John Evers of the Chicago National League Club appeared at the meeting, but neither would admit more interest in the proceedings than a desire to promote personal friendship with American baseball men. They laughed at talk of a trade for Joe Tinker, and said they were just "looking around." That was Connie Mack's comment until he was ready to tell of his trade for Daley, and Murphy and Evers were watched for announcements of trades.

The National Board of Arbitration refused to allow the $5,000 claim of Wichita against the Toledo Club for Pitcher Ellis and Outfielder Middleton, who were sold to Toledo. The claim was disallowed because Ellis was not in condition to play when the contract was signed.

The sale of Catcher Charley Smith of the Providence International League to the Mobile Southern League team was announced to-night.

Clymer to Manage Bisons.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Nov. 12.—William J. Clymer, President and principal owner of the Wilkesbarre baseball team of the New York State League, to-day signed a contract to manage the Buffalo team of the International League next year.

Reds to Train at Mobile.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 12.—President August Hermann of the Cincinnati National League Baseball Club announced to-day that he had completed arrangements whereby the local team would train next Spring at Mobile, Ala.

HALPIN IS ABSOLVED.

Boston Athlete Accused by English Declared Free of Wrong Intent.

Thomas J. Halpin of the Boston Athletic Association, the quarter-mile champion of the United States, who was recently accused and suspended by the Amateur Athletic Association of England for demanding "appearance money" for competition at a set of games of the North Manchester Harriers, in a statement of his side of the case to the New England Association of the A. A. U., denies in emphatic terms the accusation.

The finding of the later body, in which he is registered as an amateur, has absolved him from all blame in the matter, but the case is continued tentatively pending some further proof which the English are said to have which will cinch their case.

The only notification which Halpin or the A. A. U. is in receipt of to the present time is contained in the following letters to Halpin from the Honorable Secretary of the Northern Counties A. A. dated Aug. 24 and 31, which read:

> You have been reported to the above committee for sending entry without fee to the North Manchester Harriers at Blackley, Saturday, Aug. 10, 1912. You are requested to attend a meeting of the committee to be held at the Grosvenor Hotel, Deansgate, Manchester, Wednesday, Aug. 28, 1912, at 7 P. M. You have been suspended "sine die."
>
> W. WILKINSON,
> Hon. Secretary Northern Counties A. A.

Halpin left England on the date of the games, Aug. 10, and nothing was known of any of his supposed shortcomings until a statement which appeared in The Manchester Chronicle about a month ago.

Schoolboys in Swimming Races.

De Witt Clinton High School and the High School of Commerce will contest in a dual swimming meet this afternoon at the West Sixtieth Street Baths, commencing at 4 o'clock. The events to be decided will be 50 yards, 220 yards, 8-lap relay, fancy diving, and plunge for distance. The contest is the third of the swimming competitions in the high schools tournament, which will be continued until the championship is decided in March.

PLAN FOR STADIUM IN CENTRAL PARK

Recreation Commission Favors $5,000,000 Structure for Athletic Events.

A formal call for a meeting of the New York Stadium Association to take up again the proposal of building a stadium in this city will be called during the present week by James E. Sullivan, Secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union, and President of the newly formed Board of Public Recreation. The Board will hold a meeting to-morrow afternoon, at which time the question will be discussed and the call for the meeting of the Stadium Association will follow.

This new activity for a stadium is the revival of a plan that was first introduced by Mr. Sullivan in 1909. He contended that America could stage another series of Olympic games if the proper building should be erected, and he argued further that such a stadium would be a big boon for athletics in this city. He interested many prominent citizens in the project at the time, but considerable opposition developed and the plan fell through.

It is the idea of Mr. Sullivan, and he is backed up by other members of the commission as well as many public spirited and influential men of the city, that a stadium modeled after the picturesque white marble stadium at Athens, Greece, could be erected in this city for an outlay of $5,000,000. The proposed site is in the northern section of Central Park, between 104th and 110th Streets. It is proposed to ask the Board of Estimate for an appropriation of $5,000,000 which will be necessary to construct the amphitheatre, running track and athletic field. Entrances to the stadium would be placed on Eighth Avenue.

Park Commissioner Stover and Supervisor of Athletics W. J. Lee have been in conference with Mr. Sullivan in regard to the proposed building, and both are heartily in favor of the plan. It is expected that Mayor Gaynor will be asked to become honorary President of the association and lend his official assistance to the work. Other prominent men who have gone on record as favorable to the project are August Belmont, Bartow S. Weeks, Gustavus T. Kirby, and S. R. Guggenheim.

It is expected that some opposition will develop to the plan to erect such a building within Central Park on the ground that it would deface the Park. Those interested in the project take a stand that it is the exact opposite. They maintain that such a building, instead of defacing the premises, would simply add beauty to a spot that has been neglected, and is at present unsightly. Mr. Sullivan declared yesterday that he had visited the place several times during the past few months, and each visit made him more convinced that a stadium would be a great benefit, both athletically and artistically. He referred to the proposed site at present as being "desolate."

While the principal argument advanced for the stadium is its use for athletic purposes, it would not be exclusive in this respect. Choral singing societies would find it an ideal place, such as is not now available, and it could be used for mass meetings or celebrations of various kinds. At the present time New York has no large public athletic field where games of National, international, or even local importance may be held, and those behind the latest movement contend that such a place is necessary unless New York is to fall behind several European cities in progress. The stadiums in Germany, Greece, and Stockholm are held up as notable signs of athletic progress in those countries. No attempt is likely to be made by Americans for a revival of the Olympic Games in this country until some such building is constructed, and as New York is the centre of American athletics this city is regarded as the logical place for such a stadium. The Olympic Games have not been held in America since 1904, at the World's Fair in St. Louis.

The Central Park location is but one of several sites decided upon by the Board of Public Recreation as public playgrounds, but in the other instances no affair of such magnitude is planned. At to-morrow's meeting of the commission, when a formal report on the proposed stadium will be made, Park Commissioner Higgins will present his plan for a public playground at Van Cortlandt Park. Washington Park in Brooklyn, recently vacated by the Brooklyn Baseball Club, is also being considered, as are several other sites in the various boroughs of Greater New York.

In discussing the matter yesterday Mr. Sullivan referred to the obstacles that had been encountered in 1909 when the New York Stadium Association was first formed by him. The principal argument of the opposition was that it would deface the Park, but Mr. Sullivan feels that there has been a great change in this idea during the three years. He also feels that the activity of the Swedish Government and the wonderful success of the American Olympic team has proved a strong argument for the stadium.

George W. Wingate, Vice President of the Recreation Commission and President of the Public Schools Athletic League, is another enthusiastic supporter of the scheme. He considers it would be the biggest help for school children, from an athletic standpoint, that has been proposed since the P. S. A. L. was formed, and he has promised his warm support to the proposition.

THREE ATHLETES SUSPENDED

Collins and McNamara Disciplined by Registration Committee.

At a special meeting of the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U., held yesterday at the Union headquarters, T. J. Collins and J. J. McNamara of the Irish-American A. C. were suspended for their participation on Sunday in an unsanctioned set of games at Celtic Park under the auspices of the Mayo Men's Association.

H. C. Faber of the same club was also suspended for disrespectful language to the officials at the St. Agnes A. A. games last Saturday night in the Fourteenth Regiment Armory.

In regard to the recent investigation of the Tipperary Association prizes it developed that the committee had asked for the books of the association in order to determine whether any of the athletes had been in receipt of money for their appearance.

One of the members of the organization in speaking of the occurrence yesterday stated that it had been agreed upon by various clubs in the Irish Counties Athletic Union that in the future the organizations would have no further dealings with amateurs, as "they cost them too much," but would give events for professionals. It was also stated that if certain of the subsidiary organizations in the union desired to they could expose the short-comings of certain "appearance money" amateurs, and if driven to extremes and held up to ridicule such would be the outcome.

MORE MEMBERS DROPPED.

N. Y. A. C. Governors Discipline Athletes for Non-Payment of Dues.

It was announced last night that the Board of Governors of the New York Athletic Club, who held a special meeting at the Central Park South clubhouse, had dropped fifty members for non-payment of their semi-annual dues.

In answer to the petition of a number of the members of the New York Athletic Club asking the Board of Governors of the organization to call a general meeting of the club to act upon the proposition to elect the members of the Nominating Committee of the club instead of having them chosen by the board, it was decided to have the session for that purpose held Nov. 26.

It was stated by one of the members of the board that the petition was technically wrong, and that the end is not yet in the supposed battle which has just been begun against the present administration.

Balloonists Return from Germany.

Albert Von Hoffmann and John Berry, who manned the St. Louis balloon Million Population in the recent International Cup contest in Europe, reached New York from Bremen yesterday on the steamship Grosser Kurfurst. They finished thirteenth in the race.

AMERICAN HORSE "DOPED."

French Turf Officials Disqualify Charles Kohler's Camyre.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The campaign which was recently started by the French racing authorities against the practice of "doping" horses, for which, it is alleged, American trainers are responsible, continues in full force.

The Steeplechase Society met to-day and after hearing reports of saliva tests from Prof. Kaufmann, disqualified Rosely, the winner of the Prix Finot, which was run at Auteuil on Nov. 1, and of the Prix Varaville, run at Auteuil last Thursday.

Rosely on the occasion of the first victory belonged to the American trainer, W. Flatman, but before his second success was bought by his present owner, M. Descazeaux. The society also disqualified Camyre, the winner of the Prix de la Vallée, run at Auteuil last Thursday. The owner is an American, Charles Kohler, the trainer is Hildreth, also an American.

HORSE SHOW DECORATIONS.

Japanese Landscape Effects for Madison Square Garden.

The interior of Madison Square Garden will reproduce in landscape effects, lanterns and temples the atmosphere of legendary Japan for the National Horse Show. Entering the "ring walk," an expanse of blue sky meets the eye, and the boxes appear as part of a pagoda. An avenue of giant Japanese cherry trees in blossom will extend along the sides of the promenade, the branches arching toward the centre and supporting wistaria vines in bloom. In their shade are pavilions roofed in terra cotta, the bronze cornices being studded with electric lights, and the boxes and seats are arranged in terraces behind the low stone wall of the pagoda, separated from the walk by a Japanese paneled railing.

Kakemono and Japanese lanterns hang from the trees and form the arches of lights between them. The electroliers are suspended models of illuminated Japanese tea houses. In the decorative scheme of the foreground surrounding the gates through which the horses enter the ring are three Torii in a field of Iris chrysanthemums and wistaria. Further back is the beautiful red lacquered bridge of Japan, surmounted by a Tori from which hangs the electric announcement board. To the left is seen Fujiyama, the famous mountain of Japan. On the right is a nearer view of the city of temples, Mikko.

The horses and officers to represent Holland and Belgium at the Horse Show arrived yesterday on the steamer Ryndam. The mounts were in good shape and stood the voyage well. The officers put up at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

NEW OFFICIALS FOR U. S. G. A.

Many Changes Announced for Election of National Association.

According to the ticket announced last night by the Nominating Committee of the United States Golf Association, consisting of Charles B. Macdonald of the National Golf Links of America; G. Herbert Windeler of the Country Club, Brookline; Joseph A. Janney, Jr., of the Philadelphia Cricket Club; William V. Kelley of the Chicago Golf Club, and Eben M. Byers of Allegheny, the list of officers for 1913 has undergone radical alteration. Even the Nominating Committee itself is completely changed.

Robert C. Watson of the National Links, who has served four terms as Secretary of the association, is slated to succeed Silas H. Strawn of the Glen View Club, Chicago, who has been President for two years. Milton Dargan of the Atlanta Athletic Club, now Second Vice President, is to take the place of Joseph S. Clark of Philadelphia in the First Vice Presidency, while Frank L. Woodward of Denver is to become Second Vice President.

Max Behr of Morris County is to become Secretary of the association, while the only officer to be renominated is W. Fellowes Morgan of Baltusrol, Treasurer. Harry L. Ayer of Brae Burn is to remain on the Executive Committee, while Albert B. Dick of Onwentsia, James L. Taylor of Ekwanok, and Woodward are to give way to Charles L. Allen of the Chicago Golf Club, Howard W. Perrin of the Merion Cricket Club, and Knowlton L. Ames of Glen View.

The new Nominating Committee is to consist of Daniel Chauncey of Garden City, former President of the U. S. G. A.; Herbert Jaques of Brookline, another erstwhile Chief Executive; Samuel Y. Heebner of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, J. F. Byers of the Allegheny Country Club, and Alexander H. Revell of the Chicago Golf Club.

The foregoing ticket will be voted on at the annual meeting of the association, to be held at Sherry's on the evening of Jan. 11, at 9 o'clock. It is planned to precede the meeting with a dinner for golfers, while a meeting of the Executive Committee will be held previous to the dinner. Last year the annual meeting was held at the Bellevue-Stratford, Philadelphia.

Big Day for Newspaper Golfers.

Newspaper golfers plan to make Nov. 18 a big day on the links. During the day there will be a one-club handicap on the twelve meadow holes at Van Cortlandt Park, followed by a tombstone tournament on the hill holes. Prizes will be given the players making the lowest gross score in the handicap, the low net score, the thirteenth score, the twenty-third score, the longest drive at the sixteenth hole, and the highest gross score. In the tombstone competition a prize is offered for the player whose stone is planted furthest away in twenty strokes, with the addition of a number of strokes equal to one-quarter of his club handicap. At 4 o'clock the New York Newspaper Golf Club will hold its annual meeting in the clubroom at Van Cortlandt Park. At 5 o'clock there will be a beefsteak dinner at the clubhouse, which will be the occasion for the distribution of prizes.

Final in Columbia Golf Tourney.

In the final round of the third annual Fall golf tournament at Columbia University, played on the links of the Woodmere Country Club yesterday, F. S. Greenbaum, a senior, defeated Elliot H. Downes, also a senior, by winning the nineteenth hole. Downes is manager of the team for next season and was a player on the 'Varsity last year. He played scratch and held Greenbaum, who was playing with a three-stroke handicap, to a tie in the first eighteen holes, but a good put on the first green finally decided the match in favor of Greenbaum.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

"One-Round" Hogan of California and Leach Cross will wind up their training to-day for their contest, which takes place to-morrow night at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club over the ten-round route. Both contestants have trained diligently and are said to be in tip-top condition for the bout, and to-morrow will do only light work before coming downtown to weigh in. Hogan, who made such a miserable showing on his last trip to the East, is out to redeem himself, while Cross knows that a defeat at the hands of the Californian will eliminate him from the top ranks of the lightweight division. The two boxers met once before, but the affair resulted in an abrupt ending, due to a foul. Hogan lost the decision on that occasion to Cross, although he always maintained it was due to Cross.

Since the temporary abandonment of Madison Square Garden for his big bouts, Manager Billy Gibson has returned to his Bronx club, the Fairmont A. C., where he is staging first-class attractions. He will start the ball rolling a week from to-night, with a special card. The two main bouts will be of ten rounds each, the first bringing together Battling Reddy, an aggressive Harlem bantamweight, and Charles Ledoux of France, with the winner later being pitted against the winner of the Coulon-Williams bout. The final will be between Harry Weust, the latest addition to the white hope ranks from Cincinnati, and Gunboat Smith.

The regular Saturday night show at the Fairmont, which has been attracting capacity crowds, will be continued as usual. For this week's show Gibson has provided sixty-four rounds of boxing, should the programme be completed. The card will comprise eight four-round contests between evenly matched boys; two six-round affairs, and a brace of ten-round sessions. In the two ten-round bouts Eddie Shevlin of Boston will hook up with Paddy Sullivan, and Jimmy Tappe of Brooklyn will exchange punches with Johnny Howard of Bayonne.

Patsy Callahan is training daily in the gymnasium of the National A. C. of Brooklyn for his ten-round bout with Biz Mackey, which takes place at the above club next Saturday night. Callahan has also been matched to box Young Driscoll, the Italian featherweight, who recently gained a verdict over Young Fitzsimmons and fought Willie Jones a hard ten-round contest.

600,000 AUTOS NEXT YEAR'S CROP

American Builders Plan to Produce on Scale of Factory Capacity.

The tremendous output of the American manufacturers of pleasure cars, estimated by the best authorities at from 250,000 to 285,000 for 1912, pales into insignificance beside the figures for the 1913 output. Carefully compiled statistics show that the output of American cars will be doubled this coming year. Estimates place the number of cars to be built at 600,000, a greater increase in one year than has been made during the last ten years.

A canvass was recently made of the leading factories by The Automobile Trade Journal, and statements received from 109 motor car manufacturers whose output for 1913 will be 564,650 pleasure cars show that if the expectations of the motor car manufacturers are realized there will be over 600,000 built for 1913.

In addition to the 109 referred to there are thirty-one large factories and thirty-seven small ones which did not furnish the number of cars they propose to make, and to these must be added the electric pleasure cars. The following is a conservative estimate of the 1913 output of pleasure cars:

109 manufacturers (figures furnished)	564,650
31 large manufacturers (estimated from last year)	40,000
37 small manufacturers (estimated from last year)	3,000
19 electric pleasure car manufacturers, estimated	20,000
Total	627,650

This output is more than double that of the past year and is by far the greatest increase made in the production of motor cars in any one year; in fact it is as great an increase as the last ten years together, as is shown in detail by the following table of the number of cars built each year for ten years.

1904—Government figures	22,830
1905—Estimated	38,000
1906—Estimated	70,000
1907—Estimated	90,000
1908—Estimated	110,000
1909—Government figures	127,219
1910—Estimated	170,000
1911—Estimated	210,000
1912—Estimated	300,000
1913—Estimated	600,000

There are many in the trade who will question the correctness of the estimate for 1913, but if the following table of the largest producers is carefully considered, it will be seen that the increase is mainly accounted for among the largest factories, which are probably fully capable of producing the number of cars they have planned to make. The list is as follows:

	1912.	1913.
Ford	75,000	200,000
Studebaker	40,000	50,000
Willys-Overland	25,000	40,000
R. C. H.	15,000	30,000
Buick	19,000	25,000
Cadillac	12,000	15,000
Hupp	10,000	15,000
Oakland	6,000	13,000
Regal	8,500	10,000
Metz	5,000	10,000
Little	.....	10,000
Chalmers	7,500	8,500
Mitchell	5,000	8,000
Imperial	1,100	5,300
Jackson	5,000	5,000
Krit	5,000	5,000
Marathon	2,500	5,000
Paige-Detroit	2,000	5,000
Briggs-Detroiter	1,000	5,000
T. B. Jeffery Company	3,500	4,500
Velie	2,200	3,500
Abbott	2,700	4,000
Carter Car	2,500	3,500
Moon	1,200	3,500
Lozier	1,500	3,300
Apperson	1,800	3,000
Cole	2,500	3,000
Lion	1,500	3,000
Pierce-Case	3,000	3,000
Total	267,000	499,100

It may be that the manufacturers have overestimated their market, but past experience would seem to show that the market for low-priced cars is still far from glutted. Ample proof of this is the fact that there are very few low-priced cars on the second-hand market.

Another reason which has had considerable influence on the increase in the product of these low-priced cars is the fact that so many of them are being sold in foreign markets, and there is every indication that the foreign demand will increase as rapidly as the American demand.

These two facts together with the universal prosperity everywhere apparent throughout this country would seem to indicate that even this enormous increased output will be safely marketed.

Belgium Shock Absorber Competition.

In view of the large number of different types of shock absorbers now on the market, the Association Automobile de Belgique has decided to hold a competition of such devices. The event will be held this week over a distance of one kilometer, on a road specially selected for its roughness and irregularities, and over which the cars fitted with the competing devices will be required to travel at a speed of twenty-five miles per hour. A special recording instrument will be fitted to each car, so that a diagram can be secured of the oscillations of the chassis. The awards will be made on the following basis: The device showing the least oscillations on the diagram will secure fifteen points, the others to follow in proportion; five points for price, the maximum number going to the cheapest; three points for ease of adjustment, and two points for general appearance and small size—maximum points in each case.

Rules for the Tour de France.

The rules for the second Tour de France have been announced. The event will be held from March 1 to 15, 1913. In the main the competition will be on the sealed bonnet lines, seals being fixed to the radiator, the bonnet, the undershield, and the floor boards. These seals will be renewed each day, but any breaking of them will entail a loss of points. Ten minutes will be allowed each morning for filling up tanks and adjustments, and the seals will then be replaced for the day. In addition, seals will be placed on front and back axles and the steering gear, and any breaking of these during the contest will entail the disqualification of the car. The competitors must keep to a minimum speed of 30 kilometers an hour, and they will be timed at various points in each day's stage. To be eligible cars must be standard models shown in catalogues published previous to the salon to be held next month, and the chassis price must not exceed 8,000 francs.

Poor Field for Boxers in Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Grover Hayes, the Columbus (Ohio) lightweight, returning from Australia with his manager, Willard Stuart, reports that the supposed prosperous fields there for American boxers is greatly overrated. Stuart also charged that Hugh McIntosh, the principal Australian boxing promoter, broke the contract which McIntosh's representative, Tom Andrews, had given Hayes before they left this country.

"Rather than suffer this injustice," said Stuart, "we paid our own way home, though McIntosh had guaranteed us round trip tickets. Sam Langford received only $325 for defeating McVey in Melbourne recently.

"The Sydney Stadium, which he said would seat 20,000, holds 9,000 at the most. The prices range from 50 cents to $2.50.

"Australian fight rules prevail, forcing boxers to separate as soon as one's head touches another's shoulder."

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"LARGELY CHOKED."

The newspapers of the country which spent tens of thousands of dollars in giving campaign publicity to Col. ROOSEVELT and his Progressive Party did not expect from the Colonel gratitude or thanks, or even the common politeness of acknowledgment, but they had a right to expect that he would not be guilty of such a rank and shameless perversion of the truth as that which appears in his post-election statement when he says that the Progressives made their fight not only against the wealth of the country, against the politicians and the mercenaries, but "with the channels of information to the public largely choked."

Never in their history have the newspapers given so much space to a Presidential candidate as to Mr. ROOSEVELT. They sent correspondents with him upon his journeyings, they printed his innumerable and interminable speeches, they printed full reports of his convention, and of his doings at the first Chicago Convention, and the leading newspapers of the country, at least, notably those of New York, which Mr. ROOSEVELT joins Mr. BRYAN in declaring to be controlled by Wall Street, were perfectly fair and unbiased in their reports. For news reports tinged with partisanship a search must be made in those papers, very few in number, but active, which supported the Colonel in his cause.

The press channels of information were indeed choked, but they were choked day after day for months with the Roosevelt reports. And now he complains that access to the public ear was denied him. Let him try to imagine what would have befallen him and his Progressives if the newspapers had, in fact, entered into a conspiracy of silence. He would not have carried a single State, he would have fallen behind DEBS, he would have found himself in the company of the "scattering." There is something wrong with Progressive morality when the leader of that cause, who is the best advertised man in the United States, or for that matter in the world, complains that the columns of the press have been closed against him.

If by this statement we measure the other things the Colonel says in his address to his followers, we must reach the conclusion that it is without present and future importance. The battle has just begun, he says, and we presume he will continue to fight. He thinks the achievement of the Progressives is a great one. He, and those who agree with him, look only at the 4,000,000 votes cast for him. They are unable to get it into their heads that 10,000,000 were cast against him, that by a vote of more than 2 to 1 the voters of the country expressed their preference for some other man in the White House. The Progressives will not be content, he says, "until the entire platform is enacted into law." Whatever things in that platform are fit material for statutory use will be taken by the other parties. But the mad-house principles that make up so large a part of it will never be taken by anybody, and will never find a place upon the statute book.

Undoubtedly the Republican Party will undergo a reorganization, it will of necessity become more progressive, but not under the leadership of THEODORE ROOSEVELT. If he and his friends should secure control of the organization, and if he should again become a candidate in 1916, the worthier and the conservative part of the Republican Party would in a body give its support to the Democratic candidate. The people of the country have come to know Mr. ROOSEVELT very thoroughly, and they understand too well the consequences of again trusting him with power. He is "proud" of his achievement, and with his pride he will have to be content.

INDIAN SUMMER.

The brief St. Martin's Summer, called Indian Summer in this country, began officially on Martinmas, which was Monday. The halcyon season really set in some days before, though yesterday and St. Martin's Day revealed more perfectly its hazy, balmy sway. Yet the public has been hailing the Indian Summer throughout the month of October, as is its wont, when that month is not too bleak.

This year the Fall came slowly down this way, and it is slow to pass. THE TIMES reported yesterday the ripening of red raspberries near Tarrytown, the blossoming of strawberry plants, and in New Jersey the growth of a fresh crop of mosquitos. A wild violet was found blooming before the rectory in New Windsor-on-Hudson. The month that preceded this one was unusual in its mildness. But the weather that opened this week was not unseasonable; it is such as we should expect, and sometimes get.

CENTRAL PARK AGAIN.

Mr. JAMES E. SULLIVAN, who has been credited with extensive knowledge of amateur athletics, but obviously knows little of the uses of city parks and of the determination of the people of New York to preserve their parks from all encroachments, has a plan to build a $5,000,000 stadium in Central Park, between 104th and 110th Streets. According to The Evening Mail, Mr. SULLIVAN has said that Park Commissioner STOVER favors this plan. We think that Mr. SULLIVAN is mistaken on that head. Mr. STOVER has been a feeble Commissioner, and has evinced a fondness for some mild but reprehensible plans of Park encroachment, but he has never favored any scheme quite so outrageous as this. If he should publicly favor the utter destruction of one of the handsomest parts of Central Park, the people would infer that he had gone crazy.

Mr. SULLIVAN thinks the north end of the Park is just the place for his stadium because there is nothing there now, nothing but trees, lawns, brooks, a waterfall, and a lake. Those things, from Mr. SULLIVAN'S point of view, combine to make desolation. The stadium would beautify the Park, as it could be built of white marble. But the details of Mr. SULLIVAN'S plan are unimportant. He cannot have any space in Central Park or any other city park to build his stadium. He might as well learn this now, without going through the sad experiences a hundred other would-be park invaders have suffered.

The approval of the Commissioner, the Mayor, and the Aldermen, if he could get it, would not suffice. A bill rushed through both houses of the Legislature and signed by the Governor would not suffice. There is not the slightest danger, however, that Gov. SULZER will ever sign any bill favoring park encroachment. There is not the slightest danger that Mayor GAYNOR would favor giving up any part of Central Park to the purposes of amateur athletics. But the court of last resort, the people, can be thoroughly relied upon to protect the parks.

FAVORABLE SIGNS.

The consent of Austria to join with the other Powers in transmitting Turkey's request for mediation to the Balkan allies and in asking the latter what terms they will consider is the most encouraging feature of the European situation. It practically involves the assumption that all the Powers will act together, that the allies will be recognized as members of the European concert, and that an effort will be made in good faith to adjust the claims and interests of all. The peril which Mr. ASQUITH pointed out in his weighty speech at Guildhall will measurably be avoided. Indeed his frank statement of that peril and his warning that the victors could not be asked to forego the just and reasonable fruits of their sacrifices and their success may be taken to have influenced the situation strongly.

In the same sense is the report that there are indications that the Bulgarians will be content without entering Constantinople in triumph, establishing their armies in Winter quarters about the Turkish capital while peace negotiations are going on. This obviously would be considered only if substantial guarantees were given that Turkey should not be enabled to strengthen her own armies and defenses during the interval and to renew the struggle under more favorable conditions. It is clear that an understanding of this sort would have equally to extend to the northern part of the field of war, and that assurance would be required that Servia shall not be attacked or threatened by Austria. The situation is not so well defined that these inferences are conclusive, but they are reasonable and are encouraging.

It is to be noted also that even the military class in Germany is beginning to recognize the part that the empire may take in keeping the peace. The German officer quoted in our dispatches who asserts that 5,000,000 German soldiers are at hand for that purpose exaggerates a little, and quite possibly has not in mind the one way open toward peace—the refusal of Germany to back Austria in aggression; but it still remains true that the decision, if it be not already made, lies with Germany. There is much reason for confidence that the vast power of that nation will be thrown on the side of peace. If it be, and if a European conference be called to settle the questions directly or indirectly arising out of the surprising events of the last few weeks, it may be assumed that the just claims of Germany will be all the more respected because her Government, at this crisis, elected a pacific course. Especially it may be hoped that in such a conference an agreement may be reached by which the differences between Germany and Great Britain may be adjusted peaceably and honorably. They have many interests in common; they have no conflicting interests that remotely justify war; both have much to gain by peace, and to both war would be an incalculable disaster.

GUSTAV H. SCHWAB.

The perfect type and model of good citizenship was found in GUSTAV H. SCHWAB, who died yesterday after an illness that had for some years withdrawn him from active participation in the public and private works that engaged so many years of his life. As the head and manager in this country of a great steamship organization he was always a busy man, yet he found time to give generous support and hard work to innumerable good causes. He took part in many reform movements for the better government of the city, he was active in his advocacy and in his support of the Barge Canal improvement, and in many undertakings for the commercial development of the City and Port of New York.

An independent in politics, he was prominent in the cause of sound money, in the long contest for tariff revision, and in successive movements for the divorce of the business of city administration from politics. His life was an admirable example to every citizen because of his patriotic labors for the welfare of the city and of the country, for his breadth of interests, and for his disinterested devotion to worthy causes.

CANALEJAS.

JOSE CANALEJAS Y MENDES, assassinated in Madrid yesterday by one of those irresponsible creatures incited to outlawry by Anarchist teachings, who almost always choose a blameless and upright man for a victim, was a constructive as well as a radical statesman. Spain has produced no abler, stronger, or purer statesman in this generation. Though his radicalism may have been somewhat modified, inevitably, since he assumed the responsibilities of Premier in 1910, his constructive ability had not lessened. He was first conspicuous in public life in 1900, when he assumed the leadership of the Anti-Clerical Party in the Cortes and favored the measures which led in time to the suppression of objectionable religious orders and a prospective revision of the Concordat. After much remonstrance the Vatican practically accepted the measures projected by CANALEJAS, but not until ten years had elapsed and the relations of Spain with the Church had been severely strained. This restriction of so-called Clericalism was by no means a blow at religion. Spain has suffered more than any other country in modern Europe from the baser sort of priestcraft, and it was overrun with orders the members of which lived on alms, and in return fed the natural superstition of the people. To priestcraft of this sort Socialism and Anarchy are the inevitable alternatives. Church and State are not yet separated in Spain, the country is still Catholic, and religion is free, Protestants enjoying larger privileges than formerly.

As Premier of Spain CANALEJAS fell heir to a full share of the radical resentment of the execution of FERRER, the Anarchist teacher, in 1909. Presumably if he had been in power at the time of the court-martial he would have used his influence to obtain a mitigation of the sentence. But when the matter was brought up violently in the Cortes a year ago in an attempt to secure a formal admission of error by the Government, CANALEJAS defended the sentence as just, according to military laws passed by a Liberal Government. The tone of his defense, however, angered the military party, and the Premier, with his Cabinet, resigned. CANALEJAS was called upon immediately to form a new Ministry.

His latest service to his country was his settlement with France of the difficulties of the two countries in regard to Morocco. The agreement upon which the treaty is now being drafted was announced by the Premier to the Cortes just a fortnight ago yesterday. The negotiations between Señor CANALEJAS and M. POINCARE were protracted, and the subject was full of difficulties, as there was much feeling in both countries over the matter. CANALEJAS obtained for his country all that could be fairly asked, and the settlement has proved equally satisfactory to France.

A wise man, a true patriot, cautious, moderate in action in spite of his inborn radicalism, and the most efficient statesman in the service of his long-afflicted country, CANALEJAS must be done to death by a crack-brained fellow taught by the enemies of society that all government is bad and all statesmanship should be suppressed. There is no consolation, and there seem to be no words fit to characterize such a crime. Yet it will be praised and applauded by public speakers here in this land of liberty, and decent people must bear the shame with patience.

THE MANHATTAN BRIDGE RAILWAY.

When the three-cent-fare line was seeking access to the Manhattan Bridge it laid much emphasis on the benefit to the public of competition in traffic across it. Now that it has been enabled to begin operation it seeks to defend itself against competition by the same methods which it denounced in its rival. Both parties to this obnoxious quarrel ought to understand that the public wants competition for the benefit of the public, and not for the selfish purposes of either party. The three-cent-fare line is forfeiting public sympathy by reversing the conduct by which it gained it, and the associated Brooklyn and Manhattan companies are gaining public approval by reversing the method by which they lost it.

These competing lines gain or lose public favor as they alternately seek to block or to promote travel across the biggest and most important of the bridges, and also the one least used. The Manhattan Bridge cost in excess of $25,000,000, and has been nominally open to operation three years. Yet it was only a few weeks ago that the first car was admitted to it. Counting interest, depreciation, and upkeep, it costs a considerable fraction of a million dollars in money annually to have this bridge stand idle. But the money loss is small compared to the loss of the use of the bridge, with its depressing effect upon tax values through large areas in both boroughs. The three-cent-fare line is entitled to recognition for the energy with which it broke through the influences which kept the bridge idle. It is true that there are certain defects in its franchise which cause doubt of its ability to redeem all its promises to the public. It is true also that there are similar technical defects in the present title of its opponent to admission to the bridge. But if either competitor is entitled to use the bridge with imperfect franchise title the other is entitled to the like privilege.

The use of the bridge is the main thing in the eyes of the public, rather than the technicalities which so engross the lawyers' attention. Great as is the utility of the three-cent-fare line, it is inferior to the same service with the privilege of a transfer in either borough. And it is fair that the company which gives the long ride at cost, or perhaps at a loss in some cases, should get whatever incidental profit there is in the short rides by those who do not use the transfer privilege. If the three-cent-fare line is not able to endure the severity of the competition the public would regret to see its enterprise so ill repaid. But that is the fortune of business. The farepayers want the privilege of paying their nickels to the company which will serve it best, and has no tenderness for the company which blocks the way.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Facilitating British Divorces.

After working at its task for three years, the British Royal Commission which has been considering the divorce problem has made its report—two reports, in fact. Considering the size and importance of the subject, its many natural complexities, and those many more numerous artificially created by British conservatism, this is wonderfully quick work, and the commission's findings, unlike those frequently brought in by such bodies, can be accepted as founded on up-to-date evidence and really pertinent to existing conditions.

The minority report, as might have been expected, is, for the most part, a fine mediæval document, protesting against change on general principles, and declaring that if anything at all were done it should be in the way of emphasizing the old rigidities and discriminations of the divorce law. On that, of course, no comment is necessary.

The majority of the Commissioners show a different spirit. Frankly recognizing the possibility that the English system of marriage relation has not been perfect, they advise Parliament to increase the number of reasons for granting divorce by adding desertion for three years, cruelty without infidelity, insanity, habitual drunkenness, and commuted sentences for murder. Both the majority and the minority reports favor what is, after all, the most important and perhaps the longest step toward social justice that came under consideration—that of making available for women the same causes, and all the causes, of divorce that have been or shall be available for men.

That this has not been the case in England up to this late day—that men could do with impunity what if done by a woman would enable her husband to divorce her—is one of those curious survivals of antique wrong that have so often excited the indignation of British reformers and the wonder or amusement of foreign observers. The strayings of husbands from the straight path have been gravely excused, if unaccompanied by physical ill-treatment, on the ground that they, unlike those of wives, did not vitiate lineage. Modern medicine tells a different story, as pretty nearly everybody knows nowadays, and it can be taken for granted that this particular recommendation of the Commissioners will be heeded. The resulting legislation will mark a distinct advance in civilization, none the less admirable because so strangely belated.

New Devices and the Old Horrors

In most respects the war in Turkey illustrates and even emphasizes the ancient horrors which advancing civilization had been supposed at least to mitigate. We hear, indeed, that the soldiers, when not killed outright, have more than the old chances to recover from their wounds, owing to the smallness and the velocity of modern bullets, but in every other respect, especially on the Turkish side, inadequacy or absence of the medical departments has resulted in frightful sufferings, far worse than those in our own civil war, and probably unequaled even during NAPOLEON'S retreat from Moscow. And now we are told of the outbreak among the soldiers of the diseases which in the historic sieges were so often more determinative of the outcome than the valor of the troops.

This war, however, does present some new features. The use of aeroplanes for scouting work has been on a sufficient scale to justify at least the more moderate prophecies as to the military usefulness of those fragile and precarious machines, and now the report comes that the foreign warships gathered in front of Constantinople are able by means of their wireless telegraph apparatus to keep in constant communication with their home Governments. The exploits of this kind by the British and the French commanders have received particular mention, the former receiving and sending news directly to and from the Poldhu station, while the Frenchmen, from some inferiority of their instruments, have had to have their messages relayed by a warship much nearer to the Eiffel Tower.

Here is a novelty indeed, and full of great possibilities, but one can easily imagine how NELSON or any other old Admiral would have hated the constant and minute control by home officials which it involves. It lessens responsibility, but it also lessens chances for winning personal glory—and perhaps of gaining brilliant victories by striking hard at just the right moment.

One notices, too, that until an arrangement had been made whereby each nation represented in the assembled fleet had its own hour for telegraphing, the interference of the messages with each other made practically all of them unintelligible. Again, evidently, the "tuning" about which so much has been written either failed or was not attempted because of its known uselessness. Apparently, also, if any one of the ships had been hostile to the others there would have been no wireless telegraphy.

Could See As Much Any Time.

In considering the present great assemblage of surgeons in this city, and in reading of the many operations by master craftsmen, which they are watching with such interest and edification—and a bit of criticism now and then, possibly—it should not be forgotten that what these visitors see is not an exhibition arranged for a special occasion, but just about what is going on in New York's many hospitals every day in the year.

A few particularly interesting "cases" that could wait for a day or two, or a week or two, may have been saved up for the strangers to behold, but there has been very little of that. In the very nature of things, due regard for the safety of patients prevented much delaying of operations, and it was made unnecessary by the enormous amount of surgical activity that goes on here unnoticed outside of professional circles.

The procession of people in need of aid that passes through the little town where the Mayos perform their wonders attracts the constant attention it deserves, but a far larger army of the suffering come here and are lost at once in our multitudes. Not a few of them go on to Europe, and doubtless have their reward, for there are great surgeons there, too, but the chances are that practically all of these seekers for health could have their ills treated as skillfully and efficiently at home as abroad.

In distinctively research work we have until recently been far behind Europe, but that inferiority is rapidly passing away, thanks, largely, to the wise expenditures of "the predatory rich," and as operators the American surgeons have never lacked either originality or courage.

DINSMORE'S CALENDAR.

A Yankee of Infinite Resource and Sagacity Produced It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Truly the original Yankee—he of infinite resource—survives. For comes one, a man of Maine, Dinsmore of name, with panacean plan for all our ills of time. In brief, we have been suffering from a three-hundred-and-sixty-five-day year, in juxtaposition with fifty-two seven-day weeks, hopeless of divisory power, and complicated with an assortment of Sundays and holidays utterly at variance with things as should be.

As T. R. is prepared to set us right politically and economically, so Dinsmore of Maine—"Prof." Dinsmore, so be it—is "on" for our temporal perplexities; he revises our tariff of the ages in a way calculated to make us sit up and take notice—to reproach ourselves that we had not before thought of such simplicity of solution. What, for instance, is simpler than the Dinsmore year of 73 weeks of 5 days—73x5 equals 365?

But that's only a starter. The troublous question of the oddness and evenness of months would go down before the simple proposition, 30x12 equals 360. "But," you exclaim, "what of the hangover of five days?" Child's play, according to Dinsmore. Call it "holiday week," and throw in an extra one leap year for good measure. The Dinsmore week would skip Wednesdays and Thursdays, though why not preferably Mondays and Fridays, as I view them, I cannot see.

Moreover, we should have a Sunday only every other week, the intervening week end being known as "Holiday." Hence, in a reduced number of Sundays, it is hoped we would find more justification for development of churchly proclivities. There would be no Saturday half-holidays, and our golf, tennis, &c., would be confined to "Holiday." In other words, we would have to be good every tenth day, instead of making believe every seventh. All present holidays as they run would be eliminated, or relegated, as I gather it, to the nearest "Holiday." Thus Washington and Lincoln would figure in our anniversaries with no particular reference to their seeing of the light.

Our year would begin always on a Monday, on what is now Dec. 22, and from that date, Jan. 1, our proper three months of Winter would ensue, January, February, March, and so on to what is now June 22, when Monday, July 1, would mark the beginning of Summer.

That, methinks, would possess the merit of agreeableness with what is, in our present order of weather, for who shall say that we can expect Spring before April and Summer before July!

On the mathematical side, every Monday could be reckoned upon invariably as a 1 or a 6, viz.: 1—6—11—16—21—26, and every Tuesday a 2 or a 7, viz.: 2—7—12—17—22—27, &c., so a little practice would render us perfect in determining the day of the week as related to the day of the month.

Some one, I know, will ask how Dinsmore works out his even Sundays and "Holidays" in 73 weeks. Simple enough, if you'll listen. He says: "The fifth day of Holiday Week being the last day of the year in three out of four, would be observed both as Holiday and Sunday." How we might comport ourselves on that occasion is an open question, but for better or for worse we might call it "Dinsmore Day" and just behave "kind of middling." J. W. E.

New York, Nov. 12, 1912.

Mr. Winslow's Exoneration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to thank you for giving the same prominence in to-day's TIMES to the dismissal of the alleged charges preferred against me to Gov. Dix by one Jones, that you did to the dispatch some days ago to the effect that such charges had been filed.

Some people, who readily give credence to loose charges against public officials—particularly against District Attorneys who are aggressive in the performance of public duty—are apt not to see the outcome of such charges. Perhaps I am prejudiced, but it seems to me THE TIMES has an enviable reputation for fairness. FRANCIS A. WINSLOW,
District Attorney, Westchester County.
White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 8, 1912.

A Tribute to Mr. Taft.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a Nation, I think we love Mr. Taft and what he represents—sincerity, loyalty, generosity, magnanimity, statesmanship, many virtues of head and heart which my pen is not eloquent enough to portray.

Circumstances in the last election did not allow the Nation to properly manifest that admiration. Is there no way in which we can still show him our affection and esteem? Will not some one take this up, that the Nation for whom he has labored for the last four years, with so much zeal and self-abnegation, may yet have a chance to express its appreciation and gratitude? J. B.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 8, 1912.

A Master of Landslides.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Mr. Roosevelt should decide to take another cup of coffee in 1916 he would do well to secure, at an early date, the services of Col. Goethals to manage his campaign in place of Senator Dixon. Col. Goethals has had a large experience and great success in overcoming landslides at Culebra, and probably there is no other man in the whole country who is better qualified to undertake the removal of the enormous accumulation that has buried the Bull Moose Party. W. R. F.

Swiftwater, Penn., Nov. 9, 1912.

A HISTORY WHILE YOU WAIT

"Facts" About America That Make Us Gasp and Stare.

"Twenty minutes for dinner," or "pants pressed while you wait," or "divorces between trains," are all phrases familiar to those who have observed that exceeding the speed limit has become an American habit; but it has been reserved for an Englishman to turn a new trick in the making of history or in sizing up the United States and its people and their language and laws and customs, not to speak of its unrivalled scenery and its various manifestations of temperature and other things about which we are accustomed to boast among ourselves. In the incredibly short space of six months J. Nelson Fraser of the Indian Education Service gathered sufficient material in a tour of the United States to make a book, which he has written and actually published. In it he covers nearly the entire range of topics from the "Red Men" and "Early and Mediæval America" to "The Future," with a "Postscriptum" in which some of the few things that escaped notice in the earlier pages of his volume are faithfully chronicled for the information of the outside world which is interested in us for any reason. The Postscriptum is not by any means the least interesting and informing feature of this remarkable effort at book making in the American style. For example, in these concluding pages it is noted that there has been a great change in American physiognomy in the last fifty years, and that "the Uncle Sam face is rarely to be seen now, unless it be in the old-fashioned Southern States," which will be "news" to the people living in that part of the country, seeing that the Uncle Sam of caricature has always been regarded in this country as an attempt to portray the old-fashioned Yankee, or, as we say, it was a "Yankee notion." It is further noted that "the classic example of this type is the face of Abraham Lincoln," which has been succeeded, we are told, by the face of McKinley, from which point it is gravely remarked that, "curiously enough, it suggests aplomb to European eyes." If the writer had made a more careful examination of the eminent types of Americans of the present day embonpoint might have suggested itself as a better descriptive term.

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It is observed in the Postscriptum that the material of which the book is made up was collected when the writer was "over here" two years ago. It is remarkable, most remarkable, "'pon my word," that in the course of six months so much misinformation as this book contains could have been gathered by one man, and in this is to be found the chief merit of the work Mr. Fraser has done. As caricature, it is fine; as history, or description, it is "rotten," as they say on the diamond. He visited all the large cities in the United States. The change from San Francisco to Chicago was "highly disagreeable," and it is noted that "even Americans do not much like Chicago unless they are born to the manners of the city." "There is hardly any city in the English-speaking world that would not lose by comparison with Boston;" but what should be thought of the intelligence, or æsthetic sense, of any man who would deliberately commit himself to the statement that Trinity Church is "overlabored and quite dark inside," or of the accuracy of a writer who would say that on the Fourth of July he "listened to patriotic speakers at Fanent Hall;" or of the crass ignorance of a student who would attribute to the negro orator whom he heard on the subject of Freedom this misquotation of Patrick Henry's immortal declaration, "give me death or give me liberty."

⁂

Mr. Fraser says that New York is "an immense city," is more like Paris than London, that Central Park is not very useful either to the rich or the poor, and that "after New York, Philadelphia must be an anti-climax."

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One of the most interesting chapters in the book is that devoted to "the South" and "the negro," and in twenty-two pages the story of the Revolution, the characteristics of Washington, the war between the States, the South and North in military genius and battle, the question of slavery, the work of Booker Washington, and all the rest of a moving story is told, and told with such inexactness of statement as to excite the humor while appealing to the resentment of the well-informed reader. Mr. Fraser found down in Wall Street "a statue of George Washington facing Mr. J. P. Morgan's bank," and declares that "one can hardly look at the spectacle without certain queries rising on his mind," and then follows this amusing comment, which is almost as good as anything the professional muckraker could have done:

> At Harvard commencement I beheld Mr. Morgan honoured with a degree, on the ground, according to President Jowett [sic] that he had "twice saved the State." What were the two occasions? I was never able to learn, but one, I believe, was in the financial panic a few years ago, when Mr. Morgan's bank produced gold enough to restore credit. Was it true, however, as rumour asserts, that Mr. Morgan produced that same panic in order to shake Roosevelt's [think of that!] attack on the trusts? And is it true that by private arrangement he lent Grover Cleveland at 85 when the U. S. credit was unimpaired in the market? Rumour asserts this also; I had no chance to verify it, but wonder very much whether J. P. Morgan's transactions do all commend themselves to Washington's statue.

⁂

A large part of this chapter is devoted to Virginia, and "Byrd's Dividing-Line," published in 1726, is advertised as containing "a fine picture of the times," in which it is noted that "most of the colonists were 'Reprobates of Good Familys,' and some of them even run-a-gates from European society." It was further said in the Byrd book that "idleness is the general character of the men in the south of this Colony, as in North Carolina"; but "Col. Byrd himself," says Mr. Fraser, "though a humorous rogue, was a shrewd and industrious man; he and others like him graded things up, and Virginia became the home of many fine characters. They were men of principle, men of religion, and gentlemen; it was they who gave strength to the Southern Army in the war." Which was doing fairly well for a colony composed of reprobates, as even Mr. Fraser ought to have seen.

At the old Bruton Parish Church in Williamsburg (misspelled "Bouton" by Mr. Fraser) he saw the Bible presented by Edward VII. and "a lectern presented by Col. Roosevelt." He speaks of Stanton, Mr. Lincoln's Secretary of War, as "Staunton," of Jefferson Davis as "Jeff Davies," of Faneuil Hall in Boston as "Fremont Hall," and he describes "Richmond of to-day" as "a flourishing and progressive town, largely in the mediæval stage." "It was here that I stayed in a hotel of antique mould." Where he found it, persons familiar with Richmond will not be able to tell, as there is no town in the South where the hotels of quality are newer, better kept, and more modern in all their appointments than the hotels of Richmond.

⁂

Of the war Mr. Fraser says: "The number of Northern soldiers captured by the South exceeded the total number of the Southern troops engaged in the war." Of the negro he is somewhat in doubt. From the little he saw in America he is inclined to think that "the civilized negro is much the same as the inferior sort of savage"; "a grown-up child"; "a very simple creature, and cannot take in many ideas," and "would be happiest and best off as the slave of a good master"; but "he has got to be free nowadays." Mr. Fraser regards Booker Washington as "the greatest leader Providence has ever raised up for a fallen people"; but the question that is worrying Mr. Fraser is, "What is to become of the educated negro?" That is precisely the question that is worrying a good many of the most sincere friends the negro has in this country.

⁂

But why should anybody "dash off" a book like this? The style is slovenly, the descriptions are sloppy, the "facts" are false, the information is misleading. Better, far better, Henry James and his "American Views," which no man can parse, than this six months' study of "the greatest nation on earth" by an Englishman who does not understand either the limitations of language or the importance of doing one's work well. J. C. H.

A YOUTHFUL OLD COMEDY

John Corbin Praises Annie Russell's Revealing Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I add a word to the chorus of praise which has greeted Miss Annie Russell's revival of "She Stoops to Conquer"? A very large part of the success of the production resulted from the things which were not done. None of our English classics has been more deeply incrusted than this one with gags and comedy business invented by successive actors. Rich character parts such as Diggory and Tony Lumpkin have been rendered as caricatures, and points have been driven in as if it required a surgical operation, and no delicate one at that, to get a joke into the heads of an audience. The scholastic note on the story of "Ould Grouse in the Gun-room" is: "This story has escaped identification." Yet in a recent performance, much heralded, an alleged comic anecdote was interpolated which caused paroxysms of laughter—on the stage.

It will not do, of course, to frown down all of the traditional business, even all of the changes and interpolations in the text. Many of these are full of nature and likelihood, and some of them doubtless had their origin during the life of the author, and with his full sanction. The task of the modern producer is to select as well as to reject. The present point is that Miss Russell has performed a delicate task with consummate taste and discrimination. And that is one reason why a play which has so often produced a macabre effect, as of the rattling of the dry bones of dead wits, now produces "the strongest impression," as your critic says, "of the eternal youthfulness of the comedy." The humor of the story is not only "as fresh as if it were written a few days ago," but very much more than that—unless I do a grave injustice to the modern playwrights of Broadway.

Another reason for the success of the production lies in the acting. It is often said, and with far too much justification, that acting in the broad, rich manner of our old comedy has become extinct. And no play is more likely than this to reveal the fact, for it contains at least five parts which give scope to the subtlest and most vigorous comedy. Yet the impression of last night's performance was of an even, smooth ensemble, adequate at all points to the task in hand. It is possible to indicate parts capable of improvement—when has it not been? Yet the fact remains obvious that even to-day intelligent casting and competent stage direction can make our great masterpieces live for us.

Miss Russell invested the traditional values of her part with a subtlety and salience of humor all her own. The Tony Lumpkin of George Giddens has long been known as the ablest and most authentic of the English-speaking stage. Yet between the work of these two artists and that of the rest of the company there was no gap, no unbridged interval, of the kind that has so often introduced a note of disillusionment upon our star-ridden stage. It is not necessary to recommend the production on the ground of its great educational value, for there is a much better recommendation in the jolly good fun of it. JOHN CORBIN.

New York, Nov. 12, 1912.

CITY'S TRADE ADVANTAGES.

Merchants' Association Undertakes to Build Them Up.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Until recently nothing has been done to counteract the raids made upon New York by other cities. Manufacturers, wholesalers, and all other classes of business men have been coaxed away.

One city offers a bait in the form of free docks. Another offers free sites for factories. Still another promises free power. Again, it is "no taxes for seven years."

In this city are thousands upon thousands of acres of unoccupied land suitable for factory sites, all ready to be developed. We have the greatest harbor in the world and countless other wonderful natural advantages that have not been made the most of.

In order that the mistakes of the past may not be repeated, an Industrial Bureau has been established by the Merchants' Association, which will devote its time and its energy to the industrial upbuilding of New York. If much good is to be accomplished, the business men of this city must work in greater harmony. WM. FELLOWES MORGAN.

New York, Nov. 8, 1912.

AUTOMOBILE BUMPS.

Resilient Springs and Solid Tires Urged as Remedy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your editorial on "Drivers and Makers at Fault," and also to the letter to-day on "Automobile Punctures," I beg leave to suggest that such accidents are impossible to prevent as long as the ill-advised owners of autos stick to the use of pneumatic tires.

Such a tire is nothing but an air-filled rubber ball, and no matter how hard it may be inflated, if the bump is strong enough the heavy car is shot up into the air, the much lighter passenger in it being often bounced a foot higher even than the car, with results frequently much worse than the case in question.

A spring wheel having the necessary resilience in the springs, with solid rubber tires, is the only solution of this problem. K.

New York, Nov. 8, 1912.

Appeal for the Servian Red Cross.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thousands of our Soldiers of the Cross lie wounded and suffering. We are doing everything that human love and human appreciation of human bravery can do to ease those sufferings. It takes money.

The Serbo-American Red Cross appeals to the great American people for funds to send to the soldiers of the Balkans.

A dollar here is 100 cents when it reaches there, less exchange. There are no deductions, no commissions.

These wounded soldiers have "fought the good fight" for Christ and freedom for their brethren, who for 450 years have been under the awful hand of the Turk.

My father sends word that "the need is immediate and insistent." Who will aid the Red Cross?

Subscriptions may be sent to Tomo. Sargentich, Treasurer, 280 Fourth Avenue, New York City, or to the undersigned at the Hotel Touraine, Brooklyn, N. Y., and will be immediately and most gratefully acknowledged.
STEFAN, PRINCE NEMANJICH-DUSHANJICH.

Brooklyn, Nov. 11, 1912.

Too Big to "Bolt."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to "J. K. B.'s" query, "Is Mr. Roosevelt going to contest Mr. Wilson's election, or will he bolt the country?" let me say that T. R. tried to bolt the country, but it stuck in his throat! W. M.

Metuchen, N. J., Nov. 9, 1912.

ON GUARD.

If you have a sore appendix,
Or a wrinkle, or a frown,
Now's your time to have them mended,
For the surgeons are in town.

If you have an ingrown toenail,
Or a friend who is a bore,
Now's your chance to have them cut out,
With the surgeons to the fore.

If you'd keep your liver, stomach,
Spleen, or heart, or anything,
Just go cutting every stranger
While the surgeons have their fling.

JULIAN W. BRANDEIS.

COLLIER AGAIN AS NEAR-MONOLOGIST

With Good Assistance from "Buster" in Two Funny Scenes About a Dog Named Herrman.

HARD SLUGGING AT FIRST

But the Comedian's Hard Work Brings More or Less Amusement in the Course of "Never Say Die."

NEVER SAY DIE, a comedy in three acts, by W. H. Post and William Collier. Forty-eighth Street Theatre.

A Servant	John Adam
The Hon. Mrs. Stevenson	Emily Fitzroy
Sir John Morenzi, M. D.	John Clulow
Hector Walters	John Junior
Violet Stevenson	Paula Marr
Virgil Galesby, M. D.	Charles Dow Clark
Griggs	Grant Stewart
Dionysius Woodbury	William Collier
Verchesi	Nicholas Judels
"Buster"	William Collier, Jr.
La Cigale	Jessie Arnold
Mr. Gibbs	Thomas McGrath
Expressman	James Sheeran
Maid	Dorothy Unger

The narrow dividing line between laughter and tears has seldom been better illustrated than in the opening act of "Never Say Die," which served to bring William Collier back to the stage last night in his now familiar rôle of near-monologist. The central figure of the piece, the typical Collier combination of half reticence and half quick retort, is a young man who has been told that he has less than a month to live. Two specialists agree in the diagnosis, and the details of the malady are specifically described, the general situation and the malady being practically identical with those in the first act of A. Conan Doyle's melodrama, "The Fires of Fate." Indeed, the entire first act of Mr. Collier's new piece could be played quite seriously.

But as Mr. Collier bears the comedy label and justifies it, what would otherwise be subject matter for tears is here merely food for laughter.

It must be admitted, however, that for an act and a half, "Never Say Die" seems more fatal than it really is, and this, too, in spite of Mr. Collier's ability to get fun out of almost hopeless material. Later the complications, though still forced, take on a tinge of humor and the general result is fairly entertaining. That it is so is due, however, to Mr. Collier's unflagging effort, represented not only in his acting, but in those innumerable little turns and twists of dialogue and business which have now become hall marks of everything in which he appears. Much of it is obvious and forced, but just when one has concluded that all freshness has gone out of it there comes a passage or line which suggests the real comic spirit. Of such as this are two scenes in which William Collier, Jr., otherwise "Buster," appears and in which he really plays with method that is surprisingly good in so youthful a performer.

His call upon Dionysius Woodbury, the hero of the piece, is made in the interest of his dog Herrman, a canine companion who is to be sacrificed in pursuance of parental orders. What he asks is that Woodbury take charge of Herrman, for whom he supplies a fine character. After Woodbury has consented to assume the responsibility he wonders where he can put the dog in his small apartment.

"Oh, you can't put him anywhere," says the boy; "you have got to stay with him."

And he adds reassuringly that Herrman has more pride than any dog he ever saw. "He don't even bite dogs," says the boy. "I taught him not to, and some big dogs helped me teach him."

In another scene the boy learns that his benefactor has agreed to pay the 3 pounds necessary for the dog's transportation to America, which so delights him that he assures Woodbury that he is proud to have him as a countryman. There is genuine fun, too, in a dinner table scene, with Mr. Collier attempting to negotiate asparagus Hollandaise with a fork and spoon held in one hand according to the directions of his French chef. But what is one to say of the inhumanity of the modern producer in the presence of such a requirement from actors as the eating of asparagus upon a brightly lighted stage in front of a whole theatreful of people? This being accomplished so well as it was last night one has reason to feel proud of our later-day thespians and to express the hope that in time all the allied requirements of diction, deportment, and dress shall be equally well met.

It is time to say, perhaps, that Dionysius Woodbury does not die in accordance with his physician's positive instructions, and that, having contracted a marriage in order to oblige a friend, who is subsequently to be made happy in the love of the rich widow, he finds himself in something of a muddle. The fact that his friend is peculiarly unsympathetic makes for rejoicing when the marriage of convenience turns out to be a real love match. But before this has happened there have been various complications, one of which, involving the repeated entrance of a detective bent on getting evidence for a divorce, provides considerable amusement.

Mr. Collier is frequently very funny, and generally much funnier than the material seems to justify. The youthful member of the family is, as has been said, a distinct success, and Miss Paula Marr plays the heroine neatly and prettily. Grant Stewart brings a sincere touch to the rôle of a sympathetic servant, and the others are good enough.

But if the play enjoys any very considerable share of patronage Mr. Collier may well exclaim that, in matters of this kind, an actor need "Never Say Die."

ALONZO KLAW BRIDEGROOM.

Son of Marc Klaw Married to Miss Alma Ash at Her Home.

Alonzo Klaw, a landscape painter and son of Marc Klaw of Klaw & Erlanger, was married last evening to Miss Alma Ash, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Ash, at their residence, 316 West 103d Street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Maurice Harris of Temple Israel. It was a quiet home wedding, only the relatives and a few intimate friends being present.

Alonzo Klaw is well known in art circles. Mrs. Klaw is a graduate of Barnard College. After a wedding tour the young couple will make their home at Lake Mahopac, where the bridegroom owns a large farm and is building a studio.

Natural Alkaline Water

Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

Ask your Physician

(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)

CELESTINS VICHY

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Alan Hudson (Miss Eleanor Granville Brown) are being congratulated on the birth of a son on Monday at their new house in Short Hills, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart have returned to town and are occupying their residence, 54 East Fifty-third Street, for the Winter.

Mrs. M. Lawrence Keene will be at 57 East Fifty-eighth Street for the Winter.

John A. Gade, President of the American-Scandinavian Society, and Mrs. Gade have sent out invitations for Nov. 22 for an evening to be devoted to Scandinavian art and folk dances at their residence, 107 East Seventy-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd S. Brice and J. Louden, Minister to the Netherlands, are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sherman Hoyt are at the Devon, in West Fifty-fifth Street, for a few weeks. Mrs. James Russell Soley are at the Devon for the Winter.

Miss Mildred Gautier Rice has gone to Memphis, Tenn., to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Edmington, whose daughter is one of the season's débutantes, and will return about Dec. 1.

Mrs. George von L. Meyer and the Misses Meyer of Washington, D. C., are at the Belmont.

Sir Edmund Osler of Toronto, Canada, is at the Hotel Manhattan for a visit.

The Junior Auxiliary of the Union Settlement will give an afternoon and evening performance at the Plaza on Dec. 12 in aid of the settlement. Instead of "Quality Street," as first announced, they will present Dickens's "Cricket on the Hearth" and "A Christmas Carol." This will be the third annual entertainment given by the auxiliary, and many of this season's débutantes will take part.

Mrs. Clendenin J. Ryan, who has been visiting at Thomas F. Ryan's place at Oak Ridge, Va., is at the Hotel Gotham for a visit. Mr. and Mrs. George Livingston Nichols and Miss Nichols have closed their country place at Katonah, N. Y., and are at the Gotham for the Winter.

Mrs. George Gould is giving a dance at her Fifth Avenue residence on Jan. 9 for Miss Hope Hamilton, her cousin, the débutante daughter of Mrs. W. A. Hamilton.

MISS GOODHUE'S WEDDING.

Plans for Her Marriage to Geoffrey Konta in Church of St. Mark's.

The wedding of Miss Phillis Goodhue and Geoffrey Konta, will take place on Saturday, Nov. 30, at noon in the quaint little Church of St. Mark's in the Bowery.

Miss Goodhue will have her sister Mrs. Reginald Cleveland as maid of honor, and her other attendants are ot be Miss Constance McKelvey, Miss Mary Louise Rochester and Mrs. Thomas Wright of St. Louis, the latter the young aunt of Mr. Konta.

Mr. Konta will have George Soule, as his best man, and the ushers are to be Reginald Cleveland, Fisher and Prentice Goodhue, brothers of the bride, Conway Dickson, Frank Norris and Karl Kirchway, most of whom were his classmates at Yale.

Mr. Konta will give his bachelor dinner on the Wednesday evening preceding the wedding.

The church ceremony will be followed by a small reception for the bridal party and relatives only, at the residence of Miss Goodhue's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Goodhue, 157 East Thirty-fourth Street.

MISS HUTCHINS A BRIDE.

Married to Roy S. Durstine in Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Miss Harriet Grosvenor Hutchins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Grosvenor Hutchins of 182 West Fifty-eighth Street, and Roy S. Dirstine, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lee B. Dirstine of 67 Riverside Drive, were married yesterday in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The Rev. William M. Grosvenor, dean of the cathedral, performed the ceremony.

The Misses Margaret and Katherine Hutchins attended their sister, and Miss Katherine Schwellenbach, a cousin of the bridegroom, acted as flower girl.

Augustus C. Studer of Montclair, N. J., was best man, and the ushers were Tertius van Dyke of Princeton, Robert C. Clothier, and William T. West of Philadelphia; John Myers of Plattsburg, Preston Witherspoon, Henry Warrenton Doughten, and Shepard Ashman Morgan of this city.

After the ceremony a reception for the relatives was held at the home of the bride's parents.

MISS MOLLIE BANGS ENGAGED.

Her Betrothal to Lorenzo D. Armstrong Announced at a Luncheon

Mr. and Mrs. Anson M. Bangs of 205 West fifty-seventh Street announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mollie Bangs, to Lorenzo D. Armstrong of this city, at a buffet luncheon they gave yesterday.

Mr. Armstrong is a lawyer, a graduate of Yale, class of '99, and a member of the New York Yacht and University Clubs.

Among those at the luncheon were Mrs. Frank Palmer, Mrs. Dunlevy Milbank, Mrs. Jeremiah Milbank, Mrs. Littleton Fox, Mrs. Frank Platt, Mrs. Gustavus Kirby, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, Mrs. E. Gaynor Bangs, Mrs. Henry J. Hemmens, Mrs. Arthur Carroll, Mrs. Arthur Hoe, Mrs. Frederick Armstrong, Mrs. Morgan Wing, Mrs. John Toucey, Mrs. B. Tappin Fairchild, and the Misses Dolly La Montagne, Agnes Page Brown, Helen Stearns, Isabel Atterbury, Marion Graham, Ethel Carhart, Louise Vanderbilt, Mildred Holmes, Gertrude Pardee, Hester Barrows, Martha Orr, Marjorie Noyes, Miriam Harriman, Katherine Burton, Henrietta Thaw, Helen Frick Marie Gaynor, Abby Morrison, Elizabeth Sabrie, and Pauline Haggerty.

HER WEDDING MAIDS IN PINK.

Miss Edda V. Morris Married to Philip J. Bowers at Hotel Gotham.

The wedding of Miss Edda Vought Morris, daughter of Mrs. Edward H. Morris of the Hotel Bonta, 216 West Ninety-fourth Street, to Philip J. Bowers of Newark, N. J., took place last evening at 8:30 o'clock in the ballroom of the Hotel Gotham. Mgr. Hayes of St. Patrick's Cathedral officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin, trimmed with point lace, and a Court train of brocaded satin which fell from the shoulders. Her veil of point lace was draped about the face and held with sprays of fresh orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids, and her only ornament was a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. H. Henry Bertram, who acted as maid of honor, wore coral pink satin trimmed with chiffon and lace, and carried pink roses. The bridesmaids were the Misses Grace Hoadley and Margaretta Homans. They wore pink satin gowns with panniers of chiffon, and carried deep pink roses. There was also a little flower girl, Miss Jean N. Morris, a niece of the bride. She wore a frock of point d'esprit over pink satin, and carried a basket of pink rosebuds.

Edward D. Dunn of Newark was Mr. Bowers's best man, and the ushers were John H. Dunn of Newark and Ellison Pierce of Montclair.

A reception followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Bowers will motor to Hot Springs and spend a few weeks. Later they will sail for Europe, where they will remain until April. Upon their return they will live in Montclair.

W. Somerset Maugham Coming Again.

W. Somerset Maugham, author of "Lady Frederick," "Jack Straw," and many other plays, will make his second visit to America this season, sailing from Liverpool on the Mauretania next Saturday. He will bring with him the partially completed manuscript of a new serious play, two acts of which are laid in Canada. During his stay he will visit that country and also the Southern States.

Luncheon for Miss Susanne Warren.

Mrs. William Bancroft Anderton gave a luncheon yesterday at the Colony Club for Miss Susanne E. Warren, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elliott Warren. Among those present were the Misses Margaret Wagstaff, Kate Willis, Edith Gracie, Star Paris, Kathryn Auerbach, Louise Chappell, Caroline Wyeth, and Elise Francke.

GUSTAV H. SCHWAB, SHIP MERCHANT, DEAD

Former Head of Oelrichs & Co. a Victim of Nervous Fatigue in His 62d Year.

ACTIVE IN CIVIC REFORM

Prominent in Business Enterprises and Charities—Decorated by King of Italy and German Emperor.

Gustav H. Schwab, former head of the firm of Oelrichs & Co., general agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, died at Litchfield, Conn., yesterday. Mr. Schwab was born on May 30, 1851, on the banks of the Hudson at 119th Street, where his father had built a home in 1807. For more than twenty-five years he had devoted much of his time to bettering civic conditions, in charitable work, and in various business enterprises. In November, 1910, he retired from active business cares. He suffered from overwork and nervous fatigue.

Mr. Schwab was the grandson and namesake of the German poet, Gustav Schwab. When he was 14 years old he was sent to the Gymnasium at Stuttgart, Germany. He remained there four years under the care of his uncle, Prof. Christoph Schwab.

He spent four years as a clerk in the office of Caspar Meier, in Bremen, and then he was taken into the Bremen office of the North German Lloyd Company. In the Fall of 1873 he came to this city and entered the office of his father's firm, Oelrichs & Co. His share of the work was looking after the business of the North German Lloyd Company. Three years later Mr. Schwab became a member of the firm.

Mr. Schwab was especially interested in the business conduct of this city. He first appeared in active politics in 1890, when he helped to organize the People's Municipal League that nominated F. M. Scott for Mayor. Mr. Schwab also took an active part in the formation of the Citizens' Union which elected Seth Low Mayor.

Mr. Schwab took a lively interest in the Sound Money movement started by the Chamber of Commerce in 1892, and he did what he could in the fight to obtain a revision of the tariff laws and in the reduction of reciprocal trade arrangements with foreign countries. When Mr. Schwab's father died in 1888 he was chosen to fill his place as a member of the Committee on Foreign Commerce and the Revenue Laws of the Chamber of Commerce. A few year later he was elected Chairman of the committee. Mr. Schwab also succeeded his father on the Board of Directors of the Merchants' National Bank.

Mr. Schwab also took an active part in the work of the Canal Committee of the Produce Exchange, of which he was Chairman, and was one of the pioneers in the movement that resulted in the adoption by the people of the State of the 1,000-ton barge canal plan. He was also active in charitable work, and was a Director of the Juvenile Asylum and a member of the Board of Directors of St. John's Guild. For fourteen years he was the President of the German Society of the city, which was founded by his great-great-grandfather, Prof. John Christopher Kunz, in company with other Germans in 1787.

One of the big things that Mr. Schwab did was to restore order out of the chaos caused by the big fire that destroyed four great steamships of the North German Lloyd Line on June 30, 1900, in Hoboken.

In October, 1876, Mr. Schwab married Miss Caroline Wheeler of Fordham. He is survived by two children, Gustav, Jr., who was associated with him in business, and a daughter, who is the wife of Dr. William W. Herrick of this city.

Mr. Schwab was a member of many clubs. Among them were the Metropolitan, City, Ardsley, Tuxedo, German, Century, and the New York Yacht Club. He was decorated with the order of Sts. Lazaro and Maurizio by the King of Italy in 1895 and with the Red Eagle of the Third Class by the German Emperor in 1902. He was a Director in the Associates Land Company and the Merchants' National Bank; Trustee of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, the Birkbeck Investment, Savings, and Loan Company, the Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company; Vice President of the New York Produce Exchange Safe Deposit and Storage Company, President of the Ogden Estate Company, President of the Reynolds Ice Machine Company, and President and Director of the North German Lloyd Dock Company.

Mr. Schwab's funeral will be held in Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth Street, to-morrow at 10 A. M. Interment will be in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

THE KNEISEL QUARTET.

First Concert of Its Twenty-first New York Season—A New Second Violin.

The first concert of the Kneisel Quartet's twenty-first season in New York, given last evening in Aeolian Hall, was like the return of old friends after fruitless wanderings. But that their purgatorial experiences of concert giving in a ballroom, presumably never intended for such a purpose, and certainly most ill-adapted for it, had lost them none of their admirers was fully shown by the aspect of the hall, which was well filled with more of them than could find admittance to Mendelssohn Hall. And although the new auditorium will accommodate so many more people than the old one, its excellent acoustic qualities serve the enjoyment of the larger number even better. The playing of the quartet never sounded more satisfying, rounder, fuller, or better balanced than it did last evening; and the audience was at once given the agreeable consciousness of hearing once more all the fine and beautiful qualities of a performance that were not produced only to be lost and dissipated.

The quartet appeared with a new member, Hans Letz, second violin, who takes the place of Mr. Roentgen. It has already been made known that he comes to New York from Chicago, where he gave up a leading position in the Thomas Orchestra to join the Kneisel Quartet, a proceeding that signifies an artistic frame of mind none too common. He soon showed himself to be an artist in high technical achievement and musical endowment as well as in his frame of mind; a player of full and beautiful tone and admirable style, who is already quite assimilated with the spirit and methods which Mr. Kneisel for so many years has impressed upon his organization. He is a valuable acquisition to it.

The programme of this first concert was one that could raise no doubts in the minds of the conservatives or make for anything but unalloyed enjoyment. It was made up of works that have become pillars of the art of chamber music—Haydn's quartet in D minor, Beethoven's in E minor, the second of the set of three dedicated to Count Rasoumoffsky, Op. 59, and Schumann's piano quintet, Op. 44. All are most familiar to Mr. Kneisel's public; as are the ripe and finished beauty of his playing of them, its purity and perfect balance of tone, its perfection of phrasing, its repose, its vitality of spirit, and the union of all that goes to make up the indefinable thing called style. In Schumann's quintet the string players had the assistance of Miss Frieda Siemens, a new recruit to the number of chamber music pianists, who read her title clear to associate with the Kneisel Quartet by her crisply rhythmical, clear, and well-balanced performance of the pianoforte part; a performance that felt the romantic promptings of the composition and its buoyant and overflowing spirit.

Miss Andrews to Wed F. N. Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward William Robinson of Great Neck, L. I., announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Cecilia Andrews, to Frank Newcomb Butler of New Orleans, La. Miss Andrews, since the death of her parents, has divided her time between visits to her sisters, Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Joseph Gazzam of Philadelphia.

The wedding will be celebrated before the Christmas holidays, and Mr. Butler and his bride will make their home in New Orleans.

MR. BECKER PLAYS CONCERTO

An American Musician Appears as Composer and Interpreter.

William A. Becker, an American musician, said to be from Cleveland, but not known to the New York public, is the author of a piano concerto; and in order to present it before a New York public, played it in a concert of his own yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, with the assistance of the New York Symphony Orchestra and Mr. Walter Damrosch. The concert was the dignified undertaking of a properly ambitious musician.

The concerto is in E minor. Mr. Becker is in no danger of ranking with any of the revolutionary modern and radical schools of musicians, who are supposed to be attempting an overturn of the hitherto accepted fundamentals of musical art. He follows accepted models in general, both in his structure and in the invention of musical ideas, and his development of them. His first movement is the strongest member of his concerto. Its themes have no great originality or distinction, but they have definite outline and the composer conducts them to a definite issue. The slow movement is melodious, sentimentally so, and in the last movement he has not gone very far toward stirring the pulses or even rousing the interest of his hearers with his six-eight rhythm and the abundant figuration with which he has embroidered it—for neither ventures far away from conventionality. Mr. Becker's writing for the piano is properly in accord with the nature of the instrument, and has the brilliancy of effect that is expected of a concerto, even if much of his passage work is of well recognized and accepted types. In his orchestral accompaniment there is meritorious writing, and an understanding of the effects he was aiming at; nor is there lacking skill in obtaining them. But it is not, after all, difficult to understand why this concerto has not been eagerly taken up into the programmes of symphony societies. The composer played it with spirit and, naturally, with conviction; and with a sufficient meeting of its demands upon the technical and intellectual resources of its interpreter. He afterward played pieces by Chopin and Rubinstein, and the orchestra contributed Goldmark's gay orchestral scherzo and arrangements for string orchestra of piano pieces by Fibich.

MR. ZIMBALIST'S RECITAL.

The Young Russian Violinist's Beautiful Playing—A Concerto by Vivaldi.

Efrem Zimbalist, the young Russian violinist, whose appearences here last season occasioned much pleasant comment, again gave a recital before a New York audience yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The auditorium was crowded, and there were the usual demonstrations, which may be expected at the afternoon appearance of a virtuoso.

Mr. Zimbalist has often expressed himself as desirous of playing new music, and his programme contained evidence of this taste. There were three new pieces by Cyril Scott, the English composer; two by the violinist himself, and a concerto by Vivaldi, which has just been unearthed.

The concerto proved a mellow piece of writing, but the accompaniment played on the piano and organ did not seem to suit it exactly. Mr. Scott's pieces, though slight, possess charm; the first "Cherry Ripe" is written in wistful measures and quaint harmonies, and the Irish song which followed, was also melancholy; the third number, a dance, was frankly Debussy. Its glissandos and scale passages slid easily off the violinist's fingers.

Of Mr. Zimbalist's own pieces, the "Orientale," a melody he picked up in the Caucasus last Summer, had to be repeated; the other piece was called "Russian."

Mr. Zimbalist's art is as sane as ever; his technique as sure. His tone is a never-ending marvel of richness, breadth, and mellow beauty. He is one of the most worthy of the violinists now before the public. He was assisted yesterday by Frank L. Sealy at the organ, while Eugene Lutsky played the piano accompaniments, and assisted in a fine reading of Brahms's D minor piano and violin sonata.

Dr. Robert Ferguson Chapman.

Dr. Robert Ferguson Chapman, for forty years a physician in this city, died early yesterday morning at his home, 121 West 120th Street. Dr. Chapman was born in La Plata, Md., in 1841, and was graduated from Yale College with the class of 1862, being the only Southerner in the New Haven institution at the time of the civil war. After his graduation he studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, and later took a post-graduate course at the University of Maryland at Baltimore. Upon beginning the practice of medicine he settled in Southern Maryland, and shortly afterward married Miss Nannie Du Val of Baltimore, who died two years ago. In 1872 Dr. Chapman came to this city. A son, Dr. Robert Chapman of the same address, survives him.

Frank A. Archambault.

Frank A. Archambault, proprietor of the Belleclaire Hotel, Seventy-seventh Street and Broadway, and for many years a well-known restaurateur and hotel man in this city, died yesterday afternoon in his apartments in the Belleclaire. He was born in Montreal, Canada, on Aug. 4, 1866, and came to this city when 15 years of age. He had resided in New York ever since, with the exception of three years, which he spent in Chicago immediately prior to and during the World's Fair in that city. Mr. Archambault inaugurated the department store restaurant system in Manhattan, and installed the restaurants in Siegel-Cooper and Simpson-Crawford stores. He is survived by his wife.

Charles Griswold Bartlett.

Charles Griswold Bartlett, widely known as an educator of boys and for thirty-five years the head of the Blackhall School at Blackhall, Conn., died yesterday in New Haven. He was 63 years old. Prof. Bartlett was born in Lyme, Conn., Dec. 25, 1848, the son of Dr. Shubael Fitch Bartlett and Fannie Rogers (Griswold) Bartlett. He was educated at the Hartford High School, and entered Yale College with the class of 1872. He was not graduated from Yale, but in 1888 Yale conferred upon him the honorary degree of M. A. Failing health compelled him to retire from the Blackhall School last Spring. Prof. Bartlett was twice married. His widow and four children survive him.

GRACE GEORGE IN 'CARNIVAL.'

Will Present Compton MacKenzie's Play, with Author in Cast, in Toronto.

Grace George will begin her season in Compton MacKenzie's dramatization of his novel, "Carnival," at Toronto next Monday night. Mr. MacKenzie, as was stated in THE TIMES several weeks ago, will play the leading rôle of Maurice Avery himself. He is a trained actor, of a theatrical family, and his brother, Frank Compton, will play the rôle of Ronnie Walker, coming from Australia for the engagement. Mr. MacKenzie's father is Edward Compton, the well-known English actor, and his sister is the wife of Pellisier, head of the London Follies, for which Mr. MacKenzie has written numerous musical skits.

Others in Miss George's supporting company will be John Glendinning, Donald Maclaren, Gerrard Freeman, F. Owen Baxter, William Ricciardi, Harry Neville, Byron Williams, Philip Thompson, Louise Rial, Clarice Lawrence, Elsie Martin, Christine Raynor, Maude Leslie, Margaret Field, Florence Vincent, Georgette Leland, and Estelle Leon. A corps de ballet, trained by Emile Agoust of the Winter Garden, will be a part of the organization, to be seen in the music hall act of the play. After a short tour the piece will be brought to New York.

Ex-Gov. C. S. Powers of Mississippi.

Capt. C. S. Powers, 75 years old, Ex-Governor of Mississippi, and for the last six years a resident of Los Angeles, Cal., died suddenly on Monday at Brawley, Cal. He was a veteran of the civil war and a graduate of the University of Michigan. He moved to Mississippi in the reconstruction days.

Obituary Notes.

RICHARD S. SCHMIDT, founder and first President of the Brooklyn branch of the National German-American Alliance, died yesterday from apaplexy, at his home, 719A Quincy Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Schmidt was born in Weimar, Germany, 67 years ago, and came to this country in 1884.

EDGAR F. RANDOLPH, 2d, 38 years old, a nephew of ex-Governor and ex-Senator Theodore F. Randolph of New Jersey, died on Monday at his home, 174 South Street, Morristown, N. J.

JULIUS FLEISCHMAN, President of the Fifth Avenue firm of Fleischman Brothers Company, contractors and builders, died yesterday in the Mount Sinai Hospital as the result of an operation. He was 62 years old. Mr. Fleischmann was a member of the Educational Alliance, the Mount Sinai Hospital, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, and the Temple Israel of Harlem. He is survived by his widow and two sons.

CLAYTON I. CROFT, 76 years old, United States Consul at Cartagena, Columbia, during President Harrison's administration, and of recent years connected with the Post Office Department in Washington, died there yesterday.

HARRY C. AIKEN, a scenic artist, whose home was at 426 Mott Avenue, in the Bronx, died yesterday in the Emergency Hospital. He was 35 years old and a member of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators Union No. 261.

JOHN L. TUOHY, 54 years old, a lifelong resident of Flushing, died yesterday at his home, 155 Washington Street. For more than twenty-four years Mr. Tuohy was in the employ of the New York Central Railroad at the Grand Central Station.

NUGENT T. RENNELL, 79 years old, who was a naval officer in the civil war and saw service in the Mississippi squadron, under Admiral Porter, died yesterday at his home, 176 Lawrence Street, Flushing. He was born in Plymouth, England. Mr. Rennell left a widow, a son, and a daughter.

JOHN E. MARSHALL, who had been City Assessor of Mount Vernon for fourteen years, died at his home there yesterday, aged 75 years. Mr. Marshall gained some notoriety last Summer, when he was baptized in Long Island Sound by an elder of the Seventh-Day Adventist Church. He had been a resident of Mount Vernon for thirty-four years. Mr. Marshall was the Financial Secretary of Mount Vernon Lodge, No. 195, I. O. O. F., and a member of the Odd Fellows' Veteran Association of New York and Mount Vernon Lodge of Elks, No. 482. He left a widow.

JOHN C. BURKE, one of the founders of the Chicago Stock Yards and partner of Edward Corrigan in the operation of the Hawthorne and other race tracks at Chicago, died in Missoula, Mont., on Monday. He had been suffering for thirteen years and had gone to Montana for his health two years ago.

EDWARD C. LEEDS, one of the owners of the Chalfonte Hotel and Haddon Hall, Atlantic City, died at his home in Woodbury, N. J., yesterday. He was elected to the New Jersey Legislature last Tuesday on the Republican ticket. Mr. Leeds was 43 years old.

SAMUEL HIDDEN WENTWORTH, a well-known lawyer of Boston, died there on Monday at the age of 78 years. He was graduated from Harvard in 1858 and from the Harvard Law School three years later. Mr. Wentworth also held honorary degrees from Harvard and Dartmouth.

Prof. J. F. DAVIS, Secretary of the Board of Managers of Dickinson Seminary, died yesterday at Williamsport, Penn., at the age of 72 years. He was formerly Superintendent of Schools in Fulton County, Penn. Prof. Davis founded the Williamsport Commercial College in 1879 and established a similar institution in Altoona.

PETER I. BLAUBELT, many years an art photographer with a studio in Park Place, Manhattan, died Sunday at his home, 74 Kenmore Place, Flatbush, of a complication of diseases. He was 80 years old, and is survived by a wife and three daughters.

JOHN P. WALDMULLER, a hotel keeper in the early days on the old Jamaica Plank Road, East New York, died on Sunday of heart disease at his home, 257 Railroad Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 63 years old and left a son and daughter.

Miss ANNA SCHUTTE, a pianist and composer and a former pupil of Sebastian Bach Mills, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal. Among her best known compositions were "Dance of the Gnomes," "The Brownies' Revel," and "Love's Rosary."

HENRY GEBHARD, a retired farmer, died on Monday at his home, 25 Twenty-second Street, Flatbush, L. I., at the age of 67 years. He left five daughters and a son.

Mrs. ELLEN MONKS, wife of Capt. Patrick Monks, one-time pilot of Sandy Hook, died on Monday at her home, 193 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 75. She left two daughters.

Mrs. HINDE MARGOLIS, the widow of Rabbi Isaac Margolis, died on Monday of apoplexy at her home, 960 Grant Avenue, the Bronx. She was 69 years old and left four sons.

Mrs. HENRIETTA KAHN, widow of Mayer Kahn, a real estate operator, died Monday at her home, 600 West End Avenue, from general debility. She left three daughters and a son.

Mrs. ANNA T. MacMULLEN, wife of the Rev. David MacMullen, formerly pastor of the Nostrand Avenue Methodist Church of Brooklyn and founder of the New York Avenue Methodist Church of Brooklyn, died Sunday at her home, 576 Greene Avenue, at the age of 81 years. Her son is the Rev. Dr. Wallace MacMullen, pastor of the Madison Avenue Methodist Church, Manhattan.

MAX ROSENSTOCK, senior member of the firm of Rosenstock & Cohr, manufacturers of underwear, of 14 East Twenty-second Street, died on Monday at his home, 485 Central Park West, of Bright's disease. He was 73 years old and is survived by his wife, three sons, and four daughters.

CHARLES SCOTT DUNN, who for thirty years was connected with the New York office of the Standard Oil Company, died at his home, 794½ Montgomery Street, Jersey City, on Monday from heart disease. He was 52 years old and is survived by his wife.

EPHRAIM S. DAY, prominent livestock broker, died on Monday in All Souls' Hospital, Morristown, N. J., after a short illness. His home was in Mendham, N. J. He was 67 years old and left two sons and two daughters.

Capt. E. B. EDWARDS, one of the oldest and best known sailing masters along the Delaware River, died on Monday at his home in Philadelphia. Capt. Edwards commanded the vessel that carried a large cargo of coal into Richmond, Va., during the civil war. He is survived by a son and daughter.

ROBERT ZAENGLE, a prominent wine merchant of Brooklyn, died Sunday at his home, 584 Bushwick Avenue, of a complication of diseases. The day of his death was just ten years from the day that he started in the wholesale and retail wine business. Mr. Zaengle was 58 years old. He came to this country from Germany at the age of 18 years.

JOHN H. ROY died suddenly at his home in Westfield, N. J., on Monday. He was actively connected with the printing trade in New York for more than fifty years. He was a member of the firm of Nicoll & Roy at 16 Dey Street for many years, and afterward a member of the Nicoll & Roy Company at Fulton and Church Streets, and subsequently President of the Roy Press at Beekman and Gold Streets, printers of many technical magazines.

AARON GOLDSTEIN, 38 years old, a member of the Basket Manufacturing Company, dropped dead from heart disease at his desk in the offices of the concern, 139 Duane Street, yesterday. Mr. Goldstein lived at the Hotel Cecil, 118th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

Brevet Brig. Gen. HIRAM J. DEVOL, a veteran of the civil war, died at his home in Kansas City yesterday of pneumonia. He was 81 years old. Gen. Devol served through the civil war with the Thirty-sixth Ohio Volunteers. He was born in Waterford, Ohio, and in his youth operated a flatboat between New Orleans and Ohio River points. When the war opened he enlisted with the Army of the Potomac.

WILLARD A. BULLARD, a banker and capitalist, died in Cambridge, Mass., yesterday. Mr. Bullard was President of the Harvard Trust Company, Riverdale Cotton Mills, and the Westpoint Manufacturing Company. He was a Director of the Chattahoochee Valley Railroad of Georgia and of several Southern cotton mills.

THE HOME OF THE DAUGHTERS OF JACOB APPEALS.

The above Institution, located at Nos. 301-302-303 East Broadway, is housing 185 poor and infirm aged men and women. Its annual expense is $35,000, collected by voluntary contributions.

The constantly increasing number of worthy applicants that have to be turned away because of lack of space in the present Home has induced the officers and directors of this Institution to purchase 36 lots in the Bronx to build on it a Home for 500 inmates.

The sum of $10,000 is still needed to take title to the above named property, and unless this sum can be raised title cannot be taken, and a most deserving cause will suffer.

An appeal is made by this Organization to the charitable public, who have the cause of the poor and homeless aged at heart, to come to their aid at this time of their financial embarrassment.

Draw checks to the order of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, and send to Joseph Zelenko, Treasurer Building Fund, 301 East Broadway, City.

The American Female Guardian Society AND Home for the Friendless

936 Woodycrest Avenue
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Dutton's Christmas Cards and Calendars

This year's new designs are more beautiful than ever, genuine works of art, reproduced by some of the most skillful color-printers in the world. A wide variety is displayed in Dutton's large Christmas Card and Calendar Room. If you are wise you will make your purchases now of these appropriate Christmas remembrances.

MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS EARLY 31 West 23rd St.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BARROWS.—To Mr. and Mrs. Moses T. Barrows, Nov. 5, 1912, 229 East 12th St., a son.

Married.

AUSTIN—DOUGLAS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, by the Rev. Arthur H. Judge, at the home of the bride, 145 West 81st St., Adelaide Louise, daughter of Henry Douglas, to William Gage Austin.

BONSALL—NEILSON.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912, by the Rev. John C. Lord, assisted by the Rev. James L. Lancaster, at Saint Peter's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J., James Malcolm Bonsall of Morristown, N. J., to Helena Rutgers Van Rensselaer Neilson of Perth Amboy, N. J.

FROST—DE GUISE.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, at St. Michael's Church, by the Rev. G. T. D. Peters of Newark, Edith de Guise to Cyril de Beaupre Frost.

JACOBSEN—ROSENFELD.—Nov. 11, 1912, Sylvia Rosenfeld to Charles A. Jacobsen.

SMITH—CHENEY.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, by the Rev. Howard C. Robbins, at the residence of Mr. George L. Cheney, 30 West 86th St., New York City, Florence Kimball Cheney, daughter of Francis W. and the late Florence Kimball Cheney, to Percival Cromwell Smith.

SOUTHER—HOMFECK.—Mrs. Hermann Homfeck, Verona, N. J., announces the marriage of her daughter, Anna Stefani, to Tristam Burges Souther, by the Rev. Phillip Pearson, on Monday, Nov. 11, 1912.

FOGELMAN—JACOBS.—Nov. 10, Sarah Jacobs to Harry Fogelman.

Brooklyn.

BRACKEN—POTTER.—Nov. 11, Gladys Van R. Potter to Harry S. Bracken.

CLOSE—HEALY.—Nov. 11, Florence M. Healy to Howard C. Close.

DENNIN—CLOONAN.—Nov. 10, Nellie Cloonan to John Dennin.

DILLINGHAM—BENNETT.—Nov. 11, Eugenie Bennett to George E. Dillingham, Jr.

WACKER—JENNINGS.—Nov. 11, Grace C. Jennings to Frederick Wacker.

Westchester County.

SLEATOR—LANGE.—Nov. 10, Ossining, Anna Lange to Francis Sleator.

Died.

ABELS.—Franklin Lodge, No. 447, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are hereby notified to attend an emergency communication of our lodge for the purpose of paying the last Masonic honors to our late brother, Jacob Abels, at Temple Mount Zion, 37 West 119th St., Wednesday morning, Nov. 13, at 10 o'clock.
MAURICE J. KATZ, Master.
LOUIS C. MOSS, Secretary.

ARCHAMBAULT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912, at the Hotel Belleclaire, 77th St. and Broadway, Frank A. Archambault. Notice of funeral later. Montreal, Canada, papers please copy.

AIKEN.—Harry C., aged 44. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d, (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Friday, 1 o'clock. Motor cortege.

BARKER.—In Baltimore, suddenly on Nov. 11, Lewellys Franklin Barker, Jr., son of Dr. L. F. Barker and Lilian Halsey Barker, aged 3 months.

BARTLETT.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, at the Elm City Private Hospital, New Haven, Charles Griswold Bartlett, in the 64th year of his age. Relatives, friends, and alumni of Black Hall School invited to attend the funeral services at the school, Black Hall, Conn., on Friday, Nov. 15, at 1:30 P. M. Train leaves from Grand Central Station, New York, 10:02, returning leave Black Hall 4 o'clock. Boston, Providence papers please copy. Members of the Alumni Association of Black Hall School are requested to attend funeral services.
ALEXANDER TORRANCE, President.

BOSTWICK.—Lawrence Proudfoot, died Nov. 11, in his 89th year, beloved father of Mrs. Frank W. Lynch and Mrs. George E. L. Hyatt. Funeral from his late residence, 100 West 76th St., Wednesday, at 8 P. M. Interment private. Pittsburgh papers please copy.

CALLENDER.—On Nov. 11, 1912, at Petersburg, Va., in her 82d year, Elizabeth Randolph Meade, daughter of the late John Everard Meade of Prince George County, Va., and wife of the late David Callender of Glasgow, Scotland, and Petersburg, Va.

CHAPMAN.—Robert Ferguson Chapman, M. D. The Maryland Society of New York announces with profound sorrow the death on Nov. 11 of Robert Ferguson Chapman, M. D. Members of the society are invited to attend the funeral services to be held on Wednesday, Nov. 13, at 8:30 P. M., from his late residence, 121 West 120th St., Manhattan. Interment at La Plata, Md.

CHAPMAN.—The New York Southern Society announces with regret the death of Dr. Robert Ferguson Chapman, a member of the society, on Nov. 11, 1912.
THOMAS S. FULLER, Secretary.

Died.

CONKLIN.—At Berlin, Germany, in his 58th year, after a lingering illness, Jacob E. Conklin, son of Sarah E. Conklin and the late J. Clark Conklin. Interment Haverstraw, N. Y. Notice of funeral later.

CURTIS.—At Waddington, N. Y., Nov. 10, of pneumonia, after a short illness, Benjamin Robbins Curtis, son of Jane R. and the late Walter Curtis. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Waddington, N. Y., Wednesday A. M.

DYER.—At her late residence, 873 Washington Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912, Caroline Price, widow of the late Henry K. Dyer, in her 65th year. Funeral private.

DUNN.—After a lingering illness on Monday, Nov. 11, 1912, Charles Scott Dunn, in his 53d year. Funeral services from his late residence, 794½ Montgomery St., Jersey City, on Wednesday, Nov. 13, at 7 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FERDON.—At the home of Mr. James Kipp, Tenafly, N. J., on Nov. 11, 1912, Edna, daughter of Letitia Cole and the late William Ferdon. Funeral services will be held on Wednesday, Nov. 13, on arrival of train leaving Erie Station, Jersey City, at 1:29 P. M.

FERGUSON.—Robert, M. D., Nov. 11. Funeral services at his late residence, 121 West 120th St., to-night (Wednesday) at 8:30. Interment at La Plata, Md., Thursday morning. Baltimore and Washington papers please copy.

FLEISCHMANN.—On Nov. 12, Julius Fleischmann, 3,671 Broadway, in the 63d year of his age, beloved husband of Ray, dear father of Gustav J. and Leon. Funeral will take place from Temple Israel of Harlem, northwest corner 120th St. and Lenox Av., Thursday, Nov. 14, at 9:30 A. M.

FREES.—Rachael, suddenly, Nov. 11, at residence of her niece, Mrs. Charles A. Todtman, 270 West 127th St. Services Wednesday, Nov. 13, 10 A. M. Interment Dallas, Texas.

GILCHRIST.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912, Mary Cochran, wife of William Gilchrist, in her 79th year. Services at her late residence, 828 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HORNIDGE.—On Nov. 11, suddenly, at his residence, 224 East 48th St., George T. Hornidge, aged 22 years, son of William H. and Margaret Hornidge. Funeral private.

KAHN.—On Monday, Nov. 11, Henrietta, widow of Mayer Kahn, in the 65th year of her age. Funeral Wednesday morning, Nov. 13, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, 600 West End Av., corner 89th St. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

KERWIN.—At her residence, Hotel Ansonia, Gretta Jeffery Kerwin, beloved wife of Andrew J. Kerwin, Jr. Funeral services at Church St. Mary the Virgin, 139 West 46th St., on Thursday, Nov. 14, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private.

LORSCH.—On Nov. 10, 1912, after a short illness, Jacob, beloved son of Solomon and Hannah Lorsch, aged 45 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 266 Lenox Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 13, 1912, at 9:30 A. M. Interment at Mount Hope Cemetery. Hartford (Conn.) papers please copy.

MANDEVILLE.—Nov. 11, 1912, Rachel Jacobus, widow of Giles H. Mandeville, D. D., LL. D. Funeral services at her late residence, 274 West 86th St., Wednesday, Nov. 13, at 11 A. M.

RANDALL.—At East Orange, N. J., Nov. 12, 1912, Harriet, infant child of Henry T. and Helen Nixon Randall.

RANDOLPH.—On Nov. 10, at his home, 174 South St., Morristown, N. J., in his 39th year, Edgar, son of the late Edgar and Katharine F. Randolph. A service for his relatives will be held at his home on Wednesday, Nov. 13, at 3:30 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

ROY.—John H. Sagamore Lodge, No. 371, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our departed brother at his late residence, 718 East Broad Street, Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock, Westfield, N. J. Trains leave foot 23d St. 6:50 P. M.; Liberty St., 7 P. M., (C. R. R. of N. J.)
FRANK N. POND, Master.
WM. L. J. PIDGEON, Secretary.

SCHWAB.—On Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912, Gustav H. Schwab, in the 62d year of his age. Funeral service at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Thursday, Nov. 14, at 10 A. M. Interment at Sleepy Hollow Cemetery. Special train leaves Grand Central Station at 11:15 A. M.

SUTPHEN.—At Newark, N. J., on Saturday morning, Nov. 9, 1912, Emma Goble Lathrop, wife of Dr. Theron Y. Sutphen. Funeral services will be held at her home, 992 Broad St., Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 13, at 2:30 P. M.

TILLINGHAST.—On Monday, Nov. 11, 1912, at Islip, L. I., Mary Morgan, daughter of the late Morgan Tillinghast and Mary Martin Roberts. Funeral private. Philadelphia and St. Louis papers please copy.

CONNELLY.—James J., 224 East 49th St., Nov. 11. Funeral notice later.

DUNN.—Emily J., 1,240 Franklin Av., Bronx, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

EGAN.—Catherine, 40 Vandewater St., Nov. 10. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

MISEL.—Henry J., 542 West 112th St., Nov. 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MONGAN.—Mabel, 526 West 161st St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

NORTON.—John, 404 East 66th St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

RITTER.—Louis, 2,841 8th Av., Nov. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ROHE.—Nellie, 415 St. Ann's Av., Nov. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHUCK.—Marie, 18 St. Nicholas Place, Nov. 11, aged 72.

SULLIVAN.—John, Nov. 11. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av.

THOMPSON.—Mary J., 821 West 178th St., Nov. 11, aged 75. Funeral private.

Brooklyn.

BARR.—Charlotte, 383 5th St., Nov. 11, aged 87. Funeral to-morrow.

CAHILL.—Nellie, 326 9th St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FERGUSON.—Frederick, 238 6th Av., Nov. 10.

GALLAGHER.—Frank, 646 Leonard St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HIGGINS.—Sarah, 892 Lincoln Place, Nov. 10, aged 84. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KILCOYNE.—Caroline C., 737 Bergen St., Nov. 11.

MacMULLEN.—Anna, 576 Greene Av., Nov. 10, aged 81. Funeral to-day.

McNALLY.—John P., 47 Adelphi St., Nov. 10. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MASON.—Emma, 895 Park Place, Nov. 10. Funeral private.

MONKS.—Ellen, 193 McDonough St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

MURPHY.—Mary, 690 Bergen St., Nov. 10. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

NEYLAND.—Charles B., 572 Jerome St., Nov. 10, aged 17. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

PETERS.—Mary, 207 Ten Eyck St., Nov. 10, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

PHILLIPS.—Henry, 1,060 Putnam Av., Nov. 11, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

RISCH.—Ernestine J., 495 3d St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

SHIPLEY.—Ann, 81 Columbia St., Nov. 11, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SHOJUN.—Catharine, 572 Lorimer St., Nov. 11, aged 28. Funeral to-day.

SMITH.—George M., 369 Douglas St., Nov. 11. Funeral service to-day.

SULLIVAN.—Florence, 1,682 Bergen St., Nov. 11, aged 23. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

TRACE.—William C., Jr., 167 Devoe St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day.

TROY.—Mary J., 20 Clarkson Av., Flatbush, Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WALDMULLER.—John P., 257 Railroad Av., Nov. 10, aged 62.

YORK.—Martha, 1,668 Linden St., Nov. 11. Funeral notice later.

Jersey City and Newark.

BARKER.—Mary, 245 Elm St., Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow.

BERLA.—Eva B., Newark, Nov. 12. Funeral notice later.

CHURCHILL.—Samuel, Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral service to-day.

ENGELS.—Margaret, Jersey City, Nov. 11, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

GILP.—Margaret, 26 Clark Av., Jersey City, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day.

HANGLIN.—Catherine, 168 8th St., Jersey City, Nov. 11.

HOUVER.—Adolph, Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HUNT.—Elizabeth B., Jersey City, Nov. 11. Funeral private.

McKEE.—Jane, 51 Avon Av., Newark, Nov. 12, aged 87. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MUELLER.—Carl, 97 Bloomfield Av., Newark, Nov. 11.

NEMSICK.—Annie, 342 Warren St., Newark, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

RUESCH.—Anne M., 160 Chadwick Av., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 28.

SMITH.—Annie, 210 Olean Av., Jersey City, Nov. 11.

TEN BROECK.—Alexander C., 311 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Nov. 11.

VAN WINKLE.—Lucy, 212 Lackawanna Av., Newark, Nov. 12, aged 56.

Long Island.

GEBHARD.—Henry, Flushing, Nov. 11, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

Westchester County.

ROSA.—Michael, Ossining, Nov. 10, aged 64. Funeral to-day.

TRAVIS.—Wright, Peekskill, Nov. 10, aged 64.

WALSH.—Emma, 10 Cliff Av., Yonkers, Nov. 11, aged 46. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

In Memoriam.

BARR.—In fond and loving memory of our dear father, Matthew D. Barr, who died Nov. 13, 1910.

HARRIOT.—In devoted memory of Martha Crozer Dawes Harriot, widow of the late Samuel Carman Harriot 1st, passed away Nov. 13, 1901.

HAECKEL.—Henry, in memory of; died Nov. 13, 1908.

McGOVERN.—John J.; mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

SMITH.—Bridget; mass St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
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Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

FREE OF TAX
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Yielding about 4⅝% on investment.

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The average business man would do well to consider whether it is always a wise policy to turn back practically all of his profits into his own enterprise.

While a successful business ordinarily means an expanding business, thus calling for increased facilities, at the same time, for many reasons, no man should overlook the importance of creating a personal surplus apart from his interest in his business.

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This method of conserving profits is not uncommon among business men, who, having seriously in mind the future welfare of those dependent upon them, do not deem it prudent to have all their money locked up in any one enterprise.

Our Circular No. 902, "Conservative Investments," contains valuable information for the business man who would invest his profits along conservative lines.

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Closed underlying first mortgage bonds which are a direct obligation of the Georgia Railway & Power Co. and are followed by junior securities having a market value equal to nearly ten times the amount of the issue.

Large surplus earnings—which have doubled in four years—afford unusual security to the investor.

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New York City's Proposed Waterfront Control

The proposed acquisition by New York City of additional waterfront property in Brooklyn directs especial attention to securities of the BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY and the BUSH TERMINAL BUILDINGS COMPANY. Safe BUSH bonds are obtainable at prices to yield more than 5%, and the probability of their enhancement in value is strong.

Circular with colored diagram on request.

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Legal Investments for Trust Funds in New York State
Yielding 4.40%
Write for descriptive circular.

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Common & Preferred

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Pennsylvania Co. 4% April 1-1931
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Du Pont Powder Securities
International Nickel Securities
Pacific Gas & Electric Securities
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Special Circulars on Application.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Recovery Follows Renewal of Speculative Selling—European Position Improved.

Aggressive bear pressure was again exerted against the stock market yesterday, but with a very different result from that which attended the drive made on Monday afternoon. Then very little support was encountered and stocks closed unsettled at the lowest prices of the day. Yesterday when, after a strong opening in which foreign buying played a considerable part, the selling of stocks by speculators, who were evidently bent upon carrying further the advantage they had gained the previous day, was resumed, stocks were so well taken that after some new low levels were reached prices turned upward with more abruptness than had been shown in the decline. The final result of this passage at arms between those whose purchases were based on confidence in present and prospective prosperity in American business and those whose selling clearly represented the carrying out of a purely speculative programme was very clearly shown in net gains ranging upward from a point in all the stocks which had been under heavy bear pressure.

Anxiety over the political situation in Europe has been the prime factor in causing the recent vulnerability of the market, and a better understanding regarding the outlook for the maintenance of peace among the great powers had much to do yesterday with the greater willingness which was shown to take the stocks so freely offered. The day's advices regarding the situation created by the Balkan war were in themselves more favorable, and these were cogently supplemented in the effect which they produced upon sentiment here by the improved tone of the London and Continental markets, and by the execution here of a considerable volume of European buying orders. What occurred in the stock market yesterday afternoon helped to emphasize the accuracy of the view that trustworthy reassurances regarding the European situation were all that was needed to bring into evidence a good deal of the support to which the American securities market is entitled on the ground of the extraordinarily favorable conditions which, thanks largely to the year's bountiful crops, now prevail throughout the country. It was because the market did receive some measure of such support from both home and abroad that prices yesterday rebounded so readily from the depression caused by aggressive speculative operations. The chances, however remote, of a European conflict are too serious a matter, and the conditions giving rise to them are too intricate for the market to dismiss all uneasiness regarding them until it is made certain that a peaceful solution is in sight, but yesterday's news did much to strengthen the belief that such a solution will eventually be reached. Meanwhile the sharp rebound in the stocks which were picked out for the most aggressive of the selling of yesterday and of the day before is suggestive of the response which may be expected to any further speculative efforts of the kind which the market has witnessed the past two days.

Some of the strongest financial interests, even including some not in sympathy with the changes which last week's election have accomplished in the country's Government, see in the coming revision of the tariff no cause for real uneasiness regarding the general outlook for business. Their view is that such uncertainty as is inseparably connected with a tariff readjustment will hardly do more than moderately temper the consumptive demand which lies at the bottom of the great increase in industrial activity which has manifested itself in recent months. The confidence in the future engendered by this view of the business outlook, even as effected by the coming tariff revision, is in brief the foundation upon which rests the support which the market received yesterday to the discomfiture of the too hasty followers of the doubtful leadership which asserted itself in Monday afternoon's decline. Very naturally the influence of tariff revision is minimized as a market influence more in the case of the railroads than of the industrials, particularly the industrials whose products will be directly affected by reductions in the rates of import duties, but even in the case of the industrials it would appear that this influence is outweighed by others of more fundamental character.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 5½@6 per cent., with the last loan at 6 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 5½ per cent.

Time money rates were 5¾@6 per cent. for sixty and ninety days, and 5½@5¾ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5½@6 per cent. for the best names.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $435,818,268; balances, $17,758,356; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $9,973.

The local banks have lost $1,203,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 4 15-16@5 per cent. for short bills and 4 15-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 4¾@4⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 4⅞ per cent. Money was 3¼@3½ per cent. in London and 4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 23 centimes, and the Berlin checkrate on London was 20 marks 44½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8580; demand, $4.8530.
Paris—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-64; check, 5.19⅜ minus 3-32.
Berlin—Cable, 94 9-16 plus 1-32; check, 94½ minus 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.21¼; check, 5.21¼ minus 3-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.18; check, 40.14.
Belgium—Cable, 5.21¼ minus 1-32; check, 5.21⅞.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8085; ninety days, $4.79.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.80⅝; ninety days, $4.78¾.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.23¾; ninety days, 5.25 minus 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 93 9-16; ninety days, 93 3-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 35c discount; St. Paul, par; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 62½c premium.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, inter.	105	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
4½s, Nov., 1957, inter.	105¼	105⅝	105¼	105½
4½s, May, 1917, inter.	101¼	102⅝	101¾	102¼
4½s, Nov., 1917, inter.	101¾	102¼	101¾	102¼
4¼s, Mar., 1930-60, int.	100⅛	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝
4¼s, Mar., 1962, inter.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4¼s, Sept., 1960, inter.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, May, 1959, inter.	98	98½	98	98½
4s, Nov., 1958, inter.	98	98½	98	98½
4s, May, 1957, inter.	98	98½	98	98½
4s, Nov., 1956, reg.	95	96¼	95	96¼
4s, Nov., 1955, reg.	95	96¼	95	96¼
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	95¼	96¼	95¼	96¼
4s, 1918-19, inter.	97½	99	97½	99
3½s, Nov., 1954-55, inter.	84	85	84	85
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	83¾	85	83¾	85
3½s, 1950-54, reg.	83¾	84½	83¾	84½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market Misinformation.

The gossip of the brokerage houses had it yesterday that leadership in the bear selling, which started Monday afternoon, and was renewed yesterday, had been taken by an operator who, as his friends had reason to know, had, as a matter of fact, traded in no more than a few hundred shares within a week. Some who put no high estimate on the character of the selling suggested that the names of well-known market operators were being used with a view to giving the selling an air of greater market respectability.

⁂

A Traders' Session.

There were great opportunities yesterday for a quick-witted trader to get in and out of the market with profits both ways—if his guesses were good. The opening was firm and it looked as if the market were going to make up some of the recent losses. Along toward noon the market was seized with one of its frequent fainting spells, and most of the leading issues suffered a rapid decline. In the last hour a recovery set in and carried many issues back to a point where they showed a gain for the day. The total transactions for the day amounted to 723,104 shares, but the leading stocks underwent a wider range of fluctuation than is customary on days of great activity. Union Pacific fluctuated with a range of 2¼ points, and closed with a gain of 2½ over Monday's last price. There was a two-point range in Steel, which sold down to 73½ and then came back to 75⅝, where it closed the session with a gain of 1⅛. The swing in Reading covered three points, and it closed at 171⅝, or within ¼ of its high price, with a net gain of 1⅝. Copper fluctuated from 82⅛ to 84⅛, ending the session with a gain of 2⅜ points.

⁂

Brake Shoe Scores Big Gain.

The course of the market is judged by the action of the leading issues, with the result that it is not infrequently discovered with surprise that while the list as a whole has been receding, or advancing, a few inactive issues have been moving steadily in the other direction. An instance of this was seen yesterday in sales of American Brake Shoe & Foundry Company at 103, an advance of 4½ points from the previous sale. Looking back, it was found that Brake Shoe sold for 91½ in the beginning of the year, and that without any fireworks it had advanced quietly on occasional sales until the sale of 400 shares yesterday carried it across par.

⁂

A Gain in the Averages.

The twenty-five railroad stocks which are used in the daily averages recovered .68 in yesterday's trading, which is .03 more than their loss on the previous day. The industrials did not fare quite so well; their recovery of .34 points was exactly half of their loss on the day previous. The combined railroad and industrial average gained .51 as a result of yesterday's recovery, which compared with the combined loss of .67 on Monday. Yesterday was the first day since the session following the election that the averages had shown a gain.

⁂

Bonds Sell Lower.

Two standard 5 per cent. bonds, which sold at their lowest price for the year to date yesterday, gave an indication of the character of the present investment bond market. The United States Steel 5s sold down to 101⅛. On the first trading day of the year they sold at 101¾, from which figure they advanced to 104⅛ before starting downward again. The Southern Railway first 5s made a new low price, at 105⅝. Last February they were selling 2⅜ points above this figure.

⁂

May Enter New Field.

There is a possibility that the Yukon Gold Company will engage in mining operations in South America, where it has been searching for properties workable by dredging. The Yukon Company has used this method in Alaska with success.

⁂

Stocks of Small Par Value.

A sense of proportion in respect to the market position of stocks is very often lost in the case of issues of less than $100 par value, which, according to the usage of the Stock Exchange, are quoted dollars per share instead of on a percentage basis. The movements yesterday in the stocks of this class would, if quoted on a percentage basis, have presented the following record:

	High.	Low.	Net ch'ge.
Anaconda	174	168½	+ 4
Chino	990	952½	+12½
Goldfield Con.	26¼	25	+ 1¼
Guggenheim Exploration	223	218	+ 1
Inspiration	100⅝	95	+ 4⅝
Miami	570	550	+ 7½
Nevada Consolidated	452½	445	+ 2½
Ray Consolidated	225	215	+ 7½
Tennessee	166	160	— 1
Utah	638⅝	627½	+ 7½

Thus started, the trading in these stocks shows more wider fluctuations than appear superficially under the system which prevails in the quotations.

NEW IRVING NATIONAL HEAD.

Rollin P. Grant, Former Vice President, Made President.

The vacancy at the head of the Irving National Bank, which has existed since the resignation of President Lewis E. Pierson to become a partner in Austin, Nichols & Co., was filled yesterday by the election of Rollin P. Grant, who has been a Vice President of the institution for the past five years.

Mr. Grant is only 40 years old, but he has been engaged in the banking business since 1888, when he went to work for the old Clinton Bank. He has been with the Irving for fourteen years, serving as cashier at the time of his promotion to a Vice Presidency.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	99⅞	100	5.00
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	4.74
B. R. T. Co.	5	July 1,'18	96½	96⅞	5.67
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	98⅝	98⅞	5.25
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	97½	98	6.21
Erie	5	Apr. 8,'14	100	100¼	5.82
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99¼	99½	5.27
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	98	98¼	5.78
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99¼	99½	5.20
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	96½	96⅞	5.80
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99	100	6.00
Illinois Cent.	4½	July 1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	4.73
Int. & Gt. Nor.	5	Aug. 1,'14	97⅞	98	6.28
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'15	99⅞	99⅞	5.18
Lack. Steel	5	Mar. 15,'15	95½	95⅞	7.10
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99½	99⅞	5.54
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	96½	96⅞	7.25
M. Com. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	..	98½	7.00
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	97⅞	98¼	7.50
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	99¼	99½	5.00
N. Y. Central	4½	May 1,'15	98⅞	99¼	4.86
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep. 1,'14	99⅞	100	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'14	99⅞	100	6.00
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	100	100⅛	5.42

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Nov. 11.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$348,954	$8,161,642	$124,195,428
Internal rev.	532,020	9,637,689	114,153,809
Corporation tax	1,541	93,463	2,076,573
Miscellaneous	75,731	1,250,774	18,611,154
Total receipts	958,248	19,143,570	259,036,966
Expenditures	2,637,072	19,836,920	262,484,878
Surplus	*1,678,824	*693,350	*3,447,912

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $92,463,502, in banks and Philippine Treasury, $30,646,184. Total of general fund, $147,892,309.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Wider Range of Issues in the Mining Group Traded In—Prices Irregular.

Evidence of reawakened interest in the mining issues was seen in yesterday's trading on the Curb, where there was a considerable increase in the activity in their department. Tonopah Merger sold down 4 points to 91, but recovered a point before the close. An odd lot of Braden sold at 9½, with a closing price of 8⅝ for the issue. Cigar Stores was again active, selling from 112 to 115, and closing near the top.

⁂

Transactions reported were:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am. W. Wks. pf	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
700	*Allied Sec. Co.	88	89	88	89
1,700	Brit.-Am. Tob.	23¼	23¼	22⅞	23
200	Em.-Brant.	73¼	74	73½	74
200	Em.-Brant. pf.	100⅛	100⅛	99⅞	100
100	Int. Rub. Tr.cts	12	12	12	12
100	Man. Shirt Co.	73	73	73	73
300	Man. S. Co. pf.	102½	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
2,500	Man. Transit	1½	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	*Mays Oil	28	28	28	28
950	Puebla S. & R.	1⅞	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
35	S. Oil of N. J.	395	396	394	395
15,500	Un. Cig. Stores Co. of Am.	112¼	115	112	114⅞
150	U. S. Light & Heat, new	13½	13½	13	13
	MINING STOCKS.				
500	Alaska G.M.w.i.	9	9	8⅝	8⅝
1,200	*Big Four	43	44	43	43
8,500	Braden Copper	8⅞	†9⅛	8⅝	8⅝
100	Brit. Col. Cop.	†4⅝	†4½	4½	4½
500	Buffalo Mines	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
400	Butte-N. Y.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
1,000	C. O. D. Cons.	7	7	7	7
700	*Con. Ariz. Sm.	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
100	De-Daly Cop.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
210	El Paso Con.	5⅝	†5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Florence	72	72	72	72
600	Giroux Mining	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1,000	Goldf. Midway	7½	7½	7½	7½
100	‡Gr.-Cananea	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
200	La R. Cons.	2½	2½	2½	2½
200	Mason Valley	13	13	13	13
350	McK.-Darr	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2¼
6,200	*M. M. & L.	44	45	43	44
150	No. B. Dev.	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
700	Ohio Copper	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
3,000	Pac. Smelters	¼	¼	¼	¼
700	Stewart	1¼	1 5-16	1¼	1 5-16
210	Tonopah Ext.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
7,600	Tonop. Merger	93	95	91	92
875	Tularosa	1⅛	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
100	Tuolumne Cop.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
500	West End Con.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
200	*Wett. Sil. M.	23	23	23	23
300	Yukon G. M.	3 5-16	3 5-16	3¼	3¼
	BONDS.				
$16,000	Brad. Cop. 6s	184	184	180	182
5,000	Brad. Cop. 7s	182	183	182	183
10,000	N.Y. City 4¼s, 1962	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
75,000	West. Pac. 5s	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex div.

⁂

Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Nov. 12. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 11. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	3	4	3	4
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Con. Milk	119½	121	119½	121
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	109	110½	109	110½
Con. Rubber Tire	11	14	11	14
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	50	60	50	60
Havana Tobacco	4	7	4	7
Havana Tobacco pf.	8	10	8	10
Houston Oil	19	21	20	22
Houston Oil pf.	66	69	66	69
Inter. Salt	3	6	3	6
Lehigh Val. Coal S.	235	240	235	240
McAndrew & Forbes	190	200	190	200
Marconi of Am., new	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
N. Y. Transp.	5	6	5	6
Oilfields of Mexico	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Otis Elevator	75	78	75	78
Otis Elevator pf.	102	104	102	104
Penn. Textile	24	26	24	26
Pettibone Mulliken	29	31	31	32
Pettibone Mulliken pf.	99	100	99	100
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	260	275	260	275
R. J. Reynolds	265	280	265	280
Standard Oil, old	1,060	1,080	1,060	1,080
U. C. S. Co. of Am. pf.	121	123	121	122
U. S. L. & H. pf., new	82	84	82	84
U. S. Motor	¼	¼	⅛	¼
U. S. Motor pf.	¼	1	½	1
MINING STOCKS.				
*Beaver Cons.	38	40	38	40
Caledonia Mining	25	30	25	30
Dia. Black Butte	5	6	4	5
Dia. Field Daisy	5	6	5	6
First National	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
Gold Hill	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
*Greenwater	4	6	4	6
Kerr Lake	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
Keystone	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	2⅛
Mines of America	2½	2¾	2⅞	3
Nevada Hills	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
Nipissing Mines Co.	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	8¼
South Live Oak	1½	2	1½	2
South. Utah M. & Sm.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Tonopah Mining	6½	6⅝	6½	6⅝
Tri-Bullion	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
United Copper	1½	2½	1½	2½
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
BONDS.				
Bethlehem Steel 5s	87¾	87⅞	87¾	87⅞
B. R. T. 5 p. c. notes	96	96¾	..	..
Chi. Elevated 5s	97⅝	98	96½	98⅛
Mason Valley 6s	129	133	129	133
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	99⅞	100	99⅞	100

*Sells cents per share.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19½	18½	19½
Atlantic Refining	575	580	575	585
Borne-Scrymser	150	180	160	185
Buckeye Pipe Line	175	178	176	179
Chesebrough Mfg.	625	675	625	675
Colonial Oil	125	150	130	135
Continental Oil	900	1,010	950	975
Crescent Pipe Line	65	68	66	70
Cumberland Pipe Line	82	85	82	86
Eureka Pipe Line	385	395	390	395
Galena-Signal Oil	230	237	233	239
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	130	135	130	135
Indiana Pipe Lines	145	150	138	143
National Transit	44	45	44	45
New York Transit	355	365	350	360
Northern Pipe Line	128	138	125	130
Ohio Oil	124	127	125	128
Prairie Oil & Gas	300	305	302	308
Solar Refining	525	575	525	575
Southern Pipe Line	283	288	280	285
South Penn. Oil	720	740	730	740
S.W. Penn. Pipe Lines	160	163	160	163
Standard Oil (Cal.)	163	165	163	165
Standard Oil (Ind)	310	315	310	315
Standard Oil (Kan.)	335	360	335	365
Standard Oil (Ky.)	360	380	360	380
Standard Oil (Neb.)	300	310	300	310
Standard Oil (N. J.)	394	397	394	396
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	560	570	565	570
Standard Oil (Ohio) ex.	250	270	260	270
Stand. Oil sub. en bloc	660	690	665	690
Stand. Oil old, all on	1,054	1,087	1,059	1,087
Swan & Finch	190	205	200	210
Union Tank Line	72	75	73	77
Vacuum Oil	175	180	177	180
Washington Oil	20	25	20	25
Waters-Pierce Oil	1,400	1,450	1,400	1,450

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Nov. 12. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 11. Bid.	Asked.
British-Am. ex rights	22⅝	23⅛	22⅝	23
Conley Foil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	200	180	200
J. S. Young	175	180	175	180
MacAndrews & Forbes	195	200	195	200
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	265	275	265	280
R. J. Reynolds ex-rts.	250	260	225	265
United Cigar Stores	114⅝	115	112	112½
United Cigar Stores pf.	121	123	121	123
Tobacco Products Co.	125	145	125	145
Tobacco Prod. Co. pf.	103	103½	103⅝	104¼

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	430	435
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power com.	22	24
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	65	67½
Am. Gas & Electric com.	88	92
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	46	48
Am. Power & Light com.	66	70
Am. Power & Light pf.	85	86
Am. Public Utilities com.	61	63½
Am. Public Utilities pf.	81	83
Cities Service com.	118	119
Cities Service pf.	88	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com.	68	70
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	89½	91½
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	95	97
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	78½	80
Empire District Electric 5s	87	89
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	85	88
Federal Light & Traction com.	33	36
Federal Light & Traction pf.	84	86
Federal Utilities Co. com.	44	48
Federal Utilities Co. pf.	74	76
Gas & Electric Securities com.	150	160
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	95	98
Lincoln Gas & Electric	38	42
Northern States Power com.	27	30
Northern States Power pf.	86	88
Ozark Power & Water Co. com.	47	50
Pacific Gas & Electric com.	66½	68¼
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	91	93
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com.	26	28
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	81	83
Standard Gas & Electric com.	22½	23½
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	50	51
United Light & Rys. com.	78	82
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	84½	86½
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	74½	76½
Utilities Improvement Co. com.	66½	69
Utilities Improvement Co. pf.	78½	80½
Western Power com.	27	29
Western Power pf.	55	58

FINANCIAL NOTES.

That portion of the new issue of $450,000 Miami Paper Company first mortgage convertible 6 per cent. bonds which was issued in $100 denominations was sold yesterday to Beyer & Co.

The New York Curb market has admitted to quotation as a prospect 3,500,000 shares, par value $1, of the Chesterfield Copper Company.

White & Co. have removed their office from 25 Pine Street to 30 Pine Street.

I. Josika-Herczeg has been elected a Director of the Bolivia Railway Company.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Atlantic C. L. rts. w.i.	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Baltimore Trust Co.	160	160	160
120	Consolidation Coal Co.	101	101	101
10	Fidelity & Deposit Co.	149½	149½	149½
300	Houston Oil tr. ctfs.	20	19½	19½
380	Int. & Gt. N. Hold. Cor.	60	56½	60
35	Northern Central Ry.	124½	124½	124½
50	United Rys.	25½	25½	25½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Atl. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	101½	101½	101½
1,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	96¼	96¼	96¼
2,000	Balt. Brick 5s	83½	83½	83½
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	94¼	94¼	94¼
6,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	Dansville Tr. & P. 5s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	Fair. & Clark. Tr. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
2,000	N. Orleans & Gt. N. 5s	69½	69½	69½
2,000	Portland Ry. ref. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
10,000	United Rys. 1st 4s	84⅛	84	84
3,100	United Rys. fdg. 5s	89¼	88¾	88¾
8,000	United Rys. inc. 4s	66	65½	66
5,000	Wash., B., & A. 5s	89	89	89

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Atchison	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
11	Boston & Albany	213½	213½	213½
20	Boston & Lowell	205	205	205
14	Boston & Maine	97½	97	97½
28	Fitchburg pf.	120	120	120
35	Mass. Elec. pf. stpd.	77¼	77	77⅛
1,369	Mass. Elec. frac.	20c.	20c.	20c.
119	N. Y., N. H. & H.	136½	136⅛	136⅜
40	Old Colony R. R.	176	175	175
25	Union Pacific	171½	171⅛	171⅛
141	West End St. R. R.	83	83	83
	TELEPHONES.			
1,029	American	143¼	142¾	143
370	Mexican	4	3¾	3⅞
113	New England	155	153	153
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
200	Am. Agr. Chem.	57	56⅝	56⅞
100	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100	100	100
180	Am. Pneu. Service	5	4¾	4 15-16
900	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	24	22½	23⅞
117	Am. Sugar	121¼	120½	120½
24	Am. Sugar pf.	121	121	121
42	Am. Wool pf.	84½	84¼	84¼
10	A., G. & W. I. pf.	13½	13½	13½
35	East Boston Land	13	13	13
75	Edison	281	280	280
1,024	Edison rights	10⅜	10	10
112	General Electric	182	180	180⅜
55	Mass. Gas	93⅞	93⅝	93⅝
170	Mass. Gas pf.	98½	98¼	98¼
75	McElwain pf.	107	107	107
38	Pullman	166⅞	166½	166⅞
40	Torrington	28	28	28
234	United Fruit	187	185½	186
131	United Shoe	53	51⅞	52½
30	United Shoe pf.	28¼	28	28¼
4,070	U. S. Steel	75⅝	73⅝	75⅝
	MINING.			
50	Algomah	3½	3½	3½
2,350	Amalgamated Cop.	84¼	82¼	84
530	Am. Zinc	31⅝	31¼	31¾
75	Anaconda	43¼	43	43¼
530	Arizona Com.	4½	4¼	4⅜
100	Bonanza	30c.	30c.	30c.
230	Boston & Corbin	6¼	6¼	6¼
8,832	Butte & Superior	49⅝	47⅞	49½
10	Butte & Sup. rects.	26½	26½	26½
515	Calumet & Arizona	78¾	78	78¾
15	Calumet & Hecla	570	568	570
645	Chino	49½	47⅞	48½
280	Copper Range	56	55⅝	56
190	Daly-West	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,365	East Butte	15⅛	15	15⅛
125	Franklin	10½	10½	10½
245	Giroux	4 13-16	4 11-16	4 11-16
3,492	Granby	77⅝	75⅝	76¼
585	Greene-Cananea	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
15	Hancock	24	24	24
425	Helvetia	85c.	75c.	85c.
770	Indiana	17½	16⅞	17½
15	Inspiration	19⅝	19¼	19¼
51	Island Creek pf.	88	88	88
50	Isle Royale	34¼	34	34¼
40	Kerr Lake	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16
570	Lake	30⅝	30	30⅝
50	La Salle	5¼	5¼	5¼
25	Mason Valley	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
15	Mass. Con.	6½	6½	6½
880	Mayflower	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞
35	Miami	28¼	28⅛	28¼
340	Michigan	2	1⅞	2
10	Mohawk	63	63	63
513	Nevada Con.	22⅝	22½	22½
15	New Arcadian	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
230	Nipissing	8¼	8⅛	8⅛
1,925	North Butte	36⅛	35¼	36
150	North Lake	4	4	4
320	Ojibway	3	3	3
760	Old Colony Mining	9⅛	8½	9
30	Old Dominion	59	59	59
25	Osceola	107	107	107
966	Pond Creek	27⅛	26	27
85	Quincy	85	85	85
235	Ray Con.	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞
265	Santa Fe	3⅛	3	3⅛
395	Shannon	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
2,455	Shattuck	34⅛	32¼	34
2,383	Superior & Boston	3⅛	2⅝	2⅞
415	Superior	43⅞	43	43
150	Trinity	5½	5⅜	5½
415	U. S. Smelter	46⅞	45⅜	45¾
150	U. S. Smelter pf.	51	50⅛	50½
8,341	Utah Con.	14⅛	13⅛	13⅛
50	Utah Copper	63¼	63¼	63¼
50	Winona	4½	4½	4½
15	Wolverine	76	76	76
	BONDS.			
$3,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
42,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	89¼	89	89
3,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
1,000	Cent. Ver. 1st 4s	90	90	90
11,000	Ill. Steel 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
6,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99	99	99

BOSTON CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay State G.	25	26	La Rose Con.	2 7-16	2½
Bohemia	..	2⅝	Majestic Cop.	43	45
Boston Ely.	1	1⅛	New Baltic	1⅞	2
Cactus	8	10	Oneco	2⅛	2¼
Calaveras	2⅞	2 15-16	Ohio Cop.	1⅝	1¾
Chief Con.	1 9-16	1⅝	Raven	27	28
Con. Ariz.	45	55	R. I. Coal	4	10
First Nat'l	2 3-16	2¼	South Lake	6⅛	6⅞
Goldf'd Con.	2⅛	2 9-16			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	American Can	40¼	38¾	40
200	American Can pf.	123½	122	122
10	American Ship	55	55	55
27	American Ship. pf.	105	105	105
25	Booth Fisheries pf.	89½	89½	89½
130	Chicago Pneu. Tool	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝
170	Common. Edison	145	145	145
20	Diamond Match	108	108	108
110	Illinois Brick	69½	69½	69½
25	Inter. Harvester	119½	119½	119½
50	Nat. Carbon com.	125	125	125
325	People's Gas	116⅞	116	116¼
25	Pacific Gas	65½	65½	65½
1,165	Sears-Roebuck	217	215½	216⅞
30	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123	123	123
55	Swift & Co.	107	106⅞	106⅞
550	U. S. Steel	75	73⅞	75⅛
1,210	Union Carbide	214	205	213
	BONDS.			
$23,000	Armour 4½s	91⅝	91¼	91⅝
1,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	107¼	107¼	107¼
4,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	99½	99½	99½
2,000	Common. Edison 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
11,000	Diamond M. deb. 6s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1,000	Morris 4½s	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
2,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	101	101	101

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Milling	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
45	Am. Gas of N. J.	103	102½	103
87	Am. Rys.	41½	41½	41½
87	Am. Rys. pf.	103	102¾	102¾
1,125	Am. Smelters	80	78	80
5	Baldwin Locomot. pf.	107	107	107
351	Cambria Steel	49¼	48⅝	49
50	Cent. Leather pf.	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
100	Ches. & Ohio	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
260	Electric Storage	55	54⅞	54⅞
100	General Asphalt	30	30	30
210	General Asphalt pf.	70¾	70¼	70¾
100	Harwood Elec.	25	25	25
380	Ins. Co. of North Am.	21⅜	21¼	21⅜
100	Kentucky Sec.	71	71	71
210	Lake Superior	30¾	30¼	30¼
22	Lehigh Nav. stock	93⅛	92½	92½
102	Lehigh Nav. certs	93⅛	92½	92½
400	Lehigh Val. Trans.	15½	14½	15½
170	Lehigh Val. Trans. pf.	31⅛	30⅞	31
6	Minehill	59	59	59
118	North Central	125	124	124
150	National Lead	62⅛	61	61
163	Penn. R. R.	61⅝	61 9-16	61 9-16
13	Penn. Salt Mfg.	107	106	106
4,224	Phila. Electric	24⅛	23⅞	24
100	Phila. R. T. certs.	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
100	Phila. R. T. stock	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
50	Phila. Traction	82½	82½	82½
2,360	Reading	85 9-16	81⅝	85 9-16
525	Tonopah Belmont	9 1-16	9 1-16	9 1-16
635	Tonopah Mining	6 9-16	6½	6½
16	13th & 15th St. Pass.	249	249	249
50	Union Traction	52	51¼	51¼
242	United Gas Imp.	90	89⅞	89⅞
10,460	U. S. Steel	75⅛	73⅝	75⅛
28	U. S. Steel pf.	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞
10	United Cos. of N. J.	238	238	238
10	Warwick Iron & S.	10¼	10¼	10¼
10	York Ry.	14	14	14
15	York Ry. pf.	38¼	38¼	38¼
20	2d & 3d St. Pass.	248	248	248
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s	86¼	86¼	86¼
50,000	City 4s, 1941	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
10,000	Lehigh Val. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
1,000	Phila. & Erie 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼
4,000	Phil. Electric 4s	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛
2,000	Phil., Wil. & B. 4s	99⅛	99	99
15,000	Public Service 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
2,000	Schuylkill River 4s	100	100	100
1,000	United Rys. 4s	74½	74½	74½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Window G. pf.	40¼	40¼	40¼
100	Colorado Gas	16	16	16
800	Crucible Steel	17¼	17	17¼
10	Crucible Steel pf.	95¼	95¼	95¼
240	Independent Brewing	5⅛	5	5⅛
125	Independent Brew. pf.	33	33	33
350	Mfrs. L. & H.	47½	47¼	47½
100	National Fireproof	7¼	7¼	7¼
205	National Fireproof pf.	31	30¾	30¾
425	Osage & Oklahoma	59¼	58⅜	59¼
55	Ohio Fuel Oil	15¼	15¼	15¼
35	Oklahoma Gas	67¼	67¼	67¼
1,260	Pure Oil	15¼	15⅛	15¼
10	U. S. Steel	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝
10	Union Switch & Sig.	128	128	128
120	Westinghouse	40¼	40⅛	40¼
30	Westinghouse Air B.	139⅛	139⅛	139⅛
	BOND.			
$3,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	90	90	90

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 29⅛d., and ¼ higher in New York, at 63¼c per ounce.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Better Political Outlook Causes Stocks to Rise in London—Improvement on Continent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 13.—The Times in its City article this morning says:

"There was less pressure in the market yesterday than was expected to result from the payment, made for £3,000,000 ($15,000,000) in Treasury bills and the big call on the City of Moscow loan. There was little change in rates for day-to-day advances, and discount quotations were unaltered. Paris cheque fell slightly, but most of the exchanges were steady.

"Gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England for export to Egypt.

"A firm tone prevailed in all sections of the Stock Exchange. The news of the defeat of the Government on Monday caused great satisfaction, but the chief reason for the good tone of the market, which was well maintained throughout, was the more favorable appearance of the foreign political outlook. Large purchases of consols on Government account were responsible for the advance of 9-16.

"The home railway market was buoyant. Continental operators were buyers of their specialties, while in the foreign railway market some big rises occurred in Sao Paulo and Brazil stocks.

"After being quite firm, the American market became a shade easier toward the close.

"Elsewhere the tone was very cheerful, a fair volume of investment business being reported.

"In some of the more speculative stocks there were evident signs of bear closing."

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The Bourse was firm to-day on the belief that the Balkan situation was less tense.

Three per cent. rentes 89 francs 65 centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—There was a general improvement on the Boerse to-day, due to reports of better prospects of Austria and Servia reaching an agreement regarding the Balkan situation.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74⅝	..	..	+9-16
Consols, account	74⅝	..	..	+9-16
Anaconda	8⅞	43¼	42¾	+ ¾
Atchison	110⅜	107¼	107	+ 1⅞
Can. Pacific	271	263⅝	261¼	+ 1⅞
St. Paul	118⅛	115¾	114¼	+ 1
Erie	35⅛	34⅛	33⅝	+ ⅜
Erie 1st pf.	52⅜	51⅜	51½	— ½
Illinois Central	132⅞	128⅞	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	160	155⅞	146¾ ex right	
N. Y. Central	118	114⅞	114	+ ¾
Pennsylvania	64⅛	124½	123⅛ ex	— ⅛
Reading	87⅛	170⅞	169⅞	+ ¾
So. Pacific	113½	110⅝	109⅞	+ ⅝
Union Pacific	176⅛	171⅞	170	+ 1⅜
U. S. Steel	77½	75⅛	74	+ 1¼
U. S. Steel pf.	115	112⅝	..	..

Exchange, 4.85½.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	87⅝	88⅝
German Government 3s	77⅛	78⅛
Prussian Consols 4s	99⅞	101
Bavarian Government 4s	99⅛	100⅛
Saxony Government 3s	78⅛	79⅛
Hamburg Government 3s	77⅝	78⅝
City of Berlin 4s	98⅜	99⅞
City of Cologne 4s	99⅛	100⅝
City of Munich 4s	97⅛	98⅛
City of Frankfurt 3½s	89¼	90¼
Vienna 4s	83	85
Russian Government 4s	87¼	89
Mexican Government gold 5s	97	100

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	5	3	Esperanza	1	18	9
Tomboy	1	7	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	0	17	6	Strat. Ind.	0	3	1½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Three distinct price movements were witnessed on the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange during the five and a half hours of trading. Strength marked the opening at 9:30 o'clock, but as the forenoon progressed selling developed in volume, with the whole list shortly before midday giving way badly. In the afternoon, however, there was a general recovery, with prices, as a rule, touching toward the close their highest for the day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,090	Amal. Copper	82⅝	84⅛	81½	84
3,460	Am. Beet Sug.	56	56½	53⅛	54⅝
1,230	Am. Can	39⅞	40⅜	38⅜	40¼
30	Am. C. & F.	59⅞	59⅞	59⅛	59⅛
20	Am. Cot. Oil	55⅛	55⅝	55⅛	55⅝
130	Am. Linseed	14⅝	15	14	14
140	Am. Loco	45	45¼	45	45¼
5,240	Am. Smelting	79⅞	80¼	77¾	80
10	Am. Sugar	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼
190	Anaconda Cop.	43⅛	43¼	42⅜	43⅛
60	At., T. & S. F.	107½	107½	107	107½
20	Balt. & Ohio	106	106	105⅞	105⅞
100	Brook. R. T.	89⅞	89⅞	88⅞	88⅞
80	Cal. Pet	64	64	62⅛	62⅛
120	Can. Pacific	261⅞	263⅛	261⅞	263⅛
80	Cent. Leather	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
80	Ches. & Ohio	80⅛	80⅛	80	80⅛
740	C., M. & St. P.	114⅞	115⅞	114	115⅞
40	Chino Copper	47⅞	48⅛	47⅛	48⅛
70	Col. Fuel & I.	35⅞	36	35⅛	35⅛
80	Corn Products	16⅞	16⅞	16⅛	16⅛
10	Dist. Securities	27	27	27	27
320	Erie	34⅛	34½	33⅞	34½
500	Gt. North. pf.	138⅛	138⅞	137	138
10	Inter.-Met	20	20	20	20
90	Inter.-Met. pf.	64⅛	64⅝	63⅛	64⅛
720	Lehigh Valley	173⅛	173⅞	172¼	173½
170	Mex. Pet	82⅜	82⅜	79½	80
580	Mo. Pacific	44⅛	44⅛	43⅝	44⅝
100	Nat. Enameling	21	21	21	21
10	Nat. Lead	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝
180	N. Y. Central	114	114	113⅞	114
50	Nevada Cons.	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22⅝
110	North. Pacific	124½	125	123⅞	125
150	Pacific Mail	33	34⅝	33	34
200	Pennsylvania	123¼	123¼	123¼	123¼
10	People's Gas	116	116	116	116
10	Ray Con. Cop.	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
21,460	Reading	170⅛	171⅞	168⅞	171⅞
20	Rep. Steel	30	30	29	29
20	Rep. Steel pf.	91	91	91	91
310	Rock Island	25⅛	26	25⅛	25⅞
180	Rock Island pf.	49⅞	49⅞	47⅞	47⅞
280	Southern Pac.	110⅛	111⅞	109⅞	111⅞
20	Southern Ry.	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
20	Tenn. Copper	41⅛	41	41	41
10	Texas Pacific	24	24	24	24
10,860	Union Pacific	170⅞	172⅜	169⅞	172¼
60	U. S. Rubber	52	52	51⅝	52
20,140	U. S. Steel	74⅝	75⅛	73⅞	75⅛
10	U. S. Steel pf.	112	112	111⅞	111⅞
200	Utah Copper	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	45	45⅛	45	45⅛
40	Westinghous El	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
70,930					
	MINING STOCKS.				
700	Atlanta	.18	.18	.18	.18
300	Cons. Virginia	.31	.31	.31	.31
275	Goldfield Cons.	2.62½	2.62½	2.62¼	2.62½
800	Jim Butler	.67½	.69	.67½	.68
100	Mexican	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
1,500	North Star	.34	.34	.33	.33
100	Portland	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
400	Pitts. S. P.	.90	.90	.90	.90
900	Tonopah Mer.	.93	.94	.93	.93½
5,075					

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Hale & Norcross	.11
Alpha Con.	.03	Julia	.02
Andes	.03	Justice	.02
Belcher	.31	Kentucky Con.	.02
Best & Belcher	.15	Mexican	1.80
Bullion	.05	Occidental Con.	.70
Caledonia	.99	Ophir	.51
Challenge Con.	.02	Overman	.37
Chollar	.02	Potosi	.04
Confidence	.36	Savage	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.46	Sag Belcher	.12
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.35
Crown Point	.02	Union Con.	.42
Gould & Curry	.09	Utah Con.	.03
		Yellow Jacket	.40
TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.10
Belmont	9.00	Diamondfield Da'sy	.04
Jim Butler	.60	Diamondf'd B. B.	.04
McNamara	.19	Florence	.70
Midway	.41	Goldfield Con. M.	2.45
Montana	2.00	Goldfield Merger	.32
North Star	.32	Great Bend	.02
Rescue Eula	.18	Jumbo Extension	.31
Tonopah Exten	2.62½	Lone Star	.05
Tonopah Merger	.91	Red Hills	.01
West End	1.65	Sandstorm Kendall	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.07
Adams	.01	Vernal	.10
Atlanta	.17	Nevada Hills	1.55
Booth	.05	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.05	Manhattan Con.	.14

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	6½	Jackpot	4½	5½
Elkton	64½	65½	McKinney	73	75
El Paso	54	55	Old Gold	3½	4½
Findlay	4⅝	5⅝	Portland	104	106½
Gold Dollar	19⅝	20	Vindicator	88	90
Isabella	21½	21⅝	Raven B. H.	5⅝	8½

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10 Weyman-Bruton Com. Stock

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35 Northern Pipe Line Stock
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday, Nov. 12, 1912.

Total sales Nov. 12, 1912.................. 723,104
From Jan. 1, 1912.................. 114,203,536
Same period last year.................. 110,785,720

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
160	170	200	Adams Express	164¾	164¾	164¾	164¾	...
2⅝	2⅞	170	Allis-C. tr. rcts. 2d pd	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	...
84	84⅛	35,500	Amalgamated Copper	82¾	84⅛	82¾	84⅛	+2⅜
56½	58	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	−⅛
54½	55	10,800	Am. Beet Sugar	56⅞	56⅞	52¾	54¾	−⅝
96	98	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	−⅞
102¼	..	400	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy	99½	103	99½	103	+4½
40	40¼	17,300	Am. Can	40	40½	38¾	40	+¾
122	122½	310	Am. Can pf	121	122	121	122	...
59¾	60	1,200	Am. Car & Foundry	59¼	60¼	59¼	60	+1¼
38½	39⅜	700	Am. Cities	39	39	38¾	39	−½
92	95	100	Am. Coal Products	94	94	94	94	−⅛
55¼	55½	1,700	Am. Cotton Oil	55½	55¾	54⅞	55¼	+1
170	180	35	Am. Express	175	175	175	175	...
28½	30	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	28½	28½	28½	28½	−1¼
20	20½	300	Am. Ice Securities	19¾	20	19¾	20	−¾
14⅛	14¼	3,300	Am. Linseed	15	15	14	14⅛	−⅜
35⅝	36¼	1,100	Am. Linseed pf	38	38¼	35⅝	35¾	−2¾
45	45½	3,100	Am. Locomotive	44¾	45½	44⅛	45¼	+1¼
106	106½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
14¾	15	200	Am. Malt	15	15	15	15	−¼
63¼	63½	900	Am. Malt pf	63	63¼	62½	63¼	...
80	80¼	22,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	79½	80¼	77⅞	80	+1
190	193	200	Am. Snuff	191	191	191	191	−2
41	41½	1,000	Am. Steel Foundries	41	41	40	41	...
121⅜	122⅞	1,700	Am. Sugar Refining	121	121½	120⅛	121½	...
142¾	143¼	600	Am. Teleph. & Teleg	142¾	143¼	142¾	142¾	−½
271½	271¾	700	Am. Tobacco	272	272	270	271¾	+¾
104½	105	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	104½	104½	104½	104½	−½
22	23¾	200	Am. Woolen	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	−½
84	85	195	Am. Woolen pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
43⅜	43½	4,200	Anaconda Copper Co	42⅞	43½	42⅛	43½	+1
122	123½	100	Assets Realization	123	123	123	123	...
107⅝	107¾	4,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	107½	107¾	106⅞	107¾	+¾
137½	138½	1,000	Atlantic Coast Line	138⅛	138⅛	137	138	−⅛
106¼	106⅜	1,250	Baltimore & Ohio	106¼	106⅜	105⅝	106	+⅞
86	87	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	+⅛
43	43¼	4,700	Bethlehem Steel	43½	44	42½	43⅛	+⅛
73	74½	500	Bethlehem Steel pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	−2
143¾	145	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾	...
89¼	89½	650	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	89½	89½	89	89⅜	+⅛
62⅝	62¾	27,200	California Petroleum	63⅞	64	59¾	62⅝	−⅝
90¼	90¾	2,000	California Pet. pf	91	91	90	90½	−½
264½	264¾	8,500	Canadian Pacific	263½	264¾	261⅝	264½	+3¾
30⅞	31	2,300	Central Leather Co	31	31	30¼	31	...
98	99	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	−¾
365	380	100	Central R. R. of N. J.	370	370	370	370	−3½
80¾	80⅞	5,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	80½	81¼	79¾	80¾	+¾
18¾	19	600	Chicago Gt. Western	18⅜	19	18	19	+½
35¾	36	500	Chi. Gt. Western pf	35½	35¾	35½	35¾	+½
115¾	115⅞	20,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	115½	116	114	115⅞	+1⅝
139½	140	200	Chi. & Northwestern	139½	139½	139¼	139½	−½
2	2½	100	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	2	2	2	2	+¼
3½	4	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t.r.sta	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+⅛
48⅝	48¾	14,800	Chino Copper	49½	49½	47⅝	48¾	+⅝
36¼	36½	1,800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	35⅞	36¾	35	36¾	+1⅛
142¼	144	900	Consolidated Gas	143½	143½	142¾	143	−¾
16½	16¾	3,130	Corn Products Ref	16¾	16⅞	16¼	16⅝	−¼
82	82½	600	Corn Products Ref. pf	83¼	83¼	81¾	81¾	−1⅛
..	45	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	33	33	33	33	−2
167	168	240	Delaware & Hudson	167	167	167	167	+1
544	550	225	Del., Lack. & West	535	549½	535	549½	−½
40	40¼	385	Den. & Rio Grande pf	40½	40½	40	40	...
27	27½	900	Distillers' Securities	27½	27½	27⅛	27⅛	−⅜
34½	35	4,950	Erie	34	34⅜	33¾	34⅜	+½
52	52¼	200	Erie 1st pf	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+¼
44	45	200	Federal M. & S. pf	44⅞	44⅞	44	44	−1
181	182	600	General Electric	181	181	180⅛	180⅞	−2¼
186	190	100	Geo. W. Helme Co	187	187	187	187	−3
2½	2⅝	3,300	Goldfield Consol	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+⅛
70½	70¾	500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	70½	70½	70¼	70¼	−⅜
107	107½	100	Goodrich pf	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	...
138	138⅛	5,050	Great Northern pf	138½	138½	136½	138⅛	+⅝
45¾	47	1,300	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	45	46	45	46	+1
55½	56	200	Guggenheim Explor	54½	55¼	54½	55¼	+¼
128½	129	100	Illinois Central	128½	128½	128½	128½	...
20	20¼	2,700	Inspiration Con. Cop	19⅝	20⅛	19	20⅛	+⅞
19⅞	20	1,300	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	19¾	20	19¾	19⅞	...
64⅛	64⅜	5,300	Inter.-Met. pf	64¼	64½	63¼	64⅜	+⅝
119¼	121	1,100	Int. Harvester	120	120	119¼	120	...
14½	15	900	Int. Paper	15	15	14⅝	14¾	−½
56	56½	600	Int. Paper pf	55¾	56¼	55¾	56¼	−¾
22	23	100	Int. Steam Pump	23	23	23	23	...
28½	29	1,200	Kansas City Southern	28	28½	27¾	28½	+½
91	95	200	Kayser & Co. (Julius)	93	93	93	93	−2
107	109	100	Kayser & Co. 1st pf	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	+¼
174	174¼	9,000	Lehigh Valley	174	174⅛	172¼	174⅛	+1½
215	217	200	Liggett & Myers	214½	215	214½	215	...
42¼	42⅝	1,500	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	42⅞	42⅞	42⅜	42½	−½
104	104⅝	100	Loose-Wiles B. 1st pf	104	104	104	104	−½
90½	91¾	100	Loose-Wiles B. 2d pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	−⅞
147	147⅞	500	Louisville & Nash	146½	147½	146½	147½	+¾
67½	68½	100	Mackay Cos	68	68	68	68	−¼
132	133	200	Manhattan Elevated	132⅝	132⅝	132	132	−1
19½	19¾	300	Mercantile Marine pf	19⅞	19⅞	19⅜	19½	−¾
81	81¼	16,100	Mexican Petroleum	83	83	78¾	81	−1¾
28½	28⅝	1,605	Miami Copper	28	28½	27½	28½	+⅜
25	25¾	100	Minn. & St. Louis	25	25	25	25	+¾
142	143	800	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	142½	142½	141¼	142½	...
28¼	28½	700	Mo., Kan. & Texas	28	28	27¾	28	...
44⅛	44¼	7,700	Missouri Pacific	43⅞	44½	43	44⅛	+⅝
130	131	500	Nat. Biscuit Co	130	130	129¾	129¾	−¼
124	126½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	125	125	125	125	+¾
20½	21½	500	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	21⅛	21⅛	20½	20⅝	−1⅞
61½	62½	1,250	Nat. Lead Co	62¼	62¼	60½	61½	−¾
22½	22¾	3,200	Nev. Consol. Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22	+⅛
80	81	100	New York Air Brake	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	−⅛
115	115½	1,800	New York Central	114	115	114	115	+1
135½	136½	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	136	136	136	136	−½
34¾	35	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	35	35	35	35	−½
90	91	200	New York State Rys	89⅞	90⅜	89⅞	90⅜	+⅝
115⅛	115¼	1,300	Norfolk & Western	114⅜	115	114	115	+½
83	83½	400	North American	83½	83½	83⅛	83⅛	−1⅜
70	73½	100	No. Ohio Tr. & Light	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	+½
125	125⅛	4,500	Northern Pacific	124⅝	125¼	123½	125¼	+1½
34	34¼	800	Pacific Mail	33	34¼	32⅞	34	+1¼
50	50½	1,100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	49½	50	49¼	50	+¾
123⅛	123⅜	2,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	123	123¼	123	123¼	+⅛
116⅝	116½	1,100	People's Gas, Chi	116½	116½	115⅞	116½	...
205	207	654	P. Lorillard Co	204	205¼	204	205¼	+2¼
23¾	24	1,300	Pittsburgh Coal	24	24	23	23¾	+½
91⅞	92⅞	400	Pittsburgh Coal pf	91½	92	91½	92	+½
101¾	103	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	−1¼
37½	38	600	Pressed Steel Car	37	37¼	37	37¼	+¼
166½	167	200	Pullman Company	166½	166⅝	166¼	166⅝	−⅜
22¼	22⅜	13,000	Ray Consol. Copper	21¾	22¼	21½	22¼	+¾
171⅜	171½	141,400	Reading	170¾	171⅝	168⅝	171⅜	+1¾
90	90½	100	Reading 1st pf	90	90	90	90	...
95	96½	100	Reading 2d pf	96	96	96	96	...
29½	29¾	3,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	30⅛	30¼	28¾	29½	−½
91¾	92⅜	700	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	92	92	91½	92	...
25⅞	26	2,700	Rock Island Co	25¾	26	25¼	26	+¾
49½	49¾	2,600	Rock Island Co. pf	49¼	49⅝	47¾	49⅝	+½
100	110	100	Rubber Goods Mfg. pf	105	105	105	105	+1¾
102	102½	100	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	102	102	102	102	...
35½	36½	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	35½	36	35¼	36	+⅛
38¾	39½	500	St. Louis Southwest'n	39	39½	38⅞	38⅞	−½
76	77½	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf	77	77	77	77	−1
48¾	49	800	Seaboard Air Line pf	48	48⅞	48	48⅞	−⅛
215	217	750	Sears, Roebuck & Co	216	217	216	217	+1¾
54	57	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	55	55	55	55	−1
110⅞	111	3,400	Southern Pacific	110½	111⅛	109⅝	111⅛	+1⅜
73	77	100	South Porto R. Sugar	77	77	77	77	+3½
29⅝	29¾	2,000	Southern R'way ext	29¼	29⅝	29	29⅝	+½
81⅜	82	750	South. R'way pf., ext	81¼	81⅞	81	81¾	+⅜
42⅛	42½	100	Studebaker Co	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	−⅞
40⅞	41¼	2,200	Tennessee Copper	41⅛	41½	40	41¼	−½
119	120½	200	Texas Co	119	119	119	119	−½
24⅝	25	400	Texas & Pacific	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	−1¼
38	38¼	800	Third Avenue	38	38	37⅞	38	+⅛
..	..	900	Union Bag & Paper	12	12¼	11⅞	12¼	−⅝
56	58	300	Union B. & Paper pf	57	57	56⅞	57	−1
172⅜	172½	68,200	Union Pacific	171	172½	169¾	172¼	+2¼
90	91	500	Union Pacific pf	90¾	90¾	90½	90½	−⅛
52	55	100	United Cigar Mfrs	53	53	53	53	+⅝
100⅝	101	100	United Dry Goods	101	101	101	101	−¼
36½	37	300	United Rys. Inv	37	37	36¾	36¾	−¼
66½	67	400	United Rys. Inv. pf	66	66½	66	66½	+¼
19¼	20	243	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	18¾	19	18¾	19	−½
67	71	57	U. S. Express	67	67	67	67	...
81	82	300	U. S. Realty & Imp	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	−1¾
51⅝	52⅛	1,500	U. S. Rubber	51⅞	52¼	51¾	52	+½
107¼	107½	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	107⅝	107⅝	107¼	107¼	−⅜
75⅜	75½	152,900	U. S. Steel	74¾	75½	73½	75½	+1½
112¼	112¾	1,700	U. S. Steel pf	112	112½	111½	112½	+½
63¾	63⅞	6,900	Utah Copper	63½	63⅞	62¾	63¾	+¾
45½	46	700	Va.-Caro. Chemical	45½	45½	45½	45½	...
115	115½	100	Va.Caro. Chem. pf	115½	115½	115½	115½	+¼
55⅛	56⅜	200	Western Maryland	55	55	55	55	−1
77¼	78	300	Western Union Tel	78⅛	78⅛	77⅞	77⅞	−⅛
82	82½	2,100	Westinghouse E. & M	81	82	80½	82	+1¼
122	130	5	Westinghouse 1st pf	123	123	123	123	...
116	117	100	Weyman-Bruton pf	116	116	116	116	−⅛
28½	30	300	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	27½	28½	27½	28½	+¼
14	14½	200	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
52½	55	200	Wisconsin Central	52⅞	52⅞	52½	52½	−2¼
115½	116	2,500	Woolworth (F.W.) Co	116	116	115¼	115⅝	+¾
114½	..	100	Woolworth Co. pf	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	−⅛

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Nov. 12, 1912.................. $1,790,500
From Jan. 1, 1912.................. 607,752,500
Same period last year.................. 752,310,400

Jap Gov 4½s, str ln
1,000.......... 90¾
2d Series
5,000.......... 90
N Y Canal 4s, 1962
1,000..........101⅛
N Y City 3½s, 1954
1,000.......... 85
1,000.......... 84⅞
N Y City 4¼s
10,000..........100¼
2,000..........100⅛
10,000..........100¼
4½s, 1917
2,000..........101½
1,000..........101⅞
4½s, 1957, new
1,000..........105½

Alb & Susq 3½s
2,000.......... 90
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
1,000..........101¾
Am Cotton Oil 4½s
19,000.......... 97
5,000.......... 96⅞
6,000.......... 96¾
Am Cotton Oil 5s
1,000.......... 92¾
Am Smelt Secur 6s
3,000..........104¼
3,000..........104¼
Am T & T col 4s
6,000.......... 89¼
7,000.......... 89
3,000.......... 89¼
conv 4s
2,000s20f.......112
1,000..........112⅜
2,000..........112⅜
Am Thread 4s
2,000.......... 93½
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000.......... 91⅜
A, T & S F gen 4s
14,000.......... 97¾
500.......... 97⅝
12,000.......... 97¾
500.......... 97½
500.......... 97½
1,000.......... 97⅝
2,000.......... 97¾
adjustment 4s
10,000s20f....... 87¾
stamped
1,000.......... 88⅛
conv 4s, 1955
2,000..........107¼
conv 4s, 1960
15,000..........105
10,000..........104⅞
27,000..........104½
5,000..........103
30,000..........105⅛
Trans S L 4s
10,000.......... 91¼
Atl Coast Line,
Lou & N col 4s
39,000.......... 92½
B & O pr lien 3½s
2,000.......... 91½
gold 4s
7,000.......... 97¼
3,000.......... 97⅛
S W Div 3½s
15,000s20f....... 89⅜
14,000.......... 89½
P, L E & W V 4s
2,000.......... 89¼
Beth Steel 5s
11,000.......... 96⅜
5,000.......... 96¼
Bdway & 7th Av
1st con 5s
1,000..........103
Bklyn City 1st
1,000..........102
B R T gold 5s
2,000..........103
ref conv 4s
2,000.......... 90
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
2,000..........101
Canada So 1st 6s
1,000..........100
Cent Leather 5s
1,000.......... 95⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
1,000.......... 94¾
T S L 4s
1,000.......... 91¼
Ches & O con 5s
4,000s20f.......109½
gen 4½s
3,000.......... 99½
conv 4½s
1,000.......... 93
20,000.......... 92¾
5,000.......... 92⅞
Big Sandy 4s
1,000.......... 86¼
Chi & Alton 3s
1,000.......... 69
C, B & Q gen 4s
2,000.......... 95¼
joint 4s
21,000.......... 95½
Ill Div 3½s
10,000.......... 86
Chi Gt Westn 4s
1,000.......... 78¼
Chi, Mil & St P
4s, 1934
10,000.......... 90½
conv 4½s, sub
rcts, full paid
11,000..........106½
9,500..........106½
16,000..........106⅝
5,000..........106½
5,000..........106¼
82,000..........106½
10,000..........106⅝
26,000..........106⅜
5,000..........106⅝
9,000..........106¾
C, M & P Sd 4s
5,000.......... 92½
Chi & N W gen 4s
11,000.......... 96¾
Chi, Rock Isl & P
Ry ref 4s
2,000.......... 87⅜
5,000s20f....... 87¼
3,000.......... 87⅜
8,000.......... 87¼
2,000.......... 87⅛
deb 5s
4,000.......... 91
1,000.......... 91½
C, R I & P R R 4s
3,000.......... 67⅞
5,000.......... 67¾
2,000.......... 68
5,000.......... 67¾
5,000.......... 67⅞
Chi, St P, M & O
deb 5s
6,000..........102½
Chino Copper 6s
1,000..........195
10,000..........194
Colo Industrial 5s
1,000.......... 84
Col & Southn ref
& ext 4½s
1,000.......... 94½
Corn Prod Ref s f
5s, 1931
2,000.......... 96½
Del & Hudson 1st
& ref 4s
2,000.......... 97¾
4,000.......... 97½
44,000.......... 97¼
Den & Rio Grande
1st & ref 5s
10,000.......... 83¼
Dist Secur Corp 5s
5,000.......... 72½
5,000.......... 72
5,000.......... 71¾
2,000.......... 72¼
Du P de N Pow 4½s
3,000.......... 89¼
2,000.......... 89
Erie 1st con 4s
22,000.......... 86½
3,000s20f....... 86¾
5,000.......... 87
1st gen 4s
3,000.......... 76¾
3,000s20f....... 76⅝
conv 4s, Ser B
3,000.......... 77½
Gen Elec deb 5s,
temp rcts, 1st pd
1,000..........103¾
full paid
1,000..........104⅛
1,000..........104
500..........104⅛
14,000..........104⅛
8,000..........104
Gen Motors 6s
4,000.......... 99¼
3,000.......... 99⅜
Green Bay & Wn
deb Ctfs B
1,000.......... 16¾
Hudson Co Gas 5s
9,000..........104
Ill Steel 4½s
5,000.......... 90½
Insp Con Cop 6s,
sub rcts, 2d paid
9,000..........109
7,000..........109⅜
Inter-Met 4½s
3,000s20f....... 80⅞
7,000.......... 80⅞
5,000.......... 81
Interboro R T 5s
9,000..........103½
Int Paper conv 5s
1,000.......... 89¼
Int Stm Pump 5s
1,000.......... 91¼
K C, Ft S & M 4s
1,000.......... 78
Kan City So 5s
1,000.......... 97⅞
Kings Co Elec L &
Pow conv 6s
2,000..........124
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
16,000.......... 95⅝
4,000s20f....... 95½
1923
1,000.......... 97
Lake S & Mich So
3½s, reg
13,000.......... 87⅜
1,000s5f....... 87⅜
4s, 1928.......... 92⅜
4s, 1931
1,000.......... 92¾
Ligg & Myers 7s,
temp bonds
7,000..........120¼
Ligg & Myers 5s
1,000.......... 98
5,000.......... 98¼
52,000.......... 98¼
Long Isl unif 4s
1,000.......... 91
Louis & Nashv unif
4s
19,000.......... 97¼
2,000.......... 97⅜
2,000.......... 97½
Mer Marine col tr
4½s
3,000.......... 66
Mich State T 5s
1,000..........100¼
Minn & St Louis
1st & ref 4s
1,000.......... 63
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
2,000.......... 93½
Mo Pac 5s, 1911
3,000.......... 99⅜
Mo Pac conv 5s
4,000.......... 87⅝
3,000.......... 87⅜
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000.......... 71⅞
Mob & Ohio, Montg
Div 5s
1,000..........107½
Nassau Elec R R 4s
3,000.......... 79
Natl Tube 5s, J P
M & Co tr rcts
2,000.......... 99½
4,000.......... 99½
16,000.......... 99¼
5,000.......... 99⅛
3,000.......... 99¼
N Y Cent gen 3½s
12,000.......... 87
2,000.......... 86⅞
deb 4s, 1934
3,000.......... 92
1,000.......... 91⅞
Lake S col 3½s
12,000.......... 78⅞
N Y, C & S L 1st 4s
2,000.......... 98
N Y G, El L, H &
Pow col tr 5s
2,000..........101⅞
pur money 4s
10,000.......... 87⅜
N Y Rwys adj 5s
11,000.......... 54⅜
10,000.......... 54½
1,000.......... 54⅜
N Y Teleph 4½s
8,000.......... 97⅞
10,000.......... 98
N Y, West & B 4½s
16,000.......... 98½
Nor & Wn con 4s
5,000.......... 97
1,500.......... 97⅜
Pocah C & C 4s
1,000.......... 91¼
Northn Pacific 4s
1,000s6f....... 98⅛
Northn Pacific 3s
4,000.......... 68⅛
Ore R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
2,000s20f....... 93
Penn 4s, 1948
21,000..........102⅞
Penn conv 3½s
26,000.......... 96⅞
3,000.......... 96⅞
Peo & E 1st 4s
5,000.......... 90
P. Lor Co 7s temp
bonds
2,000..........120⅝
P. Lor Co 5s
1,000.......... 96¼
Pub Serv Corp s f
5s
5,000.......... 92⅝
Reading gen 4s
9,000.......... 96½
11,000.......... 96⅝
Rio Gr W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 82½
St L, Ir Mt & So
gen 5s
1,000..........104½
unify & ref 4s
2,000.......... 81¼
2,000.......... 81
Riv & Gulf 4s
1,000.......... 83⅜
St L & San Fran
R R gen 5s
4,000.......... 83⅝
ref 4s
8,000.......... 76⅝
1,000.......... 77
1,000.......... 76⅞
1,000.......... 76⅝
St L S W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 89⅜
St L S W con 4s
19,000.......... 80⅞
4,000.......... 81
Seab A L adj 5s
6,000.......... 76
So Bell Tel & Tel
1st 5s
7,000.......... 98⅜
So Pac col 4s
10,000.......... 88⅜
So Pac conv 4s
2,000.......... 93⅝
5,000.......... 93½
1,000.......... 93⅜
6,000.......... 93½
12,000.......... 93⅝
15,000.......... 93⅜
10,000.......... 93⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s
3,000.......... 93⅞
10,000.......... 94
3,000.......... 93⅞
So Ry 1st 5s
6,000..........105⅝
1,000..........105⅝
So Ry gen 4s
8,000.......... 78½
7,000.......... 78⅜
18,000.......... 78¼
3,000.......... 78⅜
Tex Co conv 6s
3,000..........100⅝
Tex & Pac 2d inc
1,000.......... 51
Third Av ref 4s
14,000.......... 81
Third Av adj 5s
5,000.......... 73¼
8,000.......... 73¼
31,000.......... 73½
1,000.......... 73⅝
Un Pac 1st 4s
7,000.......... 99⅞
5,000.......... 99⅞
Un Pac cons 4s
80,000..........102½
10,000..........102⅝
United Railroads
of San Fran 4s
3,000.......... 66⅝
U S Rubber 6s
3,000..........103¼
U S Steel Corp s f
5s
28,000..........101⅝
15,000..........101⅝
8,000..........101⅝
5,000..........101⅝
10,000..........101⅝
10,000..........101⅝
registered
1,500..........102
Va-Car Chem 5s
1,000.......... 98
Va Midland gen 5s
3,000..........106½
Va & S W con 5s
2,000.......... 95
Wabash 2d 5s
3,000.......... 99
Wabash R R ref &
ext 4s
6,000.......... 65⅞
1,000.......... 66
6,000.......... 65
53,000.......... 65½
Equit Trust Co
ctfs of depos
stamped
10,000.......... 63
Wabash, Pitts Ter
1st, Cent Tr cts
1,000.......... 80
Western Elec 5s
9,000..........101
Wn Md 4s
5,000.......... 85⅝
West Un Tel col
tr 5s
4,000..........100½
West Shore 4s
2,000.......... 98¼
Westinghouse El &
M 1st conv s f
5s
11,000.......... 98½
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000.......... 92
9,000.......... 92¼
Wis Cent, Sup &
Dul Div & T 4s
2,000.......... 90

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	101	101½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	101	101½
2s, c, 1930	101	101½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	102¼
3s, r, 1918	102½	103	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	102¼
3s, c, 1918	102½	103			
4s, r, 1925	113¾	114¼			
4s, c, 1925	113¾	114¼			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	101	101½			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Susq	280	..
Alle & W	133½	141½
Allis-Chalm.	..	¼
Do pf	2	10
Do 2d pd	8	10
Am Ag Ch pf	99	100¼
Am B S & Fdy pf	145	155
Am C pf	79	80
Am C & F pf	119½	119⅞
Am Coal	70	100
Am C O pf	97⅞	99½
Am C P pf	109¼	115
Am H & L	5⅝	6
Am S pf, B	84	86
Am S & R pf	107⅞	108¼
A Sn pf, n	104	105
A S Ref pf	120	123
Am T & C	70	70½
A W P pf	84	85½
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf	50	80
Assoc Oil	44	45
A, T & S F pf	101½	102
Bald Loc	55	56⅞
Do pf	106⅞	107½
Batopilas M	1½	1⅝
Bruns Term	8	9
B, R & P	112½	119½
Do pf	125	140
But'k Co	31	32½
Canada So	65	69
Case (J. I.) pf	100	100¼
C & S A T	110	115
Chi & Alt	18	20
Do pf	25	40
C, B & Q	209	..
Chi, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf	139	142
Chi & N W pf	181	190
Chi, St P, M & Om	132	138
Do pf	150	160
Cin, S & C pf	135	..
C, C, C & St L	52	55
Do pf	98⅝	101⅜
Cleve & P	166	..
Do spec	96	..
Col F & I pf	140	155
Col & So	38	40
Do 1st pf	72	75
Do 2d pf	66½	70
Crex Carpet	80	88
Cub Am S pf	..	92
Den & R G	22	22½
D M & Ft D	8	10
Det, H & S W	93½	99
Det & M	115	..
Do pf	103	..
Det Un Ry	71	76
D, S S & A	8⅝	9
Do pf	16½	18
Du P de N Pow pf	99½	100
Erie 2d pf	42⅞	44⅜
F M & S	13½	20
Gen Chem	175	210
Do pf	107	114
Gen Motors	33	35¼
Do pf	76⅝	78
G & S Tel	118	..
Granby Con	65	..
G.W.Helme pf	103	120
Hav Elec	..	96
Hock Val	138	150
Homestake	98	100½
Ill C l l	92	..
Inger-Rand	105	..
Do pf	95	..
Int Agric	40	45
Do pf	93	94
Int H pf	113¼	119⅜
I S P pf	79	80
Iowa Cent	12	13
Do pf	26	28
Jol & Chi	161	..
K C, Ft S & M pf	74½	78
K C So pf	61½	62
K & D M	7⅝	8¼
Do pf	48	60
Kresge (SS)	78	84
Do pf	101	103½
Kn I, C, pf	..	76
Lack Steel	44	50
Lacl Gas	105	106

	Bid.	Asked.
L E & Wn	13½	15
Do pf	85	88½
Lake Shore	461	..
L & M pf	115	116½
Long Island	45	49
Mackay Cos	83¼	85½
Mah C R	700	1,000
May D. Sts	82⅝	83⅜
Do pf	105⅜	107½
Mer Marine	4⅝	5
Mich Cent	150	190
M & St L pf	47⅜	49
M, St P & S S M pf	150	153
Do l l	84	87½
Mo, K & T pf	62	63½
M & B pf	70	80
N, C & St L	180	200
Nat En pf	91	93
Nat L pf	110	111
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	60	64
Do 2d pf	26⅜	27
N O, M & Chi pf	15	25
N Y, C & St L	55	60
Do 1st pf	102¼	108
Do 2d pf	86	90
N Y Dock	19	..
Do pf	30	40
Norf South	45	46
N & W pf	88	92
N W Tel	118	..
Ont Mining	2¼	2½
Pabst B pf	107¼	108½
Pac Coast	85	100
Do 1st pf	85	100
Do 2d pf	85	100
Pac T & T pf	100¼	102
Peo & E	14½	15
P. Lor pf	114½	116⅝
Pere Marq	..	30
Do 2d pf	..	88
Phelps-D'ge	215¼	..
Phila Co	100⅝	102
P, C, C & St L	104	109
Do pf	110	120
P, Ft W & C	166	..
P, Y & A pf	163½	..
Pr St C pf	100½	101½
Pub S Cor	112	116
Quicksilver	4⅝	5½
Do pf	7	8
R R Sec, I C stk ctfs	..	85
Ry St Spr	36⅞	37
Do pf	100	102
Rens & S	185¼	..
St L & S F	23	25
Do 1st pf	61	65
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs	48	52
Seab A Line	20¼	20⅝
S-S S & I pf	95	100
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs	82	86
Stand Mill	28	29
Do pf	62½	63½
Studeb pf	94⅝	97
T P L Tr	95	100
Tol, P & W	15¼	..
Tol R & L	6⅛	6½
Tol, St L & West	13	14
Do pf	29½	32¼
T C R T	104	107
Do pf	..	145
Und Typew	107	108
Do pf	112	114
U C M pf	104½	109
Un D G pf	105½	108
U S C I P pf	60	62¼
U S Ind A	50	55
Do pf	..	105
U S R & R	1½	2
Do pf	4	5½
U S R 2d pf	78	80
Va I. C & C	64	66
Va Ry & P	50	54
Do pf	87½	91⅛
Vulcan Det	17	21
Do pf	..	67
Wabash	4⅜	4⅝
Do pf	14½	15
W F Exp	115	119
Weym Bru	225	300
W Md pf	77	80
Wh & L E	8⅝	9

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday trading continued quiet, with the general tone steady. Copper was a shade higher, 25 tons of January delivery selling at 17⅛c. Tin was irregular. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Stand. Copper—				
Spot	17.00	....	17.00	17.37½
November	17.05	17.20	17.02½	17.25
December	17.15	17.20	17.00	17.25
January	17.15	17.20	17.00	17.25
Lead	4.70	4.80	4.70	4.80
Spelter	7.35	7.45	7.35	7.45
Tin	49.60	50.00	49.37½	49.87½

The following table of prices obtained yesterday on the London Metal Exchange for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These prices make comparison with Monday's closing quotations thus:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	76	7	6	76	10	0
Copper, futures	77	2	6	77	2	6
Pig tin, spot	227	0	0	227	0	0
Pig tin, futures	226	15	0	226	15	0

The market finished quiet. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £18 7s 6d, and spelter was down 5s, at £27 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were up 1½d at 66s 9d.

SURFACE LINE TO SETTLE.

23D Street Railway Bond Issue to Pay Mercantile Trust Note.

The Twenty-third Street Railway Company wishes to issue $1,500,000 of bonds and to make a mortgage for this amount covering all its property. Commissioner Maltbie will hear an application for permission to do this next Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The bonds, if authorized, will be issued in order to compromise a claim of long standing held by the Mercantile Trust Company. The Twenty-third Street Company was formed in 1872, and four years later acquired a lease of the property of the Bleecker Street & Fulton Ferry Railroad Company. In 1893 it executed a lease of all its property, including its leasehold, to the Houston, West Street & Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, which a few months later was consolidated with the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

This company declared that it expended on the property of the Twenty-third Street Company, in the change of motive power and other ways, $2,204,929, and that to reimburse itself for its outlay it gave on April 31, 1907, a promissory note to the Mercantile Trust Company for that amount, with interest at 5 per cent.

To prevent an expensive litigation, a compromise has now been suggested, to which it is said that all the defendants have agreed. By this the Twenty-third Street Railway Company would settle the suit, on the surrender and cancellation of the promissory note, by the issue of $1,500,000 in bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1912, and payable fifty years after date and bearing 5 per cent. interest. This would be secured by a mortgage on all the property and franchises of the company.

Hydro-Electric Power Bonds
Special letter sent on request.
White & Co.
Bankers
30 Pine St. New York

Outside Securities Department
AM. VANADIUM
VANADIUM SALES
FLANNERY BOLT
PITTSBURG SPRING & STEEL
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

FOR SALE—100 Borden's Milk Com.
100 Central Foundry Com.
100 Comp. Tab. & Recording
100 Int. Nickel Com.
100 Otis Elevator Com.
100 Pope M'f'g. Com.
Weed & Gwynne
Hanover 7907-8. 35 Wall St.

WANTED
15 AMERICAN SURETY CO.
100 APPALACHIAN POWER PFD.
25 BIOGRAPH COMPANY STOCK
100 ONTARIO POWER CO. STOCK
FOR SALE
$10,000 DAYTON LIGHTING 5s
$5,000 IDAHO-ORE. LT. & PR. 6s
35 MOHAWK VALLEY CO. STOCK
100 SOUTHERN CALIF. EDISON COM.
WM. M. CLARKE
Tel. 1015 Rector. 20 Broad Street.

Hale & Kilburn
Oil Fields of Mexico
U. S. Light. & Heating
Metropolitan Motor Speedway
Harold Dickerson & Co
52 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 8854-5 Broad.

FOR SALE
Ajax-Grieb Pfd. Stock
Walpole Tire and Rubber Pfd.
Batavia Rubber Co. Pfd. and Bonus of common
Consolidated Rubber Tire Co.
Firestone Tire and Rubber Co.
Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co.
GEO. V. COX
Tel. 5215—Rector. 20 Broad St., N. Y.

PERINE & NICHOLS
ACCOUNTANTS
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

Dix & Bangs
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,700,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits

WINDSOR TRUST CO.
65 CEDAR STREET
FIFTH AVENUE and 47th STREET
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
CLARK WILLIAMS, President
STEPHEN N. BOND ROBERT H. McCURDY
JAMES A. BURDEN JOHN H. STORER
AUGUST HECKSCHER ARTHUR TURNBULL
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT

BANK of the METROPOLIS
31 Union Square, N. Y.
Organized 1871
Member of New York Clearing House
Capital - - - $1,000,000
Surplus - - - $2,100,000

ENGINEERS.

ESTABLISHED 1894
Ford, Bacon & Davis
Engineers
COMPREHENSIVE REPORTS ON PUBLIC UTILITIES
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
NEW ORLEANS SAN FRANCISCO

H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
ENGINEERS
CHICAGO NEW YORK

Safe Deposit Vaults
The fire and burglar proof vaults of this company, located at the street level, are thoroughly equipped to give protection to securities and valuables of all kinds.
Boxes rent from $5.00 to $300.00 per year.
Guaranty Safe Deposit Company
Fifth Avenue & 43rd Street
(entrance through FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH OF GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK)

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS - - - - - - $10,000,000
The policy of the Harriman National Bank is to establish with its customers reciprocal relations based on mutual satisfaction in the conduct and transaction of business, and the personnel of the administration offers every assurance of fair, liberal and prompt dealing along broad and progressive lines.
Banking hours: 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND STORAGE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

Successful Investors
have always found it advisable to establish relations with a banking house of long experience whose reputation for conservatism is recognized.
Pomroy Bros.
Members New York Stock Exchange since 1878
30 Pine Street, New York

Throughout the thirty years that Messrs. S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., have been engaged in handling mortgages, not one of their clients has ever lost a single dollar, either of principal or interest, on any security purchased from them.

An unusual degree of convertibility is assured through Messrs. Straus' custom of repurchasing securities from their clients when requested, at par and accrued interest, less a net handling charge of 1 per cent.

First Mortgage 6% Bonds
Oelerich & Berry Company's Land & Bldg.
Larrabee Street, Chicago
Land and Buildings Valued at $135,000.
TOTAL BOND ISSUE, $64,000.
Denominations $500 and $1,000 Due Serially 1913 to 1920
Bonds are the direct obligation of The Oelerich & Berry Company (Capital $150,000), guaranteed by endorsement of Joseph J. Berry, President of the Company.
Price Par and Interest.
S. W. STRAUS & CO., INC. Straus Building Chicago, Ill.
M. Morgenthau Jr. Co. Agents for New York 95 Liberty St. Tel. Cort. 1884 New York City

5½% IS WHAT YOUR MONEY WILL EARN IN **GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES** ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. We have amounts from $500 to $100,000.
Our Booklet "A" Explains.
Sent Upon Request.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.,
Bridge Plaza, N. L. I. City, N. Y.

BANKING INTEREST
5% INTEREST
Allowed on accounts from $10 to $3,000.
Deposits made on or before Dec. 5th draw interest from Dec. 1st.
$100,000 on deposit with the State of N. Y.
We are entering our 73d year.
Banking by mail to meet your convenience.
LOANS MADE ON WELL RATED BILLS RECEIVABLE AND OTHER GOOD SECURITY.
Call or write for booklet. Tel. 1234 Beekman.
CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers
154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

LARGE PROFITS WITH SAFETY
Results accomplished through our 16 years' experience prove that the profit from permanently owned New York Realty is large and certain, with safety of principal assured.
Circular T tells about our methods.
New York Realty Owners,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

BUSINESS MEN
Is it feasible for business men to buy Stocks? If so, what methods should they follow in order to be successful?
A booklet by Roger W. Babson treats of this subject and will be mailed gratis.
Address Dept. Y 46 of the Babson Statistical Organization
Compiling Plant, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Largest Organization of its Class in the U. S.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%
A savings institution. Founded 1888, under New York State Bank Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Nov. 20th earn from Dec. 1st. Write for Booklet A, or start at once.
38 Park Row, New York.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Buffalo and Lake Erie Traction Company

First & Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent.

Thirty Year Gold Bonds

The undersigned have agreed to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of the holders of the above-named bonds. Bondholders are invited promptly to deposit their bonds with the Committee's Depositary, THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, or with the Sub-Depositary, the GIRARD TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, Pennsylvania; transferable certificates of deposit will be issued therefor.

The deposit agreement provides that the holders of certificates of deposit who may be dissatisfied with any plan submitted by the Committee, upon payment of a proportionate part of the expenses of the Committee (but not exceeding a sum equal to one-half of one per cent. of the par value of the bonds represented by such certificates of deposit) and interest moneys advanced, but without compensation to the Committee for its services, may withdraw their deposited bonds within three weeks from the commencement of the publication of notice that such plan has been adopted and lodged with the Depositary or Sub-Depositary.

Arrangements have been made for an advance on or after NOVEMBER 11TH, 1912, to the depositors of an amount equivalent to the interest due November 1st, 1912.

Copies of the Committee's circular and of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained at either of the above-named Depositaries.

Dated New York, November 2d, 1912.

ALVIN W. KRECH, Chairman;
ARTHUR V. MORTON,
W. N. ELY,
HARRISON NESBIT,
GEORGE R. TELLER,
RODMAN E. GRISCOM,
Committee.

SAMUEL ARMSTRONG, Secretary,
37 Wall Street, New York.

PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Counsel to the Committee.

To Holders of First Mortgage 5% Bonds of the MILWAUKEE OFFICE COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Mortgage securing the above described bonds, the entire issue now outstanding, to wit: Eighty Thousand ($80,000) Dollars in face value will be redeemed at par as of the first day of January, 1913, from and after which date, interest on said bonds shall cease.

Holders of bonds of the issue described above may surrender the same for redemption on or after the 24th day of December, 1912, to the Trustee of the aforesaid Mortgage, to wit.: First Savings and Trust Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, successor to Milwaukee Trust Company.

MILWAUKEE OFFICE COMPANY.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MYERS PLATE AND WINDOW GLASS CO., a New York Corporation: Please take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the Myers Plate and Window Glass Co. has been duly called for, and will be held on the 30th day of November, 1912, at six o'clock P. M. at 200 East Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved.

Dated October 28th, 1912.

MYER MYERS, Secretary.

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS
1,000, $2.00; 5,000, $6.00; Addressing, Mailing, Samples. Telephone 1263 Cort. Wm. Gray, 95 Nassau.

NEED NO LAW FOR FAIR ADVERTISING

Sphinx Club Speakers Say the Press Marches Ahead of the Lawmakers.

ATTACKS THE POSTAL ACT

Dr. Williams Says Such Interference Is Mistaken—R. J. Collier Speaks for His Paper.

Dr. Talcott Williams, Dean of the Columbia School of Journalism, speaking at a dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, attacked the act passed by the last Congress regulating advertising in the public press. He said that his study of the newspapers of the country for the last seventy years had convinced him that the desired end could best be attained without Federal interference. Other speakers who maintained this same view were Collin Armstrong, President of the Sphinx Club, and Robert J. Collier of Collier's Weekly.

Dr. Williams said that he had made a study of all the newspapers of the United States in connection with his work at Columbia, and that he had reviewed every law relating to the publishing business passed within the last century. He was pleased to discover, he said, that he had found no law on the subject of purer advertising the aims of which had not been preceded in practice and preaching by the leading newspapers of the day.

"It is a mistake," he said, "to suppose that Congress could force the press into the right path. The press has been in the right path for sixty or seventy years. I scoured all the papers, and I was indeed appalled at the grade of advertising matter that the many 'respectable newspapers' admitted a few decades ago, but I noticed that the work of purging the advertising columns of objectionable matter has been steadily going on at the instigation of the better papers themselves.

"There never was a time when newspapers, as a whole, showed better the independence they could maintain than at the present time. The last campaign witnessed all kinds of newspapers following rigorously the lines which they thought right, and I know of no single instance in which any newspaper suffered because of its independence. This goes to show that the newspapers are on the right track and it is unnecessary and unwise to coerce them in paths in which they have already taken the initiative."

Robert J. Collier touched on the retirement of Norman Hapgood from Collier's editorial department without mentioning Mr. Hapgood's name. The subject assigned to him was "Honesty in Advertising." The subject had a peculiar interest to him, he said, because of the many rumors "that he had succeeded in making some arrangement whereby his advertising department would profit at the expense of the editorial department."

"I feel no personal resentment to these charges," said Mr. Collier, "because I believe that the business conscience of advertisers resents for itself the intimation that Collier's is open to secret overtures."

Mr. Collier predicted that within ten years all forms of objectionable advertising would be removed from all advertising mediums. He said that the "business conscience" would bring this about regardless of any laws on the subject.

"We have made wonderful strides in purifying advertising within the last fifteen years," he said. "Honesty in the advertising business may be said to water the very roots of trade. If the uncounted millions can believe in the advertisements that they read, then the factories need never worry, for they will be run during the night as well as during the day.

"Even the country newspapers who still carry patent medicine and get-rich-quick advertisements are no worse than Collier's itself was under my management as late as 1897. At that time 75 per cent. of the advertisements in Collier's were such as would not be accepted in the best newspapers and magazines to-day. Purity in advertising has come to stay."

Mr. Armstrong was equally hopeful of the natural coming of the purified advertising page.

"There is unquestionably a higher sense of responsibility to advertisers and the public on the part of many publishers," he said, "than there was a few years ago. Advertisers are insisting upon and getting more complete and accurate information regarding the volume and quality of circulation and the value of the space they are buying than ever before, and the time seems to be approaching when the publisher who is guilty of deception regarding his circulation will be classed with shopkeepers who use short measures and abbreviated yard sticks."

ATTACKS BAR EXAMINATIONS.

Dean Stone, in His Annual Report, Says They Are Reproach to State.

An attack on the methods of the New York Bar Examiners in preparing and marking the examinations was made by Dean Harlan F. Stone, of the Columbia Law School in his annual report submitted yesterday. On this point he says:

For many years the methods of conducting bar examinations in New York have been a reproach to this State and a distinct detriment to sound legal education. The practice of the Bar Examiners of asking questions based exclusively and minutely on statutes or decided cases, and of judging the answers on the basis of their "correctness," places a premium upon memorization by the candidate and affords no adequate test of his ability to reason in a legal way or to apply his knowledge to a new state of facts, which are, after all, the essential qualifications of the lawyer. The law schools are devoting themselves to the development of these qualities in the student, and it is unfortunate that no substantial effort is made by the Bar Examiners to test the efficiency of the candidates for admission along these lines. Preparation for Bar examinations as they are now conducted is nothing more than a cramming process, in which the student with the photographic memory has the decided advantage over the candidate who possesses higher faculties and has the better training. The result is that many unfit candidates are annually admitted to the Bar, whereas others undoubtedly better fitted are rejected.

In speaking of the work of the new legislative drafting bureau in connection with the Columbia Law School, Dean Stone says:

The gift of the university for the promotion of scientific study and investigation in legislative drafting, mentioned in my report last year, has already established its utility and in a large sense its educational value. During the past year the fund had rendered important service in preparing numerous legislative acts, including, for example, the Workingmen's Compensation act, passed by the Congress of the United States; the proposed amendment of the New York State Constitution, authorizing a Workman's Compensation act, adopted by the New York State Legislature; a bill now pending before Congress revising the laws relating to foreign shipping and the safety of passengers sailing upon the ships entering American ports; in co-operation with the State Commission on Uniform Laws, a Uniform Corporations act; and it is now working with various public bodies and legislative committees in the preparation of important legislative bills.

A further increase in the registration at the Columbia Law School is not sought, according to the report. If there is any great increase it will mean the dividing up of the larger classes into divisions, and this would impair the efficiency of the school, Dean Stone says. His suggestion is to raise the standard of the school and weed out all of the men that do not show a distinct aptitude for law at the end of the first year. By doing this, Dean Stone says, the efficiency and reputation of the school may be enhanced and a needed service be rendered to the profession.

Receivers for a Butler Co.'s Store.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—Everybody's Co-operative Grocery Store, a subsidiary of the Butler Companies, incorporated department store owners, was placed in the hands of receivers to-day in the United States District Court. As receivers, C. F. Weed and Milroy H. Gibson of William S. Butler & Co., the Gilchrist Company, Everybody's Store, incorporated, and the Bosworth Manufacturing Company, were named. The liabilities of the grocery store are not known.

SERVICE BOARD SEEKS POWER

Will Ask Legislature to Extend Its Authority Over Long Island.

The Public Service Commission intends at the next session of the Legislature to present a bill extending its authority on Long Island so as to include the whole of the island. At present its power extends only to the city limits, Nassau and Suffolk Counties being under the jurisdiction of the commission of the Second District, with headquarters at Albany.

The matter was brought up at the regular meeting of the commission yesterday by Commissioner Cram, who declared the interests of the people of Long Island would be better served by such an extension of the commission's power. His motion that the counsel of the commission be instructed to draft a bill for the purpose was carried without opposition.

UNION GAS WON'T PAY MORE.

Two Directors Able to Squelch Cockran and Levy Demand.

Efforts on the part of Jefferson M. Levy, W. Bourke Cockran, and other stockholders of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company to get an increase in the dividend or its equivalent in an extra distribution were again frustrated at a stockholders' meeting in Brooklyn yesterday, when a resolution presented by Mr. Cockran asking the Directors to divide the remaining $2,000,000 of capital stock among the shareholders as a bonus was laid on the table. Of the 180,000 shares of stock outstanding, more than 100,000 were voted against the extra dividend resolution by the proxies of two Directors.

NEEDS CLOSER ASSESSMENTS

Secured Debt Bureau Issues Statement Regarding Its Tax Situation.

Frank P. Young, chief of the Secured Debt Bureau of the local office of State Controller William Sohmer, made a preliminary report yesterday to Deputy Controller Wallace S. Fraser.

"If the present ratio of increase prevails during the rest of the current fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1913, the tax should amount to approximately $2,000,000 for Manhattan and the Bronx," he declared.

"If the local Assessors throughout this State could be made to assess properly the holders of large amounts of personal property who reside in their districts, the revenue from this tax would be greatly increased.

"If the law should be amended so that bonds secured by mortgage of real property recorded both within and without the State could be exempted for that proportionate part secured by mortgage recorded without the State, the revenue from this tax would be increased.

"During the past year, in several instances, the entire issue of bonds of several corporations were exempted under this law, the companies issuing the bonds paying the tax. This office believes it is only a question of time when all bond issues which may pay this tax—which exempts them from further taxation—will be exempted by the companies issuing the bonds.

"The matter of the exemption of an issue of $60,000,000 debenture bonds to be issued shortly by a New York corporation has recently been the subject of discussion, and in this connection it would seem that earnest effort should be made, as soon as the Legislature meets, to have provision made for the exemption of debentures issued in amounts of more than $1,000."

FAMOUS SKIPPER RETIRING.

Capt. Nierich of Kronprinz Wilhelm Bears Medals of Several Governments.

Capt. Richard L. Nierich of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm began what will probably be his last voyage as a commander of ocean liners yesterday morning. Capt. Nierich started in the European-Australian trade, then he switched to the European-South American routes, and lastly to the transatlantic trade, in which he was to become one of the noted skippers of his time. He wears gold medals awarded by many Governments, among them those of Germany, Great Britain, and the United States, for saving lives at sea. He was one of the heroes of the great Samoan typhoon, when so many lives were lost, and the United States Government afterward officially recognized the services he rendered on that occasion to American seamen.

Capt. Nierich is 58 years old, and forty-two years of that have been spent on the seas. He has been a North German Lloyd Captain since 1889.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—The following companies, among others, were incorporated today:

American-Mexican Rubber and Coffee Corporation of Ithaca, cultivation of rubber and coffee in Mexico; $2,000,000. Isaac K. Bernstein, Fred Hayes Smith, William C. Douglas, and Arthur N. Gibb, 106 Cayuga Heights Road, Ithaca, N. Y.

Guy W. Eskridge Company, Inc., of Manhattan, institute advertising campaigns; $50,000. Joseph William Sinnott, Jefferson L. Eskridge, and Guy W. Eskridge, 808 Gregory Avenue, Passaic, N. J.

Lextwill Realty Corporation of Manhattan, realty; $20,000. Peter Wilkens, Marie W. Wilking, and Adolph C. Harkness, 162 St. Ann's Avenue, Bronx.

Earnshaw-Lent Company, Inc., of Manhattan, general advertising; $10,000. Louis H. Lent, Sybil Kershaw, and John J. W. Earnshaw, Upper Montclair, N. J.

Mansfield Realty Corporation of Brooklyn, realty and brokerage; $10,000. Washington A. Turley, W. Arthur Newman, and James A. Mooney, 100 Fenimore Street, Brooklyn.

Pac-Rite Company, Inc., of Manhattan, boxes, forms, and appliances; $10,000. Max Rothman, Maurice Davidson, and August J. Lundberg, 180 Broadway, New York.

American Kushion Kore Tire Company, Inc., of Buffalo; $10,000. Karl E. Wilhelm, Christopher M. Baldy, and Charles H. Taylor, 558 Ellicott Square, Buffalo.

Rose & Co. Dye Works, Inc., of Manhattan, cleaning and dyeing; $15,000. Samuel Rose, Abraham Rose, and Louis Rose, 444 East Fifty-eighth Street, Manhattan.

Horse Shoe Land Improvement Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty; $10,000. D. J. Succione, Pio Marzani, and A. Passalacqua, 286 Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Texas Producers' Rice Company, Inc., of Manhattan, rice and other cereals; $50,000. Charles O. Miles, Dan Sachs, and Harry M. Lasker, 28 Greene Street, Manhattan.

Weingarten & Haberman, Inc., of Manhattan, ladies' waists, gowns, dresses, and millinery; $20,000. Manny Haberman, Ada Weingarten, and Samuel Pearl, 72 East Ninety-sixth Street, New York.

Thatcher Estate, Inc., of Brooklyn, realty and construction; $15,000. Mary R. McCormack, Ann E. Thatcher, and Edwin H. Thatcher, 590 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

33 West Fifty-first Street Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty; $10,000. Francis Gilbert, Franklin M. Haines, and Franklin Haines, 330 West 102d Street, New York.

Essankay Amusement Corporation of Manhattan, theatricals, moving pictures, and concerts; $25,000. Samuel S. Watson, Victor C. Cormier, and Florence H. Berg, 78 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Karczag Publishing Company, Inc., of Manhattan, printing and publishing, managing theatres and places of amusement, &c.; $20,000. Felix Meyer, Edwin Blumenstiel, and Hugo Meyer, 126 West Seventy-eighth Street, New York.

Greenbaum & Ross, Inc., of Manhattan, merchandise distributors, manufacturers, and brokers; $20,000. Emanuel M. Steindler, Victor Greenbaum, and Walter C. Ross, 215 Fourth Avenue, New York.

New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 12.—The following corporations were chartered in the office of Secretary of State Crater to-day:

Litho-Zinc Process Company, Newark, $25,000, to manufacture advertising signs; incorporators, Harry H. Picking, Charles G. Geyer, and Frank E. Ruggles.

Edible Seed Oils Company, West New York, $55,000, to manufacture oils; incorporators, Robert F. Munro, Joseph G. Gash, and Justus E. Ralph.

Modern Plumbing and Heating Company, Camden, $25,000, to conduct a plumbing business; incorporators, William D. and Harriett D. Griffith, and William T. Reed.

Wireless Electric Lamp Company, Elizabeth, $50,000, to manufacture electric signs; incorporators, James C. Sharpe, Frederick P. Hall, and Charles A. Trimble.

Volotone Company, Elizabeth, $10,000, to manufacture musical instruments; incorporators, George M. Newcomer, Henry S. Hornbeck, and Am. Greeley.

General Freezing Company, Atlantic City, $30,000, to conduct cold storage plants; incorporators, Ralph E. Hoetzel, Boynton Adams, and Albert C. Kraft.

WANT AUTO FIRM'S ASSETS.

Hollins Co. Offers $150,000 to Wyckoff, Church & Partridge Receiver.

H. B. Hollins & Co. of 15 Wall Street have sent a formal offer to John S. Shepard, receiver of the bankrupt firm of Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Inc., to purchase for $150,000 all the property of the firm as of Nov. 1 except any claims or rights of action that Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Inc., might have against the Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Company of Sharon, Penn.

The property for which this offer is made consists of two leaseholds in Manhattan, the furniture and fixtures in their buildings, a number of automobiles and their accessories, the accounts receivable by the firm, and the factory of the company and its contents at Kingston, N. Y. As a condition of the purchase H. B. Hollins & Co. agree to release the receiver from all claims of the bondholders to the amount of $200,000 of Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Inc., on any property of the firm except the property securing the mortgage and bonds, and will give a release from the claims against the property made by Griswold & Webb.

The receiver, in a statement issued yesterday, says that if this offer is accepted the probable total amount of the estate of the company applicable to the expenses of the bankruptcy and distribution among the creditors, excluding any claim the company may have against the Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Company, is $189,304.72. This would mean that unsecured creditors would receive from 25 to 27 cents on the dollar.

Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, will conduct a hearing at his office, 2 Rector Street, on Nov. 22, to consider the Hollins offer.

300 MORE RAILWAY STRIKERS.

Canadian Pacific Will Take Them All Back If They Quit Brotherhood.

MONTREAL, Nov. 12.—Three hundred employes of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to-day joined the strike of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employes. The strike, which was inaugurated several days ago, is confined to the clerical department and the baggage handlers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway officials have issued a statement offering to take back all employes who will resign from the Brotherhood, which ordered the strike.

The men say they are willing to abide by the decision of any independent tribunal.

STRIKE IN ST. PETERSBURG.

General Walk-Out in Protest Against Execution of Mutineers.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—What is practically a general strike has been declared by the factories and workshops here in protest against the recent sentencing to death of seventeen sailors of the Black Sea fleet for instigating mutinies.

Demonstrations to-day were stopped by the police and many arrests have been made.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grains Rule Heavy as Cotton Still Gains—Pork and Coffee Firm.

The undertone to the grain markets was generally easier as a result of improved foreign news. World's stocks of wheat increased materially. Country corn offerings are limited. Provisions were steady. Cottonseed oil moved irregularly, with the spot article more readily cared for. Cotton again advances with considerable speculative buying and support from trade interests. Spot cotton advices show irregularly. The foreign news helped the advance. Coffee was steady without special price changes.

WHEAT.

A more bearish sentiment pervaded the wheat trade during yesterday's session, although the declines which were registered were only trivial. It was evident that despite the more hopeful aspect of the Balkan situation, many were indisposed to press the selling side until definite assurance of a termination of the difficulties was received. There were occasional rallies during the session, reflecting the limited offerings, but the lack of buying power was obvious.

News was generally against the list. Cables from most of the foreign centres were weaker, on less apprehension concerning the political affairs of Southeastern Europe. The Budapest market was nearly 4c a bushel higher, but this seemed to be local excitement at that centre. The sharp recovery in British consols was a strong indication of the better outlook abroad, while the strength in financial circles as a whole attracted a great deal of attention.

Foreign crop information was in the main favorable. It was reported that there were hot winds in parts of Argentina, and rains in the harvesting section of that country, but it was not believed that the promise was threatened to an important degree. There was an estimate of 146,000,000 bushels, as the exportable surplus from that country, which would mean approximately 50,000,000 bushels more than for the season just ended. Some complaints were at hand on delayed sending operations in several of the European producing countries, but these were not taken seriously.

The export demand is practically nil. Canadian grades, which are relatively cheaper than our wheat, are only being absorbed in small quantities. Meanwhile, stocks are increasing with the movement heavy. The receipts at interior points totaled 5,261,000 bushels for two days this week, against 4,311,000 bushels last week and 1,798,000 bushels a year ago. Shipments for the same period were 2,859,000 bushels, against 2,692,000 and 785,000 bushels. Bradstreet's world's visible showed an increase of 10,500,000 bushels for the week, against a gain of 6,500,000 last year, when the total was 201,000,000 bushels, against 180,000,000 bushels at present. There are 93,000,000 bushels of American wheat and 87,00,000 bushels in Europe and afloat, as compared with 109,000,000 and 93,000,000 bushels respectively a year ago.

Cash markets were generally a shade easier. No. 2 red, locally, was quoted at $1.08¼, free on board afloat for export; No. 1 Northern Spring, 98c; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 98¼c; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.00½.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—Limited country offerings and unsettled weather conditions in some of the Western States caused a steady opening to the market, but following, the tendency of values was to sag. Indications favored more satisfactory climatic conditions, while there was a renewal of reports that the quality of the crop was better than had been anticipated. Cash demand was not especially active, but it is apparent that farmers are not pressing sales. A fair export inquiry for Winter shipment corn was claimed. Speculation is not heavy, with sentiment mainly bearish. Cash prices were fractionally lower. Export corn here was quoted at 56c, free on board afloat.

OATS.—There was considerable buying for a time by shorts, but gradually this inquiry was supplied and the list reacted. Country offerings are naturally heavy on the advances due to the plethora of feedstuffs in general. Sentiment continues rather bearish. Shipments two days this week at interior points were 2,000,000 bushels, against 900,000 bushels last year, while the receipts were 2,325,000 bushels, against 834,000 bushels last year. Bradstreet's shows a total of 20,000,000 bushels, against 31,000,000 bushels in the visible of 1911. Cash standards were quoted at 38½c; No. 3 white, 38¼c; No. 4 white, 37¼ to 38c.

PROVISIONS.

A fair amount of investment buying has been noted. Speculative interests have also bought in the nature of short covering. The undertone continues steady notwithstanding fair hog receipts and lower prices at some of the principal hog centres. The cash trade is of moderate proportions.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	97¼	96⅝	96⅝	97
May	$1.01¼	$1.00⅝	$1.00⅝	$1.01

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	89⅝	88⅝	88⅞	89¼
May	95⅛	94⅝	94⅝	95
July	91⅛	90⅝	90⅝	91
Corn—				
December	50⅛	49⅝	49⅞	50¼
May	49⅞	49	49¼	49⅞
July	50⅛	49⅝	49⅝	50⅛
Oats—				
December	31⅛	31	31	31⅛
May	33⅛	32⅝	32⅞	33
July	33	32⅝	32⅝	33
Lard—				
December	10.65	10.55	10.65	10.52½
January	10.52½	10.42½	10.47½	10.45
May	10.22½	10.17½	10.17½	10.15
Ribs—				
January	10.05	9.97½	10.00	9.97½
May	9.80	9.75	9.77½	9.72½
Pork—				
January	18.55	18.42½	18.50	18.42½
May	18.20	18.10	18.10	18.05

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market was again irregular. Moderate liquidation early, with a diminution in the speculative inquiry, resulted in some concessions by holders, but in the succeeding trade offerings were limited. It was asserted that while crude prices were a shade easier, mills were selling only sparingly. Those in favor of a higher level of quotations drew attention to the relative steadiness of the spot situation and the narrowing of differences between the November and December option. The generality of consuming advices suggest a fair trade transpiring, but no buying movement of any great proportion is intimated. Sentiment in speculative quarters seems to be decidedly mixed, with somewhat more aggressiveness on the bull side.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.87	5.80
November	5.87	5.87	5.86	5.82
December	5.95	5.90	5.93	5.90
January	6.06	6.02	6.02	6.06
February	..	..	6.07	6.10
March	6.17	6.10	6.14	6.15
April	6.18	6.18	6.18	6.17
May	6.28	6.22	6.26	6.26

COTTON.

The violent break in cotton values which occurred late Monday was certain to lead to a more cautious attitude on the part of many, and it was only consistent with conditions to witness a very irregular market yesterday. Speculation is performing an important part in the fluctuations, so that erratic changes were not unlooked for. Sentiment has become very much confused, with more than one element in the trade bewildered and disposed to await developments.

The market did not recover its losses of the preceding day, but there were substantial upturns. Initial quotations were from 5 to 10 points higher, with a recurrence of profit-taking on the bulge, but concentrated buying by the principal spot interests and large commission houses caused a sharp rebound. The gossip was general that McFadden and Pell interests were the principal sources of support. It was also rumored that a prominent operator identified with the Waldorf crowd had covered shorts, and that some of the other spot interests were content to accept profits around prevailing levels.

With the spot news dominating operations to an important degree, there were many anxiously scanning the dispatches which were received from various centres. The bulk of these reports was gratifying to holders. It was wired that the decline in the future market was looked upon as a technical affair, and that spinners were not only buying contracts on the comparatively small reactions but were also absorbing actual cotton at about the best basis of the movement. Nevertheless there were occasional reports of considerable speculative buying of spots and of a less urgent inquiry from trade sources. These conflicting statements also induced more or less hesitation in the ranks of traders, prior to the acceptance of other than a tentative stand on the market.

An influence during the early session was the better cables from Liverpool than had been due. The foreign market was favorably influenced by the more reassuring advices as to the European political prices. The spot sales at Liverpool are somewhat lighter and were only 7,000 bales yesterday. Official Manchester cables reported both yarns and cloths firm. Meanwhile the exports are liberal, but are again falling behind those of last season, totaling about 2,390,000 bales since Sept. 1, as compared with 3,040,000 to this time a year ago. The weather conditions over the American South are fairly good for the movement and the gathering of the new crop, with receipts of moderate proportions.

	High.	Low.	Closing, Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
November	....	....	11.70@11.75	11.50
December	11.94	11.87	11.84@11.87	11.69
January	12.07	11.75	11.97@12.00	11.79
February	....	....	12.05@12.07	11.87
March	12.23	11.94	12.15@12.18	11.97
May	12.27	11.97	12.18@12.20	12.00
June	....	....	12.20@12.22	12.02
July	12.30	12.00	12.22@12.25	12.03
August	12.10	12.95	12.10@12.12	11.95
September	11.95	11.95	11.88@11.90	11.70
October	11.65	11.50	11.65@11.67	11.50

COFFEE.

Coffee trading was active, sales amounting to 173,000 bags, and after opening at a decline of 7 to 8 points the market developed steadiness and closed firm unchanged to 6 points net lower. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were again easier, with prices in some cases 15 points below Monday's quotations. Havre was ¾ to 1 franc lower early, but regained part, closing at a net decline of ¼ to ½ franc, while Hamburg declined ½ to ¾ pfennig. Rio was weak and unchanged; Santos declined 50 reis.

Spot coffee, 14⅝c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	....	....	13.68@13.69	13.69
December	13.63	13.60	13.63@13.65	13.69
January	13.57	13.57	13.58@13.60	13.58
February	....	....	13.58@13.60	13.58
March	13.90	13.82	13.90@13.91	13.90
April	....	....	13.94@13.95	13.95
May	13.99	13.93	13.99@14.00	14.00
June	....	....	14.01@14.03	14.02
July	14.00	13.95	14.03@14.04	14.05
August	....	....	14.05@14.06	14.07
September	14.06	14.00	14.07@14.08	14.09
October	14.00	14.00	14.07@14.08	14.09

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extra, 33½@34c; firsts, 31@33c; seconds, 28@30c; thirds, 26@27c; held, extras, 31½@32c; firsts, 29½@31c; seconds, 28@29c; State dairy, finest, 31@32c; good to prime, 28@30c; common to fair, 24@27c; process extras, 27½@28c; firsts, 26@27c; seconds, 24@25½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@25½c; factory, June make, firsts, 24½@25c; current make, firsts, 24½c; seconds, 23¾@24c; thirds, 21@22½c; packing stock, June make, 24@24½c; current make, No. 2, 23@23½c; packing stock, No. 3, 20@22c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17¾@18c; white, specials, 17½@17¾c; colored, average fancy, 17¼@17½c; white, average fancy, 17¼c; fresh colored specials, 17¼@17½c; white, specials, 17¼@17½c; colored, average fancy, 17c; white, average fancy, 17c; undergrades, 14@16¾c; Daisies, held, best, 18c; State skims, held, specials, 14½@14¾c; choice, 13½@14c; fresh specials, 14c; choice, 12½@13½c; poor to fair, 8@10c; full skims, 4@6½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, 38@41c; extra firsts, 34@37c; firsts, 29@33c; seconds, 25@28c; thirds and poorer, 20@24c; dirties, 16@23c; checks, 15@20c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, 24c; firsts, 22½@23½c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds, 18@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by hennery white, new laid, 55@60c; good to prime, 45@53c; common to fair, 35@43c; refrigerator, 25@28c; Western whites, 33@42c; near by hennery browns, 41@42c; gathered lots, 30@40c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was quiet and unchanged yesterday, with fine granulated still at $4.90.

The following quotations are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $7.90 and $8; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.40 and $7.50; Eagle tablets, $6.20; cutloaf, $5.70; crushed, $5.60; Mold A, $5.25; cubes, Eagle five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle, confectioners' granulated, $5.15; XXXX powdered, $5.05; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle, coarse granulated, $5; fruit, powdered, and Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.90; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.10; three-and-one-half-pound bags, $5.15; five-pound bags, $5.10; ten-pound bags, $5.05; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $4.90; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.90; confectioners' A, $4.75; No. 1, $4.65; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.60@$4.10, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.05.

The London beet sugar market was steady but quiet and unchanged to ⅛d better, with sellers at quoted rates. November stood at 9s 6d, December 9s 7½d, and May 10s. Local refiners are taking some interest in prompt sugars at $4.05, which is the quoted basis. Muscovado stands at $3.55 and molasses sugar at $3.30. The season is closed and cables giving the weekly movement in Cuba have been discontinued.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—Values were firm in this market under a good general demand.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

RICE.—The rice market was firm yesterday under a generally active demand.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head, Japan, 4¼@5c; Patna, 6@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive yesterday and generally unchanged. Operations were largely of a jobbing character.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $4.60@$5; Winter straights, $4.60@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.25; Spring clears, $4.35@$4.60; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.25@$4.85; fancy Spring patents, $5.65@$6.05. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.75@$3.90; choice to fancy, $3.95@$4.10. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4. BAGMEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.55@$1.60; coarse, $1.50@$1.55. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $22.50; standard middling, $22.50; flour, middling, $30; Red Dog, $31.60; city bran, $22.25; bulk, $23.25; sacks, middling, $23.50@$32; Red Dog, $32.50; hominy chop, $26@$27, bulk; $27.20@$28.20 sacks; oil-meal, $33.50@$35.50. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted: $2@$2.05 per 100 pounds.

HAY.—Market steady. Quotations: Prime, nominal; No. 1, $1.10@$1.15; No. 2, $1@$1.05; No. 3, 85 cents.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.35; bulk, $4.65; standard white, cases, New York, $10.25; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.35; bulk, $5.65; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.25. Linseed, American seed, city raw, 58@59c; out-of-town, raw, 57@58c; Calcutta, raw, 70c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was steady and unchanged. Resin and tar were firmly held at recent prices.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 42c. Tar, $5.75. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.40@$6.50; B, $6.85; D and E, $6.95; F and G, $7; H and I, $7.05; K, $7.25; M, $7.60; N, $8.35; WG, $8.50, and WW, $8.

COLORADO SOUTHERN LOSES.

Fewer Passengers Carried and Surplus Falls Off $900,000.

There was a decrease last year of $1,865,000 in the revenues of the Colorado & Southern Railway, controlled by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, which is partly accounted for by the fact that earnings of the Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway for only four months of the year were included in the annual statement. Operating expenses were lightened to the extent of $718,000, but the surplus for the year, amounting to $1,500,000, showed a loss of $900,000. After paying the regular dividends of 4 per cent. on the two classes of preferred, and 2 per cent. on the common stock, there remained a balance at the close of the year of only $200,000, as compared with nearly $1,000,000 at the end of 1911.

The percentage of operating revenues required for operating expenses was 68.8 last year, as compared with 65.3 in 1911, while the proportion of gross revenues required for interest on the funded debt was 62.5 per cent., as against 49.9 in the preceding year. There was a decrease of 661,000 in the number of passengers carried, and a loss of 113,288,000 in the number of tons of freight carried one mile.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues, and of these two groups of stocks combined, compared as follows yesterday with the quotations of preceding days and corresponding days last year:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 4	94.25	93.54	93.89	94.16	+.39
Nov. 5	Election Day.				
Nov. 6	95.99	94.04	95.02	95.89	+1.73
Nov. 7	96.09	95.39	95.74	95.62	—.27
Nov. 8	95.67	94.80	95.23	95.16	—.46
Nov. 9	94.69	93.98	94.45	94.10	—1.06
Nov. 11	94.47	93.43	93.95	93.45	—.65
Nov. 12	94.21	93.13	93.67	94.13	+.68

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 4	71.10	70.27	70.68	70.84	+.05
Nov. 5	Election Day.				
Nov. 6	72.01	70.33	71.17	71.90	+1.06
Nov. 7	72.15	71.87	71.76	71.53	—.37
Nov. 8	71.51	70.76	71.13	71.21	—.32
Nov. 9	70.66	70.10	70.38	70.22	—.99
Nov. 11	70.59	69.51	70.05	69.54	—.68
Nov. 12	70.19	69.08	69.68	69.88	+.34

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 4	82.67	81.90	82.28	82.50	+.22
Nov. 5	Election Day.				
Nov. 6	84.00	82.18	83.09	83.89	+1.39
Nov. 7	84.12	83.38	83.75	83.57	—.32
Nov. 8	83.59	82.78	83.18	83.18	—.39
Nov. 9	82.68	82.01	82.41	82.16	—1.02
Nov. 11	82.53	81.47	82.00	81.49	—.67
Nov. 12	82.20	81.10	81.67	82.00	+.51

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	Jan. 2. 91.43	Oct. 4. 97.28	Feb. 1. 88.74
Industrials	Jan. 2. 64.00	Sept. 30. 74.50	Feb. 1. 61.17
Combined average	77.76	85.83	75.10

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 6	92.04	91.31	91.67	91.98	+.56
Nov. 7	Election Day.				
Nov. 8	92.07	91.04	91.56	91.16	—.82
Nov. 9	92.72	91.57	92.14	92.47	+1.31
Nov. 10	93.65	92.25	92.95	93.25	+.78
Nov. 11	93.40	92.66	93.03	92.85	—.40
Nov. 13	93.35	92.21	92.78	92.33	—.52
Nov. 14	92.84	91.78	92.31	92.04	—.29

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 6	60.80	60.22	60.51	60.69	+.50
Nov. 7	Election Day.				
Nov. 8	61.04	60.57	60.81	60.39	—.30
Nov. 9	62.96	60.95	61.96	62.40	+2.01
Nov. 10	63.24	62.08	62.66	62.90	+.50
Nov. 11	63.00	62.35	62.68	62.51	—.39
Nov. 13	62.73	61.91	62.32	62.11	—.40
Nov. 14	62.26	61.46	61.86	61.82	—.29

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Change.
Nov. 6	76.42	75.76	76.09	76.33	+.53
Nov. 7	Election Day.				
Nov. 8	76.55	75.80	76.18	75.77	—.56
Nov. 9	77.84	76.26	77.05	77.43	+1.66
Nov. 10	78.44	77.06	77.80	78.07	+.64
Nov. 11	78.20	77.50	77.85	77.68	—.39
Nov. 13	78.04	77.06	77.55	77.22	—.46
Nov. 14	77.55	76.62	77.08	76.93	—.29

LAST YEAR'S RANGE TO THIS DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	Jan. 3. 91.79	June 26. 99.61	Sept. 25. 84.40
Industrials	Jan. 3. 62.05	June 5. 69.76	Sept. 25. 54.74
Combined average	Jan. 3. 77.37	June 26. 84.41	Sept. 25. 69.57

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
CANADIAN PACIFIC—			
1st week Nov.	$2,938,000	$2,493,000	$445,000
July 1-Nov. 7	50,747,000	42,804,000	7,943,000
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
1st week Nov.	521,419	521,649	*230
July 1-Nov. 7	12,549,892	12,118,467	431,425
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
1st week Nov.	134,960	127,725	7,235
July 1-Nov. 7	2,615,667	2,497,796	17,871
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
1st week Nov.	502,500	488,900	13,600
July 1-Nov. 7	9,617,700	9,089,100	528,600
DETROIT UNITED—			
3d week Oct.	216,796	183,429	33,367
4th week Oct.	302,815	258,802	44,012
Month of Oct.	954,598	824,599	129,899
Jan. 1-Oct. 21	9,615,807	8,452,090	1,163,617
HAVANA ELECTRIC—			
Week Nov. 10	51,342	48,601	2,741
Jan. 1-Nov. 10	2,199,140	2,066,001	133,139
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
1st week Nov.	232,000	223,000	9,000
July 1-Nov. 7	4,509,875	3,710,593	799,282
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
1st week Nov.	210,248	163,574	46,674
July 1-Nov. 7	3,635,249	2,949,864	685,385
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
1st week Nov.	675,955	631,821	44,134
July 1-Nov. 7	11,925,091	10,926,070	999,020
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
1st week Nov.	276,000	277,000	*1,000
July 1-Nov. 7	4,822,734	4,234,394	588,340
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
1st week Nov.	1,407,859	1,347,279	60,580
July 1-Nov. 7	24,255,412	22,660,578	1,594,836
TEXAS & PACIFIC—			
1st week Nov.	418,272	378,290	39,982
July 1-Nov. 7	6,541,932	5,950,551	591,381
BOSTON, REVERE BEACH & LYNN for the quarter ended Sept. 30—			
Total op. rev.	330,939	309,081	21,858
Net after taxes	68,213	66,980	1,233

*Decrease.

PACIFIC COAST for September—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	712,808	706,337	753,157
Net	133,244	146,365	162,513
Gross, 3 months	2,207,438	2,150,966	2,337,542
Net, 3 months	465,210	442,474	561,987

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO SYSTEM reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Mileage	5,237	5,228	9
Freight rev.	2,709,382	2,267,564	441,818
Passenger rev.	1,071,416	1,080,190	*8,774
Total op. rev.	4,045,848	3,604,597	441,251
Mt. way and str.	552,352	527,095	25,257
Mt. equipment	503,826	494,809	9,017
Trans. exp.	1,373,182	1,197,163	176,019
Total op. exp.	2,627,153	2,424,783	202,370
Taxes	190,480	165,544	24,936
Operating inc.	1,228,210	1,014,266	213,944
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev.	7,517,289	6,361,289	1,156,000
Passenger rev.	3,134,007	3,300,416	*166,409
Total op. rev.	11,463,940	10,435,245	1,028,695
Mt. way and str.	1,549,516	1,373,078	176,438
Mt. equipment	1,580,494	1,451,712	128,782
Trans. exp.	4,021,750	3,619,981	401,769
Total op. exp.	7,736,729	7,031,920	704,809
Taxes	518,796	485,487	33,309
Operating inc.	3,208,413	2,917,835	290,578

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	7,257	7,033	224
Freight revenue	6,290,326	5,699,932	590,394
Passenger rev.	2,016,759	1,947,802	68,957
Total oper. rev.	8,876,066	8,231,216	644,850
Mt. of w. & str.	838,192	869,359	*31,167
Mt. of equip.	830,896	663,093	167,803
Transp. exp.	2,240,548	2,033,704	206,844
Total oper. exp.	4,251,032	3,905,202	345,830
Taxes	383,552	369,481	14,071
Operating inc.	4,240,512	3,958,930	281,582
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight revenue	16,939,684	15,245,707	1,693,977
Passenger rev.	6,110,219	6,002,943	107,276
Total oper. rev.	24,781,384	22,936,009	1,845,325
Mt. of w. & str.	2,434,903	2,723,810	*288,907
Mt. of equip.	2,466,044	2,123,152	342,891
Transp. exp.	6,276,229	5,829,313	446,916
Total oper. exp.	12,206,816	11,731,804	475,012
Taxes	1,145,213	975,635	169,578
Operating inc.	11,455,353	10,250,968	1,204,385

*Decrease.

WABASH RAILROAD for September—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	2,962,655	2,582,575	2,738,835
Net after taxes	917,960	763,051	968,206
3 mos. gross	8,449,855	7,730,656	7,840,241
Net after taxes	2,431,622	2,173,084	2,359,812

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY COMPANY.
To the Stockholders and the Registered Owners of Adjustment Mortgage Bonds of the Third Avenue Railway Company:

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the corporation will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 2,396 Third Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on **Wednesday, November Thirteenth, Nineteen Hundred and Twelve,** at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, the appointment of Inspectors of Election, the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts, and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the organization of the corporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books and the bond registry books of the corporation will be closed at the close of business on November 3d, 1912, and will be reopened on November 14th, 1912, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FREDERIC J. FULLER, Secretary.
Dated New York, October 28th, 1912.

SOUTHWESTERN UTILITIES CORPORATION
Five Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee under Trust Agreement, dated June 15, 1912, with Southwestern Utilities Corporation, invites proposals in writing pursuant to Article V. of said Agreement for the sale to it of Southwestern Utilities Corporation Five Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes issued thereunder at not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, for which purchase said Trustee has now on deposit $1,968,546.45. Such proposals should be delivered in sealed envelopes to the undersigned at its office, 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at any time prior to the close of business on November 20, 1912. Notice of purchase of notes will be mailed on November 21, 1912, and the notes so purchased must be delivered to the undersigned before the close of business on November 27, 1912, on which date interest will cease.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Dated November 6, 1912.

NEW MEXICO STATE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Loan Commissioners of the State of New Mexico will at the office of the Treasurer of said State, in the Capitol Building, at the City of Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the 16th day of December, 1912, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, receive sealed proposals for the purchase of $1,125,000 of bonds of said State of Series "C," which are to be issued in accordance with the provisions of Section Three of Article IX. of the Constitution of said State of New Mexico, and of an act of the Legislature of said State, which became a law on the first day of June, 1912, for the payment of the bonds and accrued interest thereof of Santa Fe County, which were validated, approved, and confirmed by act of Congress of January 16, 1897, and assumed by said State in Section One of Article IX. of said Constitution. Said bonds are to be issued in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, dated December 16, 1912, and will be in the form prescribed in Section 14 of said act of the Legislature of the State of New Mexico, and the principal thereof will be payable to bearer in gold coin or its equivalent in lawful money of the United States forty years after their date, and they may be redeemed at the option of the State at any time after ten years from their date. The interest on said bonds will be payable semi-annually, March 1st and September 1st, and principal and interest will be payable at the office of the State Treasurer at Santa Fe, New Mexico, or at the Seaboard National Bank, New York City, at the option of the holder. The said bonds are offered for sale to the person who will agree to take the same at par and accrued interest to date of delivery, and at a rate of interest to be named in his bid, and said bonds or any part thereof will be awarded to the person offering to accept the same at par at the lowest rate of interest. Each bid must be sealed, marked "Proposal for purchase of bonds," and accompanied by a certified check for not less than two per cent. of the amount of the bid, as security for the faithful performance of such bid in case said bonds or a part thereof shall be awarded to the person making such bid, and as liquidated damages in case of the failure of the successful bidder to fulfill his contract, but no such check drawn upon a banking house making the bid will be accepted as such security. The Loan Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids, and particularly specify that no bid will be considered unless it is an unconditional bid for the purchase of said bonds or a part thereof, not made dependent upon any contingency whatever. It is further distinctly stated that only so much of said bonds will be sold as may be necessary, at the price bid, to realize the amount of the indebtedness to be paid, which indebtedness does not exceed the said sum of $1,125,000. Intending bidders who may desire further information can obtain it by application to said Board of Loan Commissioners at Santa Fe, New Mexico.

W. G. SARGENT,
Secretary of the Board of Loan Commissioners.
November 8, 1912.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
Notice of Annual Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY will be held at the principal office of the company, Rooms Nos. 7 and 8, Leigh Building, Sycamore Street, in the City of Petersburg, Virginia, at twelve o'clock noon on the 14th day of November, 1912, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts and proceedings by the Board of Directors and officers since the annual meeting of stockholders last held.

The stock transfer books will be closed at three o'clock in the afternoon on October 31, 1912, and will be reopened on November 15, 1912.

D. C. PORTEOUS, Secretary.
Dated October 25th, 1912.

To the Stockholders of the
GENERAL ACOUSTIC COMPANY.

PLEASE TO TAKE NOTICE that a special meeting of the stockholders of the General Acoustic Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1,265 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of November, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $300,000 to $500,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

November 12, 1912.
K. M. TURNER, President.
H. M. DELANOIE, Secretary.

November 13th, 1912.

The annual meeting of Stockholders of The Continental Telegraph Company of New York will be held in the Executive Office of the Company, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, November 27th, 1912, at two o'clock P. M., for the election of directors; also for the consideration of the indebtedness of this Company to The Western Union Telegraph Company and the proposition to cancel that indebtedness upon the transfer to The Western Union Telegraph Company of all the lines and property of this Company, and also for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

WM. H. BAKER, Secretary.

KINGSBRIDGE RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Kingsbridge Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 2396 Third Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Wednesday, November 13th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, the appointment of Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such further business as may properly come before the meeting.

FREDERIC J. FULLER, Secretary.
Dated New York, October 28th, 1912.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 1, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 3d day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

59th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the fifty-ninth consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable November 30, 1912, to Stockholders of record at the close of business, November 16, 1912. Transfer books will not be closed.

F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York, November 12, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) on the outstanding capital stock, payable November 30, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., November 22, 1912.

Transfer books will not be closed.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY
(of Chicago.)

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable November 25th, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on November 2d, 1912.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
Newport, R. I.
NOTICE.

The Union National Bank, located at Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, is closing its affairs.

All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

WM. H. HAMMETT, President.
Dated Newport, R. I., October 16, 1912.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF Brass and Copper Scrap.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., December 12, 1912, at which time they will be opened in public, for the purchase of the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 747) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Tex.; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill., and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:
Albany, October 22nd, 1912.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, November 19, 1912, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for improving the New York State canals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 147, Laws of 1903, and of the amendments thereto, as follows:

—1—
Contract No. 71-A.
Champlain Canal—Section 1.

For completing the construction in the Hudson River, of Lock and Dam No. 1 above Waterford, and dredging from Lock No. 1 to Lock No. 2, with all appertaining construction. Length about 3.96 miles. 47 sheets as follows: From original Contract 71: 3, 12, 14, 21, 24 to 27 inclusive, 29 to 43 inclusive, and A to D inclusive; new sheets 1 to 7 inclusive, 9 to 11 inclusive, 13, 15 to 20 inclusive, 22, 23 and 28.

—2—
Contract No. 72-A.
Champlain Canal—Section 1.

For completing the excavation of a channel in the Hudson River and performing work incidental thereto, from Lock No. 2 to Lock No. 4, and for completing the construction of the upper approach wall of Lock No. 3. Length 4.1 miles. Sheets 1 to 14 inclusive and Sheet A.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the city of Albany or New York, issued by a National or State bank in good credit within the State and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bond required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

DUNCAN W. PECK,
Superintendent of Public Works.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
Albany, October 18th, 1912.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, November 19, 1912, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for the construction of barge canal terminals, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 746 of the Laws of 1911, and of the acts supplementary thereto, as follows:

TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 11.

For constructing a harbor and dockwall on the south side of the Mohawk River just east of the highway bridge at Ilion. Contract plans sheets 1 and 2.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required, and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in either the City of Albany or the City of New York, issued by a National or State bank or trust company in good credit within the State and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bond required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

DUNCAN W. PECK,
Superintendent of Public Works.

PROPOSALS FOR HOSE, PACKING, AND Asbestos Gaskets.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., December 7, 1912, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 748) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Tex.; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill., and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1912, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $36,651.55. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. Morse, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 1st, 1912.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Rough Opals May Come In Duty Free, Despite Test Polishings.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by C. D. Bunker & Co. on rough opals, having a portion of the surface removed by the miner. The Collector taxed them under the Tariff act of 1909 as "precious stones, cut, but not set," at 10 per cent. ad valorem.

Witnesses showed that the rough surfaces were only removed to ascertain the quality of the gems. The board admitted them duty free as "precious stones, rough or uncut."

A. G. Sherrand & Co. were sustained in a protest on feather barbs cut from quills assessed at 20 per cent. ad valorem, under Paragraph 438 of the present law, as crude feathers. The importers asked 10 per cent. under Paragraph 479, as waste, and showed that the purpose in separating the barb and the quill is to adapt the quill for use as a substitute for whalebone in corsets, and that the feather barbs are waste recovered as a result of that process.

Protests on importations of black plush were overruled as no evidence was presented. The protestants included Stern & Stern, Snow's Express Company, Pokress & Co., and Mills & Duflot.

DRESS GOODS MART ACTIVE.

Fall Business Still Heavy and Spring Orders Pleasing—Prices Up.

Woolen dress goods manufacturers report excellent conditions in this market. Fall business continues better than it has been for years, and Spring orders to date have been generally large. In certain quarters of the primary market it is said that duplications on Spring merchandise are larger than the initial orders booked.

Navy blue serges are selling particularly well, both for immediate and Spring delivery. Broadcloths are picking up in some sections, but the improvement is not general. Of the heavyweight fabrics, boucles and chinchillas are the most wanted. Stocks of the latter are well thinned out and hard to procure. Prices have shown a distinct upward tendency of late.

COATS WAIT ON WEATHER.

Manufacturers Busy on Long, Heavy Garments for Winter.

Until lately unseasonable weather had considerable effect on business in the cloak and suit trade, as the consuming demand for heavy garments did not start in earnest until a week or so ago. Manufacturers are now busy on full-length, heavy-weight coats, with chinchillas particularly good. Boucles in two-color effects and zibelines also find ready sale. Although in the different local show rooms there is quite a stock of coats, there is a comparative scarcity of the best selling numbers.

The weather will do a great deal in regulating the volume of business in this market during the remainder of the present season, as the demand is already fairly active in retail circles.

WAIST AND DRESS TRADE.

Lingerie Waists in Demand—Local and Out of Town Retailers Buying.

General conditions in the local waist and dress trade are promising. A marked increase in the demand for lingerie waists has been noted in the last week. Earlier in the Fall buyers apparently used up their allowances in purchasing silks and chiffons, but they are now in the market ordering cotton goods. The better qualities of voiles are particularly sought, and are wanted both for immediate and Spring delivery.

The call for three-quarter length sleeves is materializing earlier than usual this year, and this merchandise is already in good demand. Not only has the demand from the local and nearby retailers improved of late, but out-of-town orders are more than ordinarily large for this season of the year.

EXPORTS GO UP AGAIN.

Week's Figures Show $1,281,976 Increase—Flour Shipments Large.

Statistics covering exports, exclusive of specie, from the Port of New York in the week ended Nov. 9, issued yesterday by the Custom House, showed them to be valued at $16,543,570, against $15,261,594 in the week previous. The largest shipments went to England and the British possessions, and were valued, respectively, at $4,038,434 and $1,547,668.

Exports of beef for the week were 569 barrels and 335 tierces, and wheat shipments for the same period amounted to 910,974 bushels. Exports of other important commodities follow:

Corn, 7,188 bushels; oats, 121,636 bushels; barley, 178,629 bushels; flaxseed, 39,772 bushels; flour, 11,159 barrels, 98,614 sacks; feed, 81,000 pounds; bran, 33,500 pounds; oil cake, 5,006,700 pounds; gasoline, 1,264,611 gallons; pork, 1,547 barrels; bacon, 2,176,125 pounds; ham, 74,400 pounds; lard, 4,643,300 pounds; butter, 14,800 pounds; cheese, 16,140 pounds; cottonseed oil, 3,227,065 pounds; lubricating oils, 2,391,370 gallons; turpentine, 14,774 gallons; refined petroleum, 14,661,074 gallons, and naphtha, 775,623 gallons.

COAL SITUATION UNCHANGED.

Anthracite Prices Firm—Bituminous Stronger, Though Call Is Light.

In its weekly review of the New York market, the Coal trade Journal will say:

"The general anthracite situation underwent no radical change in the past week. The slight let-up in the demand for high-priced coal in evidence a few days before election was succeeded by brisker inquiry about the middle of the week. This brought prices for independent tonnage back to where they were during the greater part of October. For a time it looked as if they were going to still higher levels, but the continuance of relatively mild weather prevented.

"Soft coal is a shade stronger than it was a week ago. The market has regained the strength lost during the closing days of October, and now is as firm as at any time this Fall. This is encouraging in the face of the light demand, for, if anything, the number of consumers seeking spot tonnage is smaller than for some time past. Practically all of the tonnage produced was applied on contract or shipped to line points.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the carpet buyers of the Dry Goods Alliance will be held to-day at 75 Spring Street.

Announcement is made that Edmonds & Lefkovics, cloaks and suits, 100 Fifth Avenue, have leased quarters in the building now in construction at 1 East Thirty-third Street.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

There is a good call this season in the local dress goods market for storm serges and fancy lustres. Navy blue whipcords are also popular, and leather-colored goods are selling well.

Manufacturers of popular-priced waists and dresses report a good demand for tailor-made effects in cotton for Spring.

Colored kid shoes, especially in red and champagne, have been well taken by women this Fall for street wear. The best feature of the demand for them is that it is not entirely confined to any particular section of the country.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The last (1909) census of manufactures in the United States showed 88 establishments producing gold and silver leaf and foil, with a combined capital of $1,184,000. The number of persons engaged in the industry was 1,553, to whom $715,000 was paid in salaries and wages.

The Government of Venezuela has contracted with Manuel Maria Baldo for the establishment of mixed lines of automobiles and vessels for the transport of passengers and freight along some of the branches of the Orinoco.

Woven hair and cotton belting was made in Great Britain and sold abroad last year to the extent of 4,500,000 pounds, valued at $1,750,000. The trade is steadily growing.

American Minister John B. Jackson writes from Bucharest that the Roumanian Government has decided to purchase two cargo boats from a shipyard at Glasgow, Scotland.

COFFEE ROASTERS HERE.

Dr. Wiley and Dr. Doolittle to Speak at National Meeting.

The second annual convention of the National Coffee Roasters' Traffic and Pure Food Association will open to-day at the Hotel Astor, and will continue to-morrow and Friday. An elaborate programme has been arranged by the committee in charge, in which are included addresses on "Advantages of Coffee as America's National Beverage," by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, and "Practical Working of the Pure Food Law as Applied to Coffee," by Dr. R. E. Doolittle, Acting Chief of the Government Bureau of Chemistry. Dr. Wiley will speak to-day and Dr. Doolittle on Thursday.

The National Association now has close to 150 representative coffee roasters in its membership, and has several branches throughout the country. The local branch, organized several months ago, is headed by Ross W. Weir of R. W. Weir & Co., 60 Front Street. The opening session of the convention, at which J. J. Schotten of St. Louis (the National President) will preside, will be called at 10 o'clock.

NAVY WIRELESS STRONGER.

Arlington Station Will Try Next to Talk with Ireland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The navy wireless station at Arlington is steadily increasing its radius of communication. The new aerial, which has delayed the full test of the station, has been completed, and the work now being accomplished shows its superior power. Yesterday for half an hour Arlington talked with Mare Island, Cal., the sending and receiving being perfect. The distance is 3,000 miles, and probably the longest that has yet been covered. When Arlington called the Mare Island station the response came within a few minutes, and it was clear and legible.

The station has talked satisfactorily with Key West, Guantanamo, Colon, and Mare Island, and the next effort will be to communicate with Clifden, Ireland. Messages from that station have been received at Arlington, but none has been sent to Clifden.

A series of experiments has been in progress to measure the amount of energy that is being sent out and taken up at Arlington. The experiments are purely technical, but will lead, it was said, to the development of the fullest use of the station. The experiments will be continued for several days.

CATAPULT FOR AEROPLANES.

Device for Launching Aairships from Warships Successfully Tested.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—What naval aviation experts declare will make this a red-letter day in the history of aviation was the successful test here to-day of a catapult device for launching aeroplanes from battleships. The scheme, the invention of Capt. Washington I. Chambers, in charge of the navy aviation work, involves the shooting of the aeroplane along a steel plank by means of compressed air. On the plank, which is level and thirty feet long, the aeroplane sits on top of a car, which drops from under when the end of the plank is reached.

Lieut. T. G. Ellyson, navy aviator, had attained a speed of forty miles an hour to-day when his hydro-aeroplane had gone the thirty feet along the plank. He started his engine just a fraction of a second before the compressed air was turned on. The machine had started to rise before it left the plank. It was in a dead calm that the test was made.

It is proposed to construct launching devices similar to that successfully tried to-day, on top of the turrets of the battleships, one probably at each end of the vessel, so that an aeroplane may be started off in either direction. To-day's test was witnessed by Capt. Chambers, Glenn Curtiss, and a number of army and navy aviators.

To Enlarge Japan's Merchant Fleet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—It was announced here yesterday at the offices of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha Steamship Company that three new steamers would be added in the near future to the company's fleet between Hong Kong and the west coast of South America. This company operates a small line between Japanese ports and Valparaiso, under Government subsidies.

Harvester Suit Hearing Postponed.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Hearing of the Government's suit to dissolve the International Harvester Company, which was scheduled to be resumed here to-day, has been postponed to November 22 next, on request of Joseph R. Darling, special agent of the Department of Justice, who is in Oklahoma.

Big Lumber Deal In West.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 12.—Approximately 100,000,000 feet of lumber have been purchased in the last ten days from Oregon and Washington mills by three Eastern car building companies, according to information given out yesterday by lumber agencies here. The orders are to be delivered in large lots this Winter. This is one of the largest lumber deals in the history of the industry in the Pacific northwest.

Armour Packing Company Indicted.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 12.—The Armour Packing Company is under indictment here on the charge of violating the National Pure Food laws in a shipment of eggs from Kansas City to New York. The alleged violation is based on a test made by a bacteriologist of the Department of Agriculture.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SMITH & FRIEDMAN.—A petition has been filed against Edward Smith and Philip Friedman, who compose the firm of Smith & Friedman, manufacturers of cloaks and suits, 45 East Broadway, by these creditors: Samuel Abramovitz $345, Charles Karon $145, and George Hoffspiegel $134. Judge Mayer appointed Gustave Hartman receiver, bond $1,000. The liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $2,000.

HENRY SIEGEL.—A petition has been filed against Henry Siegel, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, 55 West Sixteenth Street, by these creditors: Charles W. Korth $139, Portener & Co. $326, and Abraham Schecht $321. Judge Mayer appointed Edwin H. Updike receiver, bond $250. The liabilities are said to be $4,000 and assets $500.

ABRAHAM NEWMAN.—Schedules of Abraham Newman, importer of furs, 143 West Twenty-ninth Street, show liabilities $99,398 and assets $12,888. Among the creditors are Jacob Stern $7,096, H. J. Stephens & Co. $5,245, A. Van de Weghe & Co. $3,597, D. Beiderman $8,244, R. Ehrman $5,331, Mayer & Co. $4,025, and La Tourrure, Belgium, $5,252.

LEO GOLDBERG.—Schedules of Leo Goldberg, dealer in furniture, 22 Avenue B, show liabilities $12,897 and assets $5,717. He has offered a composition to creditors of 33 1-3 cents on the dollar.

JACOB BROWN.—Schedules of Jacob Brown, trading as Brown & Co., waists and dresses, at 46 East Fourteenth Street, show liabilities $48,400 and assets $24,251. Among the creditors are the National Bank of Commerce $4,500, Metropolitan Bank $2,500, First National Bank of Paterson $5,000, German American Trust Co., Paterson, $5,000; S. B. Brown, Albany, Ga., $6,250, and L. A. Katz, Braddock, Penn., $2,500.

JACOB ALBERT.—Schedules of Jacob Albert, dealer in feed, 666 Water Street, show liabilities $14,594 and assets $3,351.

OBERSCHEIMER & MABIE COMPANY.—Schedules of the Oberscheimer & Mabie Company, wholesale butter and eggs, 169 Reade Street, show liabilities of $23,422 and assets of $16,828. Among the creditors are Henneberger & Herold, $7,016; Irving National Bank, $4,000; James W. Yingling, $3,000, and Fitch Cornell Company, $2,337.

LEVY BROTHERS & SONS.—Schedules of Levy Brothers & Sons, stationers, 96 Fulton Street and 42 Maiden Lane, show liabilities of $12,267 and assets of $5,519.

H. RELKIN COMPANY.—Judge Mayer has appointed George R. Benjamin receiver for the H. Relkin Company, manufacturer of women's hats, 631 Broadway, bond $750, with authority to continue business for ten days.

LOUIS SILVERSTEIN & CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Frederick W. Stelle receiver for Louis Silverstein & Co., a corporation, clothing manufacturers, 129 West Twentieth Street; bond $5,000.

MORANZ & SLANGER.—Judge Mayer has appointed Leopold B. Pollak receiver for Moranz & Slanger, tailors, 18 West Thirty-first Street, with authority to continue the business for ten days.

HYMAN ETELSON.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Oct. 7 against Hyman Etelson, manufacturer of furs, 118 West Twenty-seventh Street, on a settlement at 50 cents on the dollar, payable 25 cents on Dec. 15 and 25 cents on Jan. 15 next. The liabilities were reported to be $45,000.

JACOBS & TARNOW.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Oct. 9 against Jacobs & Tarnow, manufacturers of diamond mounting, 47 Maiden Lane, on a settlement at 35 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and the balance in notes at three, six, nine, and twelve months. The liabilities were reported to be $15,000.

JACOB ROSES.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on May 18, 1909, against Jacob Roses, liquor dealer, 74 Fifth Avenue and 218 East Ninth Street.

ALBERT A. NIMIS.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Oct. 17 against Albert A. Nimis, trading as Nimis & Nimis, electrical engineer and contractor, 12 East Forty-second Street, on a settlement at 100 cents on the dollar, payable in four notes of 25 cents each at three, nine, twelve, and fifteen months, secured by stock in a new corporation of Nimis & Nimis, Inc., to be placed in the hands of trustees for the creditors.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ambil, Samuel, and Abraham Gabriel—People, &c., $1,000.
Albert, Samuel—J. Bulova, $2,606.
Ackerman, James T.—H. Levy, $178.
Brennan, Lawrence—Cahn, Belt & Co., $331.
Bennington, W. Newton—R. V. Evans, $238.
Bindsell, Herman F.—City of New York, costs, $118.
Same—Degnon Contracting Co., costs, $122.
Barens, Alexander—H. Kaufman, $235.
Brown, Leonis—A. Kohn, $248.
Carmer, George—A. H. Meyer, $3,105.
Carr, Benjamin J., Jr.—William T. Hookey & Co., $113.
Clark, Charles S.—H. I. Feldman, $185.
Currie, Joseph M.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $280.
Cohn, Bertha—State Bank, $323.
Doyle, Joseph A.—American Radiator Co., $145.
Dincon, Philip and Isaac—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $218.
De Angelis, Donato—Scalzo Realty Co., $237.
Evans, Gerald W.—C. N. Fairchild, $1,194.
Fehlinger, Jacob—S. Eichenbaum et al., $379.
Goldberg, William H.—A. C. & H. M. Haoll Realty Co., $1,058.
Germeroth, Martin—Sonn Brothers Co., $119.
Hobcke, Adolph F.—Thomas Motor Car Co. of New York, $342.
Huppuch, Edward—M. T. Seacomb et al., $1,500.
Houghton, Charles H. and Malcolm, W.—S. H. Smith, $161.
Hedenberg, Gould H.—Roebuck Weather Strip and Wire Screen Co., $501.
Isaacs, Philip—H. I. B. Feldman, $536.
Iksiyan, Paul S.—Underhill Clinch Co., $218.
Kornich, Siegfried—S. Baer, $250.
Kohweiler, Jacob—D. Brenner, $2,830.
Klask, Sannie, and Hyman D. Shapiro—H. Heins, costs, $154.
Lehman, Gus, and Henry Moehnle—A. E. Hoermann, $103.
Licht, Herman S.—Saks & Co., $145.
Lifkowitz, Jacob D.—C. W. Russell, $1,216.
Leichter, Isidor and Morris—M. Rosenfield, $164.
Miller, Wilbur—A. L. Miller, $2,737.
McHenry, John D.—Passaic Herald Publishing Co., $180.
Marshall, Clyde H.—American Tract Society, $186.
Morgenson, Emil—A. K. Schwenk Co., $186.
Merwin, Horace W., Jr.—C. C. Niatcett, $446.
Moran, Patrick—V. S. Lippe, $204.
Noll, Philip—National Nassau Bank, $273.
Norman, Solomon—O. Lustgarten, $362.
Morris, Henry M.—Holzner et al., $214.
O'Shea, Margaret—H. Ahern, $400.
Same—M. Ahern, $200.
Place, James C.—F. H. Silverthorn, $426.
Pitts, Joseph—M. M. Dunne, $173.
Paltrowitz, Harry—Marine and Contractors' Supply Co., $336.
Page, Charles E.—De Peyster Realty Co., $242.
Riley, Margaret—A. S. Cochran, $238.
Rubenstein, Adolph—E. F. Simpson Co., $159.
Scher, Jeanette and Rachel—Shalleck et al., $134.
Stein, Theodore D., and Salo S. Horowitz—J. J. Laine, $286.
Seidel, Chas. F.—W. G. Howe, $124.
Schierbaum, Louis—A. Oldhage, $509.
Schwartz, Simon I., and Arthur Gross—A. Kuhn, $1,729.
Swanholm, Chas. J.—Shaw & Truesdell Co., $863.
Simon, Ike, gdn.—Board of Education of the City of N. Y., costs, $122.
Sutherland, Wm. W.—G. W. Talk et al., $4,021.
Striff, Charles—C. Eppleus, $168.
Terry, Thomas H.—B. Martin, $829.
Triest, Hans, and Carl J. Schramme—Victor Talking Machine Co., $352.
Unger, Leonard—M. L. Lowenstein, $171.
Walsh, John—U. S. Radiator Corp., $119.
Weisman, Minnie—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $112.
Weinberger, Morris—Fred Bischoff Co., $224.
Werner, Henry W.—L. W. Sweet & Co., $122.
Kerosene Gas Producer Co.—E. Fitzgerald, $4,589.
Greenwich Cold Storage Co.—Mechanical Equipment Co., $218.
O. B. Coates & Co.—F. M. Robbins et al., costs, $108.
Pelham Realty Co.—S. M. Hoye, costs, $219.
New York Transportation Co.—J. Hobson, $2,098.
White House Lunch Co., Philip Dingon, and Isaac Dingon—E. Boker et al., $101.
Home Title Ins. Co.—M. Wiener, costs, $111.
Falcon Waist Co.—Fried, Mendelson & Co., $337.
Chas. W. Aschenbach & Co.—Boston Harness Co., $134.
Halley Land & Improvement Co.—O. Lustig, $128.
Atwell Contracting & Construction Co.—William Ladew Feed Co., $372.
Friedland Realty Co.—L. W. Allen, $302.
Woodhaven House Wrecking and Lumber Co., Harry Abramowitz, and Harry Newhause—I. Kahn, $245.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Orcatt, William H.—Coey Automobile Livery Co., Oct. 26, 1911, $186.
Illinois Surety Co.—L. Husch, Oct. 28, 1910, $554.
Heydenreich, Rudolph—M. Morrison, June 10, 1904, $214.
Benfra Realty & Holding Co.—F. W. Heinzer, Sept. 11, 1912, $319.
Forty-second Street, Manhattanville & St Nicholas Avenue Railway Co.—E. Ottinger, June 9, 1908, $600.
Same—M. Howard, May 15, 1908, $675.
Same—A. B. Flanigan, Feb. 28, 1908, $632.
Same—T. Hickey, March 11, 1908, $600.
Meisel, Adolph—H. Meisel, Jan. 27, 1912, $157.
Wilson, Daniel T.—W. Wiese et al, Oct. 30, 1912, $192.
Bickmore, Albert H., Louis C. Tetard, and John W. Tobin—Coal & Iron National Bank of City of New York, Nov. 1, 1912, (vacated,) $2,702.
Joachmi, Abraham—S. Campbell, April 6, 1908, (canceled,) $11,310.
Twenty-fifth Street Construction Co.—S. M. Bier, Nov. 11, 1911, $2,696.
Silberman, Adolf—S. Kaufman, Dec. 11, 1909, $185.
Mallory Steamship Co.—A. Radoslovich, Nov. 7, 1912, $1,138.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Fair Wednesday; local rains at night or Thursday; colder Thursday; moderate south to southwest winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Thursday in northern and western portions; moderate south to west winds.

Florida—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Thursday in northwest portion; moderate easterly winds, except southwest over northwest portion.

Alabama—Fair Wednesday; colder in northwest portion. Thursday fair, colder; moderate southwest to northwest winds.

Mississippi—Fair, colder Wednesday. Thursday rain; moderate southwest to northwest winds.

Louisiana—Fair, colder Wednesday. Thursday fair; moderate winds, becoming northerly.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday; colder in eastern and southern portions. Thursday fair; moderate northerly winds.

Western Texas and Utah—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Oklahoma—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, with moderate temperature.

Arkansas—Fair Wednesday; colder, except in extreme western portion. Thursday fair; warmer in northwest portion.

Tennessee—Local rains and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair; colder in eastern portion.

Kentucky—Rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair; colder in eastern portion.

Ohio—Rain Wednesday; colder by night. Thursday colder and generally fair; moderate to brisk southerly winds, shifting to northwest Wednesday night.

Indiana—Rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair; moderate to brisk southwest to northwest winds.

Illinois—Rain and much colder Wednesday, with brisk northwest winds. Thursday fair.

Lower Michigan—Rain Wednesday; colder in southern portion; brisk to high north and northwest winds. Thursday fair.

Upper Michigan—Snow or rain Wednesday; brisk to high northerly winds. Thursday fair.

Wisconsin—Rain in southern, rain or snow in northern portion Wednesday; colder in southeast portion; brisk to high north and northwest winds. Thursday fair.

Minnesota—Fair Wednesday, preceded by local rains or snows in extreme eastern portion; brisk northerly winds. Thursday fair, warmer.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair in western, clearing and colder in eastern portions Wednesday. Thursday fair; warmer in western portions.

North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice.

47—Northern Pacific Railway Company et al., appellants, vs. Joseph H. Boyd.—Argument concluded for the appellants.

48—J. E. Eubank, plaintiff in error, vs. The City of Richmond.—Argument commenced.

Day call for Nov. 13: Nos. 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, and 57.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 55—Ernst v. Mechanics & Metals Bank. 127—Hotchkiss v. National City Bank. 68—Matter of Bensel. 72—Notasemie Hosiery Co. v. Straus. 59—Excelsior Drum Works v. Bortle. 28—Cardmell v. E J Wilkins Co. 14—In re Guanaceyi Tunnel Co. 44—Berardini v. Tocci. 89—Am Optical Co v. Bay State Co. 90—Foster Milburn Co v. Chinn.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 27—Western Development Co. v. McKinnon. 114—Sofio v. Plympton. 22—U S v. Basiled. 105—McCarthy v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 109—Kordialia v. C R R of N J. 115—U S v. 1 Valise, 16 Pkgs Lace.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Admiralty calendar. 110—Burns v. Lighter Florence. 126—Longbottom v. Tug Nobby C. 74—Rogers v. Ferryboat Newburg. 83—N Y C & H R R R v. Tug Trans 8. 94—Bruno v. Tugs W E Cleary, &c. 102—Arthur v. Tugs W E Cleary, &c. 10—Derby v. Tug Robert Robinson. 123—New York Stock Yards Co v. Tug W V Smith. 118—City of N Y v. Cattle Boat Fulton. 127—Clyde S S Co v. Pilot Boat A Snow. 128—McWilliams v. Lighter Bangor. 129—Pilots' Assn v. S S Delaware. 66—C R R of N J v. Tug W. J. Sandford.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. Jury calendar. 48—Saul v. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.

STATE.

New York County.

APPELLATE DIVISION—SUPREME COURT—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 108—Horn v. Horn. 113—Thos Ward Co v. Behn. 115—Jackson v. Smith. 116—Leary v. Sandbloom Iron Works. 118—Fidelity Mutual Life Ins Co v. Richland. 280—Olin v. Hennessy. 119—Westinghouse-Church-Kerr Co v. Tesla. 120—Reese v. Hecht. 121—Butler v. Butler. 122—Brookford Mills v. Baldwin. 124—Proctor v. Hall. 125—Gaudenzi v. Liebler. 127—Smith v. Horn. 128—Stow v. Manning. 129—Colwell Lead Co v. Home Title Ins Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Litigated motions. 1—Medhurst v. Medhurst. 2—Ketcham v. Ketcham. 3—Baumann v. Baumann. 4—Rothschild v. Moyse. 5—Matter of Colton. 6—Cohn v. Tanner Motor Car Co. 7—Holzman v. Korn. 8—Cockrell v. Hutton & Co. 9—Greenwich Sav Bk v. Kaewing. 10—Berger v. Gt Eastern Casualty Co. 11—Hoops v. Goetchius. 12—Mannados Realty Co v. Harding. 13—Pabst Brew Co v. Shaughnessy. 14—Hoffman v. Murray. 15—Resler v. Resler. 16—Berkman v. Berkman. 17—Saks & Co v. Herschman. 18—Natl Academy of Design v. Bloch. 19—Van Boskerck v. Hayward. 20—Matter of Housman. 21—U S Trust Co v. Van Damm. 22—Pittel v. Pittel. 23—Lehmann v. Pike. 24—Public Bank v. Mayper. 25—City of N Y v. Kieth. 26—Same v. Wyllys Co. 27—People ex rel Butler v. Purdy. 28—Douras v. Wagner. 29—Chabot v. Pearman. 30—Robinson v. Piatti. 31—Williams v. Weil. 32—Bellows v. West 139th St Realty Co. 33—Baldwin v. American Finance & Sec Co. 34—People ex rel Gerner v. Mashbischer Congregation. 35—Levine v. Friedrich. 36—Gilmore v. Gilmore. 37—MacAllister v. Arena Const Co. 38—Mills v. Martin. 39—Williams v. Foundation Co. 40—People ex rel Terry v. McAvoy. 41—Green v. Donegar. 42—Boyton v. Henderson Lith Co. 43—Heise v. Wells. 44—Doctor v. Manice. 45—Steinan v. Ocean Elec Ry Co. 46—De Delectis v. Ciavolino. 47—Harrison v. Corbin Motor Vehicle Corp. 48—Wilkinson v. Wilkinson.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. Ex-parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J. Motions. Undefended divorces. 1198—Gorman v. Gorman. 1217—Walter v. Walter. 393—Miller v. Miller. 1252—Etheridge v. Etheridge. 1274—Losinecky v. Losinecky. 809—Benadon v. Benadon. 1304—Amar v. Amar. 1297—Jones v. Jones. 784—Ungar v. Ungar. 1523—Matien v. Matien. 1525—Reinfeld v. Reinfeld. 1527—Palermo v. Palermo. 1529—Briggs v. Briggs. 1530—Ronaldson v. Ronaldson. 1533—Bacot v. Bacot. 1539—Forman v. Forman. 1541—Cohen v. Cohen. 1544—Wirtshafter v. Wirtshafter. 1549—Wehn v. Wehn. 1550—Weber v. Weber. 1552—Purdy v. Purdy. 1560—Bernstein v. Bernstein. 1562—Cramb v. Cramb. 392—Gunn v. Gunn. 1240—Bernstein v. Bernstein. 1278—Beyer v. Beyer. 1212—Gerber v. Gerber. 1516—Kurkjian v. Kurkjian. 1576—Kaplan v. Kaplan. Preferred cause: 929—Kaplan v. Buck Const Co. General calendar: 189—Goldberg v. Levine. 137—Hurwitz & Finkelstein Iron Works v. Wielar. 519—Knickerbocker Trust Co v. Florida Ry. 758—Albert v. Bernard. At 2 P. M.: 352—Rubsamen v. Schlitz. 622—Tiernan v. Sargent. 379—Luongo v. d'Ambra Con Co. 1359—Rastetter v. Hoeninger. 388—Duchart v. Huxley. 373—Carbone v. Martin. 553—Passantino v. Bonomolo. 571—Trust Co of Am v. United Box Board Co. 579—Vitale v. Mazzola. 585—Cullman v. Met Sav Bank. 586—De Pompeis v. Luist. 598—Duggan v. Staggs. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Term—Goff, J. Motion: 1—Charles H. Hyde. Trial calendar: 1—Frank Muller, &c.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Bischoff, J. State franchise cases. 820, 821—Westchester Lighting Co v. State Board of Tax Comm'rs. 830, 831—New Amsterdam G L Co v. same. 832—Standard Gas Light Co v. same. 833—Central Union Gas Co v. same. 836, 837—Northern Union Gas Co v. same. 841—Standard Gas Light Co v. same. 843—Central Union Gas Co v. same. 844, 845—Consol Gas Co v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Gavegan, J. 2245—Juilliard v. Sperry & Hutchinson Co. 2040—Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co v. L I R R. 1724—Hamilton v. Prendergast. 2451—Mortgage Holding Co v. McCormick. 2570—Universal Truck Co v. True. (2) 2583—Wachsman v. Richman. 2606—Union Trust Co v. Greene. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Ford, J. 375—Bilkovic v. Loeb. 814—Levy v. Gomprecht. 81—Post v. Sharkey. 1009—Cavanagh v. Elder. 619—Romanofsky v. Goodstein. 1026—J. Aron v. Nassau Elec R R. 1029—S. Aron v. Nassau Elec R R. 1196—Gettler v. Jacob New Realty. 1203—Wodzinski v. O'Connell. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Blanchard, J. 1100—Henkel v. City of N Y. 1044—Hueston v. Joline. 1087—Fink v. City of New York. 1209—O'Connor v. T. A. Clark Co. 1210—Medley v. 5th Ave Coach Co. 1213—Coffey v. N Y C & H R R R. 1220—Robinson v. F & M Schaefer Co. 560—Maher v. Penn, N Y & L I R R. 559—Klee v. same. 561—Lawlor v. same. 562—Abbott v. same. 563—Collegiate Baptist Church v. same. 568—Golden v. City of N Y. 1184—Clark v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Davis, J. 1152—Peterson v. Interborough R T Co. 1173—Schamburger v. City of N Y. 1076; 1077—O'Connor v. Jacobson. 1147—Levin v. Cohen. 1153—Smith v. J T Haverty Stables. 657—Degnan v. Robinson. 426—Block v. Eldridge. 1135, 1136—Marks v. Int R T Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Delany, J. 882—Selma v. Renault Freres Selling Br. Inc. 1085—Hajek v. Lehman. 220—R Blank v. Jorgenson. 221—T Blank v. same. 955—A Lucek v. Grein. 956—J Lucek v. same. 663—Kovar v. Standard Arch Co. 1234—Day v. Richtmeyer. 1240—Sazek v. Jarmulowsky. 1241—Same v. same. 1084—Clausen v. Joline. 1243—Huskisson v. H H Uris Iron Works. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Dugro, J. Case on. Bell v. Star Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Guy, J. 914—McNally v. John T Brady & Co. 1268—McFadden v. King Const Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Brady, J. 140—Landers v. Eichberg. 577—Robb v. Everett. 510—Robb v. Lafsay. 376—Stein v. Garvin Mach Co. 585½—Cox v. Roberts. 327—Glanzman v. Steiner. 1051—Harries v. Walker. 1128—Burnett v. Int R T Co. 1119—Bellavia v. Atwell Cont, &c, Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Giegerich, J. 929—Zimmerman v. Konselman. Case on. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—McCall, J. 1104—Katz v. Bakers & Consumers Compressed Yeast Co. 1092—Berney v. Adriance. 1004—Boisse v. Dailey. 946—Dietrick v. Ehret. 1113—Morrotta v. Forman. 1110—Urban v. Murray. 1283—Herlihy v. McGivney. 1287, 1288—Hines v. Walz. 1294—Borsella v. Interborough R T Co. 1112—Lenharr v. Burns Bros. 1088—Winters v. Int R T. 1093—Wolinsky v. Burns Bros. 1290—Duke v. Am Museum of Nat History. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Cohalan, J. 60½—Coneys v. Penn R R. 387—Murray v. T H Reid Co. 966—Murphy v. Kaufman. 1306—De Gasero v. N Y C & H R R R. 1316—Master v. Joline. 988—Braun v. Martin. 975—Hirchhorn v. Steih. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Amend, J. 528—Thomas v. Beinord Auto Storage & Supply Co. 460—Am Soda Fountain v. Jackson. 203—Willis v. Goodman. 703—Einsohn v. Sterling. 377—Mahoney v. Mahoney. 443—Haas v. Hilton. 296—Ormes v. Winant. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Pendleton, J. 611—Poel v. Hills. 612—Poel v. Hills. 613—Poel v. Hills. 823—M Gama v. Molinari. 824—A Gama v. Molinari. 346—Harris v. Albus. 282—Northern Bank of N Y v. Wm G Mulligan (No. 1.) 283—Northern Bank of N Y v. Wm G Mulligan (No. 2.) 284—Northern Bank of N Y v. Wm G Mulligan. 764—Northern Bank of N Y v. Agnes K Mulligan. 620—Lasch v. Lasch. 1174—Schnurmacher v. McCaffery. 1178—Berman v. Tiernan. 827—Cramp & Co v. Mass Bond & Ins Co. 1880—Higginbotham v. Intl Trust Co. 979—Berger v. Great Eastern Casualty Co. 152—Kelly v. F L Smith & Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Greenbaum, J. Case on. Fawcett v. O'Donnell. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Bijur, J. 54—Stemmerman v. Kelly. 1085—Champion Coated Paper Co v. Reynolds. 1087—Gatti v. Wheatfield Packing Box Co. 1093—Foss v. N Y C & H R R R. 322—Taylor v. Heft. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—De Angelis, J. Case on. N Y County Nat Bank v. Herrman. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Erlanger, J. 720—Furst v. Revel Realty & Sec Co. 1149—Corsa v. Starrett. 1145—Bigelow Carpet Co v. O'Brien. 1151—Smith v. Peters. 244—Chappel v. Kessler. 844—Harbor & Sub Bldg. &c. Assn v. Employers Liability Assur Corp. 752—Nat Surety Co v. Borough Bank of B'klyn. 1135—Marr v. Huguley. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Francis W Webb, Sarah J Byrd, Anna Unger, John Whitley, James Havemeyer.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested will. Samuel Weiss.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Donnelly, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Green, J. 837—Noble v. Van Buren. 681—Auerbach v. Gelband. 1178—Strang v. Jena. 877—Leclerc v. Sullivan. 1194—Blumenthal v. Dworsky. 1199—Kinsel v. Scherr. 1201—Buntrock v. Moersch. 1200—Felsubei v. Zinker. 1207—Casper v. Naef. 1211—Gross v. Int R T Co. 1213—Cressel v. Terry & Tench. 1214—Sangmeister v. Bensch. 743—Hauer v. Sengel. 1072—Love v. Lichtenfels. 515—Josephs v. Haas. 1189—Schlecht v. Lipschitz. 4477½—Benjamin v. Braunstein. [illegible] Casualty Co. [illegible] son v. Monaghan. 1000—Klein v. Star Co. 757—Broderick v. Miller. 4400—Murray v. Eyringe. [illegible] Wicker v. Park & Tilford. 1216—Barenkopf v. Winer. 1217—Doerflinger v. Doerflinger. 1218—Feigelson v. Miller. 1219—Jacobs v. Singer Sewing Mach Co. 1220, 1221—Latin v. Joline. 1222—Wachs v. same. 1223—Hermann v. Locomotive Co. 1224—Felter v. Garlick. 1225—Hirschbaum v. Kinsolie. 1226—Schimanski v. Goldberg. 1227—Gordon v. Meyers. 1228—Blume v. New Harlem Casino Taxi Service. 1230—Littauer v. Martin Silk Weaving Co. 1231—Wilcox v. Letrowitch. 1234—McClymont v. Engles Express Co. 1235—Jacklitsch v. Egan. 1236—Gargiulo v. Longarso. 1237—Bricker v. Whitridge. 1238—Levin v. same. 1239—Duff & Sons v. Levin. 1240—Tapousis v. Royal Motion Picture Co. 1241—Sosenko v. N Y Railways. 1242—Caravello v. Lion Brewery. 1245—Barrs v. Margules. 1246—Brogan v. Egan. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., case on; Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—McAvoy, J. 4933—Nicholas v. Rosenzweig. 4942—Dewey v. Bieck. 4943—Shaine v. McEvoy. 4723—Marquardt v. O'Rourke. 4940—Italian Importing Co v. Andres. 4825—Miller v. Bamby. 4901—Wyckoff Gas v. Tire Core Co. 4912—Kipp v. Goodrich. 4947—Pecora v. Bonomok. 4956—Fried v. Hayward. 4758—Bucksdorf v. Bender. 4957—Coupe & Wilcox Co v. Fieldsteel. 4157—Winfield v. Schwartz. 4584—Met Printing Co v. Lennan. 4960—Nicoletti v. Illinois Surety Co. 4525—Cellillo v. same. 4898—Bradstein v. Hopkins. 4926—Plawsky v. Reisman. 4953—Sisal v. Katz. 4939—Katz v. Macioce. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J. Jones v. Eckes—Morris J Hirsch. Man Life Ins Co v. Planet Realty Co—Jacob A Cantor. Ebling v. Central Bronx Realty Co—Charles J Lesile. Foster v. Darragh—Alfred Steckler, Jr.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Matter of Uhlmann—John Z. Lowe, Jr. Matter of Glover, Jr—Frank M. Hennessy. Beers v. Bachman—Gustavus H Rogers. Hoope v. McKimm—Henry M Stevenson.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J. Jos A Flannery v. Florence Magonigle—Albert Sanders.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Christos Kosibas v. George Walters—Christos Kosibas.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J. Fass & Co v. Lizzie S Kelly—Milton M Eisenberg.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Aspinall, J. Criminal calendar. Harry Simpson, Robert Walker, and Joseph King; Louis Cohen and Harry Waxman, Anthony Jerome, Charles Tunley, Albert Ondik, Joe Talasco.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Crane, J. Criminal calendar. Joseph Housepain, John Johnson, Frank Fennimore, Pasquale Pannulle, Phillip Lewis, John Rule, Michael Macomb, Willie Ely, John Moriarty.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Trials—Kapper, J. 2834—McDermott v. Conley. 2844—Brown v. Brown. 2627—Gutherman v. Schwartz. 806—Justel v. Jusella. 1797—Freundlich v. Freundlich. 2569—Snyder v. Emmons. 1404—Courddy v. Byrne. 2569—Sherwood v. Berry. 2337—Schroeder v. Snyder. 2437—Dellinsky v. Pub Construction Co. 2044—Standard Plunger Elev Co v. Fuller & O'Connor Construction Co. 2432—Stern v. Segadel. 2839—Burt v. Harris. 2439—Hellyer v. Winham. 2350—Parke v. Lutz. Highest number reached on regular call, 2853.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Marean, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Benedict, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part V., Aspinall, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Crane, J. 3398—St. John v. Kloppenburg. 5421—Connors v. Peerless Bookbinding Co. 5442-5446—Vohs v. Todd. 5462—Donnelly v. Nassau R R. 5466—Daily v. B H R R. 5477—Carney v. Woolford. 2694—Monahan v. Nassau R R. 4047—Ginsburg v. Buick Motor Co et al. 4164—McCloskey v. Lyman et al. 4677—Reilhiter v. Stair & Havlin et al. 4757—Anderson v. Peabody et al. 4476—Coyte v. Thatcher. 1493—Lawler v. Wilson. 5069—Zippert v. Obermyer & Liebmann Brewery. 5093—Otta v. Rumel v. Lippman et al. 5207—Yanowsky v. Stillman. 5259—Rodeste v. Liebman's Sons Brewery. 5344-5346—Kammerrer v. Jacobs. 7905-7906—Phelps v. Kaufman et al. 1612—English v. Steeplechase Co. 2441—Cooney v. B R R. 2675—Terhune v. B H R R. 3330—Weigelt v. Harris. 8249—Masters v. Fromme. 8693-8694—Scott v. Harvey et al. 8819—Nathan v. Converton. 481—Gibbons v. Snare & Triest. 1197—Weiss v. Miller. 1884-1885—Firestein v. Montgomery. 2119—Green v. Josephs et al. 5263-5264—Fogarty & Fey v. N Y Dock Co. 7989—Smith-Donegan Co v. Mulligan. 4526—Brennan v. Goldsmid. 4883—Slonim v. Katz. 4921—Sullivan v. Fifth Av Coach Co. 4989—Sebukaty v. Tartar Chemical Co. 5148—Milerk v. Tartar Chemical Co. 5423—Graney v. Ella. 5445—Sincere v. Dillon. 4176—Ludlam v. McLaughlin. 7998-7999—McNamara v. McCarl. 8031—Goetz v. Goetz.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 5302—Sanford v. Sudeland Paper Co. 8352—Britt v. City of New York. 8458—Newman & Carey Co v. New Haven & N Y Co. 7903—Lazarus v. Eisler et al. 3931—Smith v. Arbuckle et al. 2054—Hutchings v. Long Island R R. 5743—McCabe v. Carter & Weeks Stevedoring Co. 5900—Guire v. Bischoff. 5250—Tuttle v. Linch. 5544—Douglass v. Holme. 5548—Covepeyan v. Becker. 5549—Freedman v. City of New York. 5551, 5552, 5040—Finkelstein v. Belford. 5560—Ralph v. Kelly. 5576—Stark v. Stein. 5579—Hoagland v. City of New York. [illegible] 5589—Lusemann v. Electrical Mfg Co et al. 5594—Lieberman v. Congress Brewing Co. 5597—Dorsey v. City of New York. 5596—Liguori v. Smith Cont'g Co. 5602—Derick v. Richardson. 5605, 5606—Stern v. Skalmer. 5609—Meinardi v. Sawyer. 5610—Francisco v. Schmelke, Jr. 5611—Kovalsky v. Jones. 5614—Klein v. White House Lunch Co. 5615—[illegible] v. Sharkey. 5620—Timpano v. [illegible] Co. 5621—Hinchy v. N Y Central & Hudson R R. [illegible] Education v. Friedman. 5625—Scheffmeyer v. City of New York et al. [illegible] Samuels. [illegible] 5635—Anderson v. Interborough R T. 5630—Mayer v. B H R R. [illegible] Union Gas Co. 5640—Hudner v. Garfinkel. 5638—Spilton v. Garfinkel. 5639—Carney v. Cranford Co et al. 5644—Bridger v. Sharkey. 5647—Koop v. Bodmer & Bridger et al. 5649—Payne Mfg Co v. Hendricks. 5652—Fitton v. [illegible] Sullivan v. Le Shen Realty Co. 5654—Sullivan v. United Light & Power Co. [illegible] Board of Education. 5659—Mueller v. Brooklyn Union El R R Co. [illegible] 5662—Millman v. Fritz. 5664—Treshman et al v. Treshman. 5668—Flo v. Dobbin et al. 5674—City of New York v. Spalding. Highest number reached on regular call, 5677.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Jaycox, J. Motions. 1—Schmeiske v. Polatschek. 2—Collegan v. Peters and another. 3—Rockaway Point Co v. McRoberts. 4—Lemaire v. N Y & N Shore Traction Co. 5—Connell v. O'Keefe et al. 6—Hermann et al v. Pope. 7—Sheibler v. Suffolk Mach Co. 8—[illegible] Savings Bank v. McDonald and another. 9—Kronenblatt v. Thompson. 10—Kronenblatt v. Thompson. 11—Bauer v. Bauer. 12—Muojo v. B H R R Co. 13—Lux v. Adelberg. 14—Harlem Structural Supply Co v. Simon et al. 15—Lemaire v. N Y & N Shore Traction Co. 16—People ex rel Chavkin v. Baylis. 17—Lamb v. Lamb. 18—Kelly v. [illegible] Operating Co. [illegible] other. 21—[illegible] v. Meyer. 22—[illegible] Co. 24—Heck v. Peck.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. Will of Mary Green. Accountings in the estates of B Tompkins, Wm R Shaw, Ellie Ann Wilson, P Rothacker, James Mahlay, Ed Gorman, Catharine Japtok, Richard Godwin, M Coffey, Alwine Leachman, and Samuel Lippman. Estates of John Haines, Wm C Roberts, and the Blakney infants. Contested wills. Will of Grezantine Trembus.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Dike, J. Joseph Grennan, alias Morris Greenspan, Alexander Philipsberg, Samuel Harris, Nick Walter.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part II.—Fawcett, J. William Higgins, Joseph Amberg, Hyman Dickman, Adolph Bieman, and John Weir.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III.—Tiernan, J. Charles Elliott, Frederick Schmidt, Antonio Zalenski, Tonia Bellini, Frederick Wehrman, William Behan.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part IV.—Grant, J. 1901—Partridge v. B H R R. 1903, 1904—Di Martino v. Woebcke. 1977—Lasalski v. B H R R. 1905—Dowd v. Brown Realty Co. 1776—Whitman v. N Y & B Mfg Co. 1880—Graham v. Reimer. 1906, 1907—Lamrowitz v. B H R R. 1875—Brewer v. Mauss. 1562—Grand v. B H R R. 1840—Bruse v. Bloomgarten. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day: 2040—Fagelsky v. B H R R. 1900—[illegible] v. Bruse. 1910—Lawless v. B H R R. 1911—Kennedy v. B H R R. 1342—[illegible] v. N Y & B Mfg Co.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Van Siclen, J. 383—Lennox v. B H R R. 371—Dufour v. Strang. 373—Springs v. Feldman. 126—Seifert, an infant, v. Meier. 388—Muller v. New York Hotel Supply Co. 361—Cozzollo v. Tumbridge. 382—Padula v. N Y & Q Co R R. 963—[illegible] v. [illegible] 965—O'Sullivan v. F B Sterns Co. 967—Marsen v. Nichols Copper Co. 968—Olszewski v. Sullgowski et al.

Cases will be added to the ready section of the calendar from day to day from the reserve calendar of Nov. 11, 1912. Highest number reached in the general calendar is 973.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Clark, J. 385—Amitrano v. United Merchants Press. 496—Broadway, Flushing, Development Co v. Van Fossen, Bugg et al. 482—Kowalski v. Linger. 490—Cofarella v. Cofarella et al. 497—Klein v. Klein. 499—Votter v. Votter. 503—Suydam v. Suydam. 507—Rozwadow Young Men's Association v. Samuel Langwell, as President. 509—O R Weiss Realty Co v. Penders. 510—Denner v. Basch and another. 511—Pagano v. Magnoni et al. 512—King and another v. Kay et al. 514—Sirois v. Sirois et al. 516—Hall Realty Co v. Stuart et al. 517—Dawkins v. Dawkins.

Cases will be added to the day calendar each day from the cases marked ready, calendar of Nov. 11, 1912. Highest number reached, 527.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3616—People v. William Benson. 3612—People v. John Calfabellotta. 3694—People v. Frederick Moser. 3590—People v. Joseph Simmons. 3645—People v. Christopher Otte. 3646—Same v. same.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J. Caccatore v. Transit Cons. Co. 712—Troy v. Cab and Taxi Co. of N. Y. 101—Capozzi v. Bulkley. 1002—Lalla v. same. 721—Drake v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 314—Harrison v. same. 539—Pfister v. Witter. 622—Beers v. Young as temporary receiver. 46—Epp v. Young as receiver. 281—Mongon v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 315—Johnson v. Westchester Street Railroad Co. 346—Gustafson v. Olsen Construction Co. 404—Johnson v. Putnam Foundry and Machine Co. 375—Poer v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 468—Schofield v. Pedden Cons Co. 609—Hanley v. City of Yonkers. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 660—Peterson v. Lambertson. 672—Gold v. Schaefer Brewing Co. 409—Fallon v. Hickey. 410—Kay v. Pittsburgh Contg Co. 420—Jacoby v. Lynch. 426—Tisdale v. Jackson. 445—A. S. Drainage and Irrigation Co. v. Lucas. 447—Kalries v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 451—Reappo v. Globe Foundry Co. 462—McMahon v. Gordon. 463—Roberts v. N Y Transp Co. 471—Nessler v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 472—Same v. same. 473—Blackwell v. same. 476—Lowth v. N Y Tel Co. 482—Andrews v. Louisville & Nashville R R Co. 493—Free & Murray Realty Co. v. Laidlaw. 496—Devivo v. Ciaguilio. 506—Closinsky v. City of Yonkers. 516—Hupfels Sons v. Haywood. 524—Fowler Cons Co. v. Gorham. 536—Feigenspan v. Freelich. 554—Griswold v. Stimson. 557—Stevens v. Brundage. 560—Rauft v. Eisle. 566—Koster v. Salz. 568—Maselbarth v. Kayser. 569—Molloy v. Town of Greenburgh. 571—Garlock v. Brown. 572—Olivette v. Brooklyn R T Co. 573—Smith v. Nesbit. 574—White v. Nesbit. 575—Zapp v. Jackson. Highest number reached, 725.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. 383—Meighan Land Co. v. Monroe. 483—Walker v. Curran. 500—Van Calderan v. Peterson. 526—Thompson-Smith Co. v. Bryan. 532—Stephen Greene Co. v. same. 534—Berlin & Jones Co. v. same. 535—Remington Typewriter Co. v. same.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Magrane-Houston Co., Boston, Mass.; C. E. Restall, domestics; P. H. Magrane, representing; Miss O'Brien, infants' wear; Miss Fay, ladies' neckwear; Miss Devoe, waists; Great Northern.

Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; I. Marks, muslin underwear, corsets, gloves; 637 Broadway.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; B. B. Conrad, general mdse.; 15 E. 26th.

Emporium, The, San Francisco, Cal.; W. Kaufman, dress goods, silks; 1,270 Broadway.

Barney, H. S., Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; H. Gilbert, rugs; 75 Spring.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. J. Barnett, woolens; 438 Broadway.

Weinstein, N. & S., Portland, Ore.; N. Weinstein, furn. goods, underwear; Pierrepont.

Dodge Co., Akron, Ohio; J. V. Oliver, carpets; Breslin.

Heyman Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; A. O. Wolter, carpets; Cadillac.

Herpolsheimer Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; E. J. Brandt, rugs; 79 5th Av.

Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. A. Behr, cloaks, suits, waists; 31 Union Square.

Uhler & Phillips, Marion, Ohio; G. V. Schweinfurth, carpets; 41 Union Square.

Whitehead & Riley, Norfolk, Va.; E. W. Whitehead, carpets; York.

Calloway, F. E., Co., Lagrange, Ga.; E. L. Bryant, notions, furn. goods; 75 Leonard; Navarre.

Snellenburg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; L. Englander, girls' dresses, furs, ladies' suits, waists; 1,261 Broadway.

Meis Bros., Danville, Ill.; A. Meis, cloaks, suits, furs, dresses, waists; 315 4th Av.

Golden Eagle D. G. Co., Denver, Col.; H. S. Bauman, cloaks, suits, furs, waists, dresses; 315 4th Av.

Fink Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. Blauner, plush and cloth coats; 129 W. 27th.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; E. Spanier, boys' clothing; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, silverware, jewelry; 334 4th Av.

Frank & Seder, Pittsburgh, Penn.; H. J. Shainberg, furs; P. Hirsch, plush coats, furs; I. Seder, velvet suits, furs; 225 4th Av.

Mandel Bros., Chicago, Ill.; D. Saunders, crockery, glassware, china; 15 E. 22d.

"Garland's," St. Louis, Mo.; T. W. Garland, plush coats, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

Weill, R., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; F. J. Harper, carpets, rugs; 15 E. 26th.

Greenbaum, H., Topeka, Kan.; jobs coats, dresses; 15 E 26th.

White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; L. Fisher, men's clothing, hats; T. Barker, house furn. goods; 1,270 Broadway.

Filene's, W. Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; F. C. Bennett, men's and boys' hats; Miss Sweeney, ladies' suits; Mr. Pratt, furs; S. Koenigsthal, men's clothing, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.

Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Henry, waists; Miss Hammelberg, trimmings; Miss Powers, misses' dresses; Miss Danahy, ilk waits; Miss McCluky, costumes, (basement;) O. Rideout, rain coats; Mr. Barry, domestics; D. C. Walsh, wash goods; Mr. Morrison, men's hats; J. J. Whittaker, umbrellas, parasols, ribbons; Mr. Edwards, untrimmed hats, millinery; J. Lamb, mdse. mgr.; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; D. Robillard, boys' clothing; R. Mitton, mdse. mgr.; R. J. Trimble, corsets, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.

Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; M. G. Frazier, neckwear, laces, embroideries, muslin underwear; 72 Leonard.

Richmond D. G. Co., Richmond, Va.; J. H. Estes, notions, men's furn. goods; 75 Leonard.

Smith, Daniels & Keller, Seattle, Wash.; D. I. Smith, hosiery, notions, furn. goods; 75 Leonard.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. Benzie, art linens; J. C. Tullock, carpets, rugs; 454 Broome.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. C. Truxes, laces, embroideries; Miss M. Bender, neckwear; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry; 214 Church.

Fair, The, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. H. Alexander, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 214 Church.

Green-Joyce Co., Columbus, Ohio; J. F. O'Shaughnessy, domestics, woolens, flannels, white goods, linens, linings; 43 Leonard.

Farwell, J. V., Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. T. Fogarty, white goods, linens; 72 Leonard.

Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Hexas; E. Stern, notions, jewelry; 15 Mercer.

Malley, Ed., Co., New Haven, Conn.; J. S. Brosseau, house furn. goods; 320 Church.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. J. McGuire, furnishing goods, hosiery, knit underwear; W. C. Burwell, notions, toilet goods; O. C. Herman, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

Harris & Mowry Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; J. J. Hamilton, laces, gloves, handkerchiefs; J. C. A. Aubuchon, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

Shartenberg & Robinson Co., Pawtucket, R. I.; W. L. Brown, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co., Providence, R. I.; W. Steel, dress goods, silks, velvets; 2 Walker.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. Muir, dress goods, silks, velvets; 2 Walker.

Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; C. Smith, china, toys, house furnishing goods; 2 Walker.

Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; J. S. Greening, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

Ives, Upham & Rand Co., Meriden, Conn.; W. I. Wilcox, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Conn.; H. E. Atwell, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Reid & Hughes Co., Norwich, Conn.; W. E. Buckley, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Co., Waterbury, Conn.; W. E. Minor, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

McWhirr, R. A., Co., Fall River, Mass.; J. E. Bannister, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

New Bedford Dry Goods Co., New Bedford, Mass.; W. J. Hyde, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Webber, W. G., Co., Salem, Mass.; G. Goss, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; E. I. Darby, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. C. Hager, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Sweeney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. H. Peck, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.

Barney, H. S., Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; H. Gilbert, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.

Zenner, D., & Co., Athens, Ohio; T. W. Craig, cloaks, suits; 114 5th Av.

McNaughton, W. A., Muncie, Ind.; A. L. Murray, carpets; 26 East 17th.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. Silverstein, carpets; 200 5th Av.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; E. M. Finn, boys' clothing; 454 Broome.

Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss B. Gaines, women's, children's wear; Miss K. Desmond, ladies', misses' suits; Miss J. Canty, waists, sweaters, muslin underwear; Miss E. Boas, costumes; Miss S. Blumenthal, silk waists; 15 East 26th.

Miller, D., Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. D. Albers, carpets, rugs; 43 Leonard.

Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. K. Hill, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks, suits; I. F. Rummell, clothing, furnishing goods; 214 Church.

Malley, E., Co., New Haven, Conn.; J. . Duff, carpets; 320 Church.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; G. C. Arbogast, notions, furnishing goods; 2 Walker.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. P. Birkett, prints, ginghams; 2 Walker.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Gruneбaum, domestics, dress goods, silks; 15 East 26th; Cadillac.

Anderson, Dulla, Varnell Co., Knoxville, Tenn.; J. D. Varnell, millinery, ladies' garments; 114 5th Av.

Rike, Kumler Co., Dayton, Ohio; J. O. Davis, wash goods; 220 5th Av.

Chappell Furniture Co., Dayton, Ohio; H. Chappell, carpets; J. Zhender, carpets; 26 East 17th.

Owen & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Mr. Schaffer, carpets; 26 East 17th.

Brushaber, J., Sons, Detroit, Mich.; F. A. Brooks, carpets; 41 Union Square.

Bailey Co., Cleveland, Ohio; L. G. Oppenheim, carpets, rugs; 71 West 23d.

Fisk, D. B., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. J. Betz, silks, ribbons; 225 5th Av.

Hengerer, William, Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. A. Finnecaine, infants' wear, muslin underwear; W. C. Roberts, linens; 214 Church.

Hunter, A. S. & T., Utica, N. Y.; Miss A. G. Supple, millinery; 214 Church.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; W. P. Moffitt, carpets; 104 5th Av.

Sturtevant, H. S., & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; W. Dulan, carpets; 320 Church.

Neal & Hyde, Syracuse, N. Y.; J. W. Neal, carpets; 72 Leonard.

Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; E. W. Scott, boys' clothing, men's furnishing goods; Murray Hill.

Weil, W. & N., Spokane, Wash.; N. Weil, dry goods; Hoffman House.

Ivey, J. B., & Co., Charlotte, N. C.; W. C. Dodd, notions, millinery; J. B. Ivey, ready-to-wear; Albert.

George, S. H., & Sons, Knoxville, Tenn.; A. George, housefurn. goods; 63 Leonard; Albert.

Rudge & Guenzel Co., Lincoln, Neb.; W. G. Lastofka, domestics, dress goods, silks; J. A. Pearse, notions, laces, gloves, trimmings; Latham.

Margolis Bros., Dayton, Ohio; J. G. Petosky, clothing; Hermitage.

Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; H. Volk, cloaks, suits, waists; 214 Church.

Hand, J. J., Syracuse, N. Y.; carpets, rugs; Victoria.

Rizik Bros., Washington, D. C.; A. Rizik, dresses; Hoffman House.

Largman Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Largman, silks; 200 5th Av.; Hoffman House.

Pogue, H. H., Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; H. F. Bachmeyer, ladies' knit underwear, hosiery, men's furnishing goods; Navarre.

Ayres, L. C., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; J. C. Weinman, dress goods, silks; 31 Union Square.

Blackwell, H., Co., Detroit, Mich.; A. C. Hackenjos, linens, furnishing goods, underwear; Navarre.

Katzenstein, B., & Brother, Baltimore, Md.; B. Katzenstein, woolens; Navarre.

Morehouse, Martens Co., Columbus, Ohio; M. Morehouse, dry goods; 315 4th Av.; Collingwood.

Best Underwear Co., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; G. Galland, muslin underwear; 1,270 Broadway; Gregorian.

Cobb, R. A., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. H. Cutting, waists; Gregorian.

Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; A. S. Osborn, house furnishing goods; York.

White, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. F. Hill, house dresses; 1,270 Broadway.

Moore, Wm. S., D. G. Co., Memphis, Tenn.; L. S. Lee, cloaks, suits, waists; 258 Church; Herald Square.

Rider-Wallis D. G. Co., Dubuque, Iowa; J. W. Harvey, notions, hosiery, furn. goods; 358 Broadway; Herald Square.

Elberfeld-Culp Co., Columbus, Ohio; E. S. Culp, dry goods; S. Elberfeld, cloaks, suits; Herald Square.

Kline, Eppihimer & Co., Reading, Penn.; D. Mould, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Ave.

McWhirr, R. A., Co., Fall River, Mass.; Miss A. Lyon, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 75 Spring.

Emporium, St. Paul, Minn.; Miss E. C. Mills, cloaks, suits; 129 W. 27th.

Filene's, Wm., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss K. E. Coakley, mdse. manager; 116 W. 32d.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. H. Hager, corsets, muslin underwear; 75 Spring.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 Broadway.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. Shiverick, general merchandise; 214 Church.

Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. S. Vandervoort, notions, linings; 220 5th Av.

Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss G. Matthews, waists; Miss D. Feely, waists; 31 Union Square.

Syracuse Dry Goods Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; W. A. Hunter, domestics, dress goods, silks, muslin underwear, infants' wear, carpets; 51 Leonard.

Ward, Montgomery & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. E. Wheeler, clothing, hats, gloves; 43 Leonard.

Kohn Brothers & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. Kohn, woolens, trimmings; 690 Broadway.

King's, Washington, D. C.; Miss M. Kinder, ladies' wear; Cumberland.

Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; C. H. Garther, upholstery goods; A. Feldman, furnishing goods; Grand.

Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; G. M. Hunter, groceries; 2 Walker; Grand.

Diehl, E. W., & Co., Boston, Mass.; E. W. Diehl, piece goods; Wolcott.

Taylor, William, Sons & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. H. Lippert, notions; 51 Leonard.

New Bedford Dry Goods Co., New Bedford, Mass.; Miss M. E. Mason, millinery; Miss Sylvia, ladies', infants' wear; H. Daslouries, dry goods; 75 Spring; Grand.

Steiger, Dudgeon Co., New Bedford, Mass.; J. A. Dauphinais, dress goods, silks, muslins, laces; 70 Franklin; Grand.

Rockwell Brothers, Wellsville, N. Y.; M. D. Haskins, carpets; Grand.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottstown, Penn.; J. A. Brandt, notions, furnishing goods; 2 Walker.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; F. Ermentrot, dress goods; 2 Walker.

Grote-Rankin Co., Spokane, Wash.; M. D. Hall, carpets; Breslin.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. Delemuth, dress goods; Miss A. M. Day, laces, handkerchiefs, ladies' neckwear; 1,261 Broadway.

Clawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. B. Stanbro, linens, rugs; 38 West 32d.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; J. A. Fleming, cloaks, suits; Broztell.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss S. H. Boxer, ribbons, veilings; 215 4th Av.

Higgins-Fraze Co., Fall River, Mass.; J. E. O'Connor, cloaks, suits, waists; Latham.

Silverman, W., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silberman, woolens; J. Koffler, dry goods; 7 W. 22d; Latham.

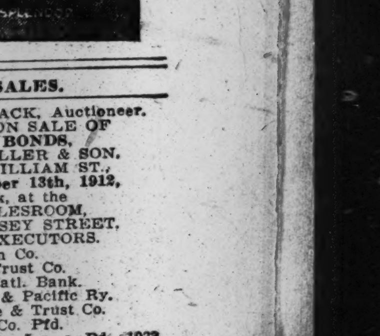
Siegrist & Fraley, Buffalo, N. Y.; H. A. Stumpf, upholstery goods; 20 W. 22d.

Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. W. Gallop, ribbons; 220 5th Ave.

Garfunkle, J., & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss L. Wenner, infants' wear; Wolcott.

Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. J. Bigler, notions; 72 Leonard.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss M. White, furs; Miss McMahon, misses' coats, suits; Broadway and 10th; Wolcott.



MADE BY AMERICAN WORKMEN
Hartford-Saxony
WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
A GUARANTEE OF QUALITY
for Private Homes
A DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED RUG
and Public Places
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, November 13th, 1912,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

44 shs. Delaware & Hudson Co.
50 shs. Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
25 shs. Market & Fulton Natl. Bank.
1 share Chic., Rock Island & Pacific Ry.
2 shs. N. Y. Life Insurance & Trust Co.
8 shs. Quicksilver Mining Co. Pfd.
$1,000 St. L. & Hannibal Ry. 5 p. c. Bd., 1933.
317 shs. West Virginia Pulp & Paper Co.
22 shs. Merchants' Exchange Natl. Bank.
7 shs. Hamilton Trust Co., Brooklyn.
7 shs. Washington Trust Co.
22 shs. International Silver Co. Pfd.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

600 shs. Titusville Electric Traction Co.
$150,000 Current River R. R., (Kans. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. Ry.,) 1st Guar. 5s, 1927.
5 shs. Dallas Manfg. Co. com., Huntsville, Ala.
26 shs. Williamsburg City Fire Ins. Co.
47 shs. German-American Insurance Co.
5 shs. Glenwood Holding Co., (Glenwood Country Club.)
$10,000 Tennessee Ry. Co. 1st 30-yr. Bds., 1937.
$10,000 Suffolk Gas & Elec. Lgt. Co. 1st 5s, 1959.
30 shs. Christopher & 10th Street R. R.
$1,000 Cent. of Geo. Ry., (Chatt. Div.) P. M. 4s, 1951, ex June, 1928, Coupons.
35 shs. Somerset, Union & Middlesex Lighting Co.
$523,000 Colorado Midland Rwy. 1st 4 p. c. Bds., 1947.
7,371½ shs. Rio Grande Junction Rwy.
$3,000 Oswego & Rome 1st 7s, due 1915.
$10,000 Southern Indiana 1st 4s, due 1951.
$500 American Real Estate Deb. 6s, due 1914.
$1,000 American Real Estate Deb. 6s, due 1919.
$1,000 American Real Estate Deb. 6s, 1920.
60 shs. Colo. Springs Heat, Light & Power Co. Pfd.
46 shs. Central Park, North & East River R. R.
$3,400 Coupon from Tennessee Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds.; due Sept., 1911, and March, 1912.
20 shs. Afterglow Park Land Co. of Montclair, N. J., Pfd.
$2,350 Bond & Mortgage of Eda Lyde Forness, covering property situate in Town of White Plains, Westchester County, N. Y.
100 shs. Nipissing Mines Co.
40 shs. Guaranty Trust Co.
$1,000 Comstock Tunnel Co. 1st 4 p. c. Inc. Bds., Assented.

Trustees' sale of the stock of Robert Acker, Bankrupt, of 34th St. and 5th Ave., N. Y., formerly stock of Geo. H. Goodheart, formerly at 220 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
By order of Geo. Armeny, Esq., Trustee, 90 Nassau Street, New York.
FRANK WALKER, Auctioneer,
Will Sell, Beginning To-morrow, (Thursday,) And continuing Friday, Nov. 15, promptly at 10:30 A. M. each day, at spacious salesroom 698 Broadway, Brooklyn, a splendid aggregation of platinum mounted
DIAMOND JEWELRY
Also an immense assortment of finest quality
Watches and 14-kt. Gold Jewelry.
The entire stock of this sale represents over $100,000, and will [illegible]
Open for Inspection TO-DAY, Wednesday, 11 A. M. [illegible] with descriptive catalogues. Auctioneer's office, 698 Broadway, Brooklyn. Tel. 2323 Williamsburg.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

463 Lots Opposite Van Cortlandt Park Sell for $795,925—One Broadway Corner Brings $25,000—Notable Auction Holds Crowd Until Midnight—$800,000 in Apartment Deals.

Never before in the memory of the oldest real estate operator has the real estate salesroom in Vesey Street held so many persons continuously for so long a time as was the case yesterday when Joseph P. Day sold 463 lots in the upper part of the city, just below the Yonkers line. For the entire offering a total of $795,925 was obtained, an average of $1,720 per lot, and this included nine well-built houses. From every point of view the sale was a distinct success, and it afforded a striking example of the confidence which the small investor has in the stability of New York real estate.

The price obtained for the entire offering was somewhat over $100,000 above the price that astute experts had expected the property to bring, and in many individual cases, notably in the Broadway lots, the prices paid for choice situations, especially the corners, were well above expectations. Next to the financial success was the size of the crowd. Promptly at 11 o'clock Mr. Day mounted the rostrum and started to call for bids, and from that moment until 11 at night, twelve solid hours, with not so much as five minutes intermission for luncheon or dinner, the buying and selling of building lots opposite Van Cortlandt Park went merrily on.

When the sale started the room was packed and scores of persons were glad to get even standing room. Over two thousand persons were jammed in the big room, and when the hammer fell on the last plot toward midnight, fully five hundred persons faced the auctioneer. It was an unusual event in New York realty history.

Oscar Straus, the recently defeated candidate for Governor on the Bull Moose ticket, was among the interested spectators. Nearly every prominent operator, speculator and broker was there, but they did little buying. The prices were beyond the speculative limit. They were the prices that small investors were glad to pay. That many of these investors are likely to make a suitable profit on their purchases was shown before the close of the sale. Michael J. Boyne, who paid $1,600 for a corner lot on Forster Place and Huxley Avenue, one block west of Broadway, was offered a profit of $400, but he declined the offer.

The property sold was known as the Forster-Schmitt tract. It consisted of 56 lots facing Broadway opposite Van Cortlandt Park, and extending west through the Riverdale section to Riverdale Avenue, the southerly boundary being Mosholu Avenue, with 262d Street for the northerly line. It is about three-quarters of a mile above the last subway station at 242d Street and Van Cortlandt Park, but the subway is likely to be extended in the near future to the city line. Above 242d Street the Yonkers trolley line runs along Broadway.

The highest price for a single lot was $25,000, paid for the irregular shaped corner on Broadway and Mosholu Avenue, the extreme southerly end of the tract. The lot is 100 feet deep, with a frontage on Broadway of about 35 feet. It was bought by Ralph Wurts Dundas, who also took the two adjoining lots on Broadway, each 25 feet front, for $5,500 each, a total of $36,000 for his three lots. In this block, running to 259th Street, there were fifteen lots, and they brought $86,400, the one on the corner of 259th Street bringing $8,400. It was bought by C. F. Long, who took the three adjoining for $5,000 each.

A parcel of three lots at the extreme northerly limit of the tract, being the northwest corner of Broadway and 261st Street, went to P. McMahon for $22,000. Two of the lots were on Broadway, with a fifty-foot frontage. The 25-foot corner opposite went to Houlder Hogers for $10,000. In the block were eight lots, and they sold for $43,900. The block below, also eight lots, between Forster Place and Whalen Street, having a frontage of 200 feet on Broadway, was secured by Dr. I. N. Wheeler for $28,050, ranging from $3,150 to $5,000 paid for the Forster Place corner. The eight lots in the next block below, between Whalen and 260th Streets, went for $29,000, F. R. Cove getting the 80-foot corner lot at 260th Street for $6,100 and E. J. Jackman the Whalen Street corner for $4,700. Sadie Sanders and Elizabeth Bernd got two of the inside lots for $3,300 and $3,000 respectively.

Forty-one of the fifty-six Broadway lots which were sold before 8 o'clock brought a total of $209,350, an average of $5,106. At that time 321 of the entire number had been disposed of for $563,450, an average of $1,756. McDougall Hawkes bought two inside Broadway lots near the southern end of the tract for $5,300 apiece, and James Talcott bought a plot of six lots forming the northwest corner of Whalen Street and Huxley Avenue, paying $1,000 for the 25-foot corner, and from $650 to $850 for the inside lots.

One of the features of the sale was the unusually large number of women present, and they were very active bidders. The first lot sold being No. 259, on Liebeg Avenue, was bought by a woman, Bertha Schoenberg, for $1,000, being started at $500, and she took an adjoining one also at $1,000. The bidding throughout was brisk, prices being advanced rapidly by $25 to $50 bids. Very few buyers took a bulk of lots, even when offered the opportunity, showing that the buyers were drawn from the small investor class and not from the ranks of the bargain hunters and speculators.

Apartment House Trades Aggregate $800,000.

Apartment house trading proved an interesting feature of yesterday's market, there being two such transactions on the upper west side, involving in all eight flat houses and about $800,000.

In the Morningside Heights section an investor purchased from Ferguson Brothers & Forshay the eight-story elevator apartment at 622 West 113th Street, known as Victor Hall. The structure occupies a plot 77 by 100, located 115 feet east of Riverside Drive. The buyers in part payment take 540 and 542 West 159th Street, two five-story triple flats, each on a plot 37.6 by 100; 406 East 160th Street, a five-story, four-family apartment, on plot 50 by 98.9, and 732 East 152d Street, a five-story apartment house with stores, on plot 50 by 91.8.

Victor Hall was erected by the V. Cerebone Construction Company, which sold it to Joseph J. Steindler in January, 1910, the latter selling the property in March, 1911, to Ferguson Brothers and Forshay, in part payment for the Stratford-Avon, a twelve-story apartment on Riverside Drive, at Ninety-third Street. Arnold Byrne & Baumann were the brokers.

Further north on Washington Heights was another investment deal, in which John Martin sold through the Braude-Papae Company 506 to 512 West 146th Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, two six-story apartment houses, on a plot 80 by 100. In exchange the seller took 534 and 538 West 136th Street, near Broadway, a six-story elevator apartment house, on a plot 70 by 100. The aggregate amount involved in the transaction was close to $300,000.

Park & Tilford Buy Factory Site.

Park & Tilford have purchased, through Lewis B. Preston, broker, the following properties from different owners: Nos. 543, 545, 547, 549, and 551 West Forty-third Street; also, Nos. 548 and 550 West Forty-fourth Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, making in all seven lots, practically 25 by 100, opposite the warehouse which Park & Tilford are now constructing on Forty-second and Forty-third Streets.

This plot fronts 125 feet on Forty-third Street, beginning 100 feet east of Eleventh Avenue and 50 feet on Forty-fourth Street, beginning 125 feet east of Eleventh Avenue.

The sellers of the Forty-third Street properties were Rosie Stern, Philip Ryan, and John S. McNeely, and of the two parcels on Forty-fourth Street Edward W. Browning and the 550 West Forty-fourth Street Company. The buyers will erect a candy factory on the site just purchased.

Increases West Side Holdings.

The estate of Alida Dreyfuss has sold to Samuel G. Herz, 308 West Eighty-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling. The buyer recently acquired title to 302, 304, and 306 adjoining, and now controls a plot 67 by 100.8. The property will be improved with a high-class apartment at the expiration of the present lease, next February.

Sale of Harlem Dwellings.

S. L. Pakas has sold to a client of D. H. Scully & Co. the three-story brownstone dwelling, and the three-story frame dwelling, 9 and 11 West 128th Street, on a plot 37.6 by 100.

Buys Harlem Plot for Apartment.

The plot 100 by 71, on the south side of 111th Street, 350 feet east of Lenox Avenue, has been resold by the Carnegie Construction Company, to a builder who will improve the property with an apartment house. The sellers acquired the plot recently from Julius Tishman in exchange for the nine-story Anesburg Hall apartment house, at 610 West 115th Street, on a plot 50 by 100. M. Cohn & Co. were the brokers.

Buyers for Tenements.

Folsom Brothers, Inc., have sold for Mrs. Jessie Folsom the five-story double tenement, 433 West Thirty-eighth Street, on a lot 26.7 by 98.9, to Napoleon F. Bodvin.

Bronx.

J. Cohen has purchased from Louis Epstein 864 East 164th Street, a three-story two-family dwelling, on a lot 19 by 73. A. Mantinband was the broker.

The J. C. Construction Company has sold to L. and A. Epstein 622 East 135th Street, a four-story new law tenement, with stores, on a lot 25 by 100. A. Mantinband was the broker.

Actors Buying at Wheatley Heights.

Lowell Sherman of Jersey City has purchased twenty lots at Wyandanch, L. I., from the Wheatley Heights Estates. A theatrical colony is being established in this section, other recent buyers being James McIntyre, Rex Beach, Roy McCardell, James O'Neil, Harry Rouclere, and Signor Barilla of the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Suburban.

George W. Bard sold the property belonging to Mrs. Mary Plume on the southeast corner of North Fourth Avenue and West Lincoln Avenue, Mount Vernon, for $5,700.

The properties owned by Henry Schwarzwalder & Condar at Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, forming an estate of about 94 acres, have been sold. There are two residences, garages, boat-houses, and docks, and about a half-mile of water front, with riparian rights. The property was held at about $150,000.

Commercial Leases.

The Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company of St. Louis has leased the six-story building, on plot 77.6 by 150, at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Sixteenth Street, from James L. Van Alen. The lease is for ten years from Jan. 1, 1913, at an annual rental of $17,000. The building is to be entirely remodeled for use as a cigarette factory.

Pepe & Brother have leased for P. Jurla the building at 109 Macdougal Street for a term of years.

New Colony for Newark.

A development embracing 100 semi-fireproof homes—one of the most extensive developments of this kind yet undertaken—has been launched in the Branch Brook section of Newark, N. J. The Branch Brook Novel Homes Company expects to have half of the hundred homes ready by next Spring. F. Koenigsberger is the architect.

The houses now under construction are on both sides of North Twelfth Street, between Abbington and Beardsley Avenues. The walls are of fireproof hollow terra cotta block, and the roofs of tile.

The second installment of homes, completing the one hundred, will be on North Thirteenth Street, between Abbington and Beardsley Avenues.

Loans Placed.

Smith & Phelps, in conjunction with R. Livingston Stedman, have placed for the Wahlig & Sonsin Company a first mortgage loan of $31,000 on the five-story apartment situated at the southwest corner of 163d Street and Morris Avenue; also a first mortgage loan of $25,000 on the five-story apartment situated on the east side of Morris Avenue, 123 feet south of 163d Street; also, for the Corgil Realty Company, a first mortgage loan of $13,000 on the vacant plot, 80 by 102, situated at the southwest corner of 182d Street and Third Avenue, and for Sidney Schoen a mortgage loan of $10,000 on the vacant plot, situated at the southwest corner of Jackson Avenue and 142d Street, size 118.9 by 100.

Hotel St. Louis Leased.

The lease of the Hotel St. Louis at 34 and 36 East Thirty-second Street from Harry Wehmer to William R. McClellan was recorded yesterday for four years and eleven months from Nov. 1, 1912, at a rental of $16,000 a year. The hotel is a nine-story structure, between Fourth and Madison Avenues, with a frontage of 40 feet.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

12th St, 345 West, n s, 141 ft w of Greenwich St, 22x80, three-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to Nov. 12.

117th St, 429 and 431, n s, 306.6 ft e of 1st Av, 37.6x100.10, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the estate of Louis Willets, $30,500.

118th St, 216 and 218 East, s s, 212.11 ft e of 3d Av, 37.1x100.5, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Jacob Lowenthal, $40,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Greene St, 138 and 140, e s, 225.5 ft n of Prince St, 38.1x100x38.3x100.4, six-story loft and store building; foreclosure, to Michael Coleman, $51,000.

By James L. Wells Company.

Broome St, 141, s s, 20 ft e of Ridge St, 20x60, three-story tenement and store; foreclosure, adjourned to Nov. 20.

By Samuel Marx.

Madison Av, 2,106, w s, 39.11 ft n of 132d St, 20x80, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, M. J. Mackay, $7,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Fort Charles Place, 37 and 39 East, n s, 202.1 ft w of 227th St, 56.5x101.10x irregular, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Park Manufacturing Co., $6,000.

AT 2,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Hull Av, n s, 229.6 ft e of 205th St, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Guaranteed Mortgage Co., $3,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

31st St, 340 and 342 West, for a one-story and basement steam plant, 40x51.6; C. I. Taylor, 54 Wall St, owner; W. Weissenberger, Jr., 55 Duane St, architect; cost, $22,000.

9th Av, s w corner of 28th St, for a ten-story loft, 98.9x100; Heywood-Strasser-Voight Lithographic Co., 155 Leonard St, owner; Shire & Kaufman, 373 4th Av, architects; cost, $250,000.

West End Av, s w corner of 104th St, for a twelve-story apartment, 100.11x89.11; Michael E. Paterno Realty Co., 601 West 115th St, owner; G. Ajello, 1 West 34th St, architect; cost, $500,000.

Spring St, 34 and 36, for a two-story dispensary, 51.1x124.1; N. Y. Dispensary, 145 Worth St, owner; Trowbridge & Livingston, 527 5th Av, architects; cost, $25,000.

235th St, s s, 175 ft w of Kepler Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x55; Charles F. W. Bange, 134 East 235th St, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,060 Blackrock Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Webster Av, w s, 51.15 ft n of 197th St, for a two-story brick theatre, 34.10¼x126.22; Evelyn Building Co., (Joseph G. White, 1,199 Boston Road, President,) owner; Neville & Bagge, 217 West 125th St, architects; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 12.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CLAREMONT AV, 182, e s, 40x100; Reliant Holding Co. to Rebecca Goldsmith, 2,216 Eutaw Place, Baltimore, Md., B. and S., all liens, Nov. 11; attorneys, Cahn & N., 160 Broadway....$1

ELIZABETH ST, 238, e s, 20x88.3; John R. Carey, executor of Richard Lee, to John R. Carey, 238 Elizabeth St, (mtg $2,000,) Nov. 11; attorney, M. Strassman, 853 Broadway.$1

ELIZABETH ST, 202, e s, 37.6x97.1; Antonio Viviano to Rosa, his wife, 542 48th St, Brooklyn, ½ right, title, and interest, (mtg $40,000,) Nov. 8; attorney same....$100

ELIZABETH ST, 198, e s, 73.3x97.8x irregular; Giuseppe Neglia to Antonio Viviano, 542 48th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $40,500,) ¼ right, title, and interest, Nov. 8; attorney Peter A. Lauria, 45 Nassau St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Antonio Viviano to Rosa Viviano, 542 48th St, Brooklyn, ⅛ right, title, and interest, Nov. 12, (mtg $40,500;) attorney same....$100

HENRY ST, 83, n s, 25x87.6; Sophia Mayer to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St, B. and S., all liens, Oct. 24; attorneys, Gruenstein & Mayer, 230 Grand St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Fanny Gruen to Sophia Mayer, 41 East 72d St, B. and S., all liens, Nov. 6; attorneys same....$100

INTERIOR LOT, 73 ft n of 54th St, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 25x37.10; Moritz Raab to Charles Raab, 237 West 60th St, (mtg $8,000,) and front part of lot, Feb. 9, 1911; attorney, J. F. O'Neil, 302 Broadway....$1

MADISON AV, 2,193 and 2,195, e s, 75x60; Adolph Schlesinger to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and another, (mtg $43,500,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St....$100

MADISON AV, 2,020, n w corner of 128th St, 19.11x70, (foreclosure Oct. 8;) John J. Hynes, referee, to Regina T. Lohmann, 122 West 123d St, Oct. 10; attorney, Edward Miehling, 258 Broadway....$15,000

PLOT 19, Map 521 of Samuel Thompson, contains 3.335 acres; Plot 20, same map, contains 3.597 acres, with all title to land under water and in use by N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.; Fanny M. McCreery and others to the James McCreery Realty Corporation, Nov. 20, 1908; attorneys, Kremer & Strasser, 100 Broadway....$100

8TH AV, n w corner of 113th St, 25.11x100; James Shanny to Ensign Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, (mtg $35,000,) Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

10TH AV, 814 and 816, e s, 41.10x100; Esther Isenberg to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and Sophia Mayer, 41 East 72d St, (mtg $72,950,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St....$100

18TH ST, 430 West, s s, 20.5x92; James V. Bunt to James E. Duross, 88 Paulding Av, Tarrytown, N. Y., 1-3 part, quitclaim, and C. A. G., Aug. 26; address party of second part, 100 Broadway....$100

20TH ST, 220 West, s s, 25x85.11; Christiane Meyer to Rudolph F. Rabe and another, 900 Hudson St, Hoboken, N. J., (mtg $28,000,) Nov. 9; attorneys, Rabe & Keller, 258 Broadway....$3,500

25TH ST, 324 and 326 West, s s, 40.8x98.9; Richard E. Sause to Fulson Realty Co., 261 Broadway, (mtg $25,000,) Nov. 9; attorney, Edward Herrmann, 261 Broadway....$1

28TH ST, s s, 121.10 ft w of 7th Av, 25x98.9; Esther Isenberg to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and Sophia Mayer, 41 East 72d St, (mtg $40,000,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St....$100

54TH ST, 17 East, n s, 20.10x100.5; Mary M. Sherman to Leon R. Jillson, 202 West 74th St, (mtg $50,000,) and all liens, Nov. 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.$1

56TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Samuel Williams and others to Lena Fishgal, 33 Moore St, (mtg $17,000 and all liens,) Nov. 8; attorney, M. J. Katz, 309 Broadway....$100

105TH ST, 343 and 345 East, n s, 50x100.11; Adolph Schlesinger to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and another, (mtg $54,500,) Nov. 1; attorneys, same....$100

105TH ST, 341 East, n s, 25x100.11; Esther Isenberg to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and Sophia Mayer, 41 East 72d St, (mtg $27,250,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St....$100

111TH ST, 255 West, n s, 36x100.11; Thomas Graham to Fannie Druck, 225 West 110th St, all liens, March 29; attorney, Louis H. Levin, 320 Broadway....$1

114TH ST, 64 East, s s, 24.10x100.11; Jennie Muller to Many Fred, 789 Dawson St, 2-3 part, Nov. 4; attorney, E. H. Burger, 99 Nassau St....$1

128TH ST, 25 East, n s, 20x99.11; John J. Hynes, referee, to Regina T. Lohmann, 122 West 123d St, Oct. 10; attorney, Edward Miehling, 258 Broadway....$9,000

141ST ST, s s, 90 ft w of Broadway, 135x99.11; Adolph Newman to Ess En Construction Co., Inc., 247 West 127th St, (mtg $145,000 on this and other property,) Nov. 1; attorney, Edward D. Newman, 160 Broadway....$100

163D ST, s s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x112.6; William C. Ball to Hy. B. Culver, 264 West 57th St, or 27 Cedar St, (mtg $50,000,) Nov. 6....$100

171ST ST, 557 and 559 West, n s, 75x95; Placid Realty Co. to James Shamy, 416 West 147th St, (mtg $72,500,) Nov. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

COLLEGE AV, e s, 109.10 ft s of 170th St, 100x100; S. Howard Cohen, referee, to Wilhelmina C. Popek, 207 West 106th St, (mtg $4,500,) Nov. 7; attorneys, Marsh & W., 42 Broadway....$4,400

COLLEGE AV, s e corner of 170th St, 109.10x50; Karl S. Deitz, referee, to Wilhelmina C. Popek, 207 West 106th St, Nov. 11, (mtg $2,500;) attorneys same....$3,700

CRUGER AV, w s, 175 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x95; Gregor Wind to George J. Wind, 1,729 Cruger Av, Nov. 11, (mtg $5,400;) attorney, Arthur J. Henning, 154 Nassau St....$100

DAWSON ST, 789, w s, 25x100; Jennie Muller to Many Fred, 789 Dawson St, Nov. 4; attorney, E. H. Burger, 99 Nassau St....$1

DOON AV, w s, 250 ft n of Jefferson Av, 50x100; Nathan Albert to Theodore A. M. Hartung, 2,041 Washington Av, Nov. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,100

FINDLAY AV, w s, 209.10 ft s of 170th St, 75.6x100; James A. Foley, referee, to Wilhelmina C. Popek, 207 West 106th St, (mtg $3,600,) Nov. 8; attorneys, Marsh & W., 42 Broadway....$3,500

GRAND AV, w s, 93.3 ft s of Tremont Av, 35x75; William Trevor to Harry G. Rouse, 1,207 Park Av, Nov. 1, mtg $9,750; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

HEATH AV, e s, Lot 140, map of Maria Shrady, 170.3x53x156.8; also Lots 15 to 18, map of Benjamin Richardson; Progress Holding Co. to Rose Lopard, 883 Trinity Av, (mtg $7,000,) Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

HEWITT PLACE, w s, a strip 0.7 in front of Lot 222, map of Dater estate; Gabriel S. Kutz and others to John Higgins, 876 Macy Place, Nov. 9; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

HOLLAND AV, w s, 25 ft n of 214th St, 25x100; Eugene L. Brisach to Alice V. Conklin, 1,451 Munford Place, May 24; attorney, F. Gass, West Chester, N. Y....$1

McGRAW AV, n s, 100 ft w of Grove Av, 25x100; Antonio Martino to Frank Martino, 1,869 McGraw Av, Nov. 8; attorney, John H. Behrmann, 3,870 White Plains Av....$100

MURDOCK AV, e s, 475 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Carl A. Pechl to Matilda Nelson, 2,107 Mapes Av, Nov. 11; attorney, Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway....$100

OLD GUN HILL ROAD, w ½ of old road between e s of Tryon Av and n s of Reservoir Oval West; Charles Putzel, referee, to Isaac Moritz, 116 East 81st St, Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,125

PARK AV, n e corner of 189th St, 8.10x99.3x16.4x103.9; Patrick Nolan to Yale D. Benner, 2,777 Webster Av, (mtg $1,000,) Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Yale D. Brenner to John C. Welwood, 320 Central Park West, (mtg $3,000,) Nov. 11; same attorney....$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; also Park Av, e s, 8.10 ft n of 189th St, 103.10x137.7 to 3d Av, x62.9x irregular; John C. Welwood to Reville-Siesel Co., 1,555 Southern Boulevard, Nov. 11; same attorney....$100

PART of Lot 63, map of Morrisania; Elizabeth Schwarzler to John Camborghini, 928 East 174th St, Nov. 11, mtg $7,300; attorney, Edw. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St....$100

PLOT, begins 240 ft e of White Plains Road and 445 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Francis J. Healy to John J. Barrett, 935 Tilden St, Nov. 11, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,547 to 1,551, w s, 80x100; Reville-Siesel Co. to John C. Welwood, 320 Central Park West, mtg $69,500, Oct. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 88 ft s of 172d St, 12.9x —; 23d Ward Land Improvement Co. to Patrick J. Reville, 1,054 Trinity Av, Nov. 11; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St....$1

STEBBINS AV, 1,342 and 1,344, e s, 35x—; Gregor Wind to George J. Wind, 1,729 Cruger Av, Nov. 11, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, A. A. Henning, 154 Nassau St....$100

STEBBINS AV, e s, 266.9 ft n of Freeman St, 15x114.10; Gregor Wind to George J. Wind, 1,729 Cruger Av, Nov. 11, (prior mtg $2,000;) attorney, A. A. Henning, 154 Nassau St..$100

STEBBINS AV, e s, 238.9 ft s of 165th St, 25x80; interior strip, 128.8 ft n of Westchester Av, and 80 ft e of Stebbins Av, runs n 582.10 x e 70.8 x n 70.6 x e 10 x s 645.7 x w 80; City Real Estate Co. to George F. Johnson, Hanover, N. J., Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

TELLER AV, s w corner of 167th St, 425x100.1; Albert J. Schwarzler to O. J. Schwarzler Co., 1,100 Brook Av, Nov. 1, mtg $33,750; attorney, Edw. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St....$100

TILDEN AV, w s, 73.8 ft n of 216th St, 25x91.7; Rosina Maita to Salvatore Cascino and another, 1,299 Laconia Av, Oct. 29; attorney, Robert C. Burlando, Williamsbridge Square.$1

WEBSTER AV, s w corner of Irving Place, 27.7x —; Frank H. Richmond, referee, to Philip Livingston, 115 East 61st St, Oct. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$50

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Livingston to Rockledge Construction Co., 160 Broadway, Nov. 2; attorney, same....$1

135TH ST, 622 East, s s, 25x100; Jacob Cohen Construction Co. to Louis Epstein, 422 Brook Av, (mtg $13,500,) Nov. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

141ST ST, s s, 431.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; Second German Evangelical Lutheran St. Peter's Congregation in City of New York to Peter Fries and another, 374 East 141st St, Nov. 9; attorney, Forrest C. Hirleman, 391 East 149th St....$6,750

164TH ST, 804 East, 19x73.6; Louis Epstein to Jacob Cohen Construction Co., 1,898 Vyse Av., Nov. 11, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

167TH ST, n s, 75.1 ft w of Tiffany St, 60x —; Simon Machiz to Sophia Mayer, 60 West 95th St, Nov. 4, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Moritz Gruenstein, 230 Grand St....$100

186TH ST, 468 East, 20x100; Lillian B. Koepke to John Haacke, 1,210 Boynton Av, Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

223D ST, n s, 180.7 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x114.3; Mary Vaccaro to John De Andrea, 3,987 White Plains Road, Nov. 11, (mtg $11,000;) attorney, William A. Keating, 3,989 White Plains Road....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent, unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

3D AV, n w corner of 19th St, 46x55.10; Gramercy Freehold Co to John P. H. Rieper, 961 Gates Av, Brooklyn, May 8, prior mtg $60,000, due May 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.$5,000

7TH AV, s w corner of 58th St, 100.5x100; Paterno Construction Co to Realty Co of America, 2 Wall St, Nov. 11, prior mtg $415,000, due March 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$17,800

8TH AV, n w corner of 113th St, 25.11x100; Ensign Realty Co. to J. Romaine Brown, 340 Convent Av, Nov. 11, prior mtg, $35,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 105 West 40th St....$10,000

18TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 100x—; Monahan Express Co. Realty Dept. to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 6th Av, Nov. 12, due as per bond; attorney, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av....$275,000

54TH ST, n s, 287.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20.10x100.5; Leon R. Jillson to Mary M. Sherman, Bar Harbor, Me., Nov. 12, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$20,000

54TH ST, 156 West, 18.6x100.5; Charlena Lawry to Katherine Simmons, 248 Audubon Av, Nov. 11, prior mtg $20,000, 6 p. c., due Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, E. M. Bernstein, 299 Broadway....$5,000

79TH ST, s s, 259 ft e of Park Av, 16x102.2; David Berg to Fannie Cowen, 1,919 7th Av, Nov. 11, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$15,000

171ST ST, 557 and 559 West, 75x95; James Shaning to Placid Realty Co, 35 Nassau St, Nov. 11, prior mtg $65,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & Co., 35 Nassau St...$7,500

Bronx.

BLACKROCK AV, n s, 319.9 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 59.11x108; Anna T. Hoffmann to Ernest W. Keller, 909 Cauldwell Av, Nov. 1, prior mtg $9,750, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av....$2,000

BLACKROCK AV, n s, 279.9 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 39.11x108; Anna T. Hoffmann to Hermann Paul, 1,033 Prospect Av, Nov. 1, prior mtg $6,500, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$2,000

BOYNTON AV, 1,222, e s, 40x100; American Real Estate Co to Edward C. Schaefer and another, trustees, 7 East 88th St, Nov. 12, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$21,000

BOYNTON AV, 1,218, e s, 40x100; same to same, Nov. 12, 5 years; attorney, same.$21,000

CARROLL ST, n s, adjoining land of Robert Vail, runs n 110x w 50x s 110x e 50, City Island; Stephen Collins to Anna Vollers, 509 East 63d St, Nov. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester, N. Y..$1,000

CASTLE HILL AV, w s, 83 ft s of 13th St, 25x100; Anna E. Amend to Louise M. Ammon, 134 West 97th St, Nov. 6, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

HEATH AV, e s, Lot 140, map of Maria Shrady, 170.3x—; also, Lots 15 to 18, map of Benjamin Richardson; Rose Lopard to Progress Holding Co., 31 Nassau St, Oct. 31, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$500

HOLLAND AV, w s, 25 ft n of 214th St, 25x100; Alice V. Conklin to Julia L. Strauss, 515 Van Buren St, Brooklyn, 3 years, 6 p. c., Nov. 12; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester....$1,000

JEROME AV, w s, 162.7 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 100x114.1; Magda Operating Co. to Harry B. Davis, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., demand 6 p. c., Sept. 27; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway....$3,500

LAFAYETTE ST, w s, Plots 3 and 4, map of Unionport; Rosa Camavaccinio to Albert J. Rosini, 211 East 120th St, Nov. 11, due Jan. 15, 1915, 6 p. c., attorney, Haskel O. Renthal, 309 Broadway....$2,000

LOTS 84 to 87 and 119, revised map of Seneca Park; M. Kempf Realty Co. to Harley Thornton, Elizabeth, N. J., Oct. 21, due, &c., as per bonds; attorneys, Aronson & S., 34 Pine St....$431

McGRAW AV, n s, 100 ft w of Grove Av, 25x100; Frank Martino and another to Antonio Martino, 1,869 McGraw Av, 5 years, Nov. 8; attorney, John H. Behrmann, 3,870 White Plains Av....$700

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 50 ft w of Victor St, 25x95; Anton Landgrebe to William F. Landgrebe, 300 East 151st St, Nov. 9, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,800

PARK AV, n e corner of 189th St, 8.10x—; Yale D. Benner to Patrick Nolan, Fordham Road, near Westchester Av, due as per bond, Nov. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

PART LOT 63, map of Morrisania; John Lamborghini to Elizabeth Schwarzler, 1,332 Washington Av, Nov. 11, due July 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St.$3,800

PLOT, begins 240 ft e of White Plains Road and 445 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; John J. Barrett to Francis J. Healy, 1,846 Cruger Av, Nov. 11, (prior mtg $3,500,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurandce and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,300

SOUTH one-half of Lot 23, map of Bowne property, 25x—; Baisley & Watson, Inc., to Isaac Butler, 2,433 Westchester Av, Aug. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. Gass, 2,215 Westchester Av....$1,200

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n e corner of 134th St, 107.7x—; Myra Moffat to Henry Luigelbach and another, 736 East 156th St, Nov. 8, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Adams & H., 1 Liberty St....$3,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 275 ft n of 172d St, 80x100; John C. Welwood to Reville-Siesel Co., 1,555 Southern Boulevard, Oct. 31, (two mtgs, each $4,750; two prior mtgs, $30,000 each,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Fleischman & F., 32 Liberty St....$9,500

ST. ANN'S AV, s w corner of 147th St, 25x99.4; Augusta S. Knecht to Winnie Realty & Construction Co., 939 Intervale Av, Nov. 1, prior mtg $31,300, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 309 Broadway....$1,162

STEBBINS AV, e s, 238.9 ft s of 165th St, 25x80; also plot, begins 128.8 ft n of Westchester Av and 80 ft e of Stebbins Av, 80x irregular; George F. Johnson to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 11, 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$17,500

TRINITY AV, e s, 381.3 ft s of 156th St, 18.9x78.6x18.9x79.4; Bridget McMahon to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Nov. 11, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

VIRGINIA AV, e s, 79 ft s of Watson Av, 25.3x103.6; Elise Bentz to John Fippinger, Bronxdale Av and Hunt Av, Oct. 36, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester, N. Y....$3,200

VIRGINIA AV, e s, 53.9 ft s of Watson Av, 25.3x107.3; Elise Bentz to Charles Funck, 2,947 Bainbridge Av, Oct. 26, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, F. Gass, Westchester, N. Y....$3,200

VIRGINIA AV, e s, 53.9 ft s of Watson Av, 25.3x99.6; Elise Bentz to Alice V. Conklin, 1,451 Minford Place, Oct. 26, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, F. Gass, Westchester, N. Y....$3,200

3D AV, 3,752, e s, 25x100; Charles N. Mazza to Annie Goldstein, 538 Wendover Av, Nov. 9, prior mtg $8,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Abraham Mann, 30 Church St....$4,700

133D ST, s s, 229 ft w of Willow Av, 16.8x100; Anna Fath to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, Nov. 7, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Levison, 258 East 138th St....$400

141ST ST, s s, 431.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; Peter Fries and another to Henry Meyer, 1,000 Woodycrest Av, (prior mtg $5,000,) 1 year, 6 p. c., Nov. 8; attorney, F. C. Hirleman, 391 East 149th St....$500

141ST ST, s s, 431.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; Peter Fries and another to Henry Buchman, 374 East 141st St, Nov. 9, 5 years; attorney, F. C. Hirleman, 391 East 149th St....$5,000

183D ST, s s, 100.6 ft w of Creston Av, 50x100; Margaret Feehan and others to Emilie J. Murray, 220 West 120th St, prior mtg $2,000, Nov. 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AUDUBON PLACE, s e corner of 158th St, runs s e 199.10x s w x n —, all; Earl D. Wright to Wright's Garage, Inc., Audubon Place and 158th St, 3 years from Oct. 16, 1912; attorney, Theodore K. McCarthy, 43 Exchange Place....$6,500

CROTONA PLACE, w s, 284.9 ft s of 171st St, 25x100; Charles N. Mazza to Simon Barasch et al., 3,752 3d Av, 5 years from completion of building; attorney, Abr. Mann, 30 Church St....$2,000

GRAND ST, 147, store; Jacob Franz to Thomas Licata, 5 Spring St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1912; address, 147 Grand St....$750

HOLLAND AV, 1,671, all; Jacob Ruppert Corporation to Giovanni Amendolari, 1,671 Holland Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1912; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St....$1,500

LENOX AV, 586-570, n store, &c.; Aaron Coleman and another to Max Granitz, 118 West 137th St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1912; attorneys, Kremer & S., 100 Broadway....$1,600

3D AV, 3,821, store floor; Adam Schaefer to David K. Webster, 3,827 3d Av, 10 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, S. Fine, 309 Broadway....$1,680

11TH AV, 602, store, &c.; Michael F. Conway to Stanko Zonich, 602 11th Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1912; attorney, L. A. Mason, 320 Broadway....$420

32D ST, 34 and 36 East, Hotel St. Louis; Harry Wehmer to William R. McClellan, 793 East 14th St, Brooklyn, 4 years and 11 months from Nov. 1, 1912; attorneys, Conrad & Milliken, 140 Nassau St....$16,000

107TH ST, n s, 343 ft e of 1st Av, 50x100.11, the land; Richard H. Handley to Charles Bergenfeld, 91 Eldridge St, 2 years and 6 months from Oct. 14, 1912; attorney, F. F. Bergenfeld, 299 Broadway....$800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

PARK PLACE, n e corner of West Broadway, 75x75; Star Fireproof Door and Sash Co., Inc., against M. B. Brown Printing and Binding Co., owner; Tucker & Vinton and Isaac A. Hopper, contractors....$260

TIMPSON PLACE, 440; Charles S. Van Nostrand against Marie W. Boyl, owner and contractor....$29

ZEREGA AV, w s, 329 ft s of Castle Hill Av, 50x100; Alexander Obright against Ike Melink, owner and contractor....$72

ZEREGA AV, w s, 329 ft s of Castle Hill Av, 50x100; Standard Plumbing Co. against Ike Melnik, owner; Robert Jackson, contractor....$535

5TH AV, n w corner of 110th St; William Camph against Edward Friedman, owner; Lowe's Fifth Avenue Amusement Co., contractor....$224

36TH ST, 67 West; Evans Bros., Inc., against Stephen Hayes Estate, owner; Kelly & Smith, contractors....$77

42D ST, n s, 125 ft w of 6th Av, 25x100.5; Joseph L. Mayer against Nellie B. Drake and J. E. Riggs, owners; Henry A. Griffith, contractor....$136

46TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.5; West Side Mason Contracting Co. against Charlotte A. Mount, owner; White Rats Realty Co., lessee; Cramp & Co., contractor....$11,430

127TH ST, 619 West; American Luxfer Prism Co. against Faultless Construction Co., owner and contractor....$100

215TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Paulding Av, 50x65; Gersmann & Lezner, Inc., against Rosario La Bue, owner and contractor....$600

222D ST, n s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x88.7; Alexander Obright against William Ringelstein, owner and contractor....$88

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, e s, whole front between 165th and 166th Sts; Patrick Reddy against Broadway and 165th Street Realty Co. et al., Sept. 6, 1912, (by bond)....$9,707

52D ST, 7 West; Laura Roofing Co. against John Doe et al., Nov. 11, 1912, (by deposit)....$77

65TH ST, 34 to 40 West; Daniel J. Skelton against Midwest Realty Co. et al., Nov. 9, 1912, (by bond)....$60

78TH ST, 311 West; same against same, Nov. 11, 1912, (by deposit)....$50

111TH ST, s s, 550 ft e of Lenox Av; Levin Contracting Co. against Samuel Roseff et al., May 11, 1912, (by bond)....$84

177TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av; Philip Goldwasser against McAfee Building Co. et al., Sept. 28, 1912, (by deposit)....$74

LIS PENDENS.

BRACKEN AV, w s, 100 ft n of Randall Av, 25x100; Henry McCaddin against Neden Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. E. Slevin.

CROTONA AV, n w corner of 176th St, 41x109.2; Frank M. Escalona against Nulaw Realty and Construction Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Wendel, Jr.

117TH ST, 125 West; Joseph A. Flannery against Florence Magonigle et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. Trapnell.

150TH ST, 231 to 237 East, two actions; Simon M. Goldsmith against Marrazzi Construction Co. et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, L. B. Williams.

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Cash Investment	$500 per lot	Cash Investment	$350 per lot
Add Fees	?	Fees	None
Add Assessments	?	Assessments	Paid
Add Cost of Improvements	?	Improvements	Made
Add Chances	?	Chances	None
TOTAL	Open Question	TOTAL	Assured Profit

I offer at PRIVATE SALE eight lots only ONE minute's walk to Broadway Subway Station.

Only $2500 cash necessary.

Fronting two avenues. All improvements made and assessments paid.

'Phone, Write or See A. N. GITTERMAN, Marble Hill or Singer Bldg.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

In Beautiful Flatbush
The handsomest easy housekeeping homes in Brooklyn. Clarkson St., between Flatbush and Bedford Avs.; Flatbush Av. cars half block away; Brighton Beach L two blocks; 2-story and cellar, stone, bay front; 9 rooms, bath; hardwood trim, oak flooring; hot-water heat; fireplace.
Representative at property day and evening.
$1,000 cash, balance $55 monthly.
Covering Principal and Interest.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

A HOMELIKE HOME.
Near Crescent Club and Shore Drive on forty feet, overlooking the water; big trees; select neighborhood; hardwood trim, parquet floors; steam heat; large sunny rooms; wide porch; open fireplace; stucco; room for garage; five minutes new Fourth Avenue Subway. Healthiest section in Greater New York. Price $10,000, Executors Realty Co., 150 Nassau St., Manhattan terms to suit.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

900 FT. ELEVATION
40 MILE VIEW
In North Ridgefield, near Westchester and Northern new line to New York.
This 190-acre, self-carrying property will be sacrificed. Cannot be held until Spring.
Excellent site for Gentleman's Residence, Sanitarium, School, or investment.
W. T. GILBERT, Box 514, New York

Main Street, Tuckahoe.
THE COMING 125TH ST.
Property bought now will yield very large profits. One fine business block now for sale showing big returns on investment has great future. Vacant Main St. property at a bargain.
Modern Homes from $4,000 up on easy terms. Twenty minutes from Harlem, 30 from Grand Central. Write or call
WATSON & BANCKER,
Depot Square, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

A country home and gentleman's chicken farm; 8 acres, orchard, old shade trees; modern dwelling, 14 rooms, 3 baths; stable, spacious chicken houses, runs, brooder houses; high elevation; excellent neighborhood; hour out; station 1 mile.
FOX REALTY COMPANY, 12 East 42d St.

AT A SACRIFICE.
100-acre farm; high elevation; mostly all under cultivation; large fruit orchard; springs, stream and wells; large frame dwelling, 2 barns, and other outbuildings. Estate must sell.
FOX REALTY COMPANY, 12 East 42d St.

Throughout Westchester County
Country Homes; Acreage; Appraisals.
EDWARD M. WEST INC.
331 Madison Avenue, Cor. 43d St. Depot Square, Murray Hill 4430—Phones—413 White Plains.

Kenneth Ives & Co. Hudson River, Westchester. 7 E. 42

Mount Vernon.

Sale or Rent.—My house at Park Hill; twelve rooms, three baths. Irvin Cobb.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle.—House, 14 rooms, 2 baths, large plot, garage, choice location, tennis court; rent, $70. Howell Price, 53 Lawton St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

For A High Class Gentleman's Estate Overlooking the Hudson!
I offer the choicest acreage parcel in suburban territory, 25 miles out by train or motor, a magnificent river view and an environment of highest class. Its features and price are exceptional. Write,
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE.—75-acre farm; smooth, fertile land; large, old-fashioned house in good condition, and good barns; situated among the Litchfield Hills, 1½ miles from Litchfield Village and station; 3 miles from Bantam Lake; fine maple shade, and a very pleasant place. Maurice Minor, Terryville, Conn.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Big Profits Are Assured You on a Southeastern farm. Land $10 an acre up—easy terms—yielding $50 to $200 an acre annually. Best social and school privileges. The Southern Railway Lines will supply all facts, land lists, and subscription to "Southern Field," free. M. V. RICHARDS, Land and Ind. Agt., Room 219, Washington, D. C.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT PORT WASHINGTON
150 FEET ABOVE THE SOUND
$4,600.—Bernard St., Cottage, 8 rooms, bath, all improvements, $500 cash, balance to suit.
$6,200.—Park Avenue, California Bungalow, 8 rooms, bath, tile roof, wide piazza, hot water heat, open fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood trim, solarium $500 cash; $45 monthly.
$21,000.—Highland Avenue, English Colonial residence, 14 rooms, bath, veranda on three sides, hot water heat, open fireplaces, acre of ground, shade trees, shrubbery, lawns, garage. Worth $28,000. Terms to suit.
Above three properties convenient to trolley, trains, (30 min. to N. Y. C.,) and yacht clubs. For photos, floor plans, address Mr. Frind, 1,328 Broadway. Phone 2060 Greeley.

AT HUNTINGTON
Three acres of very high ground overlooking water and short distance from station. This is one of the prettiest locations in this section, good for all-year-round or Summer home. Price $1,500 per acre.
SHIELDS COMPANY
286 Fifth Ave. Phone 7950 Mad. Square

LIVE AT NEPONSIT.
A delightful all-year-round home, between ocean and bay. Bungalows and cottages ready for occupancy. Payment like rent. Write for booklet.
NEPONSIT REALTY CO.,
1 West 34th St., New York.

HOUSE SACRIFICE
Sell or rent beautiful home one block from station or trolley, in restricted residence park; 27 minutes from 33d St., N. Y.; large plot; every improvement. Call, 'phone, or write, BUDLONG, Room 403, 334 5th Av. 'PHONE 3425 MD. SQ.

ACREAGE PRICE.
A corner of 14 lots, very high; magnificent view of surrounding country. Property having all improvements. Near railroad station; easy commuting distance Pennsylvania Station and Brooklyn. G 1 Times Uptown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY
SALE OR RENT
Orange, N. J.
Highland Station of D., L. & W.
90 trains a day and 30 minutes to New York. Trolley and Railroad Adjoining Property.
Modern 4-Story Brick (Mill Constructed) Building, 50x115.
Ample Ground Room; Exceptionally Clean; Perfect Condition.
New Separate Power Plant Generating Up to 300 H. P.
Shafting Throughout Building.
All improvements for up-to-date high-grade manufacturer.
This plant will be enlarged at any time to meet the demands of tenant's growing business.
BAKER & GROVER
Firemen's Building,
Tel., Market—5783.
NEWARK, N. J.
BROKERS PROTECTED.

$5,500 Easy Terms, 8-Room
House, all improvements, steam heat, &c.; half acre ground; near express station on main line D., L. & W. R. R.; only 55 minutes from Broadway. Great Bargain. Will send photo and floor plans.
Address OWNER,
P. O. Box 391, N. Y. C.

Beautiful corner plot, 115x200; fine shade and views; including 12-room house, all improvements; open fires, hot water heat; garage; convenient to station, in best residence section; will be sold at sacrifice. Consult Hotchkiss-Jobs Realty Company, agents, N. Y. and Summit, N. J.

CALIFORNIA BUNGALOWS, $2,500.
SOUTH ORANGE.
Six rooms, bath, heat; beautiful location; 35 minutes Lackawanna; cash, $500; balance, $20 monthly. Owner, Room 459, 5th Av. Building, 23d St.

Fanwood plots, with forest trees; very close to depot, &c.; high land; sold cheap; we will build your house on your plans, or we will furnish plans and commence the transaction; let us send you some of our pictures. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

30 acres, all tillable, on Lackawanna, hour out; modern 14-room house, outbuildings; brook; high altitude; fine views; near station; sacrifice to quick purchaser. Address Howard, Box 232 Summit, N. J.

Sale.—Factory buildings with power, about 50,000 square feet floor space; railroad siding. Duche Greaves Licorice Co., West Side Av., Jersey City.

ON PAYMENTS same as rent, seven-room house, modern improvements, 35 minutes out, large plot; price $3,700; no objection to chickens. C H 61 Times.

Farms, every description, everywhere; direct from owners; free illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Lawyers —
The
Times Building,
Times Square,
Offers the Best Space
For Offices.
In the centre of Manhattan,
Within a few minutes of all
Courts.
See the Renting Agent
Room 406.

—FOR RENT—
Excellent room for broker's office, in 600-room hotel, with outside entrance and windows. Located at 72d Street and Central Park West in high-class residential district. Reasonable rent.
APPLY
LOREN R. JOHNSTON,
2 W. 72d St., N. Y. City.

One loft, No. 141 West 20th St., fifth floor, for rent; steam heat; elevator service. C. F. Duryea, 107 Lafayette St., city.

Deskroom to let in Flatiron building. Ask starter.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
No. 29 Union Square
Southwest Cor. 16th St.
5 Story Loft Building
32' 6" x 141' 10"
To this desirable corner property will be added, if desired, choice north shore front property on Long Island Sound of about 14 acres, with 450 feet of sandy beach, only 20 miles by automobile from town. For terms and particulars apply to
CROSS & BROWN CO.
Temporary offices,
22 West 38th Street.

Six-story elevator apartment, vicinity Broadway and 120th St.; excellent condition; subject to one mortgage; big bargain; owner must sacrifice. E. Simon, 280 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Exchange fine Jersey farm for vacant or improved Jersey property; farm is near Metuchen; worth $15,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TENEMENT AND FLAT OWNERS

By leasing your property or entrusting same to our care your annoyance ceases, your income increases; 20 years' experience.
G. TUOTI & CO.,
1133 Broadway.

Business man wants a home in Long Island, within 15 miles from Herald Square; tastefully built cottage or a semi-bungalow, eight to ten rooms, bath, electricity; garage; not less than one-quarter acre grounds; near railroad station; good elevation; no frame house considered; will pay $500 to $1,000 cash, balance monthly payments, $50 to $60; write full particulars or answer not considered; if possible, inclose photos and ground plans. T 45 Times.

Wanted—One or more apartment houses in the Bronx to take on lease for three or five years. L. Abraham, 350 East 166th St.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

FOURTEEN EAST SIXTIETH ST.
A Quiet, Luxurious Residential Hotel, Affording the Exclusiveness and Elegance of a Private Residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the 5th Av. Entrance to Central Park. Apartments, Single or en Suite, rented furnished or unfurnished, for long or short periods.
EAGER & BABCOCK.

125-137 East 72d Street
between Park and Lexington Aves.
Newly decorated, very attractive furnished apartments, from 2 to 8 light rooms and bath. Also unfurnished apartments. Special rates during November and December. Excellent cuisine.

PRINCE GEORGE HOTEL
27th and 28th Sts.
Between Fifth and Madison Avs.
Apartments handsomely furnished, with bath and shower, facing Madison Square.
Special rates to permanent guests for the Winter.
Now open for inspection.
GEORGE H. NEWTON, Mgr.,
formerly of Fifth Avenue Hotel.

HOTEL SEVILLE
S. W. Cor. Madison Av. and 29th St., offers a few desirable suites of parlor, bedroom and bath, at very attractive prices by the season or year.
EDWARD PURCHAS, Manager.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Handsomely furnished
8 Rooms to Sublet
six months or longer in the High Class Apartment House,
THE SONOMA
55TH ST. & BROADWAY.
SEE SUPERINTENDENT.

PASSAVANT
BUILDING
440 Fourth Ave.
S. W. Cor. 30th St.
16 Story, 9,350 Sq. Ft. Area.
Ready for Occupancy Dec. 1, 1912
Lofts--Offices--Showrooms
Store & Four Floors rented to
PASSAVANT & CO.

Exceptional shipping facilities	Lowest insurance rates
Superb north light	Automatic sprinklers

7 ELEVATORS EQUIPPED WITH LATEST SIGNAL DEVICES.
MOORE & WYCKOFF,
AGENTS
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
'Phone, 1263 Bryant.
Full Commission Paid to Brokers.

TO LEASE.
N.W. Cor. Broadway & 34th St.
5TH FLOOR.
CHEAPEST RENT IN THE CITY.
BUSIEST CORNER IN THE WORLD.
Suitable for ladies' wear, sample millinery, or any desirable advertising space.
DAVID P. LEAHY REALTY CO.,
Northwest cor. 34th St. and B'way.

SUB-LETTING BARGAIN.
Owing to removal of offices to another city, a corporation will sub-let for unexpired portion of its lease its excellently lighted offices. 2,100 sq. ft. 10th floor, 3 W. 29th St. Unusually attractive terms. P. A. Eckes, on premises.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.
Will sublease my handsome, large, light office, size about 24x22, in strictly up-to-date building, uptown, near 5th Av.,
AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.
R 286 Times Downtown.

892 BROADWAY.
FIRST AND SIXTH LOFTS TO LET with L on 19th St. for shipping; steam heat, electric lights, and elevators; rent moderate; possession Feb. 1 or sooner. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

913 BROADWAY
five story and basement, 25x110; centre of new wholesale lace district; steam heat, electric light, elevator; rent low, CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

STUDIO
Will rent reasonable to responsible photographer an up-to-date STUDIO. Apply Wm. Oppenheim, 773 Westchester Av.

Desk space for manufacturer's agent or reliable party reasonable by month; stenographer, telephone. Room 508, 24 East 21st St., near Broadway.

Jersey City.

For Rent—A five-story brick, iron-front corner building, 50x90, at 37-39 Newark Av., Jersey City's principal business thoroughfare; very desirable for men's clothing or dry goods business; moderate rent. Apply to P. H. Hanley, 41-43 Newark Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

340 WEST 72D ST.
FACING RIVERSIDE DRIVE
An Apartment of 11 all outside rooms and four baths.
Only One Apartment on Each Floor.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
234 W. 21st St.
HUNTINGTON.
All improvements; elevator service;
Apartments 4, 5, and 6 rooms;
$540-$720.
Apply on premises, or
CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

BOWNETTE 11 WEST 81ST ST.
Facing Manhattan Sq. P'k. Overlooking Central P'k.
Each Apartment Occupies an Entire Floor.
Eleventh Floor for Rent.
11 ROOMS, 3 BATHS. All Outside Rooms.
Be sure to see the above before leasing elsewhere.
A. P. Coburn, Agt., 11 W. 81st St., Tel. 9832 Schuyler

27TH ST. NO. 361 WEST. THE ALBEMARLE.
Will rent my $45 apartment, 5 rooms and bath, for balance of lease at a concession; elevator, heat, hall service. Holland.

Small apartment, suitable for doctor; 5 large rooms and 2 baths; ground flloor. 498 West End Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE **Prásáda**
50 Central Park West
(CORNER 65TH ST.)
12-STORY
Modern Fireproof Building.
Every apartment in the Prásáda enjoys an extended view of Central Park. Modern in every respect, the Prásáda is equipped with two high speed electric elevators, for day and night service; separate refrigeration, mail chutes, filtered water, &c., &c. In short, every conceivable improvement for the comfort and convenience of its tenants.
Arranged in Suites of
8-9-10 ROOMS
2 and 3 Baths.
Rentals $2,000 to $3,800.
Apply to the
Resident Manager or
Pease & Elliman Agents,
165 W. 72d St. Tel. 8300 Col.

Ardsley Hall
S. W. Cor. 92d St. and
Central Park West
Modern Fireproof Apartments
6 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,200 up
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,400
Electric Light & Refrigeration
Passenger & Service Elevator
Resident Manager or
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
165 WEST 72d ST.
TELEPHONE, 8300—COLUMBUS.

BERKELEY ARMS
326-330 West 95th St.
High class elevator apartments.
5-6-7 Rooms.
Subway express station.
Rents $50 to $75.
Special Concessions.
Superintendent on premises.
Telephone 4174 Riverside.

Morris Hall
Cathedral Parkway
(110TH STREET,)
N W Cor Amsterdam Ave
Fireproof Building.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rents $1,100 to $1,800.
Best Value for the Money.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents.
165 West 72d St. Tel. 8300 Col.

Central Park West, Cor. 109th St.
HARTLEY HALL.
8-room corner suite, $1,200; every room outside; 6-room suite, facing Central Park, $840; 7-room suite, facing Central Park, $840-$900. Consult with the owners.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

RESTAURANT OPTIONAL
5 Rooms - $50 to $60
6 Rooms - $60 to $65
7 Rooms - $80 to $85
MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS
40 Morningside Park East
North Cor. W. 118th St.
H. C. Coleman on Premises.

Beautiful University Heights
DEVOE
6 & 7 ROOM APARTMENTS, $44 to $50
UNLIKE ANYTHING IN NEW YORK.
PERMANENT PARK FRONT & REAR
CAN'T BE DESCRIBED HERE.
MUST BE SEEN.
CITY AND SUBURBS COMBINED.
2418-22 Aqueduct Ave. Short ride, 181st-207th. B'way Subway Station.
The Gaines Roberts Co., Tel. 4977 Tremont

610 WEST 136TH ST.
3-7 Room Apts., $43-$46-$49
615 WEST 136TH ST.
1-6 Room Apartment, $47
2-7 Room Apt., $43 and $48
619 WEST 136TH ST.
1-6 Room Apartment, $48
1-7 Room Apartment, $50
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
ONE BLOCK FROM SUBWAY.
Ranald H. Macdonald & Co.
29 WEST 34TH ST.

Large Rooms; Delightful Location.
Corner St. Nicholas Av., 355 West 145th St.
The Westminster.
Examine the seven-room suite, $55.
The panelled hall in white is attractive.
—Management of owners.—

THE DALHOUSIE,
40 West 59th St.—Fine apartment, facing Central Park, near Fifth Ave., eight rooms and three baths. Apply Superintendent. Telephone 500 Plaza.

104TH ST., 244 WEST.
8 large, light, newly decorated rooms, elevator house, near Subway, elevated; $85 to $100.

BRONX.

TREMONT AV.
AND
Grand Boulevard and Concourse
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS TO LEASE.
2 families on floor, running through from front to rear; 5 and 6 rooms; all up-to-date improvements; highest, dryest, and finest residential section of the Bronx. Rents reasonable.
NEW BUILDING.

BROOKLYN.

ST. JAMES PL., NR. FULTON ST.
6 and 7 room modern apartments, $42.
Send for Booklet. Golden Realty Co., Owners.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Non-Housekeeping Apartments,
Most Attractive House in New York.
507 Madison Avenue
Southeast Corner 53rd Street.
Convenient to theatres, clubs, hotels, and shopping centres; 1, 2, 3 and 4 large, airy outside rooms, with bath, modern in detail. Day and night elevator attendance. Vacuum cleaning system, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room. Special restaurant feature, so that if desired meals may be served in the apartments.
Rents from $600 to $1,320
Agent always on premises.
'Phone Plaza 6070.

"LA CASA BLANCA"
55 East 76th St.
Between Park and Madison Aves.
High class elevator apartments.
6-7-8 Rooms.
Rents $1,000 to $1,400.
Special Concessions.
White enamel woodwork, parquet floors.
Superintendent on Premises.
Telephone 1690 Lenox.

MASON HOUSE,
6 to 12 East 58th St.
ONLY ONE APARTMENT LEFT
10 Rooms and Bath
Newly Decorated. All Modern Improvements. Elevator Service for Maids.
Rent Low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,
141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City
High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 480 Park Av.
6-7 rooms and 2 baths..........$1,100 to $1,500
All-night elevator, standard service.
Broadway, REMCO 98th Street.

500 MADISON AVE., COR. 52D ST.
The Berkshire
Elegant duplex apartment of 10 large rooms and 3 bath rooms on first floor. Also a second floor apartment of 11 rooms, southerly and southeasterly exposure throughout. Telephone J. H. MORAN. 1026 Plaza.

THE KNICKERBOCKER,
247 5th Av.
One Desirable
Housekeeping Apartment

A—THE PALACIO—A
Northwest corner Park Av. and 65th Street; handsome eight-room suite, all outside rooms; modern in all appointments; $2,000. Superintendent.

27TH, 43 EAST Housekeeping Apartments.
Six unusually large, light, desirable rooms; modern, high-class, fireproof, elevator; $1,200.

27th, 39 E. 2 large rooms, kitchen, bath; maid service; high class; elevator. $750.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOCKE & SMITH CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Nov. 19, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 355 West 36th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of plumbing, gas, and steamfitting supplies and materials, office fixtures, safe, typewriter, etc., and also the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises, consisting of basement, main and mezzanine floors and first loft. For any information regarding the terms of the case see the Attorney for the Receiver. Property may be inspected at any time before the sale.
JAMES F. CONRAN, Receiver.
HENRY A. BLUMENTHAL, Attorney for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL E. FALLOT and GEORGETTE FALLOT, doing business as FRENCH EMBROIDERY WORKS, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells, this day, Wednesday, Nov. 13, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 64 W. 9th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of braids, beads, tinsels, embroideries, stock, and fixtures.
ALBERT H. BERNSTEIN, Receiver, 111 Mercer St., N. Y.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. WIENER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 13th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 121 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of coats and suits, woolen, piece goods, machinery, tables, racks, office partitions, desk, safe, &c.
HAROLD S. DEMING, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL E. DAVIDSON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 20th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, dresses, &c. Inspection on Nov. 18 and 19th from 10:30 A. M. to 4 P. M.
HARRY WEINBERGER, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WOLF SEIFERT, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 20th, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 40 E. 10th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, scarfs, muffs, machines, safe, &c.
BERNARD J. McCORRY, Receiver.
WALTER T. KOHN, Attorney for Receiver, 809 Broadway, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WIELANDT, OSCAR A.—THE PEOPLE OF the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to HEDWIG ANNA BENZ, Ernestine Yerg, Elsie Wielandt, Hedwig Wielandt, Mathilda Wielandt, Ernestine Wielandt, Ferdinand Wielandt, George W. Wielandt, Paul Wielandt, Julius Wielandt, Oscar Mork, the heirs and next of kin of OSCAR A. WIELANDT, also known as OSCAR WIELANDT, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas Simon J. Stroh of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Oscar A. Wielandt, also known as Oscar Wielandt, late of the County of New York, deceased; therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 30th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.
[L. S.] Witness, Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 1st day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County.

COUNTRY LIFE WITHIN A HALF HOUR OF THE GRAND CENTRAL

COUNTRY
RECREATION
CITY
COMFORT

HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK, BRONXVILLE, N. Y. Open All the Year.
A metropolitan hotel in the midst of the hills and woods of Westchester County, offering either quiet rest or every outdoor sport. Automobiling, riding, driving, beautiful walks, golf, tennis, dancing and music. Noted for the excellence of its table—milk, eggs and poultry fresh daily from our own farms. An ideal Winter Home for the New York business man. Send for illustrated booklet and full information.
HOTEL GRAMATAN, INC., Proprietors

NEW YORK—Long Island.

The Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York City—
Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, L. I.
Special Winter Rates
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. Enlarged and Improved—Capacity doubled this year. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Every outdoor and indoor amusement. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service, 35 minutes.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates.
J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Announcement!

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Owing to the rapid growth of our
Fall and Winter Season
both houses will remain open this year instead of one closing as heretofore; and during
November and December
the most delightful months of the year, in which occurs Thanksgiving Day,
Atlantic's Fall Easter,
no charge is made for private bath rooms. White service in both American plan and a la carte dining rooms. Exquisite music. Theatres and other amusements, Rolling Chairs, Golf, South Jersey's famous motor roads. Ownership management.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

NEW HOTEL MERION
Homelike hotel of high class at popular tariff Newly built brick at Vermont Ave., near Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
MACK LATZ & CO.

Referees' Notices

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against LOUIS SILVERMAN and others, Defendants.

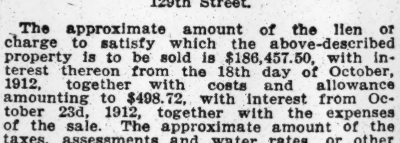
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 23d day of October, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of November, 1912, at 12 o'clock, noon, on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Fifth Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, running thence northerly along said westerly side of Fifth Avenue ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the middle line of the block; thence westerly along said middle line of the block and parallel with One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street one hundred and ten feet; thence southerly and parallel with said westerly side of Fifth Avenue ninety-nine feet eleven inches to the said northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, and thence easterly along said northerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street one hundred and ten feet to the point or place of beginning, be said several dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, October 28th, 1912.
BERNARD M. L. ERNST, Referee.
B. AYMAR SANDS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Numbers are 2,100-2,106 Fifth Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $186,457.50, with interest thereon from the 18th day of October, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $498.72, with interest from October 23d, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $5,150.67 and interest.

Said premises will be sold subject to rights of tenants under leases made by the receiver in the above-entitled action, and to any state of facts which an accurate survey would show, and to covenants against nuisances contained in deed recorded in New York County Register's office in Liber 256 of Conveyances, at Page 432.

Dated New York, October 28th, 1912.
BERNARD M. L. ERNST, Referee.

Bankruptcy Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PAUL BLUMBERG and LOUIS BLUMBERG, individually and as copartners, trading as BLUMBERG BROTHERS, Bankrupts.—No. 17,092.

To the creditors of Paul Blumberg and Louis Blumberg, individually and as copartners trading as Blumberg Brothers, of the City, County and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1912, the said Paul Blumberg and Louis Blumberg were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 25th day of November, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated November 12th, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,927.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROSA ZINDEL, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Rosa Zindel of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Rosa Zindel was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of November, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 12, 1912.

BERMUDA.

Hamilton Hotel BERMUDA
Reopens December 9, 1912,
for the Winter season,
after having been renovated and improved.
New York Office, 389 5th Ave.
Management of Wm. A. BARRON.
Also Summer Resort,
Crawford House,
Crawford Notch, N. H.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against GEORGE H. JOHNSTON and others, defendants.—Action No. 2.

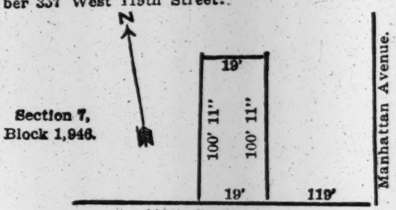
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 25th day of October, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of November, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street distant westerly one hundred and nineteen feet from the northwesterly corner of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street and Manhattan Avenue; running thence northerly parallel with Manhattan Avenue, part of the way through a party wall, one hundred feet and eleven inches; thence westerly parallel with One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, nineteen feet; thence southerly again parallel with Manhattan Avenue, part of the way through another party wall, one hundred feet and eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street nineteen feet to the point or place of beginning; said land lying in Section 7, Block 1,946, on the Land Map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, October 29th, 1912.
EDWARD R. FINCH, Referee.
DULON & ROE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, which is known by the street Number 337 West 119th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $10,873.34, with interest thereon from the 17th day of October, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $421.30, with interest thereon from October 25th, 1912, $55 for services of the guardian ad litem, and the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $376.13 and interest.

Dated New York, October 29th, 1912.
EDWARD R. FINCH, Referee.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

BERLITZ SCHOOL
ALL LANGUAGES
Superior native teachers.
Terms Reasonable.
Trial lesson free.
The Best Method.
Day and Evening Sessions.
At School or Residence.
Classes and Private Lessons.
Madison Square (1122 Broadway)
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., nr. 127th St.
Brooklyn " 218-220 Livingston St.
NEW CLASSES CONSTANTLY FORMING.

PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
Lexington Ave. and 35th St.
NEW LOCATION. NEW BUILDING.
Every requisite for the safety, health, and comfort of our students.
NO SOLICITORS.

THE MOST THOROUGH AND EFFICIENT business course. Elementary and advanced Accounting, Shorthand and Business Practice. Fits young men and women for any business. Enroll at any time. Call, phone or write for particulars. Moderate tuition charges.
THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF COMMERCE,
509 Fifth Av., New York.
Phone Bryant 5955.
Same supervision as U. S. School of Secretaries.

Eastman School
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Civil Service and Academic Departments.
Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

The Misses Rayson's School for Girls
164-166-168 West 75th Street

ART LESSONS.
A limited number of pupils will be taken in drawing and painting; beginners or those already advanced; best of reference. J. R. Coblens, Studio 236 West 52d St.

Kohut School for Boys,
Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City.
Primary, Grammar and High School Classes. Boarders and Day Pupils. Phone 367 Kingsbridge.

Walworth Business Institute, Broadway & 72d St. Stenography, Bookkeeping, Secretarial Course, Civil Service. New catalog ready.

ALBERT B. CARMAN, A. B., (Harvard 1895,) will tutor a few boys in college preparatory subjects. Address 5 West 125th St., New York.

German teacher wanted for private instruction, twice weekly; kindly state rate. G 10 Times.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

20 Years at This Address Means Something
REMEY'S DANCING SCHOOL
917-919-921 EIGHTH AVE., (54TH ST.).
Waltz, two-step, barn dance, schottische and lanciers, all guaranteed in five private and four class lessons for $5; lessons any hour, day or evening, without appointment, with music.
SEND FOR LARGE FREE BOOKLET.

Louise Morgan, Studio of Dancing, 2630 B'way, (99-100 St.)
Classes now forming. Private instruction in latest dances. Social evening classes. Also children's classes.

SURROGATE CITATION.

DUNCAN, JAMES.—The People of the State of New York by the grace of God, free and independent, to John Grieve, Helen Nisbet, Helen Fraser, Jane Grant, Barbara Smith, Elizabeth Whitewell, Mary Smith, Eliza Miller, Eliza Duncan, George Duncan, James A. Duncan, George Duncan, Alexander B. Gilroy, William Stewart, Henry A. Pattullo, James Duncan, David Duncan, George Duncan, Eliza Bell, John Duncan, David Millar, William Millar, James A. Duncan, Alexander L. Duncan, George H. F. Duncan, Isabella H. Woodsend, Harold Duncan and Eliza Duncan, James Archibald Duncan, Alexander Bruce Gilroy, Henry Arklay Pattullo, George Duncan, William Stewart, as executors and trustees of the last will and testament of JAMES DUNCAN, late of Jordanstone, near Alyth, County of Perth, in Scotland, State of Great Britain, and to all persons interested in the estate of James Duncan, late of Jordanstone, near Alyth, County of Perth, in Scotland, State of Great Britain, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 3d day of December, 1912, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of David Elder and Maurice H. Ewer, as ancillary executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York,
[L. S.]
the 30th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

Joseph Conrad Visited
By JOSEPH HUNEKER

A characteristic article telling of a delightful talk with the noted writer whose stories of the sea are near-classics.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Will England and Germany Go to War?

If they do it will be England's fault, says Mariano Herggelet-London, a German writer who has lived in England fifteen years.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Photographs of the Suffrage Parade

Flashlight pictures of the big demonstration last Saturday reproduced in the Pictorial Section of

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

To be sure of getting it order next Sunday's Times in advance. The Times is always sold out early.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MAKING BIG STRIDES

Premier McBride Tells of $16,000,000 Spent for Public Improvements This Year.

MANY AMERICAN SETTLERS

More Are Coming In and Most of Them Become British Subjects — Canadians Approve Choice of Wilson.

Sir Richard McBride, Premier of British Columbia, has held his present position since 1903. He has paid several visits to New York since then, but he said yesterday he had never before been caught doing it. He was here only a short time, arriving in the morning from Montreal and leaving again in the afternoon.

"British Columbia is progressing tremendously," said Sir Richard, when seen at the Martinique. "Our income gets larger every year, and our surplus keeps growing, so that while our revenues were only $11,000,000 this year we were able to lay out $16,000,000 in public works, drawing the $5,000,000 from our surplus.

"I have been at Ottawa conferring with the Dominion authorities on a number of matters that needed adjustment and which related to details rather than to larger things. I am merely passing through New York.

"In a country that is a third larger than Texas there is a lot of territory to open up. The Government is pursuing a policy of good-roads building. There is a tremendous amount of development going on. Our timber is a big asset as a revenue producer.

"Of course, we had a neighborly interest in your elections. The impression we have of President-elect Wilson is that he is broad and statesmanlike, and will do much toward keeping relations between your country and ours on the best footing. I think, from what I can gauge, that the concensus of opinion in Canada is that in Dr. Wilson the American people have made the selection of a very safe, progressive Chief Executive."

"Reciprocity is a thing of the past," pronounced Sir Richard in reply to a question. "There are a great many Americans in British Columbia, and many more are coming. Why do they come? Well, it is a good country. Some are interested in industrial establishments. Some come for residential purposes. The great majority become Canadians and British subjects."

Sir Richard said he was not booming British Columbia, and that it was not a boom country, but one of steady, healthy growth.

"Of course, we are tremendously interested in development," he went on to say. "To give you an idea as to what is going on, I may mention that the railroad work that has been planned and is under way, all to be completed within four years, will involve an expenditure of $150,000,000. There is going on construction on the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific, which are to be completed across the continent; the Pacific Great Eastern, the Cattle Valley, the Kootenay Central, the double tracking of the C. P. R., and the extension of that and the Great Northern. The Government is expending enormous sums on harbors and highways—the Dominion Government, that is—and behind it all lies the fact that we are known to possess the largest timber reserves in the world, some of the greatest coal areas, fruit and farm lands, and illimitable fresh and salt water fisheries.

"As for manufactures, you cannot expect us to be a manufacturing centre as yet, but manufacturers are coming in as fast as transportation facilities are provided. We don't boom, but just keep going—not saying, but doing things.

"As for the effect of the Panama Canal, we expect, with our neighbors to the South and with Alaska, to enjoy many advantages from the opening of the canal. From the very nature of things the canal cannot help benefiting tremendously the growth of the country. Of course, there was some considerable concern exhibited on the part of Canadians at the action of Congress, but we all feel satisfied that the American people will rise to the situation and decide for what is the fair and manly thing in the regulation of the canal.

"British Columbia, unlike any other part of Canada, has American neighbors both south and north of it. We live and grow on the very best of terms with them. There is a feeling of strong mutual regard, which has done a whole lot toward assisting the general growth of the Pacific Northwest."

NAVY LEAGUE'S PURPOSE.

Col. Thompson Says Ships Should Be Able to Hold Off Enemy Two Years.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 12.—Col. Robert M. Thompson lectured before the students of Princeton University to-night on the Navy League. He was introduced by Prof. George B. McClellan, ex-Mayor of New York City.

"The Navy League believes that we should have a navy large enough and efficient enough to protect the shores of our country from any foreign attack, and strong enough to enable the country to keep its pledged word to maintain the Monroe Doctrine, and to guarantee the neutrality of the Panama Canal," Col. Thompson said. "We have not such a navy to-day, but the Navy League believes that it is only necessary for the people at large to understand the facts and they will see to it that Congress provides such a navy.

"The Navy League does not believe in war for war's sake. It believes in peace. But it also believes that when a nation has become degenerate, the best thing for the world is to have that nation wiped out.

"Across either of the great seas which border our coasts lie nations infinitely stronger from a military point of view than we are. Assuming these seas unguarded and undefended by our navy, any one of the nations could land an army of 250,000 men on our shores almost before we knew that trouble was upon us. Two hundred and fifty thousand trained soldiers could march from New York to San Francisco, or from San Francisco to New York, and leave a desert where they found populous cities and fertile farms.

"We need a navy strong enough to hold the sea until from our people an army can be enlisted and trained. The time required to do this is well understood, and I think I am putting it at a minimum when I say two years. Therefore, our fleet must be strong enough to hold the seas for at least two years against any probable foe."

PROSPERITY IS UNDISTURBED.

Gov. Baldwin Looks for No Business Upset Following Election.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 12.—In his Thanksgiving Day proclamation, issued to-day, Gov. Simeon E. Baldwin, the Democratic candidate who was successful in his campaign for re-election, refers to the political campaign and the election as follows:

"The strain to which our frame of civil government is subjected every four years has been met unshaken. Never has the general course of business throughout the United States been less disturbed by the political contests incident to a Presidential election, and a majority of these citizens contemplate with composure the soon-coming transfer of political power to men chosen by a minority, under our rule, which allows the Electoral colleges of the States to control the choice, although they may represent only a minority of the whole people."

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The storm that was over Western Kansas Monday night has moved to Northern Illinois, and rains have fallen in the Missouri, Upper Mississippi, and Lower Ohio Valleys, and in the lake region. There were also scattered rains in the Lower Mississippi Valley, New York, and New England. Over the remainder of the country the weather was generally fair.

High temperatures continue east of the Mississippi River, and they have again risen in the West, except in the south and central portions, where it is much cooler.

There will be rain Wednesday in the Ohio Valley and north portions of the Middle Atlantic States and New England, extendnig Wednesday night or Thursday from Southern New England into the South Atlantic States. In the South and West the weather will be fair Wednesday and Thursday, except in the North Pacific States, where there will be rain.

It will be colder by Thursday in the Atlantic States generally. In the West temperature changes will not be decided.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate north and northeast; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable, becoming east; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south and southeast, except east on the Florida Coast.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate northeast winds with cloudy and unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Rain Wednesday afternoon or night and on Thursday; colder Thursday; moderate north to east winds.

New Jersey—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday; rain at night or Thursday; colder Thursday; moderate south winds, shifting to northwest by Thursday, and becoming brisk.

Western New York—Rain Wednesday. Thursday, local rains and moderately colder; moderate, variable winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Rain Wednesday afternoon or night and on Thursday; colder Thursday; moderate west winds, shifting to northwest by Thursday and becoming brisk.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	57	53	4 P. M.	65	68
6 A. M.	58	55	6 P. M.	56	67
9 A. M.	61	57	9 P. M.	42	64
12 M.	68	68	11 P. M.	35	62

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for th corresponding date last year it was 50; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 45.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yestrday was 56; at 8 P. M. it was 65. Maximum tmperature, 71 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 53 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 68 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 51 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. stood at 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it showed 29.92 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
8:00	88 E. 111th St.; Samuel Bennett	$25
8:05	1,247 St. Nicholas Av.; Anna Hirsch	Trifling
11:55	Longfellow Av., between Garrison and Whitlock Avs.; W. Kloonon	$15
P. M.		
12:20	Pier 36, North River; Clyde Line	Trifling
12:20	351 E. 31st St.; unknown	$5
2:05	3,610 Barnes Av.; A. Pazarello	$10
2:50	4 Montgomery St.; Gross & Co.	Trifling
8:45	171 St. Mark's Place; B. Hoffman	Trifling
8:45	710 E. 13th St.; Eagle Pencil Co.	$10
3:50	171st St. and Highbridge Park; Park Department	Trifling
4:10	473 E. 142d St.; Schapps & Schapps	Trifling
4:20	627 E. 136th St.; J. W. Kaufman	Trifling
5:00	3 E. 116th St.; J. Jahn	Trifling
5:30	135th St. and Cypress Av.; not given	Trifling
5:45	619 E. 6th St.; I. Oxman	Trifling
6:40	840 2d Av.; Mrs. A. Scott	$10
7:10	1,997 3d Av.; Frank Bingen	Trifling
7:10	1,775 Fulton Av.; M. Baumwriter	$200
8:15	Gouverneur Slip; Board of Health	$20
8:15	301 E. 80th St.; A. Camero	Trifling
8:30	2,501 Hoffman St.; not given	Trifling
8:50	2,626 3d Av.; G. Piefer	Trifling
8:50	120 3d Av.; Metropolitan Film Co.	$1,000
8:55	49 E. 112th St.; R. Rosenwasser	Trifling
10:20	174 3d Av.; W. A. Jermas	$500
10:25	55 Walker St.; Manhattan Muslin Co.	$7,000
11:20	258 East 151st St.; A. Dalgoglincio	$10

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughran, Chief Clerk of the transfer tax office of the Surrogates' Court:

BRAKMAN, AUGUST, (died April 7, 1910;) net estate, $98,079.64; realty, $95,000, including equity of $55,000 in premises at 850 Longwood Avenue, the Bronx, and $40,000 equity in 560 West 180th Street; personalty, $25,241.80, including $8,250 stock in United Wine and Trading Co.

BURD, SARAH C., (died June 22, 1911;) net New York estate, $1,628.50, all personalty, including a mortgage of $1,800 on property in Patchogue.

FIZSIMMONS, BRIDGET, (died Aug. 10, 1909;) net estate, $705 personalty, no realty.

FRIEDRICH, WILLIAM, (died July 1, 1911;) net estate, $12,007.44, all personalty, including $10,000 stock in John Friedrich & Brother Company.

JENNINGS, EMILY C., (died Jan. 22;) net estate $3,596.97, all personalty.

KRAMER, ADAM, (died Nov. 17, 1911;) net estate, $10,669.29, $11,000 realty, and $251.36 personalty, realty including $8,000 equity in house and lot at 179 West Broadway, $2,000 equity in house and lot at 1,865 Monroe Avenue, the Bronx, and $1,000 equity in small Summer cottage and lots at Prospect Avenue, Bloomingdale, N. Y.

LENAHAN, JAMES, (died Feb. 11, 1911;) net estate, $8,431.68, $6,507.75 realty and $1,923.93 personalty; realty consists of lot at Amsterdam Avenue and 147th Street.

LARKIN, MICHAEL, (died Jan. 26;) net estate, $104,787.11, realty $101,500, and personalty of $8,103.12; realty embraces $14,000 equity in 521, 523, 525, and 527 East Sixteenth Street; $30,000 in 529 and 531 East Sixteenth Street, $130,000 in 340 to 348 East Eighteenth Street, $32,000 in 240 East Fifteenth Street, and $16,000 in 519 East Sixteenth Street; personalty deposits of $2,733.12 in Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, $2,250 stocks of M. Larkin & Son.

REILLY, RICHARD S., (died May 29, 1911;) net personal estate $13,335.69, mostly bank deposits and debts receivable.

SINN, SAMUEL, (died May 13, 1908;) net estate, $421,474.10; all personalty, including $364,693.28 on deposit with Sternberger, Sinn & Co.; life insurance, $10,000; $9,200 seat on New York Cotton Exchange, and $1,850 worth of Progress Club bonds.

TALBOT, ISABELLA W., (died June 26, 1910;) Net New York estate, $49,759.43, all personalty, including $38,850 in American Telegraph and Telephone Company, $8,250 in American Surety Company, $5,000 in Hempstead Land Syndicate, and $100 in Long Island Land Syndicate.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

AHRENS, JOHN H. H., (died Oct. 17;) left $20,000 realty and $500 personalty; to his widow, Johanna Ahrens, a life estate in property and one-fifth each on her death to his children, Annie R. Vesper, Marie S. Schroeder, Adelaide M. Brinkworth, Dora W. Poppe, and Herman Ahrens.

BIBBY, AUGUSTA M., (died Aug. 5;) left $18,000 personalty; $1,000 to the Sisters of Holy Family; $500 each to May Lambert, Sidney Smith, and Mary Reynold, her cousin; $1,000 to Lucas Harvey, $2,500 to the Rev. Francis M. Harvey, jewelry to her cousin, Angela Muyler, and an unknown amount to J. Mariano Roma.

BAKER, ROBERT B., (died Oct. 25;) left $26,000 realty and $12,000 personalty; one-half income of business to Freeman Brainard, a nephew; $1,000 to Martha Shultz, a niece; $300 to Chester C. Cox, nephew; $1,000 to Robert W. Irwin, and one-fourth of residue each to Emma E. Russell, Robert B. Irwin, Roland B. Baker, an adopted son, and Della Irwin, an adopted daughter; also $2,000 to Bessie Baker.

DECKER, HENRY, (died Oct. 9;) left more than $10,000 realty and about $8,000 personalty; $8,000 and realty worth $20,000 to his widow, Wilhelmina Decker, $6,500 each to Henrietta M. and Clara Decker, daughters, and William F. Decker, his son.

ELLIOTT, SUSAN S., (died Nov. 2;) left $50,000 personalty; $15,000 each to her sisters, Louise Dash and Mary E. Brown, and $250 to Eva Swarthout.

HUSSELS, FREDERICK A., (died Oct. 30;) left $10,000 to his widow, Caroline H. Hussels, and $10,000 to his son, Frederick August Hussel.

HAVEMEYER, JAMES, (died Aug. 18;) left $12,000 personalty, all to J. Craig Havemeyer, his son.

LOESCH, MATHILDE, (died Sept. 12;) left $5,500 personalty and no realty; $1,600 to her son, George Loesch; $1,600 to Martha Loesch, a daughter; $900 to A. Loesch, daughter; $600 to Mathilde Hogg, daughter, and $300 to Adelaide A. Hogg, granddaughter.

NICHOLSON, HEINRICH, (died Nov. 7;) left more than $5,000 personalty to his widow, Anna Nicholson.

WHEELER, ALICE G., (died Oct. 12;) left not more than $1,700; $275 to Christa Ross and one-half of residuary estate to sister, Jennie Rowene Carroll, and brother, Isaac Webster Wheeler.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Men Principals' Association of Manhattan and the Bronx will hold a meeting on Dec. 7.

The Kindergarten Mothers' Clubs of Brooklyn and Queens will have a meeting at the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers to-morrow afternoon.

Richard B. Aldcroft, Jr., who recently resigned from the Board of Education after years of service, is a rare book collector. He was one of the bidders at the Robert Hoe library sale on Monday evening.

Among the matters that will be considered by the Board of Education at its meeting today is the resolution from the Committee on Finance relative to rescinding the action of the Board on June 12 requesting the issue of special revenue bonds to the amount of $4,400 for the purchase of certain equipment in the Manhattan Trade School for Girls.

The board will decide to-day on the question of continuing the service of Miss Leslie Franklin Spencer as librarian in the Bureau of Lectures at $900 a year. It will also consider the emergency appointment of May McIntosh as stenographer and typewriter in the office of the City Superintendent of Schools at the rate of $50 a month.

The Board of Superintendents will make a report to the Board of Education to-day relative to the discontinuance of the organization of two classes in the Catholic Institute for the Blind, 181st Street and Aqueduct Avenue, the Bronx. It will also make a report relative to granting leaves of absence with full pay for not more than three months to fifteen teachers of ungraded classes for the purpose of study in the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

SPECIAL ORDERS 267.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M. Nov. 12: Patrolmen, from 15th Precinct to Detective Bureau, designated as Acting Detective Sergeants, second grade—W. H. Kaltenback and A. T. Brooks; to take effect 10.15 A. M. Nov. 12—P. H. Finley, 156th to P. O. Squad; J. V. Short, P. O. Squad to 156th.

Assignments: Patrolman—P. H. Finley, P. O. Squad, to Brooklyn Division, Department of Public Charities, from 10:30 A. M. Nov. 12. Temporary: Lieutenants—Willet F. Barnes, 33d, to command 12th, 15 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 12; William H. Ward, 40, to command 22d, 10 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 17, and Edward J. Fulton, 81st, to command 80th, 15 days, from noon Nov. 16, during absence of Captains; Charles J. Schlunsen, 163d to C. O. Squad, duty in Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, 15 days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 12; Joseph A. Conboy, 169th, to command 146th, 8 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 15, and David Kane, 278th, to command 290th, 6 days, from 12:01 P. M. Nov. 12, during absence of Captains. Patrolmen—T. J. Danaher, 145th, to Detective Bureau and District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 10:30 A. M. Nov. 12; F. Peterman, 282d, to Detective Bureau, District Attorney's office, Queens County, 5 days, from noon Nov. 11; to C. O. Squad, Bureau of Repairs and Supulies, 15 days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 12—P. B. Carroll, 144th; J. W. Styne, 158th; E. J. Ulrich, 150th, and P. J. Masterson, 172d. Discontinued: Patrolman—J. V. Short, P. O. Squad, to Brooklyn Division, Department of Public Charities, from 10:30 A. M. Nov. 12.

Leaves of absence with full pay: Capts. William H. Kinsler, 12th, 15 days, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 12, and John Ievers, 22d, 10 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 17, 1912, balance of vacations; James H. Gillen, 29th, 2 days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 28, to be deducted from vacation. James J. Shevlin, 80th, 15 days, from noon, Nov. 16, balance of vacation; Arthur A. Carey, 143d, 5 days, from noon, Nov. 27; Bernard J. Hayes, 146th, 8 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 15, and Edward Gallagher, 290th, 6 days, from 12:01 P. M. Nov. 12, to be deducted from vacations.

Without pay: Sergt. John E. Butler, 21st, 1 day, from 4 P. M. Nov. 14. Patrolmen E. T. Ryan, 43d, 3 days, from 10 P. M. Nov. 21; P. Simonetti, 292d, 2 days, from 4 P. M. Nov. 11. Probationary Patrolman J. G. Williamson, 7th, 1 day, from 8 A. M. Nov. 11.

Advancements to Grades.—The grade checks for the following patrolmen will be ready Nov. 25. Commanding officers will see that the patrolmen named call at the office of the City Paymaster within one month from that date: To $1,400 grade, Oct. 30, E. Krohn, 146; J. J. Murray, 149. To $1,350 grade, Oct. 27, M. T. Malone, 1; T. F. Mulcahy, 8; F. Paone, 13; J. H. Graham, 15; B. W. De Groff, 21; W. Flannery, 22; J. Michaelson, 36; A. P. Lilly, 40; T. J. Foster, 63; T. F. Gilroy, 80; M. E. Zeidler, 147; M. W. O'Connell, 150; R. Rauch, 158; E. H. Machel, 161; T. F. Butler, 168; J. W. McKittrick, D. B.; J. E. Slattery, 8; M. O'Brien, 12; H. Fleischmann, 13; E. N. H. Rosenfeld, 18; A. Spies, 22; B. F. Brady, 35; D. Kilpatrick, 37; H. Bolger, 61; T. Hilgeman, 69; A. A. Austing, 144; C. H. Eason, 149; E. W. Thoms, 153; T. S. Dunn, 159; L. Colton, 161; J. J. Nugent, 277; G. J. Merz, C. O. To $1,250 grade, Oct. 29, J. L. Hackett, 2; T. F. Lillis, 15; J. P. Wind, 23; J. M. Culley, 28; J. A. Hughes, 32; H. Roedel, 37; O. W. Doyer, 74; W. I. MacDonald, 149; F. L. Hanan, 158; G. Weaker, 165; G. L. Hamill, Boiler Squad; L. Klosset, C. O.; H. D. J. Larkin, 13; H. Neisel, 18; J. A. Neary, 25; J. V. Haley, 31; R. A. Smith, 32; M. J. Manisof, 37; B. L. O'Donnell, 148; W. Patrick, 154; W. G. Martin, 163; W. G. Stretton, 274; J. F. Haley, D. B.; E. F. Byrnes, Traffic C.

Fines imposed: Patrolmen Patrick J. O'Connor, 16th, Sept. 2, abandoned post, seen in vacant store, 3 days. Michael A. Shea, 17th, Aug. 29, (1) left fixed post without permission; (2) used improper language to superior, 10 days. James Dynan, 18th, Aug. 31, absent from post, coming from building, 5 days. Benjamin H. Scheider, 28th, Sept. 4, (1) did not properly patrol; (2) failed to relieve patrolman on fixed post, 5 days. Walter W. Barry, 32d, (2 charges,) Aug. 18, standing apparently in conversation, 1 day; Sept. 8, failed to report for trial as ordered, 1 day. Matthew T. McKeon, 32d, (2 charges,) Sept. 2, standing reading a newspaper, 2 days; Sept. 2, absent from reserve, 2 days. Patrick A. Healy, 35th, Sept. 8, did not properly patrol, 15 days. Joseph A. Gibbons, 39th, Sept. 6, (1) absent from post, standing in front of bar in liquor saloon; (2) failed to obtain permission to leave post; (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book, 5 days. Ferdinand Thomas, 61st, Sept. 8, carelessly lost police shield, 3 days. Charles J. Fisher, 69th, Sept. 5, grabbed hold of and used improper language to citizen, 10 days.

Reprimanded: Patrolman Walter Stephens, 35th, Sept. 3, absent from outgoing roll call.

Charges dismissed: Patrolmen F. Trefzger, 6th, (1) absent from post, coming from basement; (2) failed to obtain permission to leave post; (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book; M. Reilly, 8th, Aug. 29, used undue force in making an arrest; J. F. Hyland, 18th, (2 charges,) June 25, failed to deliver property to Lieutenant on desk duty; June 29, while under suspension, failed to report at station house; W. J. Hooks, 18th, Sept. 3, spoke to woman in an uncivil manner; C. Mohn, 18th, Sept. 4, used insulting language to citizen; O. Nuoffer, 18th, Sept. 4, (1) did not properly patrol, coming from yard; (2) failed to obtain permission to leave post; (3) failed to make entry in memorandum book; E. Collins, 26th, Oct. 28, absent from assignment; J. P. Hock, 63d, Sept. 6, did not properly patrol. Probationary Patrolmen J. Broderick, 18th, Sept. 4, used threatening language to discharged prisoner; N. P. Nelson, 32d, Sept. 4, did not properly patrol.

Found guilty, dismissed from the force, to take effect 3:30 P. M. Nov. 11: Probationary Patrolmen Bayard C. Boyer, 10th; charges: conduct umbecoming an officer, neglect of duty, and violation of rules; (1) did permit and assist in annoying one Israel Toffer; (2) failed to take proper police action; (3) failed to assist patrolman in investigation; (4) stated wrong shield number to patrolman. Thomas F. Feeney, 22d, three charges, neglect of duty; absent without leave.

Resignation: Probationary Patrolman John S. Schmid, 36th, to take effect at noon, Nov. 11.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has promulgated the following promotion lists:

Bureau of Fire Prevention.—Assistant Inspector of Combustibles, Fourth Grade: John F. Dillon, 1,056 Lexington Avenue, 84.82; Samuel Rosenblum, 1,009 East 167th Street, 83.82; Louis Greenfeld, 830 East 170th Street, 82.32; Joseph A. McCabe, 54 West Ninety-third Street, 78.32.

Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan.—Assistant Engineer, Grade D: Leo C. F. Devery, 1,800 Anthony Avenue, the Bronx, 76.05; John H. Tomlinson, Maple Avenue, Bryn Mawr Park, Yonkers, N. Y., 75.85; Leslie V. Huber, 1,140 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, 74.45; Harry S. Sylvester, 12 East 106th Street, 73.35.

Department of Taxes and Assessments, Manhattan.—Assistant Surveyor, Grade E: Asher Lipman, 1,386 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, 81.15; Frederick L. Berthoud, 664 West 179th Street, 79.60; August H. Leucht, 232 East 237th Street, 76.80.

The commission has also promulgated the following eligible list for Assistant Register of Records, Fifth Grade: Frederick S. Williams, 736 West 181st Street, 83.20; Bruno S. Horowicz, 230 West 112th Street, 81.20; Charles W. Lynn, 348 West Fifty-first Street, 80.60; Peter K. Olitsky, 131 Cathedral Parkway, 75.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination, for men only, on Nov. 25, for temporary employment in the position of mechanical draftsman in the Immigration Service, Ellis Island, New York, and vacancies as they may occur requiring similar qualifications. Appointments will be made at from $5 to $6 a day, and will continue for a period of about six months. For the position of mechanical draftsman, competitors should be qualified to draw plans and specifications for steam heating, plumbing work and electric wiring, and be qualified to inspect and test the installation of the above trades. They should have at least five years' experience as inspector and five years' drafting experience. They will not be required to appear at any place for examination, but will be rated upon the elements of education, training, experience, and fitness, as shown in their application and examination forms and by corroborative evidence. They will be required to give detailed answers to the questions in application and examination form 1,312, and to submit the names and addresses of not less than three nor more than five persons who are competent to judge of their qualifications and are willing to certify thereto in writing, if requested. This examination is open to all male citizens of the United States who meet the requirements.

CHANGES OF NAME.

PHILLIPS, HARRY, to PHILLIPS, HARRIS I., 667 Fox Street, the Bronx; gave as reasons that he was known in business as Harris I. Supreme Court Justice Newburger.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Capt. J. Lund, Ordnance Department, will make not to exceed two visits per month during November, December, and January to the works of the Detrick & Harvey Machine Company, Baltimore, to inspect ordnance material.

The name of Lieut. Col. H. C. Hale, Seventeenth Infantry, is placed on the list of detached officers, and the name of Lieut. Col. S. W. Miller, infantry, is removed therefrom.

Capt. W. B. Elliott, infantry, will report to Lieut. Col. J. F. Kreps, infantry, President of Army Retiring Board, Fort Bayard, New Mexico, for the examination.

The retirement of Col. F. W. Mansfield is announced.

Second Lieut. J. E. Chaney, Ninth Infantry, to Fort Porter, New York, for temporary duty for thirteen days.

First Lieut. C. T. Marsh, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from attachment to Twenty-third Company and placed on unassigned list.

Leaves—First Lieut. C. B. Moore, infantry, three months, upon relief at Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.; First Lieut. J. S. Jones, Sixth Cavalry, two months, upon relief from duty at Military Academy, West Point, N. Y.; First Lieut. P. B. Peyton, Eleventh Infantry, two months, upon relief from duty at South Dakota State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Brookings, S. D.; First Lieut. R. Talbot, Jr., Twelfth Cavalry, one month, upon relief from duty at Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn.

The Navy.

Lieut. B. A. Long, detached Bureau of Ordnance, to leave.

Lieut. M. S. Davis, detached the Cleveland, to the Maryland as senior engineer officer.

Ensign A. Mahan, detached the Baltimore, to the Tonopah.

Ensign C. H. Davis, Jr., detached instruction, Bureau of Ordnance, to the Arkansas.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—F-3, at Mare Island; Eagle, at Charleston; Davis, at Bremerton; Vermont, Delaware, and Michigan, at Lynn Haven Bay.

Sailed—Wheeling, from Sanchez for Santo Domingo City; Caesar, from Sanchez for Puerto Plata; Denver, from San Blas, Mexico, for Mazatlan, Mexico; Iroquois, from Mare Island for Santa Barbara; Paul Jones, from San Diego for San Pedro; Truxton, from San Diego for Coronado Island.

The Tennessee and Montana have been detached from duty with the Atlantic reserve fleet and organized into a special service squadron with the Tennessee as flagship.

STEAMSHIPS.

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S. S. CINCINNATI
Dec. 9, 11 A. M.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co. Over 400 SHIPS
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Atlantic Service
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
Pres. Lincoln..Nov. 19, 2 P. M.
*Amerika...Nov. 26, 10 A. M.
Patricia.....Nov. 30, 2 P. M.
Pres. Grant..Dec. 7, 9 A. M.
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Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
*S.S. CINCINNATI..Dec. 9, 11 AM
S.S. HAMBURG...Jan. 11, 11 AM
S.S. CINCINNATI (ORIENT CRUISE)...Jan. 29, 10 A.M.
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*Will not call at Algiers.

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QUEENSTOWN, FISHGUARD, AND LIVERPOOL.
CARONIA NOV. 16, 10 A. M. MAY 3. DEC. 14, 10 A. M. MAY 31.
CAMPANIA NOV. 20, 1 A. M. MAR. 12. DEC. 31, 12 Noon. MAY 28.
CARMANIA DEC. 7, 10 A. M. JAN. 11, 10 A. M.
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
PANNONIA NOV. 16, JAN. 11
ULTONIA DEC. 7, FEB. 13
CARPATHIA MAR. 22
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Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul.....Nov. 16 | St. Louis.....Nov. 30
Philadelphia..Nov. 23 | New York.....Dec. 7
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58,N.R.
Min'olis.Nov. 23, 8:30 AM | Minn'aska.Dec. 7
Minn'ha.Nov.30, 10:30 AM | Minne'nka.Dec. 14
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
*Finland.....Nov. 13 | Lapland.....Nov. 27
Vaderland....Nov. 20 | Kroonland.....Dec. 4
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WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60. N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Majestic.....Nov. 16, noon | *St. Louis.Nov. 30
Oceanic.....Nov. 23, noon | Majestic...Dec. 7
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New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
*Cymric.......Nov. 16 | Celtic.........Dec. 5
Baltic..Nov. 21, noon | Cedric.........Dec. 12
*Cymric carries passengers in one cabin class (II) and third-class only.
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*Cretic.......Nov. 23 | Canopic.....Feb. 1
Canopic.....Dec. 12 | Canopic.....Mar. 15
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SUNDAYS For Newburgh { Franklin St......9:00 A. M. West 129th St.....9:30 A. M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:46 | Sun sets..4:44 | Moon sets..8:11

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:13	10:52	3:54	4:42
Governors Island	10:45	11:34	4:46	5:40
Hell Gate	12:35	1:24	6:26	7:20

Arrived—Tuesday, Nov. 12.

SS President Lincoln, Hamburg, Nov. 1.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen, Nov. 2.
SS Sixaola, Port Limon, Nov. 4.
SS Prins Willem V., Gonaives, Nov. 6.
SS Coppename, Trinidad, Nov. 5.
SS Dunachton, Greenock, Oct. 31.
SS Alabama, Ceiba, Nov. 2.
SS Narragansett, Avonmouth, Nov. 1.
SS Russia, Libau, Oct. 29.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, Nov. 9.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, Nov. 9.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, Nov. 6.
SS Californie, Bordeaux, Oct. 25.
SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen, Oct. 31.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp, Nov. 2.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Brauenfels	Hamburg	Oct. 24
St. Oswald	Nawik	Oct. 23
Val Salice	Genoa	Oct. 24
Tokomaru	Algiers	Oct. 28
Carolina	San Juan	Nov. 6
Duca d'Genova	Palermo	Oct. 31
Francesco Ciampa	Antwerp	Oct. 26
Saratoga	Havana	Nov. 9
Volturno	Rotterdam	Oct. 31
Prins Joachim	Colon	Nov. 4
Bolton Hall	Las Palmas	Oct. 26
Mandeville	Jamaica	Nov. 6
Marienfels	Malta	Oct. 21
El Sol	Galveston	Nov. 7
Concho	Key West	Nov. 9
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Nov. 10
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Majestic	Southampton	Nov. 6
Barbarossa	Bremen	Nov. 3
Narragansett	Avonmouth	Nov. 1
Paloma	Cardenas	Nov. 8
Lutetian	Rouen	Oct. 29
Emanuele Accame	Valencia	Oct. 26
Inverclyde	Gibraltar	Oct. 28
Momus	New Orleans	Nov. 9
Almirante	Kingston	Nov. 9
Advance	Colon	Nov. 7
Philadelphia	San Juan	Nov. 9
Comanche	Jacksonville	Nov. 11
Boniface	Barbados	Nov. 6
Florizel	St. John's	Nov. 9
Santiago	Tampico	Nov. 3
DUE FRIDAY.		
France	Havre	Nov. 9
Baltic	Liverpool	Nov. 7
Galileo	Hull	Oct. 31
North Point	Liverpool	Nov. 1
Mexico	Havana	Nov. 12
El Valle	Galveston	Nov. 9
City of Columbus	Savannah	Nov. 12

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessel Sails.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Finland, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Numantia, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Laura, Trieste	———	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Paso, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bremen, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Hyperia, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Westerwald, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Wadeville, Puerto Barrios	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cr. of Navarre, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Eastern Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem V., Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Caronia, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Martha Washington, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	8:30 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Harry Luckenbach, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Chr. Knucken, Rio Janeiro	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Javary, Para	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Mendoza, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Chicago, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg	———	11:00 A.M.
Mesaba, London	———	8:00 A.M.
Berlin, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Pannonia, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Martha Washington, Trieste	———	1:00 P.M.
Russia, Libau	———	3:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Canada, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Sol, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines, until with ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., NOV. 12.

SS France, Havre to New York, was 1,000 miles E. at 12:50 A. M.; due 14th, 2:30 P. M. French Line.
SS Baltic, Liverpool to New York, was 1,425 miles E. at 1:20 A. M.; due 14th, about 4 P. M. White Star Line.
SS Caroline, Havre to New York, was 650 miles E. at 6:50 A. M. French Line.
SS Barbarossa, Bremen to New York, was 760 miles E. at noon; due 14th, 8:30 A. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Majestic, Southampton to New York, was 735 miles E. at noon; due 14th, 8:30 A. M. White Star Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, New York to Hamburg, was 700 miles W. at 4:40 A. M.; due Plymouth 14th, A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, New York to Bremen, was 240 miles S. W. at 12:34 P. M.; due Plymouth 13th, 2:30 A. M. North German Lloyd.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, was 200 miles S. at noon. Indies S. S. Co.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 87 miles S. at 8 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 194 miles S. at 8 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 700 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Eocene, New Orleans to New York, was 790 miles S. at 7 A. M.
SS Mexico, Vera Cruz to New York, was 1,070 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Santiago, Tampico via Havana to New York, was 1,150 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Koenig Albert, at Gibraltar, Nov. 12.
SS Verdi, at Santos, Nov. 7.
SS Floride, at Dunkirk, Nov. 8.
SS Drachenfels, at Fremantle, Nov. 9.
SS Barenfels, at Suez, Nov. 12.
SS Muncaster Castle, at Nagasaki, Nov. 9.
SS Denis, at Manaos, Nov. 10.
SS Francisco, at Hull, Nov. 10.
SS Themistocles, at Piraeus, Nov. 4.
SS America, at Genoa, Nov. 8.
SS Mendoza, Naples, Oct. 29.
SS Inverkip, at Aden, Nov. 12.

Sailed.

SS Georgia, from Trieste, Nov. 9.
SS St. Laurent, from Bordeaux, Nov. 9.
SS Jethou, from Newport, Nov. 11.
SS Monginervo, from Genoa, Nov. 7.
SS Cervantes, from Rio Janeiro, Nov. 9.
SS Diamant, from Hamburg, Nov. 9.
SS Torridge, from Bremen, Nov. 9.
SS Ivernia, from Gibraltar, Nov. 12.

Passed.

SS Cleveland, New York for Yokohama, passed Perim.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Awa Maru	Nov. 14	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West)—(via San Francisco)—Ventura	Nov. 14	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Orteric	Nov. 17	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Nile	Nov. 18	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) via Vancouver—Makura	Nov. 22	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver) — Empress of India	Nov. 22	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Panama Maru	Nov. 22	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Nov. 22	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Nov. 30	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Tahiti	Dec. 6	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Censored Want Advertisements

"Only advertisements fit to print."

You can insert an advertisement in these want columns for as little as 15c and 20c a line. Yet the daily city sale of The New York Times exceeds the combined daily city sales of the three other morning papers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation. It is profitable to advertise in The Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

Classification.	Per Agate Line.	Classification.	Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted	$0.20	Help Wanted	$0.15
Boarders and Board Wanted	.20	Horses and Carriages	.25
Business Notices	.30	Lost, Found, Rewards	.30
Business Opportunities	.30	Pianos and Organs	.25
Country Board	.25	Purchase and Exchange	.30
Dogs, Birds, Poultry	.25	Rooms To Let or Wanted	.20
Employment Bureaus	.25	Situations Wanted	.15
For Sale	.25	Yachts, Vessels	.25

Lost

LOST—Diamond pendant earring, with pearl settings, Nov. 11, afternoon, in front of Lucile's dressmaking shop, 57th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., or in front of 200 West 79th St., or in Siegel Cooper's store. Finder please return to Mrs. Morris Gest, 200 West 79th St.; liberal reward.

LOST.—Liberal reward, no questions asked, for finding of small purse at the Metropolitan Opera House on Monday evening, Nov. 11, containing two scarfpins and some coins of value only to owner. Maria Hotel, 133 West 48d St.

LOST—On Nov. 11, a pocketbook, name W. C. Sheldon inside, and a sum of money; a suitable reward will be given for return of this pocketbook and no questions asked. 62 Cedar St.

LOST—Friday night, diamond-studded, green enameled watch and chain; liberal reward. L. Rose, Marie Antoinette, Broadway and 66th, Apartment 908.

LOST—Gentleman's large diamond ring, probably in 23d St. or 6th Av. elevated, Nov. 8, between 12 and 1; liberal reward. G. F. Simpson, 1 Madison Av.

LOST.—Probably on Broadway, between 29th St. and Wanamaker's, blue serge belt, with Japanese enamel buckle. Return to Sexton, 1 West 29th St.

LOST—Monday night, between New York Theatre and Churchill's, pendant, pearl grapes, with diamond memento; reward. Frank, 68 West 120th.

LOST—Nov. 8 on 6th Av. "L," between South Ferry and 33d St., black lynx muff. Communicate P. O. Box 275, Tottenville, S. I. Finder rewarded.

LOST—Between George Rector's and 135th-Broadway, lady's old gold drop earring, coral and pearl; reward. Return O'Brien, 51 Broad St.

LOST—Lady's closed-faced gold watch, between 256th and 259th Sts., Broadway, and Mosholu Av.; liberal reward. Steinman, 79 Duane St.

LOST—A black leather note book, in Webster Av. or Burnside Av. car Tuesday morning; reward. Reid, 1,910 Davidson Av., Bronx.

LOST—Three bent tubes with cross bar; six straight tubes; all silver plated; reward. Lesch & Farrell, 210 Canal St.

LOST—Diamond ring, probably on 23d St. or 6th Av. "L"; liberal reward. G. F. Simpson, 1 Madison Av.

LOST.—Liberal reward for the return of gold watch bracelet, lost in Subway or on 72d St. 322 West 72d St.

LOST—Black fox stole, in Aeolian Hall, Saturday afternoon; reward. Judd, Euclid Hall, 2,345 Broadway.

$50 REWARD
for sapphire and diamond bar pin, lost Tuesday morning, probably on 5th Av. Return Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Business Opportunities

RICH AS THE VALLEY OF THE NILE.
We sell irrigated land in the beautiful Sacramento Valley in California. It is wonderfully rich, deep, fertile, and the water supply abundant.
This field garden will grow oranges, lemons, peaches, prunes, pecans, Bermuda onions, olives, figs, grapes, and sweet alfalfa; also any other crop grown in the United States.
Think of the enormous returns, where you can use land in this delightful climate 12 months in the year, while here you use it only 5 months.
Reasonable prices and terms.
Write for particulars and booklet.
KUHN IRRIGATED LAND CO.,
501 Fifth Avenue,
Cor. 42d Street,
New York City.

Energetic sales agency in Pittsburgh territory has opening for several lines used by manufacturers; financial arrangements according to circumstances; Pittsburgh competition is strong; if you have the least faint-heartedness concerning your product, better not write. McKay, Kornblum & Co., 514 Neville St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

Wanted—$5,000 with services in a manufacturing and contracting industry; business established 1840; U. S. Government large consumer; broad field and brilliant prospects of success; closest scrutiny; excellent opportunity for party acquainted with shipowners, shipbuilders, &c. C 169 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Energetic man required as PARTNER in a loose-leaf and manifold book company; $3,000 will buy equal share in the business; it will pay at the start $35 weekly; give full particulars; no attention will be paid otherwise. R 279 Times Downtown.

Can you finance European patent? We have a good one covering useful machine which we are manufacturing and selling in United States; unless principal, state particulars of your connections abroad. Address R 288 Times Downtown.

Wanted—A party with ten to fifteen thousand dollars to push a very fine profitable import line; would prefer dressmaker or manufacturer; absolute security; triflers ignored. G 6 Times.

Retired capitalist would buy control in good conservative town or country bank or trust company; must be good investment; strictly confidential. "F. D. H.," 291 Times Downtown.

Prominent Broadway haberdasher and manufacturer retiring from active business will consider selling the same to responsible party; long lease; near Herald Square. C 11 Times.

One to five thousand dollars invested in a manufacturing plant bound to bring big dividends; officers and Directors of highest repute. Electrical, 21 Times.

Splendid opportunity; will sell dining room; eight years established; seats sixty; long lease; near Columbia College. Wilson, 419 West 115th St.

Established automobile, machine and repair shop to be sold at once; located in business section of Bronx. Machine, C 173 Times.

Desirable propositions are offered to investors with services, requiring from $5,000 to $25,000. Address R 232 Times Downtown.

Would entertain partnership proposition from manufacturer; dry goods preferred; $1,000 to invest. R 220 Times Downtown.

Enterprises requiring additional capital financed; must stand close investigation. Address R 231 Times Downtown.

Books audited, systematized; $5 monthly up. Federal Audit Co., 477 Broome. Phone 5726 Spring.

Coal pockets; modern, 2,000 tons' capacity; with stables; Harlem. Attorney, 1,454 3d Av., 82d.

Must sacrifice fine retail business on account of ill-health; very reasonable. C 168 Times.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

25c. a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowances for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
10 Barclay St. Tel.—6353 Cortlandt. | 300 Broadway. Tel.—2640 Worth.
345 Broadway. Tel.—5408 Franklin.

CHOICE BALDWIN APPLES, hand-picked, and guaranteed A1 in every respect; $5.00 per barrel, express prepaid to New York or Brooklyn. Geo. H. Northrop, R. F. D. No. 1, Schenectady, N. Y.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filling cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth St., near Broadway.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out. 393 Broadway.

Excellent typewriters rented; three months, $4.50; cash bargains; repairing. Durant-McLean Co., 265 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place, 2298 Stuyvesant.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST, Stuyvesant Park.—Desirable large rooms; private bath; excellent home cooking; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; table guests; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Exceptionally large, front room; private bath; steam; excellent table.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.
Large front, sunny room with board; references.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding for particular people; unexcelled residentially; centrally located; moderate rates; cuisine served the best; references. 7257.

61ST ST., 152 EAST.—Beautiful back parlor; also other rooms; conveniences; first-class table. Oppenheim.

73D, 12 EAST.—An attractive, sunny, single room to rent, with excellent board; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second-floor suite, two rooms, bath; other rooms; elevator; excellent table.

MADISON AV., (839 70th St.)—Large, handsome rooms with board; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 210-212.—Elegant large room; parlor dining room; transients accommodated. Table board.

MADISON AV., 416.—Elegantly furnished rooms, with breakfast; all conveniences; good location.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortable, large, small rooms; excellent table; steam heat; telephone; table guests.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms; second floor; well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST, (Alliance House.)—"Quiet place for quiet people." Single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathrooms, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

47TH, 53 WEST.—New management; desirable rooms; private bath; excellent table; references. 4589 Bryant.

47TH, 68 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms, bath; excellent home cooking; references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites, private baths; telephones; superior table.

56TH ST., 332 WEST.—Very desirable small front room; excellent table; references exchanged; transit accommodations.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—First-class furnished double rooms; private bath; French board; Subway; telephone.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Furnished rooms; phone; Subway; board optional.

71ST ST., 206 WEST.—Large room, well lighted and heated; attractive furnishings; dressing room; hot water abundant; also sunny, medium-sized room; convenient Subway express station; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Two handsome second-floor rooms; two single rooms, with board.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Very desirable large, small rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining room; reference.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; private bath; high-class accommodations.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Sunny rooms with board for girls studying music, art; references; moderate.

72D, 305 WEST.—Large room, one, two, or three people; very homelike; home cooking.

73D ST., 102 WEST, (The Spratley.)—Attractive rooms; exceptional meals; table guests; reasonable.

73D, 181 WEST, (Subway.)—Double and hall room; southern exposure; American family; ideal location.

74TH ST., 131 WEST, (18th year.)—Large, small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; smaller room; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large and medium rooms; running water; table boarders taken.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms, unexpectedly vacated; family leaving city; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; medium, small, table guests; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 155-156 WEST.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; telephone; table guests.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Second floor front room; excellent board; refined home; table guests; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large sunny room, with board; reasonable.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine double room; electricity; telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Handsome second floor front, bath; two other rooms with all conveniences.

82D ST., 50-52 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath optional; electricity. Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, well-appointed rooms; every convenience and comfort; delightful home environment; secluded as private residence. Telephone Schuyler 5326.

83D ST., 68 WEST.—Large, sunny room; excellent French table; parlor. Telephone 8204 Schuyler.

83D, 23 WEST.—A room and board; home cooking; Jewish house; references. Schuyler 4837.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium size, and small rooms; parlor dining room; references.

88TH ST., 261 WEST.—Newly decorated, pleasant, large room; all conveniences; private family; telephone; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity, steam heat; near Subway; Southern cooking; table guests.

90TH, 16 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; table guests accommodated; telephone. Hellman.

92D, 60 WEST.—Two single rooms, with board; southern exposure.

93D, 29 AND 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished and decorated; well heated; suited for families; rates reasonable; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

93D ST., 128-130 WEST.—Rooms; superior cuisine and service; few table guests accommodate; telephone.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room near Park; "L"; French cuisine; table guests.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—German family offers handsome rooms, with excellent board; table guests accommodated.

95TH ST., 62 WEST.—German-American family; excellent table accommodations.

97TH, 115 WEST.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; private bath; southern exposure; board optional; telephone.

103D, (cor. West End, 879.)—Large and small room; all conveniences; splendid cuisine; reasonable.

104TH, 138 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bedroom; board; private family; conveniences. Sandbach.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; absolutely perfect for comfort and convenience; good home table; moderate.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—Large sunny room in small, refined, private family; board optional. Campbell.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Delightfully situated small, sunny room; excellent table; table guests.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Two-three very large, sunny, corner rooms, overlooking park, Morningside Heights; glorious view; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $7; references.

122D, 416 WEST, Opposite Morningside Park.—Exceptional home; south room; showers; reception room; elevator; nutritious home cooking; table guests. Apartment 53.

180TH ST., 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and medium sized rooms to rent with board, conveniences.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

152D ST., 407 WEST.—Large attractive rooms, connecting or single; hot and cold water; suitable for two or three gentlemen or couple.

A.—A.—Adult family, Protestant, having beautifully furnished apartment, high class, most attractive location Riverside Drive, plenty heat, one entrance near Subway, southwestern exposure, will take refined married couple or mother with daughter or son; unusual opportunity for some one wishing the environment of a private home in preference to hotel; investigate; highest references exchanged. C 100 Times, or The Leland Agency, 4 West 33d St.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 123d St.—Rooms, suite or singly; good table board.

ELDERLY LADY received in exclusive club; home surroundings; nurse attendant; near Riverside Drive; $25 weekly; references. G 15 Times.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20.—Private American family has beautiful room facing Park; every comfort. Jacobs.

UPPER WEST END AV.—Exceptional opportunity for party of gentlemen; large, well-furnished rooms; delicious food; American family. 'Phone 5262 River.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11, Heights, (Near Subway.)—Large and small rooms; congenial surroundings; moderate prices.

Country Board

A trained nurse, graduate, owning a beautifully situated country house, modern equipment, would like care of one or two delicate or defective children, or two or three aged persons; best of references given and expected. Z 170 Times.

Long Island.

Douglaston.—Douglas Manor Inn; convenient, homelike Winter residence; thirty minutes out. Telephone Flushing 290.

Board Wanted

BOARD wanted by young man, tubercular patient, in small private sanitarium, where accommodations will be first-class in every particular, in healthful locality, within one hundred miles of New York. Address Box 55, Salisbury, Conn.

Country Board Wanted

Couple with child will rent small furnished apartment desirable neighborhood, or board with small, private, cultured Protestant family setting good table; high, dry climate essential; all conveniences; reasonable; references exchanged; full particulars. R 290 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Elegantly furnished suite, elevator apartment; subway station; gentlemen; references. Hardy.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

53D, 58 EAST.—Suite, parlor, bedroom; private bath, toilet; handsomely, attractively furnished; heated; electric light; telephone; private family; suitable two men.

99TH, 24 EAST.—Sunny room; bath, phone, electric; no other roomers; reasonable. Apartment 68.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

Well lighted and handsomely
furnished rooms; hotel service;
elevator; electric light;
$5, $6, $7 per week;
$12, $13, $14 with meals.
15 EAST 11TH ST.

West Side.

14TH ST., 238 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, daintily furnished room; private family; gentlemen. Gosford's bell.

16TH, 131 WEST.—Small housekeeping rooms, $2 to $4; bathroom floor; select.

47TH ST., 77 WEST.—Large rooms, running water; quiet house; rents reasonable; neighborhood very convenient.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large steam-heated room, suitable two gentlemen; also two single rooms.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; running water; house strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 235 WEST.—Single and double rooms; running water; private baths; telephone; all conveniences.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, sunny room, with bath; private family; gentleman; reference.

52D, 252 WEST.—In small house, newly furnished, decorated large and small room; running water; immaculately kept; bath on floor; reasonable.

52D, 46 WEST.—Furnished suite; very desirable; every convenience; references; telephone.

52D ST., 248 WEST,
(near Broadway.)—Attractive rooms, large and single.

52D, 46 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without bath; references; telephone.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; every convenience.

55TH ST., 63 WEST.—Two two-room suites, furnished or unfurnished; private bath; phone. Miller.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; also medium and small; gentlemen.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Desirable rooms; near bath; well heated; reference; telephone.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH, 58 WEST.—Desirable double room, private bath; centrally located; family home; references required.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Accommodate married couple or gentlemen; quiet, exclusive house, near Subway; telephone.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large and small rooms; breakfast if desired; parlor floor to lease.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Comfortable, small, medium room; running water; telephone; private house; convenient Subway.

71ST ST., 350 WEST.—Two newly furnished rooms in private apartment; convenient to Subway express.

73D, 112 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, absolutely clean; continuous hot water; all conveniences; references.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Very pleasant, medium-sized room; running water and bath; gentleman preferred.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; private house; telephone; references

73D ST., 238 WEST.
Bachelor accommodations; bath; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; one or two gentlemen; electric light; telephone.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Parlor floor; private residence; entire or part; large, elegant, comfortable; suitable doctor; private kitchenette, electricity, telephone; moderate.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large second-story room, suitable for two; bath; private house; references.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Elegant rooms; house steam heated; private family; phone; breakfast if desired.

78TH ST., 201 WEST.—Large, small rooms; comfortable, homelike; elevator, telephone; $4.50 up.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; scrupulously clean.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two beautiful rooms, second floor, private bath, single, en suite; small room; half block from Subway; telephone 8947 Schuyler.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Gentleman; superior accommodations; large, handsome rooms; high-class, private home; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Two comfortably furnished sunny front rooms; running water; near Subway; breakfast optional; references. V. R.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Pleasant large and small rooms; private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

81ST ST., 133 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; private bath; separately if desired; 'phone; references.

82D ST., 78 WEST.—Luxurious, large parlor suite; high-class apartment; good home cooking; bath, electricity, steam heat, telephone; one flight; reasonable. Wolff.

82D ST., 27 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable, sunny room with refined homelike surroundings; breakfast optional; references.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private, semi-detached house; light, warm, large, small; shower; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Large front room; hot and cold water; convenient to cars; telephone.

84TH ST., 109 WEST.—Private family will rent elegant front parlor and bedroom to one or two gentlemen; first floor; reasonable. Bachmann.

84TH, 111 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable front room, adjoining bath; also large single; gentleman. Anderson.

84TH ST., 139 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, suite or single; select parties; Subway, "L." Sutphen.

85TH, 208 WEST.—Large parlor and bedroom; clean, comfortable, private. Perrean.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; Subway. 'Phone 7297 Riverside.

88TH ST., 151 WEST.—Attractive room with private bath; also one small room; all conveniences.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished room, running water; refined surroundings; private dwelling. Subway.

89TH, 252 WEST.—In private house, handsomely furnished room, bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7998 Riverside.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; large, small rooms; excellent table. Riverside 3569. Stajer.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Large, warm, absolutely clean, comfortably furnished room; private bath; select house.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; shower bath; refined private house; references.

92D ST., 104 WEST.—Furnished rooms, with use of piano and kitchen; references required. Vlyett.

92D, 214 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; also small room; all conveniences; references. Apartment 19.

92D ST., 3 WEST.—Desirable light, sunny front room; elevator apartment; to business woman.

96TH, 68 WEST.—Suites; southern exposure; single rooms, $3 up; board optional; steam; conveniences.

96TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished rooms, suitable for two; all conveniences.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.—Two large rooms, running water, large closets; homelike, clean, comfortable; 'phone.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Large, medium, handsomely furnished, sunny rooms; bath adjoining; Subway, "L"; owner.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable for two; elevator apartment. Grossman.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Handsomely furnished floor; bath; all conveniences; large single room; breakfast if desired; telephone; references.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, choice room, closets, running water, bath, $4.50. Apartment 1.

104TH, 140 WEST.—Handsome large room; small; running water; elevator apartment; Subway, "L." White.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway.)—Cheerful, large, comfortable room; running water; elevator, telephone; breakfast optional. Jarett.

109TH, 201 WEST.—Two rooms, connecting, $10; quiet neighborhood; modern conveniences. Apartment 24.

113TH, 226 WEST.—Warm, clean, outside room for business woman; elevator, telephone; convenient "L," Subway; exceptionally good; $3.50. Brown.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; private family; high-class apartment; gentleman; reasonable. Apt. 3.

113TH ST. 622 WEST.—High-class apartment near Riverside Drive; suite, singly. Apartment 31.

114TH, 606 WEST.—Pleasant single room, adjoining bath; all modern conveniences; near Subway.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Elevator, telephone; single rooms, $3.50; double, $5.50. Smith.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—Attractive suite, southern exposure; also single rooms; reasonable. Apartment 32.

119TH 430 WEST.—Apartment 63; sunny medium room; private family; all conveniences; reasonable.

121ST ST., 509 WEST, (half block east Broadway.)—Beautiful double room; single room also; excellent dining room. See Mr. Yetman.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner rooms; homelike; fine view; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

124TH, 527 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; heat, bath, telephone, conveniences; reasonable. Wilson, Apartment 2.

124TH, 542 WEST.—Bright room; private family; elevator, &c.; $3. Apartment 43.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suites, private baths, single rooms; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

141ST, 611 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, outside room, overlooking river; well heated; telephone, elevator. Squier.

144TH ST., 550 WEST.—Superior furnished rooms; telephone; Subway; refined people; elevator. Apartment 65.

144TH, 562 WEST.—Newly furnished room; high class elevator apartment; board optional. Apartment 24.

A.—A.—If you are seeking rooms, with or without board, consult our investigated list. Leland's, 4 West 33d St., (twenty-fifth year.)

A FEW GOOD ROOMS; 90th St., near Park; all conveniences. Telephone 1007 River.

A. GRIANON, Apartment Hotel, Broadway, 2,848-2,850, at 110th St. Subway Station.—Hotel service, combined with home comforts; luxuriously furnished two and three room suites, kitchenette, with large window; private baths; telephone, electric light; also single room; reasonable. Telephone 4245 Morningside.

ARTISTICALLY furnished room in exclusive apartment; references exchanged. Webster, C 143 Times.

BEAUTIFUL suites, with bath, in private house; large room for studio; southern exposure; location, Seventies and West End. C 93 Times.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Elegant large, double, single rooms, newly furnished; very select; close to City College; near Subway, "L," cars, steam heat; excellent table; table guests; references.

LADY having elevator apartment, 137th and Broadway, will rent room to lady; privilege of getting meals; reference. G 16 Times.

LAWRENCE ST., 134, (near Broadway.)—Two nicely furnished rooms; bath, steam, telephone, (kitchen.) O'Connor.

MORNINGSIDE WEST, 54, (corner 116th St.)—Excellent room, delightful apartment, light housekeeping; Broadway express. Henry.

PRIVATE FAMILY, West 103d St., would rent comfortable room. American gentleman appreciating refined surroundings, at moderate rental; references. Telephone 8730 River.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (127th St.)—Apartment, overlooking Hudson; large room; reasonable. Morningside 7028. Button.

SOUTHERN LADY will rent one or two rooms, corner apartment, attractively appointed, near 91st St. Subway station. 'Phone 4089 River.

THE NEW YORK,
22 West 60th St. Tel. 5891 Columbus.
Single rooms, adjoining bath, $4-$5 weekly.
Parlor bedroom, private bath, $5-$15 weekly.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful room; private bath; 91st Subway; private family. Telephone 6752 Riverside.

Long Island.

STEVENS ST., 23, Astoria, L. I.; telephone 104 Astoria.—Furnished rooms; use of bath and telephone; 10 minutes from East 92d St.; 25 minutes from 59th St., New York; private family.

Unfurnished Rooms—To Rent.

98TH ST., 58 WEST.—Six light rooms and bath; rent reasonable.

Apartments to Let Unfurnished

West Side.

GEORGETTE COURT, 315 WEST 113TH ST. $40, 5-room apartments and bath; all modern improvements; elevator service day and night; will decorate to suit tenant. Superintendent on premises. Telephone in each apartment.

Sublet.—Unfurnished apartment; 8 large rooms and bath; 829 West End Av.; $100 per month. Can be inspected between 2 P. M. and 4 P. M.; present lease expires Oct. 1, 1913; references required.

Sublet, unfurnished, 4-room apartment, 11th floor; unobstructed view of Hudson River; high-class house; Central Park West; rent reasonable. Address Apartment 708 Columbus Av.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
308-310 WEST 15TH ST.,
2 ROOMS AND BATH, $32.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

111 WEST 43D ST.
1 & 2 ROOMS, BACHELOR APART'S; $35-$45.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

Claremont Av., 192.—5-6-room front apartments; steam, hot water, electricity, telephone, hall boy; high-class neighborhood; convenient; $42 up.

Two upper floors large private house; six extra large, light rooms and bath; improvements; $75; might make concession desirable tenant. 419 West 22d St.

5 West 16th St., at 5th Av.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; room and bath, $40-$50.

93D ST., 46 WEST.—Seven very light, large rooms and bath; $50.

East Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
N. E. COR. LEX. AV. & 34TH ST.
2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, $35-$50.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

Brooklyn.

704 8th Av., corner 7th St.—Six light rooms; gas range, ice box, mantels, mirrors, closets, Dutch shelves, hot water supply, steam heated, newly decorated; reduced rent, $33. Wm. Reitman, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Furnished Apartments Wanted.

Desirable parties want furnished apartments; no charge for listing. Send particulars to SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

Refined couple want small apartment in return for wife's services as housekeeper or renting agent; first-class references. G 20 Times.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order; will sell for $125. 818 W. 42d St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished

BEAUTIFUL 7-ROOM APARTMENT ON WEST END AVENUE, NEWLY FURNISHED, INCLUDING LINEN AND CHINA. ROOMS ALL LIGHT. RENT $200 A MONTH. M. N., BOX 106, 617 6TH AV.

For rent furnished, 7 rooms and bath. 2 maids' rooms; 127 West 58th Street.

High-class three rooms, kitchenette and bath; most comfortable downtown home; desirable for small family or bachelors; steam after 11. Tripp, 139 East 30th St.

A select list of furnished apartments may be had by applying to SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

A neat, cozily furnished, light, 5-room apartment, $10 weekly. Dennett, 525 West 123d.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

Bronx.

For lease, 323 East 162d St., three-story two-family brick and stone dwelling; very low rent; extra choice location. Wm. E. Diller, Owner, 267 E. 164th.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

BUNGALOW, FURNISHED, FOR RENT, Indian River, 45 miles north of Palm Beach. Apply W. A. England, 92 William St., New York City, or G. England, Walton, Florida.

Help Wanted, Female

AMBITIOUS, educated lady, with a desire to study elocution and dramatic art, is offered regular $250 course and liberal basis of commission in return for light services; excellent prospects to one with enthusiasm; highest reference given and required. C 26 Times.

A WELL EDUCATED woman, over 30, possessing a pleasing personality, capable of earning over $30 weekly, to demonstrate a child's course to members of mothers' clubs, &c.; one who can travel preferred, salary and railroad expenses. The Cloyes-Lyon Co., 110 West 34th.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av. at 35th St.,
require several young women 20 years of age for clerical work.

COMPETENT WOMAN care of children, assist in light housework and mending; first-class references required as to character and ability; good salary. 198 Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J.

COMPETENT cook; assist housework; laundry; family of two; apartment maid kept; German preferred. Call Wednesday, 10 to 12, 144 West 77th St.

EARNEST, refined ladies wishing to earn $25 to $75 a week interviewing mothers of school children in behalf of an important educational movement; work dignified and pleasant; indorsed enthusiastically by leaders of thought everywhere; experience unnecessary, but sufficient intelligence to advocate a cause is requisite; teachers or Normal graduates preferred; New York or traveling; railroad expenses and salary to beginners. Call mornings only. Do not come afternoons except after 5. Dixon-Rucker Co., 303 5th Av., Room 714.

LORD & TAYLOR
require
WAIST DRAPER
AND FINISHER.
Apply at employes' entrance, basement, 19th St. side, near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, alert, young woman, willing to start at about $15 week; one with experience in newspaper office or advertising agency preferred; excellent opportunity future advancement. Address, giving experience and references, 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young girl; about $8 per week to start. Call Wednesday morning, 685 11th Av., Chesney Products Co.

TEACHER of elementary class in a school; one with experience preferred; bring references. Apply personally at 507 West 155th St., New York City.

WANTED—Two neat competent English-speaking young women, or man and wife as cook, general houseworkers, and waitress, or butler, to take charge of high-class apartment of a gentleman alone and much away; place permanent to right persons; apartment must always be kept scrupulously neat and clean; no washing or window cleaning; highest references required. Answer C, 166 Times, stating wages expected, references, and where can be interviewed.

WANTED—Neat, willing, English speaking young woman to assist the housekeeper and do general housework and plain cooking in high-class appartment occupied by gentleman alone and much away; no washing or window cleaning; must understand waiting on table and answering doorbell, &c.; permanent home to acceptable person; highest references required. Answer C 165 Times, stating wages expected and references and where can be seen.

WANTED.—Refined, educated French maid or nurse for child of six; must understand sewing. Call 67 East 82d St., between 8 and 9 or 1 and 2; personal reference required.

WANTED—Useful girl as nurse to travel. Call Wednesday morning, 11 East 81st St., between 10 and 1 o'clock.

Help Wanted, Male

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE OFFICE BOY, over 18, to work nights in newspaper office; good chance for advancement. Room 305, 253 Broadway.

ACTORS wanted for moving pictures between the age of 19 and 23; college boys preferred; must be good looking, all-around athletes, and of neat appearance. Call Thursday from 10 to 11 A. M., Sidney Goldin, 145 West 45th St., Room 708.

AGENTS WANTED—Those who have had experience in writing industrial insurance, and who can sell life, sick, and accident policies; no lapses; commission and salary-bonus. Apply Room 502, 253 Broadway.

A PERMANENT INCOME, much larger than most people realize, can be secured under the liberal Renewal contracts direct with the EQUITABLE LIFE. Business and professional men, between 30 and 50 years of age, desirous of entering our business will be given expert instruction and proper assistance. Now is the time to start, November and December being harvest months. Call on HERMAN LEROY, Flatiron Building.

BRIGHT BOY or young man; neat appearance; quick at figures; some experience in jewelry preferred; bright prospects for the right one. G., 1,270 Madison Av.

FIRST CLASS JANITOR wanted, capable of taking charge of large office building. Address, stating experience and salary expected, T 47 Times.

JUNIOR ASSISTANT in public accountant's office; temporary work; state salary and references. R 289 Times Downtown.

PRINTING OFFICE wants young man for clerical work in office; must have experience; good opportunity for future; state particulars. C 83 Times.

SALESMEN.—Six good hustlers for a modern sanitary appliance; should be in every home, store, office building, and factory; only men who are willing to work hard on a commission basis until they make good are wanted. X 30 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; must be clean cut and capable of presenting a high-class specialty proposition to influential men; an opportunity for the right man to grow with a growing concern; strictly commission. Room 514 E, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN.—EXPERIENCED, IN NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY TRADE FOR UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY CONCERN. REPLY WITH PARTICULARS, KNIT GOODS, 306 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, sell our "Travel Policy," paying $5,000 for death and $25 weekly for accidents, and only costs $5 yearly; liberal commission. North American Accident Insurance Co., 16 Liberty St., New York.

SALESMEN to represent sick and accident insurance company; largest commissions paid; experienced men only need apply. Suite 914, 150 Nassau St.

SALESMEN.—Two capable, energetic young men, under 35, to start at once; liberal commission. Apply Sales Manager, Room 1,001, 347 5th Av.

SOLICITOR for Brooklyn business school; evening work only; one speaking Jewish preferred. X 12 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced railroad work preferred; capable handling office detail and correspondence without dictation; must have first-class reference; $20. C 172 Times.

WANTED—By paint manufacturer, high-class salesman who is thoroughly competent to undertake introductory work on behalf of jobbers, of traveling with jobbers' salesman, and developing sales on full line of paint specialties in territory where goods are already known; experienced men only will be considered; position open Jan. 1, 1913. Address, stating past experience, present connection, and salary desired, R 255 Times Downtown.

WANTED—An experienced subscription manager; one who can increase business and who is thoroughly familiar with railway mail routings; an excellent opportunity for the right man. Answer, stating previous experience, G 14 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Two first-class men to solicit; applicants must be well educated and neatly dressed; college men and teachers preferred; salary and commission; 'phone for appointment. W. P. Thomas, 'Phone 4553 Madison Square.

YOUNG MAN, with office experience, who is quick and accurate; state age, experience, and salary desired. Box 222, Times, 2 Rector.

Employment Bureaus

Commercial.

CASUALTY COMPANY requires payroll auditor of unusual ability. Apply, giving full details, NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, (Agency,) 30 Church Street. ROOM 101.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, telephone operators furnished; clean-cut girls; always on hand. Telephone 3819 John, Elsie Diehl, Agency, 108 Fulton St.

Situations Wanted Female

A LADY would like to obtain a position with refined lady as companion or private secretary; would not object to traveling; is musically inclined and can give high-class references. Address Carrie P. Merritt, Penn Yan, N. Y.

A LADY desires to place a competent Swedish cook; best references. Apply to present employer, 139 West 74th St. Telephone 4676 Columbus.

COMPANION, &c.—Educated, refined, middle-aged woman as companion and secretary, or governess to children over 7; capable of taking entire charge of house in case of need; highest references. G 18 Times.

COMPANION.—An American girl wishes position; experience; references. Miss Boothe, 2,240 Aqueduct Av., city.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St., 408 Stuyvesant.

DRESSMAKER will take care of ladies' wardrobe and linen, $2.50 per day. Brigstock, 300 West 111th. Tel. 6143 Morningside.

DRESSMAKER.—I make first-class French and tailor-made dresses; home and out. Mlle. H. Csombai, 209 West 104th St.

EDUCATED, mature Christian gentlewoman, Kindergartener, desires occupation in educational, religious, or business lines that will assure good pay. E 272 Times Downtown.

FIRST-CLASS COOK.—Good references; in American family. M. C., 136 East 17th St.

FRENCH visiting Governess, desires additional morning engagements; references. C 106 Times.

GOVERNESS.—First-class German governess; French, English; needlework; steady position. Bush, 253 West 24th St.

HIGHLY EDUCATED Western woman, highest references, desires position of trust. C 163 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Lady wishes to place her young, refined, and thoroughly competent housekeeper; splendid cook and economical manager; would take entire charge of high-class apartment. Address Mrs. J., C 154 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Excellent, economical cook, waiting, laundry; capable manager, marketer, &c.; will do all work of an apartment; present employer can be seen. Address Competent, Apt. 74, 439 Manhattan Av.

KINDERGARTNER.—Experienced; wishes position visiting governess for afternoon; also lessons given in German by the hour. Kindergarten, 201 West 139th St.

LADY'S MAID.—Norwegian girl, experienced, well recommended, wishes position. C 160 Times.

MASSAGE.—Scientific treatment, $1 hour; ladies' residences; physician's references. Address Osteo, 2,237 8th Av.

NURSE, attendant, trained, desires position with invalid; willing to take any case. C 164 Times.

SEAMSTRESS.—Colored, experienced; weekly, daily; willing to assist with light work. Legall, 42 West 136th St.

SEAMSTRESS, accustomed to dressmaking, wishes a position with a private family. G 19 Times.

SECRETARY-COMPANION.—German lady desires position; highest references. Miss Z., 509 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Bright girl; few months' good experience; neat, rapid, accurate; plain penman; office work; no agency; $7. R 264 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, AND Bookkeeper.—Reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Commercial, 89 Delancey Street

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; rapid, industrious, and thoroughly competent; references; $15. P 76 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' high school education, now employed, desires better position; salary $8, $10. Mills Building, Room 8-28.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; seven years' experience; neat, intelligent, accurate worker; $15. R 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' commercial experience; rapid, accurate; best references; salary, $15. R 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Neat, refined, intelligent, capable; anxious to work. S., 105 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience office details; operate switchboard; accurate; salary, $10. S 298 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over five years' experience; salary $15. E. Fried, 81 West 127th St.

TYPEWRITER, 17, good knowledge bookkeeping, office assistant; moderate salary. Scherr, 601 Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG IRISH GIRL wishes a position as chambermaid and waitress or light housework in small family; five months' experience. Call 323 East 37th St., care of Curley. No cards.

YOUNG WOMAN of superior ability, refinement, and education, seeks position as secretary or confidential stenographer; thoroughly experienced; references. R 284 Times Downtown.

YOUNG woman, college education; 9 years' stenographic experience; bookkeeper; seeks secretarial position. C 105 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, expert stenographer, wants part time work. X 27 Times.

Situations Wanted Male

A.—A.—YOUNG MAN, 20, at present employed by large publication, would like to connect with a reliable firm offering a chance of advancement; something that will require both energy and conscientiousness; salary, $15. Myles F. Lasker, 206 W. 119th St.; tel. 1190 Morningside.

ACCOUNTANT.—Conducts, audits, and investigates; installs simplified system that will give you the exact information as to your operations that you require to enable you to intelligently plan the development of your business. Accountant, Room 815, 35 Nassau St. Telephone call, Cortlandt 1330.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR.—Expert; partnership or corporation books opened, posted, balanced, systematized; trial balances, financial statements prepared; small sets books kept; personal service; moderate charges. Accountant, 107 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Phone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; open, close, audit, systematize books, prepares financial statements, investigations; work confidential; charges moderate. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cort.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Frechtman, 84 Delancey St. Telephone 6605 Orchard.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—University graduate; books opened, closed, audited; kept part time; confidential; reasonable. Accountant, 309 East 22d St. Phone Gramercy 833.

ACCOUNTANT.—Profit and loss statements, investigations, dissolutions; monthly audits that explain conditions. 429 6th Av., Room 32. Phone Mad. Sq. 8322.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, audits, systematizes, balances accounts; statements, investigations. 1,328 Broadway, Room 953. Greeley 64.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books audited, adjusted, systematized; moderate. Accountant, 206 West 42d. Phone 3773 Bryant.

ADVERTISING MAN, 25, college education, desires position publishing house or advertising agency; exceptional references. G 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, thoroughly experienced, accustomed to taking entire charge; monthly balances, controlling accounts, financial statements, &c.; highly recommended. R 267 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT.—New York University School of Commerce graduate; experienced; references; desires permanent position or part time. C 159 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—(28;) experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balances, balance sheet; accurate at figures; neat, careful worker; references. Z 168 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, (29,) thoroughly competent, capable taking full charge; highest credentials. R 213 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted Male

BOOKKEEPER, 15 years' experience, temporary engagements, day or night; moderate charge. R 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent and office detail man, take complete charge; moderate salary. R 287 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER,
$25 per week.
C 174 Times.

BOY wishes position in office. W., 678 Napier Av., Woodhaven, N. Y.

BUTLER.—Colored young man desires position, as butler in private family, or to be useful; willing and obliging. Address G 11 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (24,) Belgian, wishes position private family only; five years' experience; best references; drive, repair, overhaul any make car; New York and New Jersey license. J. Bagolnyi, Box 25, Bernardsville, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent mechanic; good, careful driver; best references; neat, sober; steady worker; private, commercial. Nichols, 9 Columbus Av. Telephone Col. 4172.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position as chauffeur with private family; city or country; able to do own repairs. Chauffeur, 910 9th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man wishes position with private family; city or country; can do own repairs. Ettlin, 2,010 Arthur Av, Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, (24,) experienced mechanic, wishes position, private or commercial; references. Lesser, 13 East 108th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; private family; country preferred; best references. C 144 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, 21, Christian, desires a position as clerk; references as to character and ability. C 170 Times.

COACHMAN, married, wants position; just disengaged; personal city references; useful. Private, 568 Columbus Av.

COLORED BUTLER, waiter, useful man; competent; three years' reference. Oscar Cross, 70 W. 142d.

COUPLE, American, desires position, country; entire work small family; can handle horse, steam, dry heat; wife speaks French, German; with girl aged 12; no farming; references. G. C., 95 Times.

COURIER.
Young Frenchman, speaks English, German, little Italian, desires position to travel abroad. C 146 Times.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Architectural, 5 years' experience; graduate; constructive, perspective; show details. Box R 280 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCE in demonstrating and selling automobiles and supplies; No. 1 reference. Address R. A. Craig, care Elk Lodge.

HAVE YOUR ACCOUNTS audited or properly systematized; it will pay you. C. P. A., 297 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE.—Experienced young man; houseman position; useful for family; references. R 798 Lexington Av.

LETTER CARRIER, six years, 28, good habits, quiet disposition, wishes inside position. Studious, 145 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—An American, Christian, age 32, wishes office position; thoroughly competent bookkeeper; broad experience; good penman; highest references as to character and ability. Address Reliable, G 17 Times.

RESPONSIBLE POSITION desired by educated young man with wholesale mercantile concern; best references. C 147 Times.

SALESMAN.—Local, with broad acquaintance, wants representative New York manufacturer's line for Eastern Canada, Quebec; can increase your business 50 per cent.; A1 New York references. X 9 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, general experience, desires position, wholesale house preferable, clothing or dry goods firms; city or road. R 281 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced and reliable business getter, desires mechanical or specialty line for New England. Address X 28 Times.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced traveling salesman desires to connect with a reputable firm. C 171 Times.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.—By intelligent young man; outside office hours; knows English, German, Scandinavian languages, some Spanish and French. R 285 Times Downtown.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and bookkeeper wishes position with some reliable concern; highest references. E. M., 1,035 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, expert correspondent, reliable assistant, representative, seeks permanent position; interview appreciated. Kenney, 132 West 67th St.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Former business man wants position Superintendent large elevator apartment office building; experienced; understands all mechanical repairs; economical manager; sober, reliable; references. Miller, 2,102 8th Av.

TEACHER.—College graduate, with several years' experience, desires position in school or privately; moderate salary satisfactory. Wolleson, 220 Stockton St., Brooklyn.

TUTORING, by Yale graduate; city or country; experienced and well recommended. F 216 Times.

WELL-EDUCATED YOUNG MAN, 23, proficient at all clerical work, desires few hours' work at night. C. A. Weiss, 45 West 116th.

YOUNG MAN, 26, excellent business experience, energetic worker, suitable for responsible office position or outside representative; highest references. R 272 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, absolutely reliable, well educated, seeks position where good, hard work may lead to advancement; salary moderate; best references. C 167 Times.

YOUNG MAN, several years' experience as confidential stenographer, so indorsed by previous employer, desires position of responsibility; salary, $20. G 2 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (college education,) 23 years, wishes position in office; importing house preferred; salary minor consideration. E. B. Melitzer, 246 Rivington St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, eight years' office and selling experience, desires office connection with reputable house; unquestionable references. G 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, formerly salesman, speaks and understands German thoroughly, seeks position where he can advance himself. C 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, assistant bookkeeper, experience, good penman, desires position with advancement. R 282 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) WISHES POSITION RELIABLE FIRM; REFERENCES. A. G., 174 LENOX AV.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, refined, will start at bottom; excellent references. R 271 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN seeks position of trust with reliable concern; A1 references. C 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN, employed during day, desires work evenings. G 13 Times.

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COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

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FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Mrs. Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, between 92d and 93d Sts. Telephone 9527—Riverside.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Very neat, willing girl; good cook; excellent laundress; finest references; colored; city or country; $25. Pearson Agency, 5 East 132d St., near 5th Av. Tel. 5049 Harlem.

HELP.—All nationalities; thoroughly investigated. Progressive, (Agency,) 34 West 131st St. Harlem 5370.

HOUSEWORKER, German, $25; cook, German, $25; references. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

JAPANESE Mutual Aid Society Employment Agency.—Superior help; references investigated. 111 Lexington. 9358—Madison.

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MAUD MALONE ASKS IN VAIN TO BE FINED

Court Finds Her Offense Technical and Renders a Decision Ditto, Without Sentence.

BUT SHE'LL APPEAL ANYHOW

And She's Going to Subpoena Gov. Wilson, Who Failed to Attend Her Court Coming-Out Party.

Miss Maud Malone was found guilty by three learned Justices sitting in the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn yesterday of the misdemeanor of disturbing a public meeting. All that Miss Malone did, according to the testimony, was to stand up in her seat at the Academy of Music on the night of Oct. 19 and demand of Gov. Wilson, "What about votes for women?" when he was discussing the tariff on sewing machines.

The trouble with Miss Malone, according to the finding of the three Justices, was not that she stood up and asked the question, which was entirely legal, but that she continued to stand after asking it, which was a crime in the eyes of the law.

The three Justices held their sides while they uttered their decision in the presence of a large suffragist gathering. Then they settled back in their seats to enjoy a god laugh about it. They unanimously declined to give Miss Malone any additional punishment beyond the decision convicting her. Even when she pleaded for a $5 fine in order to strengthen her grounds for an appeal, the Justices sternly refused to accommodate her.

Miss Malone seemed very angry because she could not undergo material punishment for the "cause." She went away declaring that she was going to keep right on interrupting all the public speakers who came her way, and that she was not in the least humiliated by the criminal conviction scored against her.

There was a very definite plan back of Miss Malone's insistence upon a jail sentence or a heavy fine, it afterward appeared. The militant suffragist did not wish to have her first "At Court" turn out to be a final one. She wished it to become merely the first of a series of social suffragist gatherings for the Special Sessions set. She felt especially bad because Gov. Wilson had cut her dead upon her début as a defendant. Miss Malone had subpoena servers watching Gov. Wilson's movements for ten days, and if he had set foot in New York in that period, he—well, "he would have been asked quite some number of things in the witness chair."

It is largely in the hope of finding Gov. Wilson in the range of a subpoena server that Miss Malone has decided to appeal her case anyhow, regardless of the "suspended sentence" that was its outcome.

"If Gov. Wilson only hadn't evaded service," said Miss Malone, scornfully, while waiting to catch a B. R. T. limousine after her first at court, "I'd have had a good half-hour with him. Now, he has ducked this question about long enough. I am going to issue invitations to women workers for the suffrage to carry the fight to Wilson all along the line. We intend to see that the President-elect is not permitted to forget our cause."

Miss Malone instructed her lawyer, James P. Kohler, to draw up papers for an appeal, and to have Gov. Wilson closely watched to see that he does not set foot in New York and escape the subpoena servers.

The three Justices who sat in judgment on the case of Miss Malone were Howard J. Forker, Cornelius F. Collins, and John Fleming. They seemed to realize, as they came into a courtroom filled with suffragists, that they were merely lending dignity to a suffragist rally. They refused to take the case seriously.

"How long did you stand up after you asked Gov. Wilson, 'What about woman suffrage?'" sternly demanded Justice Fleming of the militant Maud when she took her place on the witness stand.

"I stood up about ten minutes," replied Miss Malone.

"According to the common notion of time, or according to a woman's notion?" interpolated the Justice, and then all three of the Justices laughed, as did the women of Miss Malone's party.

Just before the decision was rendered convicting Miss Malone Mr. Kohler attempted to make a passionate appeal to the robed Justices "to save this woman from the stigma of a criminal conviction," but the Justices cut him short.

"We wish to assure the lady," explained Justice Forker, "that her personal career is too much a matter of public record for any finding by this court to be a stigma upon her. Her own long career answers any imputation that a conviction may carry with it. She and her friends will understand, of course, that this is merely a technical matter, in which a technical violationof the law will be met with a technical decision against her. We have only to deal with a technical affair."

Throughout the hearing of testimony the three Justices took a lively part in bringing out the point as to Miss Malone's conduct after launching her question upon Gov. Wilson's audience.

David Senft, a lawyer of 38 Madison Avenue, testified that he put his hand on Miss Malone's arm and told her to sit down. Miss Malone was asked about it by Justice Fleming.

"Yes, he did," she said. "He not only put his hand on my arm, but he nearly broke it off."

"What did Gov. Wilson do?" continued the Justice.

"He called out, asking them not to be rude to a lady, and said I had a right to ask my question. He said it was a State issue and not a National issue, and so he would not answer. I called out that I wanted to know why he did not consider it a National issue. I thought it was very ignorant of him not to know it is a National issue."

The Justices, each in turn, offered some kindly advice at this point. They told Miss Malone that it was all right to ask questions, but that she ought to have taken her seat after Gov. Wilson gave her a hearing and announced that he would not answer her. They remarked that she had evidently come determined to force him into a statement about woman suffrage, and that by remaining standing after calls of "sit down" from the audience and requests from the Chairman of the meeting that she take her seat she provoked members of the audience to disorderly acts, such as putting her out.

Miss Malone conceded the point that the audience had seemed very much provoked.

"There is no telling about these foolish men," she remarked. "They go around and around like windmills when a woman's voice is heard in one of their meetings. Really, it's awfully funny to watch the stage after you have asked your question and they are getting its effect."

Justice Forker tried to draw Miss Malone out into a confession that she felt sorry she had not taken her seat immediately after asking her question. But she shook her head. She insisted she had gone to the meeting determined to hold her ground until she could get an answer, one way or the other. It was this insistence upon Miss Malone's part that turned the tide of the day's events against her.

Among suffragist supporters who responded to Miss Malone's "At Court" invitation were Mrs. C. S. Taylor and Mrs. James McDermott at the head of a Brooklyn delegation, Mrs. Grace A. Raymond, long prominent in suffragist activities; Miss Mary Donnelly, erstwhile Queen of Mrs. Belmont's suffragist lunch room, and Patrick Ring, a male suffragist.

Miss Malone came into court on the arm of her brother, Sylvester L. Malone. Among her jewels were two "Votes for Women" badges in brown celluloid and a dainty miniature of Elizabeth Cady Stanton on enameled tin.

Mrs. Sypher Goes Free.

On the ground that the prosecution had not made out a case against Mrs. Sarah Sypher, who was on trial in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, on a charge of murder in the first degree for causing the death of her three children at 1,313 Halsey Street by asphyxiating them, Justice Aspinall instructed the jury to acquit her as she was insane.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A change of plans will make it possible for "Our Wives" to remain at Wallack's Theatre for a few weeks longer or until a theatre further uptown can be obtained for the comedy. The opening of Mme. Simons in "The Paper Chase," scheduled for Wallack's next week, has been postponed. A second company in "Our Wives" is being organized to play a Western engagement.

Paul Rubens, author of "The Sunshine Girl" and "Hook of Holland," is writing a new musical comedy for Charles Frohman, which will be produced about Easter in either New York or London. The piece will be called "The X-Ray Girl" and Mr. Rubens will come to New York with the manuscript. J. A. E. Malone, London stage director for George Edwardes and Mr. Frohman, will stage it.

Reeves-Smith, the English actor, has obtained the American rights to Alan Campbell's comedy, "The Dust of Egypt," which Gerald Du Maurier produced at Wyndham's Theatre, London, last Spring.

Silvio Hein has been engaged to compose the music for Philip Bartholomae's new musical comedy, "When Dreams Come True," which is intended for the use of Joseph Santley. The piece will not be produced until next Spring, when Mr. Santley has finished his engagement with "The Woman Haters."

William Courtleigh will play the principal role in Henry W. Savage's production of the new Rupert Hughes farce, "What Ails You?" This is to come to the Criterion Theatre next week. Others in the company include Desmond Kelly, Shelly Hull, Marguerite Skirwin, Edouard Durand, Bobby Barry, Roxanne Lansing, and Alan Brooks.

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'MAGIC FLUTE' TO BE REVIVED

Miss Destinn to Sing Pamina—Other Next Week Opera Bills.

The revival at the Metropolitan Opera House of "The Magic Flute" was yesterday announced by Mr. Gatti-Casazza for Saturday afternoon of next week, Nov. 23, when Mozart's opera will be given with the original German text, in two acts. The scenery is from the brush of Kautsky of Berlin. The performance will be directed by Alfred Hertz. The cast will be as follows:

Pamina, Miss Destinn; The Queen of the Night, Mme. Ethel Parks, (her début here;) Papagena, Mme. Alten; first, second, and third ladies, Mmes. Curtis, Mulford, and Homer; first, second, and third boys, Mmes. Sparkes, Case, and Mattfeld; Tamino, Leo Slezak; Papageno, Mr. Goritz; Sarastro, Edward Lankow, (his début here;) Monastatos, Mr. Reiss; Speaker, Mr. Griswold; Two Priests, Messrs. Murphy and Ruysdael.

Monday evening "Koenigskinder" will be given, with Miss Geraldine Farrar and Mr. Jörn in the chief rôles. Miss Lila Robeson will make her début here as the Witch. Others in the cast will be Mmes. Fornia, Mattfeld, Gasgoigne and Forster, and Messrs. Goritz, Didur, Reiss and Bayer. Mr. Hertz will conduct the performance.

Wednesday evening the double bill, "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci," will be presented. The former will be sung by Mmes. Destinn, Duchene and Mattfeld, and Messrs. Martin and Gilly. Mlle. Bori will sing Nedda in "Pagliacci," with Messrs. Caruso, Amato, Gilly and Bada. Mr. Polacco will conduct both performances.

Thursday evening "Faust" will be the bill, with Miss Geraldine Farrar as Marguerite and Mr. Jörn in the title rôle. The cast will include Mmes. Maubourg and Mattfeld and Messrs. Gilly and Rothier. Mr. Sturani will direct the performance.

"Manon Lescaut," with Mlle. Bori, Messrs. Caruso, Scotti, and De Segurola, Mr. Polacco conducting, will be repeated on Friday evening.

"La Boheme" will be sung on Saturday evening of next week at the Brooklyn Academy of Music by Miss Geraldine Farrar, Miss Sparkes, and Messrs. Martin, Amato, Didur, Ananian, and Pini-Corsi. Mr. Sturani will conduct.

The first Sunday night concert of the season next Sunday will be under the direction of Giorgio Polacco. Mr. Zimbalist, the Russian violinist, will play and Mme. Rappold and Mr. Martin will sing.

FEAR SUBWAY OBSTRUCTION.

Broadway Association Asks Hearing on 34th Street Moving Sidewalk.

The Broadway Association has written to the Public Service Commission asking for another hearing on the proposed Thirty-fourth Street crosstown line. They have learned, they say, that the engineers of the commission are preparing plans by which the line, which would probably be used for a moving platform, would be brought across Broadway above the B. R. T. Broadway Subway, and to this they are strongly opposed.

Their consulting engineer, Henry G. Opdycke of 50 Church Street, has pointed out to the association that if the crosstown line has the level immediately below the street grade, it will make it very much more difficult to provide the entrances to the Thirty-fourth Street Subway station as they desire about Thirty-second Street, and that there will be a number of other engineering objections, such as the placing of the station on a grade and the forcing of passengers to go down an unnecessary distance below the level of the street.

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WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mat. To-day, 50c to $1.50.
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By Arrangement
The Great Overnight Success,
Our Wives
WITH HENRY KOLKER,
WILL CONTINUE
NEXT WEEK
At WALLACK'S
THE COMEDY THAT HAS SWEPT NEW YORK OFF ITS FEET IN A GALE OF LAUGHTER

CENTURY Theatre. Phone Col. 8800. 62d St. & 6th Av.
Evgs. 8:10. Mats. To-day Sat. 2:10 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50
"Playing to Best Audiences in the city." Thanksgiving Week Seats Now on Sale for the $100,000 Loti-Gautier Oriental Pageant.
The Daughter of Heaven

LITTLE THEATRE. 240 W. 44th St.
Every Ev. at 8:45. Saturday Mat. 2:30. "ANATOL"
Snow White A FAIRY-TALE PLAY FOR CHILDREN
At 3.30 Every Afternoon, Except Saturdays.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. at 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW

CARNEGIE HALL, TUESDAY AFT., Nov. 19TH,
FIRST VIOLIN RECITAL BY
YSAYE
Seats now on sale at Box Office.
Chickering Piano. Management R. E. Johnston.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
A SCRAPE O' THE PEN Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50.

OPERA TICKETS.—Seats for all operas and theatres.
FOUNTAIN THEATRE TICKET CO.,
1,482 Broadway, next to Cohan's Theatre. Tel. 2951 Bryant.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. People Talked About. White Yogi. Ajeeb.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

MAJESTIC MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
A BUTTERFLYY on the WHEEL
Next Week—"The Master of the House."

B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM Daily Mat. 25c.
Ada Reeve, Cliff Gordon, Sydney Drew & Co., Gertrude Vanderbilt & Geo. Moore, others.

LECTURES.

DR. DANIEL A. HUEBSCH will make four lecture tours through the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Nov. 15, 22, 29, and Dec. 6, at 10:30 A. M. Course ticket, $5, obtainable at 791 Lexington Av.

EMPIRE THEATRE, BROADWAY & 40TH ST. EVENINGS 8:10, FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15.
Nazimova's Sensational Success!
"Made audience gasp for four acts."—Press.
"Nazimova wins in 'Bella Donna.'"—Herald.
"One of the real successes of the season."—Sun.
"Overpowering exposition of passion."—Times.
"Nazimova fine in 'Bella Donna.'"—Alan Dale.
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CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
NAZIMOVA
IN THE STUPENDOUS 4-ACT PLAY, ADAPTED FROM THE NOVEL BY ROBERT HICHENS BY JAMES BERNARD FAGAN.
BELLA DONNA
"Held audience spellbound."—Telegram.
"As thrilling as an electric battery."—Globe.
"Nazimova amazing."—Tribune.

B·F·KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES
UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. Minnie Dupree, "The Little Parisienne," Reine Davies, The 5 Sullys, John P. Wade & Co.
COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Vaudeville Festival, 14 ALL STAR ACTS Curtain 1:45 & 7:45.
ALHAMBRA 7 Ave. & 125 St. John McGraw, "The Dance Dream," Hermine Shone & Co., Frank North & Co., others.
BRONX 149 St. 3 Ave. Daily Mats. 25c. Blanche Walsh, Joe Welch, The Houseboat Party, Dolly Connolly, others.
HARLEM OP. HO. MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH. MAT. DAILY.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY CONDUCTOR
Thurs, Nov. 14, 8:15; Fri., Nov. 15, 2:30.
Soloist, MISCHA ELMAN
Weingartner—Brahms—Ritter—Beethoven.
Subscription and single tickets now on sale at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.
Next Sunday Aft., Soloist, John McCormack.

BELASCO W. 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
"Miss Starr Triumphs" READ ANY N. Y. CRITIC
DAVID BELASCO presents FRANCES STARR in THE CASE OF BECKY

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
William Elliott and David Belasco present
THE GOVERNOR'S LADY

PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES.
5th Ave. B'way, 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. JULIUS STEGER & CO., FLAVIA ARCARO, KIMBERLEY & MOHR, BURNS & FULTON, WALTER S. DICKINSON, CLARENCE WILBUR, OTHERS.
23RD ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. New York's Leading Continuous Vaudeville and Motion Picture Theatres. Program Changed Semi-Weekly—New Films Daily. Prices extremely modest. Drop in at any time from 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

HORSE SHOW
The Box Office at the **MADISON SQUARE GARDEN** will be open from 9 A. M. until 6:30 P. M. **TO-DAY** for the sale of seats and boxes for the entire week of the show and on and after **To-morrow** for reserved seats for any single performance.

OPERA TICKETS Office Normandie Hotel, B'way and 38th St., S. E. Corner. Subscriptions bought and exchanged. Phone 3026-7 Greeley.
Choice Seats for "LA GIOCONDA" and all other operas.

OPERA & THEATRE TICKETS
Choice seats for all performances. Subscriptions bought and sold.
Tel. 5938 Bryant. BURDEN TICKET OFFICE 1440 Broadway. Tel. Bryant 5939

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Mat. To-day. Phone 1260 Stuy. Seats 25c.
TO-NIGHT—Short Story Contest. Thursday—Amateur Night. Friday—Country Store.
Dave Marion's DREAMLANDS

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night, at 8.—Tannhaeuser. Destinn, Fremstad; Slezak, Weil, Witherspoon, Reiss, Hinshaw, Ruysdael. Conductor, Hertz.
Thurs. at 8.—Gioconda. Destinn, Homer, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Segurola. Con., Polacco.
Fri. at 8.15:—Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Sturani.
Sat. Mat. at 1:30.—Goetterdaemmerung. Fremstad, Homer, Fornia, Alten, Sparkes; Burrian, Griswold, Weil, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
Next Week. Mon., at 8.—Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson (debut), Fornia; Jorn, Goritz, Didur, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Tues. at 8.—Phila.-Chicago Opera Co.—Hamlet. Zeppilli, Cisneros; Titta Ruffo, (debut), Huberdeau, Scott, Warnery, Nicolay. Gen'l Mus. Dir., Campanini.
Wed. at 8, Double Bill: Cav. Rusticana and Pagliacci. Destinn, Bori, Duchene; Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly, Cond., Polacco.
THANKS'G DAY SPECIAL MAT. PARSIFAL
Sale of seats begins this morning at 9.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, SAT. EVE., RIGOLETTO. Bori, Maubourg; Macnez, (debut), Amato. Conductor, Sturani.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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Palestrina, Bach, Scarlatti, de Lasso, etc.
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FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
SIX SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.
1st Concert, Nov. 23, BEETHOVEN.
Boxes, tickets, and programmes now at office Musical Art Society, 1 W. 34th.

Carnegie Hall, Mon. Eve., Nov. 25, at 8:30.
Concert Debut, the World's Greatest Baritone
TITTA RUFFO
Assisted by HELEN STANLEY, Soprano, and Full Orchestra.
Tickets, $2.50 to $1.00, at Hall.

NEW AEOLIAN HALL. First Concert at 8:15. Sat. Eve. Nov. 16.
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $2, $1.50, $1.00, at Box Office.
Adele Margulies.....Piano
Leopold Lichtenberg. Violin
Leo Schulz..........'Cello

AEOLIAN HALL, 34 West 43d St. Wed. Eve., Nov. 20th, 8:15. Cello and Piano Recital
ALWIN and HEDWIG SCHROEDER
Tickets $2, $1.50, $1, 75c., at Box Office and Mgt. ANTONIA SAWYER, 1425 Broadway.

AEOLIAN HALL, 34 W. 43 St. THURS. AFT., NOV. 21st at 3.
Song Recital GRACIA RICARDO SONG RECITAL
Tickets. $2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 75c. and 50c. Box Office or ANTONIA SAWYER, 1,425 B'way, 2.

M. H. HANSON'S CONCERTS.
Aeolian Hall NEXT SAT. AFT., at 2:30. Seats $2.00 to 75c. Now at Hall.
Song Recital, LAURA GRAVES
KNABE PIANO.

MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day. Burlesque. THE COLUMBIA BURLESQUERS.

HOTELS.

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The HOTEL MAJESTIC offers to prospective residential patrons a few unequalled suites in one of the largest and most comfortable of New York City's Hotels. The extensive rebuilding and refurnishing, combined with its location, accessibility and quiet, provide every facility for the home life desired by a select and rapidly increasing clientele. Cuisine a la Carte. Booklet upon request.
Exceptional Accommodations for Transient Guests.
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BOHEMIA! BOHEMIA! This Night Is Yours; Yes, Yours Alone! RAH!
DON'T MISS THE FUN
LITTLE HUNGARY, Where the Most Brilliant People Meet, Artists, Writers, Musicians, and Last But Not Least, the Gourmand.
ENJOY YOURSELF TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW WILL TAKE CARE OF ITSELF
3 Handsome Prizes Will Be Awarded to the 3 Most Originally Dressed Persons.
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SPECIAL DINNER, SPECIAL CABARET, SPECIAL MUSIC—Dinner, Entertainment and Ball, $2.00

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PARLOR, BEDROOM & BATH, $4.00 PER DAY AND UP
PARLOR, 2 BEDROOMS & BATH, $5.00 PER DAY AND UP
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GRAND FORMAL OPENING of the
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A cordial invitation is extended to you and your friends to be present. Fine Cabaret Show arranged for entire evening. Special dinner and supper. Excellent cuisine.
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